# FOETICAL WORKS

OF

ROBERT BURNS.

#### THE

## POETICAL WORKS

OF'

## ROBERT BURNS



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### PREFATORY NOTICE.

THE name of Robert Burns is a well-understood signal for an overflow of all soits of commonplaces from the rightminded critic. These commonplaces run mainly in three channels; -- ecstatic astonishment at finding that a ploughman was also a poet; wringing of hands over the admission that the ploughman and poet was likewise a drankard, and a somewhat miscellaneous lover; and caustic severity upon the honizers and "admirers of native genius" who could find no employment more appropriate than that of exciseofficer for the brightest and finest mind of their country and generation. All these commonplaces must stand confessed as warranted by the facts: they are puths, but they are also truisms. We have heard them very often, and have always sat in meek acquiescence and unfeigned concurrence. But the time comes when they have been repeated frequently enough to make the enlarging upon them a weariness, and the profuse and argumentative re-enforcement of them a superfluity. The reader of the following

few observations will, I dare say, consent to understand once for all that Burns really was a ploughman—his own ploughdriver on his fasher's or his own small farm; and became in due course of time a great poet, and in undue course a toper; and was fit for much lotter occupation than the gauging of ale-barrels, and serving of illicit stills. The reader and I may start from these facts as rather elementary data; and he will perhaps not resent my stating them in such reasonable bready is consists with my plan, and with out much "improving" of the accasion. There are plenty of other books concerning Burns where powerful fountainheads of morality, and of ardest but deprecatory enthusiasin, are kept continually on tap.

Robert Burness (or Burnes) -- for such was lus inherited patronymic, though in after years he thought fit to condense it into Burns-was born on the 25th of January 1759, at a small cottage in the parish of Alloway, about two miles south-west of the town of Ayr. His father, William Birness, was son of a farmer in Kincardineshire. Owing to the poverty of his family, he had in youth come south, and had served as a gardener in various families. In December 1757 he had married Agnes Brown, who sur vived by many years her illustrious son : she was still hime in 1813, and perhaps some years afterwards is well. The father, ¿ man of superior understanding, and of the strong, upright, self-respecting character so honourably distinctive of the better Scotch peasantry, took, when he married, a perpetual lease of seven at res of land, which he cultivated as a nurseryman; here he personally built his own cottage Robert was the eldest son of the union. His father had a

<sup>\*</sup> Some authorities say the 20th; but I believe the early, day is the correct

dure struggle to maintain for a decent subsistence, and to educate his family. Robert was sent to a neighbouring school in the sixth year of his age, and soon showed some bookish likings: afterwards he received a little instruction at home, partly from his father. He managed to pick up a smattering of French (which he was not averse to airing in after years), and had a quarter of a year's practice in land-surveying, which has been dignified with the name of "practical mathematics". The whole amount of his tutoring, flowever, was inconsiderable. He read with interest and attention, as the scanty chance offered, the works of some poets—Pope and Ramsay, for instance,—the Spectator, and a volume of letters by good writers.

Toil and moil was the early life of Burns-hard labour, and what is worse, anxious labour: the wolf was always at the door. A depression of spirits took possession of him, spite of a very ample share of youthful mith and buoyancy, and darkened many hours of his later life. The family was very economical, and Burns, being as yet both thrifty and strictly temperate, in no way derogated from this creditable standard: there was no hired servant, and for years no but her's meat in the house. Some time before the father's death, which occurred in February 1784, Robert and his brother Gilbert took another farm, stocked from the hardwrung savings of the household: the labour of the brothers was remunerated at the rate of £7 per annum each, and this plan continued for about four years. At another time Robert, loth to drudge on for ever as a mere labourer, tried a flax-dressing scheme in partnership at Irvine; but this soon proved abortive. When the father died, there remained, along with his widow, five children younger than Robert and Gilbert: the failure of a lawsuit with his landlord was just bringing a crash of ruin upon honest hardworking

William Burness, when death stepped in, and for him trouble was no more.

Robert was now full twenty-five years of age, and a man of great local popularity, and some note. He had shown an early susceptibility to the amorous passion. His first love, worth so calling, was at the age of fourteen: love summoned poetry to its aid, and he became a versifier. was besides a fluent and vigorous talker; and his gifts were too bright and attractive to allow of his remaining long unknown in his own neighbourhood. Furiously loving the women, and loved by them in a surn (though it would ap pear that of real de facto amours he had no experience until his twenty-third year), received with acclaim wherever the men wanted to be lively, he took his fill of facile and unsettling pleasures. His habits became contivial, and all the more so after he had joined a society of freemasons. Still, he seems for a while to have exercised a tolerable amount of self-control as far'as drinking is concerned. His brother, indeed, has left it on record that he did not remember in Robert any instance of positive intoxication until at a late date of his poetical career; and some other authorities will have it that, up to within the last few years of his hie, when he had removed to Dumfries, he preserved a fair character for sobriety. His poetizing for some years made no very noticeable progression: its more important developnents are to be dated from about his twenty-fourth year.

Diffusive love-making has its mischances. One day Burns found himself the prospective father of a brace of twins by his sweetheart Jean Armour, the daughter of a respectable master-mason. Roused to a lively sense of his responsibilities, he agreed with Jean that they should make a legal profession of antecedent marriage, thus legitimising the infants; and that he himself should then go off to

Jamaica to try his fortune in the character of assistant overseer to a planter, seeing that nothing but penury appeared to be his destined lot in Scotland. He paid nine guineas for a steerage-passage; and was indeed in a fever to be off. as he had been called upon to give security for the maintenance of his offspring, and was in dread of imprisonment. He wrote a farewell poem to Ayrshire and to Scotland--"The gloomy night is gathering fast." However, the tardy compensation which he was hoping to make to Jean for the imprudence and trouble into which he had betrayed her was not at present allowed to take effect. Her parents were so indignant at the affair that they absolutely refused to hear of matrimony; and Jean consented to relinquish her lover's written declaration of marriage, and himself along with it. Burns meabwhile, regarding her as having flinched in love and faith before adverse circumstances, denounced and abjured her, and indemnified himself by making love to Mary Campbell, his "Highland Mary." The poet and his Mary plighted their troth with much fervour: but this episode in the history of his loves came to nothing, the dainsel having very soon afterwards died of a fever at Greenock.

With everything prepared for his start to Jamaica, and expecting to remain away from Scotland for years, if not for the remainder of his life, the consciousness of his poetic gift worked upon the mind of Burns: he resolved to leave behind him some record that the fields and streams, the lasses and humours, of Ayrshire, had been all-sufficient and immortal inspiration to a queachless genius. Encouraged by his landlord, Mr. Gavin Hamilton, he determined to publish a small volume of his verses. This came out accordingly in the autumn of 1786. The edition, printed at Kilmarnock, was of 600 copies, of which about 350 were subscribed for: Halloween, the Cotter's Saturday Night.

and several other of his now celebrated productions, were included in the volume. The reader should refer to the preface, at once modest and distinct in self-assertion, with which the ploughman-poet introduced his verses. While indulging in gratuitous self-depreciation as compared with Allan Ramsay or Fergusson, "the author tells him [the possible critic] once for all that he certainly looks upon himself as possessed of some poetic abilities."

This was the crisis of Burns's life. The book was well received from the first, and cleared for its writer the small but acceptable sum of nearly \$200 A letter came from Dr. Blacklock to a friend of Burns, which entirely overthrew the poet's Jamaican scheme, enlarged his practical views, ind encouraged him to try his opportunities in Edinburgh. He arrived in the Scottish capital in November 1786, without either acquaintances there or letters of introduction. but he soon got to know all sorts of leading people, whether in literature or in fashion and social rink, and surprised all by his bulliant conversational powers, though he was not forward in talking unless he had something substantial to say. His demeanour was worthy of his exceptional position in its complicated bearings; and he was above all the tricks of a man who is showing off, or allowing others to show him off. He spent two winters in Edinburgh, leaving the city finally in February 1788, meanwhile he had been visiting various other parts of Scotland, and had crossed the English Border to Newcastle and Carlisle. A new edition of his poems, under the patronage of Dugaid Stewart and many other celebrities, had been published in Edinburgh in April 1787; it consisted of 2800 copies, for which a subscription-list of 1500 names had been obtained, and it brought in nearly £600 to the poet. So far all was well. But Burns, already too convival as an Ayishire peasant,

naturally grew still more convivial as the cynosure of social gatherings in Edinburgh; and the delat and excitement of this episode in his history were not the natural precursors and props for a retired laborious country-life, in which hard field-work was again to be his means of subsistence, and the alleviator of his load was to be the rustic Jean Armour. The latter, it should be mentioned, presented her lover, in the spring of 1778, with a second pair of twins, who died almost immediately; for she and burns had met again during one of the intervals of his Edinburgh sojourn, when her parents naturally courted his return. Her second frailty caused her exclusion from the paternal home; but some degree of reconciliation and been attained by the time of her delivery. Burns's enamoured correspondence with Mis. M'Lehose (the "Clarinda" of his letters) was going on at its littlest about the same period.

In the early summer of 1788 Burns returned to Ayishire. He espoused Jean by making a public declaration of marriage; liberally advanced £180 to his brother Gilbert, to give him a start in life; and took for himself a somewhat considerable farm at Ellisland in Dumfries-shire. Here he was donuciled before the end of June; and resumed, among other rural occupations, the exercise of his skill as a ploughman, at which (it is pleasant to learn) he was a capital hand. Soon, however, he found that his income needed eking out; and, as nothing more congenial offered as an outlet for his energies, he applied to be appointed excise-officer for his own vicinity, and obtained this post through the interest of Mr. Graham of Fintray. His pay was at first the pittance of £50 per annum, increased after a time to £70.

Burns an exciseman is a rather dejecting picture to contemplate. Still, if we exclude idealisms and prejudices, and take a plain common-sense view of the practicalities of

the case, it might seem that the peasant poet, married to his early sweetneart who proved an affectionate wife; settled on a farm of his own, the management of which he understood; enthusiastically admired for his genius by his countrymen, from the noblest duke to the most tattered gaberlunzie; habitually writing short pieces which he could throw off rapidly athwart a pressure of occupations, and which he could readily get published at once in some form or other, thereby keeping his name and fame in ever-fresh remembrance; and having a small settled income, from a government post, to fall back upon -was not, as human lots go, a person worthy of more commiseration, and altogether battered by the Fales. We hear of his having two men and two women servants; nine or ten milch-cows; some young cattle; four horses; and several pet sheep, of which he was fond. The position looks like an endurable one to begin with, and likely to continue in a steady course of quiet progressive improvement. Unfortunately this was The centre of Burns's hopes of material comfort and independence was his farm; but, after he had been there about three years and a half, he found that his duties in the excise interfered with the satisfactory conduct of agricultural operations, and he gave the farm up. It may indeed be surmised that, if his habits had been steadier, and himself more faithful to the severe traditions of his father's life, if he had not allowed the jolly dogs and loose fishes of his neighbourhood to prey upon his leisure, and if he had not grown a more and more helpless slave of the devil of drink, he might have sufficed for both occupations. However that may be, he did not thus suffice: and we may well infer that things had come to a bad pass with the farm when Burns, having to make his option between that and a government stipend of £70 a year, chose the latter as the

mainstay of his household. About the end of 1791, he removed to a small house in the town of Dumfries (how many thousands of people have looked since then with reverence on its mean outside!) and here he remained for the brief residue of his life.

Burns had a certain Jacobite and tory tone of political sentiment'; but every great and unprosperous genius, born in the lower ranks of society, is a potential democrat; and the era of the French Revolution was not one to leave the secret places of such a soul unstirred. More than once Burns used some expressions regarding the Revolution not strictly befitting an officer in the excise service of King George the Thud-rather suitable tela man of genius and insight; this spoiled his prospects in the excise, and very nearly resulted in his dismissal. The chances open to his aspirations were that he might within a moderate number of years rise to the position of supervisor, with about £200 a year, any amount of hard work, and no leisure-and then, after another interval of years, to the post of collector at about £300 to £400. This latter promotion would have relieved him from the severer toils of business, and would have satisfied his desires. "A life of literary leisure, with a decent competence, is the summit of my wishes," he said in one of his letters. In fact, however, he never rose out of the ranks in the excise service.

The majority of the songs which Burns wrote subsequently to his first Edinburgh edition were sent to Johnson's Scots Musical Museum, published in that city, and at a later date, to the Collection of Original Scottish Airs edited and published by Mr. George Thomson. In this work he wrote the words for many long-popular melodies—a field for the exercise of his genius which roused his heartiest and most generous sympathics. His first letter reply-

ing to Mr. Thomson's application is dated 16th September 1792, and absolutely declines the offered payment. gives one a salutary thrill to think of this great poet, oppressed with the cares of a family, drudging through a hard, uncongenial, and most scantily paid employment, the fineness of his nature obfuscated by drink, his strong frame beginning to feel the inroads of disease, yet rising superior to all low-hearted suggestions, and even to the perfectly reasonable and fair promptings of his position and with a glorious burst of patriotic love refusing to be a penny the nicher in pocket for the pure e of everthsting song with which he again and again dowered his country. For about four years he adhered to his self-lenging ordinance; and, in one instance when Mr. Thomson had of his own accord sent him a small sum, Burns-although, out of consideration for his correspondent, he did not send the anoney back-warned him never to repeat the experiment. At last, however, he was compelled to give in. After being seriously ill for about a year, and thus almost prevented from contributing to Thomson's publication, he was obliged, on the 12th of July 1796, to ask for a payment of £5 to meet a haberdasher's bill.

Ill health, mental dejection, and pecumary straits, had indeed now encompassed Burns round on every side. In had sunk into a habitual tipplet—not a contented one Remorse was gnawing at him continually. He had always had and still retained a strong fincture of religious feeling, though not of what passes for orthodoxy: he could hardly be regarded as a believer in revelation, but cluing hard to the idea of a future life. In money matters he continued honourable, and at his decease he left no debts. Rheumatic pains, and other maladies consequent upon his irregularities, assailed him; he became captious with his wife

whose affection had nevertheless worn well; then fever supervened, closing in dehrum. The poet lay on his death-bed, while his wife, expecting another confinement, was incapable of tending him; harassed also by the pertinacity of some lawyer, on whom one of his latest utterances bestowed a curse.

The end came on the 21st of July 1796. Burns died, aged thirty-seven years and a half. The nation which had afforded him the post and the annual £70 of an excise officer did not cease to remember him in death. A public funeral was accorded to his remains, and was attended by vast multitudes. He left behind him, with his widow, four sons; a fifth had died in infancy. A considerable sum was raised for their benefit. Soon also an edition of Burns's poems - complete so far as the then known materials allowed--was brought out under the editorship of a cordial admfrer, Dr. Currie, an eminent physician in Liverpool. It fostered the poet's fame, but was not needed to establish this: for in fact there is hardly in all literature an instance of such immediate and immense popularity-permeating the whole body politic of his countrymen-as that of Burns's poems. Everybody understood them, everybody enjoyed them: all were proud that Scotland should have produced a Burns, that he should reflect so much and so expressly national a renown on his country, and that themselves should be the sons of such a land, and compatriots of such a man. This enthusiastic acceptance of their native poet is certainly a great glory to Scotchinen; and any one who is bent upon remembering to their discredit that they left the man Burns to live and die an exciseman should bear in mind also that they had already reposited the poet Burns in their heart of hearts, and that at this day there are probably ten Scorhmen to whom Burns and his

work are breathing and potent realities, for one Englishman to whom Shakspeare is any more than a name. It may certainly be said that the more they admired the poet, the less willing should his countrymen have been to leave the man huddled in obscurity: this (as I said at starting) is a point already more than sufficiently debated elsewhere.

At the present time of day it would be almost a futility to analyse, in such space and in such method as Lhave at my disposal, the individual or characteristic merits of the poems of Burns. Every Scotchman is Born to an intuition of them: which is as much as saying that whatever is strongest, deepest, broadest, and finest, in that remarkable concrete the Scotch national character, finds its euthanasia in these immortal verses. The ideal Scotchman is the man to whom Burns's poems most come home. They give all his distinctive faculties and foibles; only with this modification necessary to the excellence of the poetic result: that the prudential and prosaic attributes-what one might call the minus quantities-of the Scotch, character are left in proportion less than the reality, while the plus quantities-the geniality, fervency, and even rampancy, of whatever kind-are thrown in with a prodigal and affectionate exuberance. But all are there-the less as well as the more kindly excesses. Burns is in fact the demigod-the prophet, priest, and king-of Scotland: the Scotchman who, more than any other man or men, knits together at the present moment Scotchmen all over the globe, and may prolong and intensify for ages the nationalising work in which the Battle of Bannockburn and the anti-prelatical reformation under Knox were earlier yet it may be hardly so powerful coefficients. This is after all the greatest of Burns's many and great poetic merits-that he has Scoti-

cised poetry;\* has established an unbounded ascendant over the Scottish mind, and has drawn to him all hearts of his countrymen like the draught of a roaring fiery furnace. The mcrit is one not so easily assessable by criticism as by history: but, where it exists, as here, in pre-eminent degree, criticism has pretty well to abdicate her functions, and confess that a greater than herself is the arbiter. But, beyond this (and excluding all minor considerations), we have to recognise in especial three superb gifts in Burns's poetryk-a power of clear piercing expression; a perfect soul of singable, or declaimable song; and above all, a sympathy so vivid and intimate as to pass continually into the domain of imagination, and give forth imaginative results and potencies. Of defects or inequalities of value in various boems or classes of poems by Burns, I need not here say a word.

Burns was nearly five feet ten in height, with black curly hair and dark eyes: every one knows the general look of his portraits. He was quick-tempered—sudden and voluble in resentments. Though he wrote so many poems for musical airs, he had little or no technical knowledge of music: he even had no ear for tunes, and his voice was unmelodious, at any rate in his earlier youth. At one time he meditated writing a national drama. Of the works which he actually executed, he regarded Tam O' Shanter, the product of a single day, with most predilection. This masterpiece was written at Ellisland, and was first published in 1793.

W. M. ROSEETTI.

In vaying this, we are of course not to forget the precursors of Burn's poetry—the glorious old Scottish Ballads, and more recently Allan Ramasay, &c

I have been able to avail myself, in this edition, of the substance of the apposite illustrative notes appended by Mr. J. S. Roberts to a previous issue of Burns's Poems; and have to acknowledge the aid of that gentleman in some further respects.

W. M. R.





### BURNS'S POETICAL WORKS.

POEMS

#### TRAGIC FRAGMENT.

The Poet says, regarding the following—"In m, carly years nothing less would serve me than courting the tragic mine. I was, I think, about eighteen or nineteen when I sketched the outlines of a tragedy, for sooth, but the birsting of a cloud of family misfortunes, which had for some time threatened up revented my further progress. In those days I never wrote down anything so except a speech or two, the whole has escaped my memory. The above, which I most instinctly remember, was an exclanation from a great character—great in occasional instances of generos 16, and daying at times in villance. He is supposed to meet with a child of misery, and exclaims to himself, as in the words of the fragment."—

ALL devil as I am, a damnèd wretch, A harden'd, stubborn, unrepenting villain, Still my heart melts at human wretchedness; And with sincere, though unavailing, sighs, I view the helpless children of distress. With tears indignant I behold the oppresso. Rejoiging in the honest man's destruction, Whose unsubmitting heart was all his crime. Even you, ye helpless crew, I pity you; Ye, whom the seeming good think sin to pity; Ye poor, despised, abandon'd vagabonds, Whom vice, as usual, has turn'd o'er to ruin. -Oh, but for kind, though ill-requited, friends, Lhad been driven forth like you forlorn, The most detested, worthless wretch among you i Q injured God! Thy gradness has endow'd me

#### POEMS.

With talents passing most of my compeers, Which I in just proportion have abused As far singassing other common villains As Thou in natural parts hadst given me more.

#### THE TORROLION LASSES

The two pieces following, written at different times, give a list of the marriageable diffisel in the poet's neighbourhood. According to Mr. Chimbers, the poet's brother, Gifert, hid made addances to one of the anighters at "the Beneids," and hid occurrended. The poet takes the opportunity of hinting that he was too proud to risk a like fate.

If we gack to you lift-tup, Ye'll there see being Peggy, She kens her faither is a land, And she forsouth's leddy!

There Sophy tight, a reside bright, Besides a find one fortune. What campa with her man night, Has little art in fourting.

Gre down by Faile, and laste the ale And tak a look o' Mysic, She's dom and din,' a deil within, But aiblins' she may please ye.

If she be shy, her sister the Ye'll maybe fancy Jenny, If yell dispense wi' want o sense--She kens hersel she's bonny.

As ve gae up by you hillside, Speci i in for bonny Bessy; She II gie ye a beck, and bid ye licht, And handsomely address ye.

There's few sie bennie, nane sac guid, by a' King George' dominion, If ye should doubt the truth o' this— It's Bessy's am opinion.

Is Torbolton, ye ken, there are proper young men.
And proper young lasses and a', man:
But ken ye the Ronalds that live in the Bennals,
They carry the greef frac them a', man.

Then father's a land, and weel he can spare't, Braid money to tocher them a', man, To proper young men, he'll clink in the hand Gowd guineas a hunder or twa, man.

#### POEMS.

There's and they ca' Jean, I'll warrant ye've seen As bonny a lass or as braw, man; But for sense and guid taste she'll vie wi' the best, And a conduct that beautifies a', man.

The charms o' the min', the langer they shine, The man admination they draw, man; While peaches and cherries, and roses and lilies,

They fade and they wither awa, man

if ye be for Miss Jean, tak this frae a frien, A lint o' a rival or twa, man, The Lant o' Blackbyre wad gang through the fire, If that wad entice her awa, man.

The Laird o' Biachead has been on his speed, For man than a towmond or twa, man; The Landso' flie Ford wall stranght on a board,2 If he canna get her at a', man

Then Anna comes in, they ride o' her kin, The boast of our lact closs a', man, Sac sonsy" and sweet, see fully complete, She steals our affections awa, man

If I should detail the pick and the wale 1 () lasses that live here two, man, The fault wad be mine, if they didna sline, The sweetest and best of them a', man.

I lo'e her mysel, but darena weel tell, My poverty keeps me m awc, man, For making o' thymes, and working at times, Does little or naething at a' man.

Yet I wadna choose to let her refuse, Not hae't in her power to say na, man; For though I be poor, unnoticed, obscure, My stomach's as proud as thema, man

Though I canna ride in weel-booted prvie, And flee o'er the hills like a craw, wan, Pean hand up my head with the best of the breed, Though fluttering ever so braw, man.

My coat and my vest, they are Scoten o' the best, O pans o' guid brecks I had two man, And stockings and pumps to put on my stumps, And ne'er a wrang steek in them a', man-

My sarks5 they are few, but five of them new, Twal' hundred,6 as white as the snaw, man, A ten-shilling hat, a Holland cravat; There are no mony pocts sae braw, man. •

I'l welve month 4 Comely. 5 Smits 4 Choice 5 A quality of clot's, 2 Die and bestrete on a board.

I never had frien's weel stockit in means, To leave me a hundred or twa, man: Nae weel-tocher'd aunts, to wait on their drants, And wish them in hell for it a', man.

I never was cannie? for hoarding o' money, Or claughtm't s together at a', man, C I've little to spend, and naething to lend, But deevil a shilling I awe, 1 man.

## WINTER

Titls poem was copied into Burns's Commanplace Book, with the remarks appended:—"As I am what the men of the vorld, if they knew such a man, would call a whinisted nortal, I have various sources of pleasure and enjoyment which are in a manner peculiar to myself, or some here and there such out-of-the-way person. Such is the peculiar pleasure I take in the season of Winter more than the rest of the year. This, I behave, may be partly owing to my misfortunes giving my mind a little large wast, but there is something even in the

'Mighty tempest, and the heavy waste, Abrupt, and deep, stretch'd o'er the buned earth,'

which raises the mind to a serious sublimity favourable to excrything great and noble. There is scacely any earthly object gives me mort,—I do not know if I should call it pleasure—but something which exilts me—something which critis ine—something which circulated side of a wood, or high plantation, in a cloudy winter-day, and hear the stormy wind how high air might true, and raving over the plain. It is my best se son for devotion my mind is rapit up in a kind of enthusiant to Him, who, in the pompous language of the Hebrew bard, 'walks on the wings of the wind'. In one of these seasons, just after a 'rain of misfortunes, I composed the following."—

THE wintry west extends his blast, And hail and tain does blaw; Or, the stormy north sends driving forth The blinding sleet and snaw: While tumbling brown, the burn comes down-And roats frae bank to brae: And bird and beast in covert rest. And pass the heartless day.

"The sweeping blast, the sky o'ercast,"\* The joyless winter-day. Let others fear, to me more-dear Than all the pride of May: The tempers's howl, it soothes my soul-My griefs it seems to join; The leafless trees my rancy please, Their fate resembles mine !

Thou Power Supreme, whose mighty scheme These woes of mine fulfil,

1 Humours: 2 Careful. 3 Gathering it.

#### POEMS.

Here, firm, I rest, they must be best, Because they are Thy will! Then all I want (oh, do Thou grant This one request of mine!) Since to enjoy Thou dost deny, Assist me to resign.

#### A PRAYER,

UNDER THE PRESSURE OF VIOLENC ANGUISM.

In the Co amonplace Book these lines are introduced by the following note:

"There was a cerum period of my life that my spirit was broken by repeated losses and disa ters, which threatened, and indeed effected, the utter guin of my forme. My body, too, was attacked by that most dreadful distelliner, a hypochondria, or confirmed melancholy. In this wretched state, the recollection of which makes me yet shudder, I hung my harp on the willow trees, except in some jucid intervals, in one of which I composed this Prayer: "—

O Thou great Being what Thou art Surpasses me to know: Yet sure I am, that known to Thee Are all Thy works below.

Thy creature here before Thee stands, All wretched and distrest, Yet sure those ills that wring my soul Obey Thy high behest.

Sure Thou, Almighty, can't not act From ciuelty or wiath! Oh, free my weary eyes from tears, Or close them fast in death !

But if I must afflicted be, To suit some wise design; Then man my soul with firm resolves, To bear and not repine 10

## THE DEATH AND DYING WORDS OF POOR MAILIE,

THE AUTHOR'S ONLY PET YOWR.

(An Unce Mournfu' Tale )

"The circumstances of the poor sheep," says Gilbert Burns, "were pratty much as Robert has described them, a lie had, partly by way of frohe, bought a ewe and two lambs from a neighbour, and she was tethered in a field adjoining the house at Lochlea. He and I were going out with our teams, and our mo younger brothers to drive for us, at mid-day, when High Wilson, a currous-ooking, awkward boy, clad in plaiding, came to us with much ambiety in his fare, with the information that the ewe had entangled herself in the tether, and was lying in the occasion. Poor Mailie was set to rights, and when we returned from the plough in the evening, he repeated to me her 'Death and Dying Words,' pretty much in the way they now stand."

#### POTAIS.

As Mailie and her lambs thegither Was ac day mbbling on the tether, Upon her cloot she coost a hitch, And owie she warsled in the duch : There, groaning, dying, she did lie, When Hughoc he cam doytin'2 by. Wi' glowing een, and litted han's, Poor Hughoc like a statue stan's; He saw her days were near-hand ended, But, waes my heart ! he couldno mend it !, He gaped wide, but naething spak --At length poor Mailie silence brak "O thou, whose lamentable face Appears to mourn my whefu' case! My dying words attentive bear, And bear them to my made dear. "Tell lim, if e'er agam he ketp 🕡 As muckle gear as buy a sheep, Oh, bid him never tie them mar Wi' wicked strings of comp or hair! But ca' them out to palk or hill, And let them wander at then will; So may his flock increase, and grow To scores o' lambs, and packs o' woo' by "I cll him he was a master kin', And aye was good to me and mon; And now my dying charge I gie him— My helpless lambs I trust them we him. "Oh, bid him save their harmless lives Frae dogs, and tod, and butchers' knives But gie them guid cost-milk then fill, Till they be fit to fend themsel. And tent them duly, e'en and morn, Wi' teats o' hay, ai Tapps o' com "And may they never learn the gadts" .Of ither vile, wantestfu'4 pets! To slink through slaps, and reave and steal At stacks o' peas or stocks o' kail, Somay they, like then great forbears, For mony a year come through the shears: So wives will gie them bits o' bread, And banns greet 5 for them when they're dead "My poor toop-lamb, my son and heir, Oh, kid him breed him up wi' care! And if he live to be a beast, To pit some havins in his bicast f And warn him what I winn a name, To stay content wi' yowes at hame:

<sup>1</sup> Struggled 4 Walking clumsily.

And no to un and wear his clouts." Lake (ther menscless,1 graceless brutes, "And neist my yowie, silly thing, "Guid keep thee fine a tether string! Oh, may thou ne'er forgather up Wi ony blastit, + moorland toop, But age keep mind to moop and mell Wi' sheep o' credit like thysel 1 "And now, my barms, wi' my last breath I lea'e my blessin' wi' you baith: And when you think upo' your mitter, Mind to be kin' to ane anither. "Now, hongst Hughoc, dinna fail To tell my master a' my tale; And bid him burn this cuiscid tether, And, for thy pains, thon's get my blether,"2 Thiesaid, poor Madie turn d her head, And closed her een amang the dead.

I LAMENT in rhym , lament in prose, Wi' saut tears trickling down your nose; Om bardie's fate is at a close, Past a' remead, The last sad cape-stane of his wood; Poor Mathe's dead I

It's no the loss o' wail's gear, That could see butter draw the tear, Or mak our bardie, dowie,3 wear The monning weed:

He's lo t a friend and reibor don In Madie dead,

Through a' the toun # she trotted by him; A lang half-mile she could descry him; • . Wi'kmdly bleat, when she did spy him, She ran wi' specil,

A friend mair faithfu' ne'er can rogh him Than Mailie dead

 I wat she was a sheep o' sense, And could behave hersel wi' mense. 1

1 Unmannerly,

2 Bladder

<sup>1</sup> Exhausted

4 Decor int

• \* Mr. Roberts, in his contion of Burns's Works attaches, rightly or wrongly, a meaning to this word not hitherto adopted by the various annotators of the poet's works. He say: —"Clouts, clothes or rags, with reference to a piece of tothing with which runs are cumbered at a taun se isons, for a purpose which will hardly bear full explanation." Nothing but ignorance of this custom, la tells us; has led to the word being supposed to mean the feet of the animal † A contemptuous term

t The farm buildings are spoken of as the town in Scotland.

I'll say't, she never brak a fence Through thievish green. Our bardie, lanely, keeps the spence \* Sın' Mailie's dead.

Or, if he wanders up the howe,1 Her living image in her yowe Comes bleating to him, owre the knowe,8 For bits o' bread;

And down the bring pearls rowe For Mailie dead.

She was nae get o' mooiland tips, Wi' tawted ket, and hany hips; For her forbea a were brought in ships Frae yout the Tweed:

A bonnier fleesh ne'er cross' I the clips Than Mails dead.

Wae worth the mail wha first did shape That vile, wanchancie thing—a rape! It maks guid fellows gift at gape, Wi' chekm' dread; And Robm's bonnet wave wilcrape, For Mailie dead.

Oh, a' ye bards'on bonny Doon! And wha on Ayr your chanters tune! Come, join the melanchahous croon O' Robin's reed!

His heart will never get aboon His Mailie dead.

#### OH WHY THE DEUCE SHOULD I REPINE!

The following is an impromptu:-

On why the deuce should I repine, And be an Ill foreboder? I'm twenty-three, and five feet nine -I'll go and be a sodger.

I gat some gear wi' meikle care, " I held it weel thegither; But now it's gane, and something mair-I'll go and be a sodger.

#### . THE BELLES OF MIUCHLINE. .

"THE SIX B iles of Manchine" were Miss Helen Miller, who became the wife of the poet's friend, Dr. Malkenzie; Miss Markland, who became the wife of another friend, Mr. Finlay, a brother Excise officer; Miss Jean Smith, who 3 Matted fleece.

4 Unlucky.

-00

2 Knoll.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Shuts himself up in his parlour.

<sup>†</sup> Gran and gasp—the allusion here is to hanging.

POEMS.

married a third friend of the poet, Mr. Candlish, and was mother of the well-known Eduburgh divine, Dr. Candlish; Mass Betty, a sister of Miller, became Mrs. Templeton, Miss Morton married Mr. Paterson, a merchant in Mauchlane; and we need hardly say that Belle Number Six became the poet's wae, making what, in a worldly sense, may have been the poorest match of all, sithough she had for her husband the most notable Scotchman of his generation.

In Mauchline there dwells six proper young belles, The pride o' the place and its neighbourhood a'; Their carriage and dress, a stranger would guess, In Lon'on or Paris they'd gotten it a.

Miss Mille. is fine, Miss Markland's divine,
Miss Smith she has wit, and Miss Betty is braw;
There's beauty and fortune to get wi' Miss Morton,
But Armour's the jewel for me of them a'.

#### A PRAYER

IN THE PROSPECT OF DEATH

The poet tells us that the two flees, which follow "were composed when fainting fits, and other alaming symptoms of pleursy, or some other dangerous disorder, which indeed still threatens me, first put nature on the alarm. The stanzar are misgroungs in the holy of despondency and prospect of death. The grand end of hundra life is to cultiviste an intercourse with that Being to whom we owe life with every enjoyment that renders life delightful."

O Thou unknown, Almighty Cause Of all my hope and fear! In whose dread presence, ere an-hour, Perhaps I must appear!

If I have wander'd in those paths Of life I ought to shun; As something, loudly, in my breast, Remonstrates I have done;

Thou know'st that Thou hast formed me With passions wild and strong, And listening to their witching voice Has often led me wrong,

Where human weakness has come short;
Or frailty stept aside,
Do Thou, All-good! for such Thou art,
In shades of darkness hide.

Where with intention I have err'd,
No other plea I have,
But, Thou art good; and goodness still
Delighteth to forgive.

## STANZAS

ON THE SAME OCCASION.

WHY am I loath to leave this earthly scene?
Have I so found it full of pleasing charms?

Some drops of joy with draughts of ill between:
Some gleams of sunshine 'mid ienewing stories.

Is it departing pangs my soul alaims?
Or death's inflovely, dreary, dark abode?

For guilt, for guilt, my teriors are in arms:
I tremble to approach an angry God,
And justly smart beneath His sin-avenging rod.

And justly smart beneath His sin-avenging rod.

Fain would I say, "Forgive my foul offence!"

For promise never more to disobey;
But should my Author health again dispense,
Again I might desert fair virtue's way:
Again m folly's path might go astray;
Again exalt the brute and sink the man;
Then how should I for heavenly mercy pray,
Who act so counter heavenly mercy's plan?
Who sin so oft have mount d, yet to temptation ran?

O Thou great Governor of all below!

If I may date a life of type to Thee,

Thy nod can make the purpost cease to blow,

Or still the tumult of the raging sea:

With that controlling power systet even me.

Those headlong furious passions to confine,

For all unfit I feel my powers to be,

To rule their torient in the allowed line:

Oh, and me with Thy help, Omnipotence Divine!

#### THE FIRST PSALM

THE man, in life wherever placed, Hath hap bucs in store, Who walks not in the wicked's way, Nor learns their guilty lore.

Not from the seat of scornful pude Casts forth his eyes abroad, Bit with humbity and awe Still walks before his God.

That man shall flouresh like the trees. Which by the streamlets grow;
The fruitful top is spread on high,
And fruit the root below.

But he whose blossom bads in guilt Shall to the ground be east, And, like the roptless stubble, tost Before the sweeping blast.

For why? that God the good adore
Hath given them peace and rest,
But hath decreed that wicked men
Shall ne'er be truly blest,

POEMS.

II.

THE FIRST SIX VERSES OF THE NINETHIN PSALM.

O Thou, the first, the greatest fixed Of all the human race!
Whose strong right hand has even been

Whose strong right hand has ever been Their stay and dwelling-place!

Before the mountains heaved their heads Beneath Thy forming hand, Before this ponderous globe itself Arose at Thy comband,

That Power which raised and still upholds. This universal frame,

 From countless, unbeginning time Was ever still the same.

Those englity periods of years Which seem to us so vast Appear no more before thy sight Than yesterday, hat's past

hou givest the yord. Thy creature, man,
Is to existence brought;

Again Thou say'st, "Ye sons of men, P Return ye into nought!"

Thou layest them with all their cares, In everlasting sleep; As with a flood Thou takest them off With overwhelming sweep

They flourish like the morning flower, In beauty's pride array'd; But long ere inght cut down, it lies All wither'd and decay'd.

#### ELEGY ON THE DEATH OF ROBERT KUISSEAUX

Crown k found the following among the poet's papers after his death . Ruiss anx-agreestation of his own name-is French for ril detail

Now Robin his in his last lan, He ll gabble plyme nor sing uae mair, Child poverty, wi' hungry state,

Nor anxious fear, nor cankert care
Lier mair come near him.

To tell the truth, they seldom fasht him, Except the moment that they crusht him: For sune as chance or fate had husht sen. Though e'er sae show, Then wi' a thyme or song he lasht 'cm,

Then wi' a thyme or song he lasht 'cm,
And thought it sport,

#### POEMS

Though he was bied to kintre wark, And counted was buth wight and stark, Yet that was never Robin's mark lomikamin, But tell him he was learn'd and clark, Le roosed him than!

#### MATCHLINI ITIIIS

OF terve novels, & Manchine belies! Le ie safei at your spinning wheel, Such witching birks are baited hooks For takish col's like Job Mossgiel 1

Iour fine I on: Jones and randisons, They ranke your vouthful funcies reel: They heat your veme and me your brains, \* And then ye're prey for Kob Moss rel.

Beware a tongue that's smoothly hung,

A heart that warmly seems to feel, That feeling heart but acts a part-Lis rakish ait in Rob Molsziel

The frank a ldress, the soft eness Are worse than poisen d daits of steel, The fruit a ldress and p lit or Are all tinesse in Kob Mossgiel

## DIATH AND DR HOKNLOOK

#### A TILL STOKE

"Dratti and Dr Hornbook says Cill rt Burns "though not published in "Dratt and Dr Hornbook says (all rt Burns "though not published in the Kilmarnak, (dit n was produced cirly in the year 1785. The schools after of I ord olton pair hat beke out the carty subsistence allowed rather neful class of men set up a shap of grorery goods. Having accidentally fallen in with some medical books, and be me in a thobby horsically ittrehed to the tindy of faccine he had added the fact of a few me hennes to his little trade. He had got a shap hill printed at the batt in of which, overloo ing his own incapacity he had addetited the face would be given, in common disordering it the shop graws. Robert was at a mason meeting in I orboiton, when the domine made too ottentations a display of his medical skill. As he parted in the evening from this making of per latter, and object, at the place where he the evening from this mixture of pe lantry and physic, at the place where he me evening from this mixture of perantry and physic, at the place where he describes his meeting with Death, one of those flotting ideas of apparational mentioned in his letter to D. Moore crossed his mind this set him to work for the rest of his way home. These chemistrices he related when he repeated the very express me the next aftering a vs. I we holding the plough, and he was letting the water off the field best it me.

Tomek says of the hero of this poems. At Glasgow I heard that the hero of this evanuate same of this poems. At Glasgow I heard that the hero of this evanuate same says I ham iton managed to introduce me to him—we talled of alm stall subjects save the poems of Burns. Dr. Horobook is above the middle size, storit made, it I inclining to corpulency. His complexion is a wirthy his eye black and expressive his wears a brown way, and dresses in black. There is little or nothing of the pedant about him. I think a man who had never read the poem would scarcely discover any. Burns, I am told, had no personal comitty to Wilson."

am told, had no personal enmity to Wilson.

<sup>\*</sup> Rob Mossgiel-Robert Burns of Mossgiel-the name of his farm

The mirth and ridicule which this exquisite face of satire excited drove Wilson out of the district. He got the appointment of session-clerk of the parish of Corbals, in Glasgow, and died there in 1829.

 Some books are lies fra end to end, And some great lies were never penn'd:
 E'en ministers, they have been kenn'd, In holy rapture,
 A rousing whid¹ at times to vend, And nail't wi' Scripture.

But this that I am gaun to tell,
Which lately on a night befell,
Is just as true's the deil's in hell
Or Dublin city:
That e'er he nearer comes oursel
'S a muckle pity.

The clachan yill had made me canty, I wasna fou, but just had plenty; I stacher'd whyle, 3, 3d yet took tent aye To free the ditches; And hillocks, stanes, and bushes kenn'd aye.

The rising moon began to glower
The distant Cunnock hills out-owre:
To count her horns, wi' a' my power,
I set mysel;
But whether she had three or four,
I couldna tell.

I was come round about the hill,
And toddini down on Wilhe's mill,\*
Setting my staff wi' a' my skill,
To keep me sicker:\*
Though leeward whiles, against my will,
I took a bicker.

I there wi' something did forgather,
That put the in an eerie swither;
An awfu' scythe, out-owre ac shouther,
Clear-dangling, hairg;
A' three-taed leister on the ither
Lay large and lang.

Its stature seem'd lang Scotch ells twa, The queerest shape that e'er I saw,

Lie.

Village ale.

Sometimes

<sup>4</sup> Steady
5 A staggering run.

Fearful movertainty.
 A fish-spear.

<sup>\*</sup> Torbolton Mill, then occupied by William Muir-hence called Willie's well.

For ficht a wame 1 it had ava .\*

And then its shanks,
They were as thin, as sharp and sma',
As checks o' branks.\*

"Guid-e'en," quo' I; "friend, hac ye been mawin', When ither folk are busy sawm'?"† " It seem'd to mak a kind o' stan', But naething spak;

At leigth, says I, "Friend, whare ye gaun?.
Will ye go back?"

It spak right howe, 2 — "My name is Death; But be na fley'd — Quoth I, "Gind faith Ye're maybe come to stap my breath;

But tent ne. billie;
I red 4 ye weel, tak eye o'sl aith;

See, there's a gully!"5

"Guidman," quo' he, "put up your whittle, I'm no design'd to hy m mettle; But if I did, I wad be kittle" To be mislen'd,<sup>7</sup>

1 wad na mind it, no that spittle Out-owie my beard."

"Weel, weel!" says I, "a bargam be't; Come, gies your hand, and sae we're gree't; We'll ease our shanks' and tak a seat— Come, gies your n'ws;

This while ‡ we have been mony a gate,9

At mony a house."

"Ay, ay!" quo' he, and shook his head, "It's cen a lang, lung time indeed Sm' I began to nick the thread

Folk mann do something for their bread,

And sae mann Death.

"Say thousand years are near hand fled
"Sm' I was to the butchering bied,
And mony a scheme in vein's been laid,
To stap or sear me,
Till and Hornbook's fa'en up the trada,

And faith he'll waim me.

Placity.

Hollow Garage Casp-kinfe S Limbs
Frightened G would be tempted.

Koad.

<sup>\*</sup> A kind of bridle

<sup>†</sup> This rencounter happened in seed-time of 1785 - AB ‡ An epidemic fever was then raging in that country = B

"Ye'ken Jock Monbook i' the clachan.
Deil mak his king's-hood in a spieuchan!
He's grown sac weel acquaint wi' Buchan\*
And itner chaps,
The weans anaud out their fingers laughin,
And pouk my hips,

"See, here's a scythe, and there's a dart, They hae pierced mony a gallent heart; But Doctor Hornbook, withis art And cussed skill, Has made them both no worth a f—t,

Damn'd haet they'll kill

"Towas but vestreen, nae finthe gaen, I threw a noble throw at ane; Wi'less, I'm sure, I've hundreds slain; But dad ma care, It just play'd dul on the lane.

But dad mae mur.

"Hotnbook was by, wi ready art.
And had sac fortified the part,
That when I looked to my don't
It was sac blunt,
Frenchaet o't wal has pierced the heart
G' a kid-runt."

"I drew my seythe m sic a fury,
I near-hand cowpit wi' my hury.
But yet the bauld apothecay
Withstood the shock;
I might as weel hae tried a quarry
G' hard whir rock

"Even them he canna get attended, Although then face he ne'er had kenn'd it, Just sh—e in a kail-blade and send it, As soon's he smells t, Buith they discuss and what wall mane's

Baith their disease and what will meny it At ance he tells't.

"And then a' doctor's saws and whittles, Of a' dimensions, shapes, and metals, A' kinds o' boxes, mugs, and bottles He's sure to hap:

Their Latin names as fast he rattles  $\Lambda_3, \Lambda$  B C.

"Calces o' fossils, earths, and trees; True salmarmum o' the beas,

5 Tumbled

Tobacco-pouch
Children

<sup>3</sup> Pluck et my hams. 4 Cabbage (Colewort) stalk

Bachan's Domesti Medicine -- B

The farina of beans and peac, He has't m plenty; Aquafontis, what you please,

He can content ye. "Forbye some new, uncommon weapons,

Urinus spiritus of capons; Or mite-horn shavings, filings, scrapings, Distill'd per se;

Salalkali o' midge-tail clippings, . And mony mac."

"Waes me for Johnnie Ged's hole noo'," Quo' I, "if that thae news be true! Ilis braw calf-ward+ vhare gowans grew. Sae white and bonny, Nac doubt they'll rive it wi' the plew; They'll rem Johnnie!"

The creature grain'd an eldritch laugh And says, "Ye needna yoke the pleugh, Kirk yards will soon be fill'd eneugh. Tak ye nae fear:

They'll a' be trench'd wi' mony a sheugh? In twa three year.

"Whare I kill'd ane a fair strae death," By loss o' blood or want o' breath, This night I'm free to tak my aith,

That Hornbook's skill

Has clad a score i' then last clarth, By drap and pill.

"An honest wabster to his trade, Whase wife's twa nieves were scarce weel-bred, Gat tippence-worth to mend her head When it was sair;

The wife slade cannie to her bed, But ne'er spak mair.

"A country laird had ta'en the batts, Or sonie curmuring in his guts, Lis only son for Hornbook sets; And pays him well;

The lad, for twa guid gimmer-pets, Was laird himsel.

"A bounycass, ye kenn'd her name, Some ill-brewn drink had hoved her wame: She trusts hersel, to have the shame, In Hornbook's care;

Horn sent her aff to her lang hame, To hide it there.

1 Unearthly,

9 Furrow.

3 Ewe lands.

<sup>\*</sup> The grave-digger.

† The church-yard had been used as nasture-ground for culves.

"That's just & swatch o' Hornbook's way;
Thus goes he on from day to day,
Thus does he poison, kill, and slay,
An's weel paid for't;
Yet stops me o' my lawfu' prey,
Wi' his damn'd dirt:

"But, hark! I'll tell you of a plot, Though dinna ye be speaking o't; I'll nail the self-concerted sot, As dead's a herrin

• As dead's a herrin'; Neist time we meet, I'll wad a groat,

Ile's got his fairin'!"1

But just as he began to tell, • The auld kuk-hammer strak the bell Some wee short hour ayout the twal,

Which raised us baith:
I took the way that pleased mysel,
And see did Death.

### THE TWA HERDS OR, THE HOLY TUIZIE.

In a MS now in the Pritish Museum Burns gives an account of the origin of this piece. —"The following was the first of my Poot teal productions that saw the high. I gave a copy of it to a puticular friend of mine who was very fond of these things, and told him." I did not know who was the Author, but that I had got a copy of it by accident. In occasion was a bitter and shim the squariel between the two Rev. gentlemen, Mr. Moodie of Ricenton and Mr. Rinsel of Kilmarnock. It was at the time when the hue and cry agains! Patronage was at the worst."

"Blockheads with reason wicked wits abler."
But fool with fool is buildings civil war."—Pork.

Off, a' ye pious godly flock,
Weel f.d on pastures orthodos,
Wha now will keep you fiae the fox,
Or worrying tykes,
Or wha will tent the waifs and cocks,
About the dikes?

The twa best herds in a' the wast,
That e'er gae gospel horn a blast,
These five and twenty simmers past,
Oh! dool to teil,

Hae had a bitter black outcast Atween themsel.

O Moodie, man, and wordy Russell,
How could you raise so vile a bustle,
Ye'll see how New-Light herds will whistle
And think it fine:

The Lord's cause ne'er gat sic a twistle
Sin' I hae min'.

1 Deserts.

Dogs.

\*Stray sheep and old ewes

O sirs! whate'er wad hat expeckit,
Your duty ye wad sat negleckit,
Ye wha were ne'er by lairds respeckit,
To wear the plaid,
But by he brutes themselves eleckit,
To be their gnide.

What flock wi' Moodie's flock could rank, Sac hale and hearty every shank? Nac poison'd sour Armman stank fle let them taste.

Frac Calvin's well, aye clear, they drank,—Oh, sie a feast!

The thummark' wil'-cat, 'nock,2 and tod,8 West kenn'd his voice through a' the wood, He smelt their ilka hole aa noad,
Bath out and in, c
And weel he liked to shed then blind,
And sell then skin,

What heid like Russell tell'd his tale, His voice was heard through minr and dale, He kenn'd the Loid's sheep, slika tail, O'er a' the height, And saw gin they were sick or hale, At the first sight.

He fine a mangy sheep could scrib. Or nobly swing the gospel-club. And New-Light herds could incely drub, Or pay then skin. Could shake them owie the birning dub, Or heave them in.

Sie twa - oh I do I live to see't, Sac famous twa should disagreet, And n'unes life "villain," "hypocrite," Ilk ither gi'en, While New-Light herds, we'laughin' spite, Say neither's kein'!

A' ye wha tent the gospel a uld,
"There's Duncan," deep, and Veebles, † shoui, \*
But chiefly thou, apostle Auld, ‡
We trust in thee,
That thou wilt work it em, het and cauld,
"Ill they agrees

Consider, sn4 how we're best, There's scarce a new herd that we get

Pr e-cat

2 Badger.

ir boa

4 Shallow.

Dr. Pobert Durran, in uster of Duadonald Ryn. Willeam Peebles, of Newton-mon-Ayr Rev William Auld, minister of Mauchbor.

But comes frae 'mang that cursed set I winna name; I hope frae heaven to see them yet In fiery flame.

Dahymple\* has been lang our fac, ht'Gill\( has wrought us merkle wae, \) And that cursed rascal ca'd M'Quhae,\( \) And bath the Shaws,\( \) That aft hae made us black and blac, \) Wi' vengefu' paws.

Auk! Weshow | lang has hatch'd mischief, We shought aye death wad bring relief, But he has gotten, to our grief,
Ane to succeed hun,
A chief wholl sounds buff our beef.

A chief whall soundly buft our beef;

I merkle diead him.

And mony a ane that Is ould tell,
Wha fam would openly rebel,
Forbye turn-coats among omsel;
There's Smith for ane,
I doubt he's but a gray-mck quill,
And that ye'll fin',

•Ch | a' ye flocks o'er a' the hills,
By mosses, meadows, moors, and fells,
Come, join your counsel and your skills,
To cowe the lands,
And get the brutes the powers themsels
To choose their herds,

Then Orthodoxy yet may prance, And Learning in a woody! dance, And that fell cur ca'd Common Sense, That bites sae sair, Be banish'd o'er the sea to France: Let him back there.

Then Shaw's and D tymple's eloquence, M'Gill's close nervous excellence, M'Quhae's pathetic manly sense.

And guid M'Math, Wi' Smith, wha through the heart can glance, May a' pack aif.

#### 1 Halter

<sup>\*</sup> Rev Dr. Dalrymple, one of the ministers of Ayr † Rev Wilham M'Cull, one of the ministers of Ayr. † Minister of St. Quivox § Dr. Andrew Shaw of Ctaigie, and Dr. David Shaw of Coylton. Ur. Peter Wodrow, Torbolton

20 POE WS.

#### HOLY WILLIE'S PRÄYER.

Ents is the most terrible commentary on the Calvinistic doctrine of Election ever written. The origin of the lines may be briefly told. Burne's friend, Gavin Ham 'ton, had been refused the ordinances of the Church, because he was believed to have made a journey on the Sabbath, and because one of his servants by his orders had brought in some potatoes from the garden on another Sunday, hence the allusion to the "kail and potatoes" in the risec.

by his orders had brought in some potatoes from the garden on another Sunday, hence the allusion to the "kail and potatoes" in the niece.

William Fisher, one of the Rev. Mr. Anild's clders, made himself very conspicuous in the case. He was a great pretender to sanctity—and only a pretender. Afterwards he fell into drunken habits, and died in a ditch while in a

belpless state of intoxication.

O THOU, wha in the heavens dost dwell, Wha, as it pleases best thysel, Sends ane to heaven, and ten to hell,
A' for thy glory,

And no for ony guid or 11 They've done afore thee !

I bless and praise the materless might, Whan thousands thou hast left in night, That I am here, after thy sight, For gifts and grace,

A burnin' and a shinin' light
To a' this place.

What was I, or my generation,
That I should get see exaltation?
I, wha deserve see just damnation
I or broken laws.

Five thousand years fore my creation, Through Adam's cause.

When frae my mither's womb I fell, Thou might hae plunged me into hell, To gnash my guiss, to weep and wail, In burnin' lake,

Whare damned devils your and yell, Cham'd to a stake.

Yet I am nere a chosen sample, To show thy grace is great and ample; I'm here a pillar in thy temple,

Strong as a rock,

A guide, a buckler, an example,

To a' thy flöck.

O Lord, then kens what zeal I bear, When drinkers drink, and swearers wear. And singing there, and lancing here, Wi' great and sma';

For I am kelpit, by thy fear,

Free frae them a'.

But yet, O Lord! confest I must, At times I'm fash'd! wi' fleshly lust;

1 Troubled.

And sometimes, too, wi warldly trust,
Vile self gets in;
But thou remembers we are dust,
Defiled in sin.

O Lord! yestreen, thou kens, wi' Meg— Thy pardon I sincerely beg, Oh, may it ne'er be a livin' plague, To my dishonour,

And I'll ne'er lift a lawless leg
Again upon her.

Essides, I farther mann avow, Wi' Lizzie's lass, three times I trow-But, Lord, that Friday I was fou' When I came near her,

Or else, thou kens, thy servant true
Wadene'er hae steer'd her.

Maybe thou lets this fleshly thorn Beset thy servant e'en and morn, Lest he owfe high and proud should turn, 'Cause he's sae gifted;

If sae, thy han' maun e'en be borne Until thou lift it.

Lord, bless thy chosen in this place,
• For here thou hast a chosen race:
But God confound their stubborn face,
And blast their name,

. Wha bring thy elders to disgrace

And public shame.

Lord, mind Gawn Hamilton's deserts, He drinks, and swears, and lys at cartes. Yet has sae mony takin' arts,

Wi' grit and sina',
Frac God's ain priests the people's hearts.
He steals awa'.

And whan we thasten'd him therefore, .
Thou ken's how he bred sic a splore, 1
As set the world in a roar

O' laughin' at us;— Curse thou his basket and his store, Kail and potatoes.

Lord, hear my earnest cry and prayer Against the presbyt'ry of Ayr; Thy strong right hand, Lords mak it bare Upo' their heads,

Lord, weigh it down, and dinna spare, For their misdeeds. O Lord, my God, that glib-tongued Arken,"
My very heart and saul are quakin',
To tlink how we stood grounin', shakin',
And swat wi' dread,
While he, wi' hingin' lip and snakin',
Held up his head.

Lord, in the day of vengeance try him.
Lord, visit them wha did employ him,
And pass not in thy mercy by 'em,
Nor hear their prayer;
But for thy people's sake destroy 'em,
And dinna spare

But, Loid, remember me and muic, Wi' mercies temp'ral an.' divine, That I for gear and grace hay shine. Exactle d.b. nane, \*And a' the glory shall be thine, Amen, Amen!

#### EPITAPH ON HOLY WILLIE.

HERE Holy Willie's sair worn clay Taks up its last abode; His saul has ta'en some other way, I fear the left-hand road

Stop! there he is, as sure's a gun,
Poor silly body, see him;
Nae wonder he's as black's the grun,
Observe wha's standing wi' him!

Your brunstafe devilship, I see, Has got him there before ye; But hand your nine-tail cat a wee, Till ance ye've heard my story.

Your pity I will not implore,
For pity ye hae nane!
Justica, alas ' has gien han c'et,
And increy's day is gane.

But hear me, sir, deil as ye are,
Look something to your credit;
A coof? like him wad stain your name,
If it were kent ye did it.

#### 4 TO A MOUSE,

ON TURNING OF HER NEST WITH THE PLOYGH, NOVEMBER 1785.
Gilbert Burns 5355, "The verses to the Mouse" and Mountain Daisy were composed on the occasions mentioned, and while the author-was holding

<sup>1</sup> Sneering.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fool

<sup>\*</sup> William Aiken, a solicitor, a special friend of the poet's.

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the plough, I could point out the particular spot where each was composed. Holding the plough was a favourite situation with Robert for poetic composinous, and some of his best verses were produced while he was at that exer-

"John Blane," says Mr Chambers, "who was farm-servant at Mossgiel at the time of its composition, still [1838] haves at Kilmarnock. He stated to me that he recollected the incident perfectly. Burns was holding the plough, with Blane for his driver, when the little creature was observed running off across the field. Blane, having the pettle, or plough-cleaning utensil, in hand at the moment, was thoughtlessly running after it, to kill it, when Burns checked him, but not anguly, asking what ill the poor mouse had ever done him. The poet then seemed to his driver to grow very thoughtful, and, during the remainder of the afternoon, he spoke not. In the night time he awoke Blane, who elept with him, and, reading the poem which had in the meanume been composed, asked what he thought of the mouse now."

> W1 E, sleekit, cowrin', tim'rous beastie. (5h, what a panic's in thy breastie! Thou needna start awa' sae hasty, Wi' bickering brattle !1

\_1 wad be lath to rin and chase thee, Wi' milrd'ring pattle 12

l'm truly sony man's dominion Has broken nature's social union, And justifies that ill opinion Which maks thee start'e As me, thy poor carth-born companion,

And fellow-mortal ! I doubt na, whyles,3 but thou may thieve;

What then? poor beastie, thou maun live ! A darmen icker in a thrave\* 'S a sma' request: I'll get a blessin' wi' the lave, And never miss't!

Thy wee bit housie, too, in ruin! Its silly wa's the win's are strewin'! And naething now to big a new ane O' foggage green ! And bleak December's winds ensuin' Bath snell<sup>4</sup> and keen !

Thou saw the fields laid bare and waste, And weary winter comin' fast, And cozie here, beneath the blast, Thou thought to dwell Till, grash ! the cruel coulter past Out through thy cell.

That wee but heap o' leaves and stibble Has cost thee mony a weary nibble!

Hurrying run. Sometifies.

<sup>2</sup> Pattle or pettle, the plough spade. 5 Comfortabia 4 Sharp.

<sup>&</sup>quot; An ear of corn in a thrave—that is, !wenty-four sheaves.

Naw thou's turn'd out for a' thy trouble, But house or hauld, To thole 1 the winter's sleety dribble, And cranteuch 2 cauld !

But, Mousie, thou art no thy lane, In proving foresight may be vain: The best-laid schemes o' mice and men Gang aft a-gley,

And lea'e us nought but grief and pain For promised joy.

Still thou art blest, compared wi' me I The present only toucheth thee . But, och ! I backward cast my ee (In prospects dieai! And forward, though I came see, I guess and fear.

#### HAI LOWLEN

The following poor will, by many readers be well enough understood, but for the sake of those who are unacquainted with the manners and traditions of the country where the scene is cast, notes are added, to give come account of the puncipal churms and spells of that night, so big with \$P\$/heey to the peasantry in the west of scotlant. The pression of prying into futurity makes a striking part of the history of human nature in its rude state in all ages and autions, and it may be some entertainment to a philosophic mind, if ally such should honour the author with a perusal, to see the remains of teamong the more unenlightened in our own

> ' Yes! let the right deride the proud disdain, The simple pleisures of the lowly truin In me more dear, congenial to my heart, One native charm, than all the gloss of art " -GOIDSMITH.

UPON that night, when fairies light On Cassilis Downans\* dance, Or owie the lays, in splendid blaze, On sprightly coursers prance; Or for Colemane route is ta'en, Beneath the moon's pale beams; There, up the covert to stray and love, Among the rocks and streams ' To sport that night.

Among the bonny winding braks Where Doon rins, wimplin', clear, Where Bruce ance ruled the martial ranks, And shook his Carck spear,

l kndure.

2 Isou frost

3 Fields

\* Certain little, iomantic, iocky, green hills, in the neighbourhood of the ncient sertiof the Farls of Cassilis -B

† A noted cavern near Colcan house, called the Cove of Colean, which, as well as Cassilis Doe nans, is famed in country story for being a favoritie haunt of tautes -B

The famous family of that name, the ancestors of Robert Bruce, the great

delivered of his country, were Earls of Carrick. B.

Some merry, friendly, country-folks Together did convene. To burn their nits, and poul their stocks, \* And haud then Halloween Fu' blithe that night.

The lasses feat, 2 and cleanly neat, Mair braw than when they re fine, Their faces blithe fu sweetly kythe Hearts leal, and warm, and kin' The lads sae trig,4 wi' wooei babs,5 Weel knotted on their garten. Some unco blate, and some wi gabs, Gar lasses' hearts gung startin' Whiles fast at hight

Then, first and foremost, through the kail,
Theirestocks\* mann 1' be sought ance,
Piey steek their een, and graip and wale, For muckle anes and straught anes. Poor has rel10 Will fell affithe drift, And wander d through the bow kail, And pout, for want o' better shift, Sie bow t that night.

Then, straught or crooked, ynd or nane, They toat and cry a throuther, The very wee things, toddlin 110, We stocks cut owie then shouther, And gif the custoc's sweet or sour, Wi joctcless 11 they taste them, Syne cozily, aboon the door. Wi' cannie care, they've placed them To lie that night

The lasses staw 12 frae 'mang them a' In pou then stalks o corn

3 Show 5 Double loops 1 Pull 4 Spruce of PashSil ## Inm 7 Mouths, here spoken of in connection with talk Close 10 Half witted 1- Stole Grope and choose 11 Clasp knives

The first culemony of Halloween spulling each a stock or plant of kail They must go out band in hand with eyes shut and full the first they meet with its being big or little straight or crooked it prophete of the size and shape of the grand object of all their spells o the husband or wife. If any life, or earth, stock to the root that is tocker or fortune and the laste of the custoe, hat is, the heart of the stem is indicative of the natural temper and disposing a Lastly, the stems, or, to give them their ordinary appellation the runts, are placed somewhere above the lead of the door and the Christian sames of the people whom chaine brings into the house, are, according to the proprity of slacing the runts, the names in question—B

† They go to the barn-3 and and pull each, at three several times a stalk of case. If the third stalk wants the top pickle that is, the grain at the top of the stalk, the party is question will come to the marriage bed anything but a maid—B.

maid -B.

But Rab slips out, and jinks about, Behint the muckle thorn: He grippit Nelly haid and fast; Loud skuled<sup>1</sup> a' the lasses; But her tap-pickle maist was lost, When kithu' in the fause-house Wi' him that night.

The auld guidwife's weel-hoordit mt. †
Are round and round divided,
And mony lads' and lasses' fates
Are there that might decided:
Some kindle coothie, aside by side,
And burn the gither 'rimly;
Some start awa' wt' sawy pride,
And jump out-owre the chimite
Fat' high that night.

Jean slips in twa wi' tentic ee;
Wha 'twas she wadna tell;
But this is Jock, and this is fine,
She says in to hersel:
He bleezed owic her, and she owire himps
As they wad never mair pait;
Till, fuff! he staited up the lum,
And Jean had e'en a sair heart
To see't that right.

Poor Willie, wi'his bow-kail mut, Was bumt wi'primsie Mallie, And Malhe, nae doubt, took the disant, To be compared to Willie, Mall's int lap out wi'pridefu'fling, And her am fit it buint it; While Willie lap, and swore, by jing. 'Twas just the way he wanted To be that night.

Nell had the fause-house in her min' She pits hersel and Rob in; In loving bleeze they sweetly join, 'I'll white in ase they're sobbin'; Nell's heart was dancin' at the view,

Shrieked
 Cuddbig.

Agreeably
Change

ν net

<sup>\*</sup> When the combs in a houbtful wate, by being too green or wet, the stackbuilder, by means of old timber, &c., makes a large apartment in his stack, with an opening in the side which is fairest exposed to the wind, this he calls a fause-house --&

They name the lad find lass to each particular nut, as they lay them in the fire, and, accordingly as they burn quietly together, or start from beside one another, the course and issue of the rourts'; p will be B.

She whisper'd Rob to lenk for't: Rob, stowlins, pree'd1 her bonny mou', I'u' cozie2 in the neuk for't, Unseen that night.

But Merran sat behint their backs, Her houghts on Andrew Bell. She lca'es them gashin' at their ciacks,\* And slips out by hersel: She through the yard the nearest taks, And to the kiln she goes then, And darklins graipit for the banks, And in the blug-clue+ throws then, Right fear't that night.

And aye she wm't,4 and aye she swat, I wat she made nae jaukin',5 Till something held within the pat, Guid Lord! but she was makin'! But whether 'twas the deal himsel, Or whether 'twas a bank-en', Or whether it was Andrew Bell, \_5he didna w∡it on talkin¹ To spier6 that night.

Wee Jenny to her grannie says,

"Will ye go wi me, grannie? I'll eat the apple # at the glass I gat frac Uncle Johnnie:" She full't her pipe wi' sic a hint,7 In wrath she was sae vap'rm', She notice't na, an aizle8 brunt Her braw new worset amon

Out through that meht.

"Ye little skelpic-limmer's face! I daur you try sic sportin' As seek the foul thief ony place, For him to spac your fortune; Nac doubt but ye may get a sight !

1 Steafthily kissed 2 Snugly 3 Cross-beams

4 Wound. 5 Challying 6 Ask. c

 Cloud of shoke. ت Carde '

\* A purely literal regdering here is of no use. "She leavely them in the full ide of confident talk" may nearly convey the poet's meaning to Whoever would, with success, thy this spell, must strictly observe these irections. -Steal out, all alone, to the bill, and darkling, throw into the pot clue of blue yarn, wind it fit a new clue off the old one, and, to she had something will hold the thread Demand "Wha hauds?" at m, who holds. An answer will be returned from the kiln-pot, by naming the Christian and with the post where of your future posts. and surname of your future spouse

† Take a candle, and go alone to a looking glass out an apple before it, and some traditions say, you should comb your hair all the time, the face of your conjugal companion to be will be seen in the glass, as if peeping over your

shoulder -B.

Great cause ye hae to fear it; For mony a ane has gotten a fright, And lived and died delceret On sic a night.

"Ae hairst afoie the Sherramon,-I mind't as weel's yestreen, I was a gilpey then, I'm sure I wasna past fifteen; The simmer had been cauld and well And stuff was unco green, And aye a rantin' kirn we gat, And just on Halloween

I. fell that night

"Our stibble-rig was kab M'Giaci, A clever, sturdy fallow His son ant Eppie im w wean, That lived in Achmacalla: He gut hemp-seed, I mind it well, And he made unco light o't; But mony a day was by himsel, He was see sairly frighted I hat very night."

Then up gat feelitin' Jamie I leek, And he swore by his conscience, That he could saw homp seed a peck; For it was a' but nonscinse The aul I guidman rought down the press, And out a handfu' gied him; Syne bade him slip frac 'ning the folk, Some time when are ane see'd him, And try't that night.

He marches through among the stacks, Though he was something sturtin; \* The graip 5 fic for a hurrow taks, And haurls it at he curpin ; And every now and then he says, "Hemp-seed, I saw thee, And her that is to be my lass, Come after me, and draw thee As fast this night."

<sup>1</sup> Young girl 2 Harvest home

<sup>4</sup> Типогонь 5 Dung fork

e 6 Drage, / Rear.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Stell out unperceived, and sow a hundful of hemp-seed, harrowing is wait anything you can conveniently draw after you Repeat now and then, "Hemp-seed, I saw thee, hemp seed, I saw thee, and him (or her) that is to be my true love, come after me and pour thee, 'Look over your left shoulder, and you will see the appearance of the person invoked, in the attitude of Sulling hemp, Some traditions say, "Come after me and shaw thee," that is, show thyself. In which case it simply appearance. Others omit the harrowing, and say, "Come after me, and herow thee."—B.

He whistled up Lord Lennox' march
To keep his courage cheery;
Although his hair began to aich,
Ile was sae fley'd¹ and ecile:
Till presently he hear, a squeak,
And then a grane and gruntle;
He by fis shouther gae a keek,
And tumbled wi' a wintle²
Out-owre that night.

He roar'd a horrid murdershout,
In dieadfu' desperation!
And young and auld cam rinnin' out
To hear the sad nariation:
He swere 'twas hilchin' fean M'Craw,
Or crouchie Merran Humphie,
Till, stop! she trotted through them a'And wha was it but grupphie feather that aight!

Meg fain wad to the barn hae gaen,
To win three weaths on acthing;
But for to meet the deal her lane,
whe pat but lette faith in
She gies the held a pickle? mis,
And twa reds heckit apples,
To watch, while for the burn she sets,
In hopes to see 'laim kapples
That very night.

She turns the key wi' cannie thraw.
And owre the threshold ventures.
But first on Sawnie gies a ca',
Syne hauldly in she enters:
A ratton rattled up the wa',
And she cried, I ord, preserve he. I
And ran through inidden hole and a',
And pray'd wi' zeal and fervour,
Fu' fast that night

They hoy't? out Will, wi' sair advice,
They hecht? him some fine braw age;

1 Prightened, 1 Crookbacked 1 / 1 ew 2 Staggering 5 The jug 5 Urged 5 Halking, 5 Com backets. 7 Promised.

<sup>&</sup>quot;This charm must likewise be performed unperceived and alone. You go to the bara, and open both doers, taking them off the hinges, if possible, for there is deager that the being about to appear may shut the doors, and do you some muschief. Then take that instrument used in winnowing the cost, which is our country dialect we call a weekt and go through all the attitudes of letting down court against the wind. Repeat it three times, and the third time an apparition will pass through the barn, in at the windy door, and out at the other, had in the figure in question, and the appearance or retinus marking the capployment of station in his.—B.

It chanced the stack he faddom't thrice 'Was tunmer-propt for thrawm';
He taks a swithe, 'I auld moss-oak,
For some black, grousome' carlin;
Ancloot a winze, 'a and diew a stroke,
Till skin in blypes, 'I cam hairthi'
Aff's nieves, 'I that in hit.

A wanton vidow Leezie was,
As canty as a kittlin;
Let, ocn! that might, among the shaws,
She got a fearfu! settlin!!
She through the whitis, and by the carn,
And owie the bill accessive ui,
White three dands! lands not at a burn,!
To dip her left sark-sleeve in,
Was bout the gight.

Whyles owice a hun the burne plays, As through the glen it wimpl't, Whyles round a wiky som it strays; Whyles in a wiel? It dimpl't; Whyles glitter'd to the nightly rays, Wi'bickering, dancing dwzle, Whyles cookit underneith the bracs, Below the spic ding hazel, Unseen that night.

Among the brackens on the brac, Between her and the moon, The ded, or else an outler quey,<sup>3</sup> Gat up and gae a croon, <sup>9</sup> Poor Leezic's heart mast lap the hool 1<sup>40</sup> Near lav'rock-height she jumpit; But mist a fit, and in the pool Out-owre the lugs she plampit, Wi' a plunge that night.

In order, on the clean hearth stane, The luggies three are surged,

 1 Knotty
 5 H mds
 8 Unhoused here,

 2 Hideons
 6 Corsc
 9 Moan

 3 An oath
 7 Early
 10 Burst its case

 4 Shireds

Take an opportunity of going innoticed to a bead-stack, i.d fathon it three times round. The last fathon of the last time, you will catch be your arms the appearance of your inture conjugity yoke-follow. B

I Younge out, one or more for this is a social spell, to a south-imping spring or rivilet, where "three lands lands meet," and dup your left shirt-sleeve. To to be dem sight of a fire, and hang your wet sleeve before it to dry. The awake, and, some time near anding it, in apparition, having the exact figure of the grand object in question, will come and turn the sleeve, as if to dry the other side of it = B.

I Take three dishes put clean water in one, foul water in another, leave the third empty, bloodfold a person, and lead him to the hearth where the

And every time great care is ta'en
To see them duly changed:
Auld Uncle John, wha wedlock's joys
Sin' Mar's year did desne,
Because he gat the toom dish thrice,
I'e heaved them on the fire
In wrath that night.

Wi' merry sangs, and friendly cracks, I wat they didna weary; And unco tales, and funny@okes,
Thea sports were cheap and cheery;
Tel butter d so'ns,\* wi' fragrant lunt,\*
Set a' their gabs a-steerin;
Syne, wi' a coetal glass o' strunt,\*
They parted aff careerin'

I'v' blythe that might.

# MAN WAS MADE TO MOURN

A THE . I

Gilliki Burk Is its that "Several of the poems were produced for the purpose of languag forward some fivourite sentiment of the author's He used to remark to not the the could not well conceive timore monthlying perime of him in the than a man seeking work. In cisting about in his numb how this seningant aught be brought forward, the cleay, "Man was Made to Moning," was composed.

An old Scottish ballad had suggested the poem "I had an old grind-micle," sixs the poet to Mr. Danlop, "with whom my mother lived a while in her gulish veirs. The good old man was long blind one he died, during which time his highest enjoyment was to sit down and one while my mother would sing the simple old song of 'The Lafe and Age of Min'." From the poet's mother, Mr. Cromek produced a copy of this composition, it commences thus.—

"Upon the stateen lundred year
Of God and fifty-thece
I've Christ was body, who bought us dear,
As writings testifie.
On Jamary the stateenth day,
As I did be alone,
With many a sigh and sob did say
Alg! man was made to moon!",

WHEN chill November's surly blast Made fields and forests bare, One evening, as I wander'd forth Along the banks of Ayı,

J Empty 2 Smoke 4 Mouths 4 Spirits

disherence ranged, he or she dips the left hands if by shance in the clean water, the future hisband or wife will come to the bir of matrinous g into f in the foul, a widow; if in the empty dish, it forecleb, with equal or trainty, a marriage at all. It is repeated three times, and every time the arrangement of the dishes is altered -H. Some f is the corn (called shellings) is left in water until the

\* Somens —The shell of the corn (called shellings; is left in water until the meal particles are extracted; the liquid, when strained off, is boiled with butter

I spied a man whose aged step Seem'd weary, worn with care; His face was furrow'd o'er with years, And hoary was his hair.

"Young stranger, whither wanderest thou?" Began the reverend sage,

"Does thirst of wealth thy step constrain, Or youthful pleasure's rage?

Or haply, prest with cares and woes, Too soon thou hast began To wander forth with me to mourn

The miseries of man.

"The sun that overlangs you moors, Outspreading far and wide,

"Where hundreds labour to sur port

A haughty lordling's pride. I've seen you weary winter sun Twice forty times return,

And every time has added proofs That man was made to mourn.

"O man! while in thy carly years, How produgal of time ! Misspending all thy precious hours, Thy glorious youthful prime ! Alternate follies take the sway;

Licentious passions burn; Which tenfold force gives nature's law. That man was made to mourn.

"Look not along on youthful prime, Or manhood's active might; Man then is useful to his kind, Supported is his right: But see him on the edge of life, With cares and sorrows worn, Then age and want—oh ! all-match'd pair !-. Show, man was made to mourn.

"A few seem favourites of faic, In pleasure's lap carest; Yet think not all the rich and great Are likev ise truly blest. But, oh! what crowds in every land Are wretched and forcom! Through weary life this lesson learn-That man was made to mourn.

" Many and sharp the numerous ills Inwoven with our frame! More pointed still we make ourselves-Regret, remorse, and shame!

And man, whose heaven-erected face The smiles of love adoin, Man's inhumanity to man Makes countless thousands mourn I •

" See yonder poor, o'erlabour'd wight, So abject, mean, and vile, Who begs a brother of the earth To give him leave to toil;

And see his lordly fellow-worm The poor petition spuin,

Unmindful, though a weeping wife And helpless offspring mourn

' If I'm design'd you lordling's slave ---By nature's law design'd-Why was an independent wish F er planted in my mad? If not, why am I subject to . His cruelty or scorn?

Or why has man the will and power To make his fellow mourn?

" Let let not the too much, my son, Disturb thy youthful breast; This partial view of humankind Is smely not the last! The poor, oppressed, honest man, Had never, sure, been born Had there not been some recompense To comfort those that mourn

"O Death! the poor man's dearest friend -The kindest and the best ? Welcome the hour my aged limbs Are laid with thee at iest! The great, the wealthy, fent thy blow, From pomp and pleasure torn; But, oh! a blest relief to those That weary laden monin!

## THE COTILIES SATURDAY NIGHT,

INSCRIBED TO ROBERT AIKEN, ESO regard to this fine poem .-"Robert had frequently GH BERT BURNS SAY remarked to me that the whole in the phrase, 'Let us the control the phrase, 'Let us the control the phrase, 'Let us the control the phrase, 'Let us the phrase, 'Let ure in view in which I was not thought fit to participate, we used frequently o walk together, when the weather was favourable, on the Sunday afternoons -those precious breathing times to the labouring part of the community- and enjoyed such Sundays as world make one regret to see their number abridged It was in one of these walks that I first had the pleasure of hearing the author tepent 'The Cotter's Saturday Night' I do not it collect to have read or heard mything by which I was more highly electrified. The fifth and sixth stanzis,

and the eignteenth, thrilled with peculiar ecstasy through my soul. The cotter, in the 'Saturday Night,' is an exact copy of my father in his manners, his family devotion, and exhortations, yet the other parts of the description do not apply to our family. None of us were 'at service out among the farmers roun'. Instead of our depositing our 'sair-won penny-see with our parents, my father laboured hard, and lived with the most rigid economy, that he might be able to keep his children at home, thereby having an opportunity of watching the progress of our young minds, and forming in them early habits of piety and virtue, and from this motive alone did he engage in farming, the source of all his difficulties and distresses."

"Let not ambition mock their useful toil,
Their homely joys, and destiny obscure.
Nor grandeur hear, with a disdainful smile,
The short but simple annals of the poor,"—GRAY-

My loved, my honou'd, much-respected friend!
No mercenary bard his homage pays;
With honest pride, I scorn each selfish end:
My dearest meed, a friend's esteem and praise:
To you I sing, in simple > ottish lays,
The lowly train in kfe's sequester'd scene;
The native feelings strong, the guileless ways.
What Arken in a cottage would have been;
Ah! though his worth unknown, far happier there, I ween!

November chill blaws loud wi' angry sugh;
The shorthing winter day is near a close;
The muy beasts retreating frac the pleugh;
The black ning trains o' craws to their repose;
This night his weekly moil is at an end,
Collects his spades, his mattocks, and his hoes,
Hoping the morn in ease and rest to spend,
And, weary, o'er the moor his course does haineward bend.

At length his lonely cot appears in view, beneath the shelter of an aged tree, Th' expectant wee things, toddlin', stacher through To meet their dad, wi flichterm' noise and glee. His wee bit ingle, blinking bonnily, His clean hearthstane, his thinfty wifie's smile, The hisping mant pratting on his knee, Does a' his weary carking cares beguile.

And makes him quite forget his labour and his tor

Belyve, the elder bairns come drapping in,
At service out, among the farmers roun's
Some ca' the pleugh, some herd, some kentie rin
A canny errand to a neiber town:
Their eldest hope, their Jenny, woman grown,
In youthfu' bloom, love sparkling in her ee,
Comes hame, perbaps to show a braw new gown,
Or deposit her sair-won penny-fee,

To help her parents dear, if they in hardship be.

\*Wi'.joy unfeign'd, brothers and sisters meet,
And each for other's weelfare kindly spiers:
The social hours, swift-wing'd, unnoticed, fleet;
Each tells the uncos that he sees or hears;
The parents, partial, eye their hopeful years;
Anticipation forward points the view.
The mother wi'her needle and her shears,
Gars and claes look amaist as weel's the new---The father mixes a' wi' admontion due.

They master's and their mistress's command
The younkers a' ane warned to obey;
And mind their labours wi' an eydent hand,
And ne'er, though out o' sight, to jauk or play;
'And oh! be sure to fear the Lord alway!
And mind your duty, duly, morn and night!
Lest in temptation's path ye gang astray,
Implore His counsel and assisting might:
They never sought in vain that sought the Lord aright!

But, hark! a rap comes gently to the door,
Jenny, wha kens the meaning of the same,
Tells how a neibor lad cam o'er the moor,
To do some errands, and convoy her hame.
The wily mother sees the conscious flame
Sparkle in Jenny's ee, and flush her cheek;
Wi' heart-struck anxious care, inquires his name,
While Jenny hafflins is afraid to speak;
Weel pleased the mother hears it's nae wild, worthless take

Wt' kindly welcome, Jenny brings him ben;
A strappin' youth; he take the mother's eye;
Blithe Jenny sees the visit's no ill'ta'en;
The father cracks of horses, pleughs, and kye.
The youngster's artless heart o'erflows wi' joy;
But blates and lathefu', scarce can weel behave;
The mother, wi' a woman's wiles, can spy
What makes the youth sae bashfu' and see grave;
Weel pleased toghink her barn's respected like the lave.

O happy love !--where love like this is found !-O heart-felt raptures! --bliss beyond compare!
I've paced much this weary, mortal round,
And sage experience bids me this declare"If Heaven a draught of heavenly pleasure spare,
One cordial in this melancholy vale,
"Tis when a youthful, loving, modest pair,
In other's arms, breathe out the tender tale,
Beneath the milk-white thorn that scents the evening gale."

Inquires.

Strange things.

Diligent.

<sup>4</sup> Dully. 5 Bashful

<sup>6</sup> Hesitating 6 Other people

• 36 POLIS.

Is there in human form, that bears a heart,
A wretch, a villam, lost to love and truth,
That can, with studied, sly, ensuring art,
Betray sweet Jenny's unsuspecting youth?
Curse on his perjured arts! dissembling smooth?
Are honour, virtue, conscience, all eviled?
Is there no pity, no relenting ruth,

Points to the parents fonding o'er their child?
Then paints the rund anad, and their distraction wild!

But now the supper crowns their simple board,
The halesome pairitch, chief of Scotia's food:
The soupe' their only hawkie' does afford,
That yout the hallan' simply chows her cood:
The dame brings forth, in complimental mood,
To grace the lad, her wee' hain'd kebbuck, fell,
And aft he's prest, and aft he ca's it guid.
The firigal wife, garintons, will tell,
How 'twas a towmoud' auld, sin lint was i' the bell

The cheerfu' support done, wi' serions face,
They, round the ingle, form a circle wide;
The site turns o'er, wi' patriarchal gince,
The big hi' Bible, ance his father's pride;
His bonnet revirently is had aside,
His lyait haffets? wearing thin and bare;
Those strains that once did sweet in Zion glide,
He wales! a portion with judicious care.
And "Let us worship Cod!" he says, with solemn air.

They chant then artless notes in simple guise;
They time then hearts, by far the noblest aim;
Perhaps "Dundee's" wild-warbling measures rise.
Or plaintive "Martyrs," worthy of the name;
Or noble "Elgin" beets the heaven-ward flame,
The sweetest far of Scota's holy lays;
Compared with these, Italian trills are tame;
The tickled can no heartfelt raptimes raise,
Nac "mison has they will our Creator's praise.

The priest-like father reads the sacred page,
Hov Abram was the friend of Garb on high.

Or, Moses bade eternal warfare wage
With Amalek's ungracious progeny:
Or how the royal brid dad groaning he
Beneath the stroke of Heaven's avenging ire;
Or Job's pathetic plaint, and warling cry;
Or rapt Isandi's wild, seraphic fice;
Or other holy seers that time the sacred lyre.

/ Milk. <sup>2</sup> Cow. <sup>3</sup> Porch. 6 Well-saved chec 5 Biting 6 Twelvemonth. 7 Gray temples
8 Selects,
9 Nourishes,

IOEMS.

37 /

Perhaps the Christian volume is the theme,
How guiltless blood for guilty man was shed;
How HE, who bore in heaven the second mame,
Had not on earth whereon to lay His head:
How His first followers and servants sped,
The precents sage they wrote to many a kind.
How he, who lone in Patmos banished,
Sa v in the san a nighty angel stand;
And heard great Babylon's doon pronounced by Heaven's command.

Then kneeding down, to HEAVEN'S LIEANAL KING,
The saint, the father, and the hisband pray:
Hope "Springs exhlung on trumphant wing,"
That thus they all shall meet in future days:
There ever bask in increased rays,
No more to sigh or shed the buter tear,
Together hymning their Creator's praise,
In such society, yet still more dear,
While circling time moyes round in the ctorn't sphere.

Compared with this, how poor religion's pride,
In all the pomp of method, and of ait,
When men display to congregations wide
Devotion's every grace, except the heart!
The Power, incensed, the pageant will desert,
The pompous strain, the saccidotal stels.
But, haply, in some cottage far apait,
May hear, well pleased, the language of the soul;
And in His book of life the immates 1 oor emol

Then homeward all take off their several way,
The your gling cottagers retire to rest:
The parent-pain then actic homage pay,
And proffer up to Heaven the warm request.
That HE, who stills die raven's clamorous nest,
And decks the hig fair in flowery paide,
Would, in the way. His wisdom see the best,
For them and for their little ones provide,
But, charly, in their hearts with grace divine provide.

From scenes like these old Scotia's grande a spring of That makes her loved at home, revered abroad of Princes and lords are but the breath of kings, "An henest man's the noblest work of Godoo" And certes, in fair virtue's heavenly road, The cottage leaves the palace far behind.

What is a lording's pomp?—a cumbions load, Disguising of the wretch of human kind, Studied in arts of hell, in wickedness refined!

O Scotial my dear, my native soil!

For whom my waimest wish to Heaven is sent

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Pope's "Windsor Forest."

Long may thy hardy sons of rustic toil Be blest with health, and peace, and sweet content I And, oh! may Heaven their simple lives prevent. From luxlity's contagion, weak and vile! Then, howe'er crown and coronets be rent, A virtuous populace may rise the while, And stand a wall of the around their much-loved isle.

O Thou! who pour'd the patriotic tide That stream'd through Wallace's umlaunted heart, Whe dared to nobly stem tyrannic pride, Or nobly die, the second glorious part, The patriot's God, peculiarly Thou art, His friend, msping, guardian, and reward! Oh never, never 'Scona's realm desert;

But still the patriot, and the patriot-bard, In bright succession raise, her o ment and guard!

#### ADDRESS TO THE DEIL

GILBERT BURNS SIVE - "It was, I think, in the winter of 1784, as we were going with cuts for each to the family fire, (and I could yet point out the par-ticular spot, that Robert first repeated to me the 'Address to the Deil.' The currous idea of such an address was suggested to him by rinning over in his mind the many indicious account, and representations we have from various

"Burns," says Carlyle, "even putes the very devil, without knowing, I are sure, that my uncle Tuby had been beforehind here with him's "He is the fallier of curses and hes, said Dr. Son," and is cursed and dimneit already. "I am sory for it said my nucle Tuby. A poet without love were a physical

and metaphy acid impossibility

"O prince! O chief of many thrond powers, That led th' embattled scraphing to war!" -- MILTON.

O THOU! whatever title suit thee, Auld Horme, Satan, Nick, or Clootie,\* Wham you cavern grun and sootie, Closed under hatches,

Spanges + about the brunstane cootie + \* To scand poor wretchest

Hear me auld Hangie, for a wee, And let poor danned bodies be; · (I'm sure sm) pleasure it can gie E en to a deil,

To skelp and seaud poor dogs like me, And hear ns squeel!

\* Colled Clostic on account of his hoofs (Scottice, clost) t Spanger is the best Sents word in its place I ever met with. The den is not standing flanguage the lapard branstone on his friends with a ladle, but we the liquid this way and that way aslant, with something like a golf-bat, striking the liquid this way and that way aslant, with all his might, making it fly through the whole operation with let he inmates are winking and holding at their faces. This is precisely the oldea conveyed by gauge their finging it in any other way would be laving or splashing—The interest Superior.

1 Laterally, a small wooden tub. Here the poet means both the utensil and

its contents.

Great is thy power, and great thy fame; Far kenn'd and noted is thy name: And though you lowin' heugh's thy hame, Thou travels far: And, faith! thou's neither lag not lame, Nor blate nor scaur.9

Whyles ranging like a roaring lion, For prey a' holes and corners tryin': Whyles on the strong-wing'd tempest flyin', Titling the kirks; Whyles in the human bosom pryin',

Unseen thou lunks,

I're heard my reverend gramme say, In lanely glens ye like to stray: Or where auld min'd castles gray, Not to the moon, Ye fright the nightly wanderer's way Wi' chritch croon.

When twilight did my grannie summon, To say her prayers, douce, honest woman Aft yout the dike she's heard you bummin', Wi' cene drone; Or, rustlin, through the boortries' comm',

Wi' heavy groan. Ac dreary, windy, winter night,

The stars shot down wi' sklentin' 6 light, Wi' you, mysel, I gat a hight Ayont the lough; Ye, like a rash-bush, stood in sight, Wi' walling sough.

The cudgel in my nieve 7 did shake, Each bristled hair stood like a stake, When wi' an eldritch stoor quaick, quaick, • Amang the springs,

Awa' ye squatter'd, like a drake, On whistling wing . .

Let warlocks grim, and wither'd hags, 'Lell how wi' you, on ragweed nags, They skim the muns and dizzy crags, Wi' wicked speed;

And in kirk-yards renew their leagues Owe howkit dead.

Thence countra wives, wi' toil and pain, May plunge and plunge the kirn in vam:

I Flaming pit.
Nor bashful nor likely to be frightened

<sup>3</sup> Shaking 4 Unearthly mon 1

<sup>6</sup> Slanting.

<sup>7</sup> Fist. 8 Disinterred Elder-trees

40 POEMS.

For, oh! the yellow treasure's tren
By witching skill;
And dawtit! twal-pint hawkie's gaen
As yell's the bill.

Thence mystic knots mak great abuse On young guidnen, fond, keen, and crouse ' When the best wark-lume i' the house,

By cantrip wit, Is instant made no worth a lonse, • Just at the bit.

When thowes dissolve the snawy hoord. And float the juighn' icy-boord,
Then water-kelpic hi int the food,
By your direct on.
And 'nighted travellers are all ned

And aft your most traversing spunkies." Decoy the wight that lite and drink is. The bleezin', curst, mischievous monkeys

To then destruct in •

Delude his eyes, Till in some mity slough he sunk is, Ne ci mair to rise.

When mason's inviste word and grip. In storins and tempests raise you up, Some cock or cat your rage mum stop

Or, strange to tell!
The youngest brother ye wad whip
Aff straught to hell!

Lang sync, in Fden's bonny y ud, When youthin lovers first were pair d, And all the soul of love they shared,

The raptared hour,
Sweet on the fragrant flowery swind,

In shady power, †

Then you, ye and speck-driving dog!? Ye came to Paradi c arcog!,
And play'd on man a cursed brogne,
(Black be y at fa!)
And god the infinit ward a slog.

"Mare min d a'.

Petted

2 As milkies, w the bull

1 shifte

The will o' the wisp † This verse ann originally thus -Lang syng or Uden's happy scene,

Lang syng or P den's happy scene, When strippin' Adam's crys were green, And Eve wa 14c my bomy Jean, My dearest part, A dancin', wer' young hondome quean, Wi'yould less heart

t Laterally, withdrawing a holy for a dishonest purpose—here the poet ap'

D'ye mind that day, when in a bizz,1 Wi' reekit duds,2 and reestit gizz,3 Ye did present your smoutie phiz 'Mang better filk, And sklented 5 on the man of U/Z

Your spitefu' joke?

And how ye gat him i' your thrall, And brak him out o' house and hall, While scabs and blotches did him gall, Wi' biter claw,

And lowsed his ill-tongued, wicked scawl,6 Was warst ava?

Butan' your doings to rehearse, 5 Your wily snaies and feehtm' fierce, Sin' that day Michael did you pierce, Down to this time, Wad ding a Lallan tongue or Erse,8 In prose or thyme.

And now, and Cloots, I I en ye're thinkin', A certain Baidie's rantm', dimkm', Some luckless hour will send him hinkin' To your black pit, But, lath, he'll turn a corner pokin', And cheat you yet.

Put, fire you weel, auld Nickie-ben! Oh, wal ye tik a thought ind men! ! Ye arbhus 10 might I dinna ken--Still hae a stake-

I'. i wae to think upo yon den, Even for your sake!

## THE JOILA BEGGARS ACANIAIN

and was suggested by a scene actually win essen by Jun Mr. Gib on Poose Nones kept a punic house in Muchine, frequented by all the vagrant fructury of the district. Barns, passing the house one night in the company of his friends James sunth and John Richmond, a railracted by the sounds of mirth and revelry proceeding from the interior entired and was made heartily wel one by the modely crew assembled, who did not allow his valence to interpret their emonators. So little did Burns think of the performance that he forgot all about it, and

but for the fact that one of his friends had a copy of it, it would have been lost

It was printed as a chap-book in Glasque in 1738

Sid Walter Scott says. "The Jolly Beggars," for humorous description and mee discrimination of character, is inferior to in poem of the same length in the 8-hole range of Finglish poetry. The scene, indeed, is laid in the very lowest department of low life, the actors being a set of strolling vagiants, met to carouse and barter their rags and plunder for liquor in a hedge delitouse

Hurry Smoking clothes,	<sup>5</sup> Glanced <sup>6</sup> Scolding wife <sup>7</sup> Lowland	· Celtic 9 Dodging 10 Perhaps
3 Singed hair	( Lowtani	2" I Cruațis

4 Smutty

Yet, even in describing the movements of such a group, the native taste of the poet has never suffered his pen to slide into any thing coarse or disjusting. The extravagant glee and outrageous frolic of the beggars are ridiculously contrasted with their mained limbs, rags, and cruiches, the sortid and squalid circumstances of their appearance are judiciously thrown into the shade. The group, it must be observed, is of Scottish character, yet the distinctions are too well marked to escape even the southron. The most prominent persons are a mained soldier and his female companion, a hakneyed follower of the camp, a stroller, late the consort of a Highland ketterer or sturdy beggar,—but weary fa' the waefu' woodie! Being now at liberty, she becomes an object of rivalry between a 'pigmy scraper with his fiddle,' and a strolling tinker. The latter, 'desperate bandt, like most of his profession, terrifies the missician out of the field, and if preferred by the damsel of course. A wandering ballad-singer, with a brace of doxies, is last introduced upon the stage. Each of these mendicants sings a song in character, and such a collection of humorous lyrics, connected with evoid position distributions is not, perhaps, to a paralleled in the English language. The concluding distry, chanted by the ballad-singer at the request of the company, whose 'mirth and find sings now grown fast and furious,' and set them above II sublunary terrors of jails and whipping-posts, is certainly far superior to an 'bing in the 'Beggar's Opers,' where alone we could expert to find its paralle. I lie one or two passages of 'The Jolly Beggirs,' the misse shiftly trespassed on decorum, where, in the lasiguage of Scottush song.\*

'High kelted was the, As she gaed owre tho lea'

Something, however, is to be allowed to the nature of the subject, and something to the education of the poet, and if, from veneration to the names of Swift and Dryden, we toler ute the grossness of the one, and the indebecoy of the other, the respect due to that of Burns may surely claim includence for a few light strokes of broad hum air."

#### RECHATIVO.

Will N lyart leaves bestrew the yild, Or, waveing like the baukie-bull, Bedim cauld Boreas' blast;
When hailstanes drive wi bitter skyte, And infant fosts begin to bite, In hoary cranreuch drest;
Ac night at e'en a merry core. O' randle, gangrel bodies,
In Poosig Nansie's held the splore, To drink their oria duddies: Wi' quaffing and laughing,
They ranted and they sang;
Wi' jumping and thumping,
The vera girdle " rang.

First, neist the fire; in auld red rags,
• Ane sal, weel braced wi' mealy bags,
And kanpsack a' in order;
His doxy lay within his arm;
Wi' usenchae and blankets warm—
She blinket on her sodger:

1 Gray •
2 Earth.
5 The bat

Dash.
Thin white frost,
Vagrant.

7 Merry meeting.
Odd effects of raiment.

The iron plate on which out cakes were baked vibrated with the noise.

And aye he gied the touste drab
The tither skelpin' kiss,
While she held up her greedy gab,
Just like an aumos dish.\*
Ilk smack still did crack still,
Just like a cadger's+ whup,
Then staggering and swaggering
He roar'd this ditty up —

#### AIR.

Tune -" Soldiers' Joy '

1 am a son of Mars, who have been in many wars,
And show my cuts and scars wherever I come:
This here was for a wench, and that other m a trench,
When welcoming the Prench at the sound of the drum.

Lal de daudle, &&

My 'prenticeship I past where my leader breathed his last, When the bloody die was cast on the heights of Abram; I served out my trade when the gallant game was play'd, And the Mans low was laid at the sound of the drum.

Lai de dandle, &c.

I lastly was with Curtis, among the floating batteries, And there I left for witness an arm and a limb;
Yet let my country need me, with Elliot To head me,
I'd clatter on my stumps at the sound of the dram
Lal de daudle &c.

And now though I must beg with a wooden arm and leg. And many a tatter'd rag hanging over my buin, I'm as happy with my wallet, my bottle, and my callet, As when I used in scallet to follow a drum.

I all de daudle, &c.

What though with hoary locks I must stand the winter shocks, Beneath the woods and rocks oftentimes for a home,. When the t'other bag I sell, and the t'other boatle tell, I could meet a troop of hell at the sound of a drum,

. Lal de Caudle, &c.

The aumos, or beggit's dish, a wooden platter carried by every mendicant for the purpose of receiving the alms, whether in the shape of money or catables, the innerant vendor of fish or miscellaneous goods, which he purveyed from a cart

¶ George Augustus Elliot, created Lord Heathfield, for his memorable defence of Gibraltar, during the siege of three years He died in 1790.

<sup>1</sup> The battle-field near Quebec, where General Wolfe fell in 1759.
§ El Moro, a strong castle defending Havannah, which was gallantly stormed when the city was taken by the British in 1762.

when the city was taken by the British in 1762

|| The destruction of the Spanish floating batteries, during the famous siege of Gibraltar in 1782, on which occasion the gallant Captain Curtis rendered the most signal service

## RECHATIVO.

He ended; and the kebars shook Aboon the choins roar, While highted iattons backwind leuk, And seek the benmost bore;

A fany fieldler frac the neuk, He skirled out "Fricore!" But up arose the martial chuck, and laid the loud uproar.

## Tune- 'S Adier Laddie "

I once was a maid, though I comot tell when,
And still my delight is in project young men;
Some one of a troop of dragoor: was my daddie,
No wonder I'm fond of a sodger laddie,
Sing, Lal de lal, &c.

The first of my loves was a swaggering blade, To rattle the thundering drum was his trade; His leg was so tight, and his check was so juddy, Transported I was with my sodger laddle Sing, Lal de lal, &c.

But the godly old chaplain left him in the limb, The sword I forsook for the sake of the chirch, He ventured the soul, and I risk d the body, 'Twas then I proved false to my sodger laddie. Sing, I if de lal, &c

Full soon I grew sick of my sanctifie I sot, The regiment at large for a hasband I got, From the gilded spontoon to the fife I was ready, I asked no more but a sodger laddie.

Sing, Lal de lal, &c.

But the peace it reduced me to beg in despair, Till I met my old boy at a Cummigham for , His ages regimental they fluttered to gaudy, My heart it rejoiced at a sodger laddie.

Sing, Lai le lai<sub>a</sub> &c.

And now I have fived —I know not how long,
And still I can join in a cur or a song;
But whilst with both-hands I can hold the glass steady,
Here's to thee, my hero, my sodger laddic.

Ing. Lad de lal, &c.

# RECLEATIVO.

Poor Merry Andrew in the neuk Sat guzzling with a turkler Lizine They mind't na wha the chorus teuk,
Between themselves they were sae busy:
At length wi' drink and courting dizzy,
We storter'd up and made a face;
Then turn'd, and laid a smack on Grizzie,
Syne tuned his pipes wi' grave grinace:---

#### 4172

Tum -"Auld Sir Symon."

Sir Wisdom's a fool when he's fon,
Sir Knave is a fool in J session,
He's there but a 'prentice, I trow,
But I am a fool by profession.

My grannic she bought me a hyuk, And I held awa' to the school; I fear I my talent misteuk, But what will ye hae of a fool?

For dank I would venture my neck, A hizzie's the Dilf o' my casti, But what could ye other expect, Of ane that's avowedly daft?

Pance was tied up like a stuk,<sup>1</sup>
For civilly swearing and qualfing!
I ance was abused in the kuk,
Por touzhing<sup>2</sup> a lass i' my daffin,<sup>3</sup>

Poor Andrew that tumbles for sport Let nacbody name wi' a jeer. There's even, I'm tauld, i' the court A tumbler ca'd the Prenner.

Observe ye you reverend lad Mak faces to tickle the mob? He tails at our mountebank squad— It's rivalship just i' the job

And now my conclusion I'll tell, For faith I'm confoundedly dry, The chief that's a fool for himsel, Gude Land! he's far dafter than I.

## RECIPATIVO.

<sup>1</sup> Batlock 2 Rumpling

<sup>3</sup> Meriment 4 A stordy old weman

The gallows.

#### AIR.

Tune.—"Oh, an ye were Dead, Guidman i" A Highland lad my love was born, The Lawlard laws he held in scorn; But he still was faithfu' to his clan, My gallant braw John Highlandman,

## CHORUS.

Sing, hey my braw John Highlandman! Sing, ho my braw John Highlandman! There's not a lad in a' the lan' Wis match for my John Highlandman.

With his philabeg and taitan plaid, And guid claymore down by his side, The ladies' hearts he did tirepan, My gallant braw John His hlandman, Sing, hey, &c.

We ranged a' from Tweed to Spey, And lived like fords and ladies gay, For a Lawland face he feated none, My gallant braw John Highlandman.

Sing, hey, &c.

They banish'd him beyond the sea, But ere the bud was on the tree, Adown my cheeks the pearls ran, Embracing my John Highlandman.

Sing, hey, &c.

But, oh! they catch'd him at the last, And bound him in a dungeon fast; My curse upon them every one, They've hang'd my braw John Highlandmar., Sing, hey, &c.

And now a widow, I must mourn The pleasures that will ne'er reture, Nac comfort but a hearty can, When I think on John Highlandman. Sing, hey, &c.

#### RECITATIVO.

A pigning scraper, wi' his fiddle,

Wha used at trysts and fairs to driddle,

Her strappin' limb and gaucy middle

(He reach'd fae higher)

Had holed his hearte like a riddle.

Had holed his hearthe like a riddle,
And blawn't on fire.

Wi' hand on haunch, and upward ee, He croon'd his gallut, one, two, three, Then in an arioso Key,

The wee Apollo
Set off wi' allegretto glee

His giga solo.

AIR.

Time—"Whistle owre the lave o't."

Let me ryke! up to dight? that tear,
And go wi' me and be my dear,
And then your every care and fear
May whistle owre the lave o't.

## CHORUS.

I am a fiddler to my trade, And a' the tunes that ere I play'd, The sweetest still to wife or maid, Was whistle owig the lave o't.

At kirns and weddings we'te be there, And oh! sae nielly's we will fare; We'll house about till Daddy Care Sings whistle owre the lave o't.

I am, &c.

Sac merrily the banes we'll pyke, And sun oursels about the dike, And at our leisure, when ye like, We'll whistle owie the lave o't. I am, &c.

But bless me wi' your heaven o' charms, And while I kittle han on thanms, Hunger, cauld, and a' sic haims, May whistle owre the lave o't I am, &c.

### RECITATIVO.

Her charms had struck a sturdy cand.\*
As weel as poor gut-scraper,
He take the fiddler by the beard,
And draws a roosty rapier—

He swore by a was swearing worth,

To speet mm like, a pliver,

Unless he wad from that time forth
Reliaquish her for ever.

Wi' ghastly ec, poor Tweedle-dee Upon his hunkers' bended, • And pray'd for grace wi' ruchi' face, And sae the quarrel ended.

Reach. Wipe 3 Fiddlestrings 4 Tinker 5 Hams

<sup>&</sup>quot; To pit him like a plover.

#### AIR

Tune-"Clout the Caudron "

My honny lass, I work in brass,
A tinkler is my station:
I've travell'd found all Christian ground
In this my occupation.
I've ta'en the gold, I've been emolf'd
In many a noble squadion:
But vain they search'd, when off I march d
To go and clout the cardion.
I've ta'en be gold, &c

Despise that shamp, that wither'd imp, Wi' a' his noise and capim', And tak a share wi' these that bear. The budget and the apron. And by that stoup, my faith and houp, And by that dear Kilbegie, If c'er ye want, or meet wi' scant, May I ne'er weet my craige.

And by that stoup, &c...

#### RECITATIVO.

The caird prevailed—the unblushing fair
In his embraces sunk,
Partly wi' love o'ercome sae san,
And bartly she was drunk
Sn Violino, with an air
That show'd a man of spunk,
Wi h'd unison between the pair,
And in the the bottle clunk
To then health that night.

But urchin "upid shot a shafe
That play'd a dame a shavic,\*
The fiddler raked her fore and aft,
Ahint the chicken cavie.
Her lord, a wight o"Homer's craft,\*
Though himping wi' the spavic,
He hirpied up, and up like daft,
And shored them Dainty Pavic.
O' boot that night.

He was a care-defying blade As ever Bacchus listed,

<sup>1</sup> Laugh
2 Patch the pots or pans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Threat <sup>3</sup> A trick.

<sup>-</sup> A ballad-singer 6 () (fered.

Though fortune sair upon him laid,
His heart she ever miss'd it.
He had nae wish but—to be glad,
Nor want but—when he thirsted;
He hated nought but—to be sad,
And thus the muse suggested
His sang that night:—

#### AIR

Tuve-"For a' that, and a' that'

I am a bard of no regard,
Wi' gentle folks, and a' that:
But Homer-like, the glowin' byke,

I'iae town to town I draw that.

For a' that, and a' that,
And twice as muchle 's a' that;
I've lost but ane I've twa behin'.
I've wife eneugh for a' that.

I never drank the Muses' stank,<sup>2</sup>
Castaha's burn, and a' that;
But there it streams, and nehly reams,
My Helicon I ca' that.
For a' that, &c.

Great love I bear to a' the fair,
Their humble stave, and a' that;
But lordly will, I hold it still
A mortal sin to thraw that.
For a' that, &c.

In captures weet, this hom we meet, Wi' mutual love, and a' that:
But for how lang the flee may stang,
Let inclination law that.

For a' that, &c.

Their tricks and craft hae put my daft,
They've ta'en me in, and a' that;
But clear your decks, and here's the seal
I like the jads for a' that.

For a' that, and a' that, And twice as muckle 'a a' that: My dearest bluid, to do them guid, They're welcome till't for a' that.

#### RECITATIVO.

So sang the baid-and Nansie's wa's Shook wi' a thunder of applause, Re-echoed from each mouth, They toom'd then pokes and payn'd their duds, They scarcely left to co'er then fuds,1 To quench their lowin' drouth.2 Then owre again, the joyial thrang, The poet did request, To loose his pack and wale? a sang.

A ballad o' the best, He, using, rejorcing, Between his twa Deborahs,

Looks found him and found then Impatient for the chorus.

#### M' AIR.

Tune-" Jolly Mortals, fill your Glasses" Dec! the smoking boul before us, Mark our joynd ragged iing ' Round and round take up the chorus, And in taptures let us Sang

#### CHORUS,

A fig for those by law proceed! Laberty's a glorious feast Courts for cowards were creefed, Churches built to please the priest.

What is title? what is treasure? What is reputation's care? If we lead a life of pleasure, 'Tis no matter how or where ' A fig. &c.

With the geady trick and fable, Round we wander as the day; And at might, in barn or stable, Hug out doxics on the hay A fig. dc.

Does the train-attended carriege Through the country lighter rove? Does the sober bed of maringe Witness brighter scenes of love? A fig, \c.

Life is al' a variorum, We regard not how it goes; Let them cant about decorum Who have characters to lose A fig. &c Here's to budgets, bags, and wallets! Here's to all the wandering train! Here's our ragged heats and callet ! One and all cry out -Amen!

A **6**g for those by law protected <sup>1</sup> Liberty's a glorious feast! Courts for cowards were erected, Churches built to please the priest.

## THE VISION

In consequence of his quarrel with the father of Jean Armour, and the unfortunate condition of his live arteris, the illusion to Jean with appeared in 1 h first edition

> a" Down flow'd her tobe, wort in slacu, Jill half i leg was so an giv ⊈en, And such a least my logicy fe or Sao straught, sao taper, fight, and clean Nano else e un near it -"

was remaind in the next issue of his poems, the name of mother charmer being attroduced. When the course of his love trusmoother the attroduced, over more to give way to anota.

In a leaffer to Mrs. Tuniop, in alliening to the fact that one of next dynamics.

was engaged on a picture representant out of the nardents in "The Vision," Burns says: -"I am hig 'y flatered Is the news you tell me of Coda - I may Ress, the part, of his M is seen a source bound, is Dr. I thus vis to Ress, the part, of his M is seen, from which by the by. I took the mas of tout, this y poem of B into a rathe Scottish did at, which perhaps you have HEVET SEEM, -

> (Ye shalle your bead, but of my fegs, Ye've set add Scota on houses.) Lang had she ben we brits and flees, Bambred and dreve, Her hiddle want distribusional personal por hizze

## DUAN FIRST.

THE sun had closed the winter day, " The emlets quit then fouring pay, ? And hunger'd maukmta'en her w To kail-yaids g in, While faithfess snaws ilk step by it iy Where she has been

<sup>\*</sup> Ross, the ambor of a popular poemer the Scottish dishect, entirled "Helenore;

or, The Fortunate Shepheraess"

† Duan a term of Ossian's for the different divisions of a digressive poems see his "Cathloda," vol in of Macpher-en's translation. R

I Curling is a wintry game peculiar to the southern counties of Sr. shad, When the ice Baufficiency strong on the locus, a number of individuals, each provided with a large stone of the shape of an oblate spheroid, smoothed it the bottom, range themselves on two sides, and being furnished with handles, play against each other. The game resembles howls, but is much more animated, and keenly enjoyed. It is well that internsed by the poet as a rearing play.

The thrasher's weary flingin'-tice1 The lee-lang day had tired me; And when the day had closed his ce, Fai i' the west, But i' the spence,2 right pensivelie, I gaed to rest.

There, lanely, by the ingle-cheek. I sat and eyed the spewing reck,\* That fill'd, wi' hoast-provoking smeck,5... • The auld clay biggin'; And heard the restiess rattons squeak About the riggin'.

All in this motic," misty-clime, I backward mused on wasted time, How I had spent my youth( ? prime. And done maething, But stringin' blethers' up in rhyme, For fools to sing

Had I to guid advice but harkit, I might by this backed a market, Or strutted in a bank, and Serkit My cash-account While here, half nrd, half-fed, half-surkit, Is a' th' amount

I started, muttering, Blockhead! coof!8 And heaved on high my wankit loof, b To swear by a' you stairy roof, Or some tash aith, That I henceforch would be rhyme proof Till my last breath--

When, click t the string the sneck 10 did draw And, jee! the door gaed to the wa'; And by my ingle-lowe  $I \sim w$ , Now bleezm' bright, A tight, outlandish hizzie, biow, Come full in sight.

Ye needna doubt, I held my whisht; The infant auch, half-form'd, was crusht; I glower'd as ceng's I'd been dusht11 In seme wild gien; When sweet, like modest Worth, she blusht, And stepped ben.12

I The fluit

<sup>2</sup> The parkour A Fireside

<sup>·</sup> Belehing smoke

<sup>6</sup> Hazy

<sup>7</sup> Nonsense. g Fool

<sup>9</sup> Hardened palm, 6 ( oagh-provoking smoke. 10 Latch

<sup>11</sup> Frightened. 12 Into the roor

Green, slender, leaf-clad holly-boughs
Were twisted gracefu' round her brow—
I took her for some Scottish Muse,
By that same token:
And come to stop those reckless yows,
Would soon be broken.

A "hare-brain'd, sentimental trace"
Was strongly marked in her face;
A wildly-witty, rustic grace
Shone full upon her;
Her eye e'en tuin'd on empty space,
"Beam'd keen with honoar.

Down flow'd her robe, a taitaiesheen, Till half a leg was scrimply seen; And such a leg! my honny Jean
Could-only peer it;
Sae straught, sae taper, tight, and clean,
Nancelse cam near it.

Her mantle large, of greenish hue,
My gazing wonder chiefly drew;
Theep lights and shades, bold-mingling threw
A lustre grand;

And seem'd, to my astonish'd view,

A well-known land

Here, rivers in the sea were lost; There, mountains to the skies were tost; Here, tumbling billows mark'd the coast, With surging foam,

There, distant shone Art's lofty boast, The lordly dome.

Here, Doon poun'd down his far fetch'd floods; There, well-fed I wine stately thirds;<sup>3</sup> Auld heimit Ayr staw<sup>3</sup> through his woods, On to the shore;

And many a lesser tortent sends, With seeming roor

Low, in a sandy valley spread,
An ancient borough \* rear'd her head.
Still, as in Scottish story read,
She boasts a race

To every nobler virtue bled, And polish'd grace

By stately tower or palace fair, Or mins pendent in the air,

1 Scar dy

2 Sound's

Stole.

POEMS 54

> Bold stems of beloes, here and there, I could discern: Some seciald to muse, some seem'd to dare, With features stern.

My heart did glowing transport feel, To see a race \* heroic wheel, And brandish round the deep-dyed steel In study blows; While back-recoding seem'd to reel Then suthron focs.

His country's saviour, I mark him well! Bold Richardton's herac swell; The clack on Sark 8 who glorious fell, In high command; And he whom ruthless fat expel His nate claud

There, where a sceptied Pictish shade # Stalk'd round in Ashes fowly lant, I muk'l a maited race, portray'd In colours strong; Bibble of her-featured, and garry d They street along.

Through many a will romantic grove," Near many a hermit-functed cover, (Lit I muts for friend hip or for love,) In musing mood, An aged judge, I aw him rove, Dispensing good.

With deep-strick reverential awe The leaned sne and son I saw, \*\* To nature's God and notine's law They gave then lore, This, all it Source and cod to haw, That, to adore.

t Sir William Wallace -- B. \* The Walace - B Adam Wallace of Richardton, cousin to the immortal preserver of Scottish

undependence B | 8 William | 8 William | 8 William | 12 Douglas, who was second in command, under Douglas, Parl of Ormond, at the Samons buttle on the buils of Sark, fought in 1448 that glorous victory was prince ally owing to the juricious conduct and inrepid valour of the gali oil Land 51 ( ) gie, who died of his wounds after the action -B

at from -B' | Cell is, king of the Pays, from whom the district of Kyle is said to take its name, lies buried, as traction says, note the family sent of the Montgomeries of Colycield, where his furtil-place is still shown -B | Birskinning, the seat of the late Lord Justice-Clerk -B (Sir Thomas Miller of Gleaber, arterior distribution of the Court of Session)

A The Rev Dr Matthew Stewart, the celebrated mathematican, and his

son Mr Dugald Stewart, the elegant expositor of the Scottish school of meta-physics, are here meant, their villa of Catrine being situated on the Ayr.

POEMS 55

Brydone's brave ward \* I well could -py,
Beneath old Scotia's smiling eye:
Who call'd on Fame, low standing by,
To hand him on,
\*Where many a patriot name on high

And hero shone.

#### DUAN SECOND

With musing-deep, astonish'd stare, I view'd the heavenly seeming fan; A whispering throb did witness bear Of kindred sweet, When with an elder sister's air

She did me greet:—

"All had! my own inspired bard! In me thy native Muse regard; Not longer mourn thy fate is haid. Thus pocaly low! I come to give thee such reward. As we bestow.

"Know, the great genus of this land Has many a light, aerial band, Who, all beneath his high commend, Harmoniously, As arts or arms they understand,

"They Scotia's face among them share; Some fire the soldier on to date: Some rouse the patriot up to bac Corruption's heart; Some teach the bard, a darling care, The tuneful art

Then labours ply.

"Mong swelling floods of recking gore, They ardeat, kindling spirits, pour, Or, 'and the venal senate's roar, • They, sightless, stand

To mend the honest patriot-lore,

And grace the 1 and.

"And when the baid, or hoary see, Charm or instruct the future age, They bind the wild, poetic rage, In energy, Or point the inconclusive page

Or point the inconclusive page Full on the eye.

"Hence Fuliarton, the brave and young; Hence Dempster's zeal-inspired tongue;

<sup>&</sup>quot; Colonel Fullarton.-- B

Hence sweet harmonious Beattie sung
His Minstiel lays;
Or tore, with noble ardour stung,
The sceptic's bays.

"To lower orders are assign'd The humbler ranks of humankind, The rustic baid, the labouring hind, The artisan;

All choose, as various they're inclined, The various man.

"When yellow waves the heavy grain, The threatening storm some, strongly, win; Some teach to melionate the plain,

With tilling skill; And some instruct the shell ord-rain, \* Blithe o'er the hill.

"Some hint the lown's handless wile; Some grace the maden's arties smile; Some soothe the labourer's weary toil. For himble gams,

And make his cottage-scenes beginde His cares and pains?

"Some, bounded to a district-space, Explore at large man's infant race, To mark the embryote trace

Of rustic bard:
And careful note each opening grace.
A guide and guard.

"Of these am I—Coil any name, And this district as mine I claim, Where once the Campbells," chiefs of fame, Held ruling power,

I mark'd thy embryo tuu ful flame, Thy natal hour.

"With future hope, I oft would gaze, Fond, on thy little early ways, Thy rudely-caroll'd, chiming phiase, In uncouth thymes,

Fried at the simple, a tless lays
Of other times.

"I saw thee seek the slanding shore, Delighted with the dashing roat; Or when the north his fleecy store Drove through the sky Issaw grim nature's visige hoar

Irsaw grim nature's visage hoar Struck thy young eye.

<sup>\*</sup> The Loudoun branch of the Campbell family is here meant.

"Or when the deep green-mantled earth Warm cherish'd every floweret's bath, And joy and music pouring forth

In every grove, I saw thee eye the general mirth

• Saw thee eye the general mirth
• With boundless love.

"When upen'd fields, and azure skies, Call'd forth the reaper's rusting noise. I saw thee leave their evening joys. And lonely stalk,

To vent thy bosom's swelling use
In pensive walk.

"When youthful love, warm-blushing, strong, Keen-shivering shot thy nerves along, Those accents, grateful to thy tongue,

Th' admed Name,
I taught thee how to pour in song,

To soothe thy flame.

"I saw thy pulse's maddening play, Wild, send thee Pleasure's devious way, wilsled by Fancy's meteor-ray,

By passio i driven; But yet the light that led astray Was light from Heaven.

"I taught thy manners-painting strains, The loves, the ways of simple swams, Till now, o'er all my wide domains

Thy fame extends;
And some, the pride of Colla's plants,
Become thy friends.

"Thou canst not learn, nor can I show, To paint with Thomson's landscape glow: Or wake the bosom-melting throe, With Shenstone's right:

Or pour, with Gray, the moving flow Warm on the lacert,

"Yet all beneath the univall drose,
The lowly daisy sweetly blows;
Though large the forest's monarch throws.
Its anny shade,

Yet green the juicy law thorn grows Adown the glade.

"Then never mumur nor repme;
Strive in thy humble sphere to shine:
And, trust me, not "otosi's mme,
Nor kings" regard,
Can give a bliss o'eimatching thme—
A ristic hard.

58 POEMS.

"To give my counsels all in one, Thy tuneful flame still careful fan; Preserve the dignity of man, With soul erect;

And trust, the universal plan Will all protect

"And wear thou this," she solemi said, And bound the holly round my head. The polish'd leaves, and betties red, Did justing play. And, like a passing dought, she fled In light away

#### A WINTER NIGHT

Carry is says of this Poem. "How touching it, aim dibe gloom of personal mist; that broads over and mound him, that afind the storm, he still thinks of the cattle, the silly sheep, and the week harmless birdles !-y s, the tenant of the mean lookly but has the he rt to put all the ." This is worth a whole volume of homilies on mercy, for it is, the word of interly itself. Hurns lives in sympath, his soul rishes forth into all the realism of being, nothing that has existence can be indifferent to him."

"Poor naked wretches, where sicker you are,
that hade the pelting of the putless storm?
Haw shall your houseless heads, and unfed sides,
Your hoop'd and window'd regarding, defendyon,
From seasons such as these?" SHANESPEARE

With hiting Boreas, fell 1 and dorae, 3 Sharp shivers through the leafless bower; When Phoebus gies a short-lived glower 3 Far south the lift, 4

Dim-darkening through the flaky shower, Or whirling duft:

Ac night the storm the steeples rocked, Poor labour sweet in sleep was locked, While birns, wi' snaw weaths up-choked, Wild-eddying swil, Or through the immig outer bocked,<sup>5</sup> Pown hondlong hurl.

I steming the doors are winnocks rattle, I thought me on the oute? cattle, Or silly sheep, wha bide this brattle.

O' we ter war,
And through the duft, deep-lating sprattle.

Reneath a scaur.

Ilk happing 11 bird, wee, helpless thing, That, in the hierry months o' spring,

1 Keen, 2 Stern. 2 Look. 4 Sky. <sup>5</sup> Belched. <sup>6</sup> Win lows <sup>7</sup> Shivering. <sup>8</sup> Dashing storm. 9 Struggle. 10 Cliff c 11 Hopping. Delighted me to hear thee sing,

What comes o' thee?

Whare wilt thou cower thy chittering wing,

And close thy ee!

Even you, on murdering errands toil'd, Lone from your savage homes exiled, The blood-stain'd roost, and sheep-cot spoil'd, My heart forgets,

While pitiless the tempest wild Sore on you beats.

Now Phoebe, in her midnight reign, Dark muttled, view'd the dreary plan; Still cowding thoughts, a pensive train, Rose in my soil,

When on my cut this plaintive strain, Slow, soleinn, stole:-

"Blow, blow, ye winds, with ficavier gust's
And freeze, thou lifter-biting frost!
Descend, ye chilly, smothering snows!
Not all your rage, as now united, shows
Whore frod uskindness, unclenting,
Vangeful malice unrepending,

I have heaven-illumined man on brother man bestows !

Or mad Ambition's gory hand,
Or mad Ambition's gory hand,
Sending, like blood-hounds from the slip,
Woe, Want, and Murder o'er a land!
Even in the peaceful rural vale,
Truth, weeping, tells the mountful tale.
How pamper'd Luxury, Flattery by her side,
The parisite empoisoning her car,
With all the servile wretches in the rear,
Looks o'er proud Property, extended wide,
And eyes the simple rustic hind,
Whose toil upholds the glittering show,
A creature of another kind,
Some coarser substance innefined,
Placed for her lordly use thus far, thus vid., below.

Where, where is Love's fond, tender throe, With lordly Honem's lofty brow,
The powers you proudly own?
Is there, beneath Love's noble name,
(an harbour dark the selfish aim,
To bless himself alone!
Mark madden innocence a prey
To love-pretending snares:
This boasted Honour turns away,
Shunning soft Pity's rising sway.

Regardless of the tears and unavailing prayers!
Perhaps this hour, in misery's squalid nest,
She strams your infant to her joyless i reast,
And with a mother's fears shrinks at the rocking blast!

"() ye w ho, sunk in beds of down, Feel not a want but what yourselves create, Think for a moment on his wietched fate Whon friends and fortune quite disown! Ill satisfied keen nature's clamotous call. Stretch'd on his straw he lays himself to sleep, While through the ragged roof and churky wark Chill o'er his slumbers piles the drufty heap! Think on the dungeon's gun confine, Where Guilt and poor Misfortime pine! Gudt, crowy man, releating view 👢 But shall thy legel rage pursue The wretch, already crushed low By cruck Fortune' fundocerved blow? Affliction's sons are brothers in distress, A brother to refleve, how exquisite the bliss ?"

I heard na man, for chantifleer
Shook off the ponthery snaw,
And had'd the morning with a chees,
A cottage-rousing craw.

But deep this truth impressed my minds— Through all His works abroad, The heart benevolent and kind The most resembles God

#### SCOTOL PRINK.

DUNCAN For ares of Culleder, who did so much to pacify the country after the defeat of Culleden, received from the government as a reward for his services the providege of distribute which, free of duy. So popular did his whichly come, that Fermiosh, the name of his barony in which his whichly was manufactured, became a recognised name or synonym throughout the country for all sorts of which.

all sorts of whish

When the privilege was withdrawn in 1785, his family received from the government compensation to the amount of \$21,580

In addition to this the public attention was further turned to "the national beverage," on account of the stringent way in which the racise inws were being cultored at the various disafferes. These circumstances gave the poet his circ

his cue Writing to Pobert Murr. Kilmarnock, he says, "I here enclose you my Scotch (high, and may the devil follow with a biessing for your connection. I hope some time before we hear the gowl, [cuckoo,] to have the pleasure of seeing you at Kilmarnock, when I rate of we shall have a gill between us in a matchism stour, which will be a great comfort and consolation to your hamble says in R. 11.3.

"Ge him strong drink, until he wirk, I hat's sinking in despair. And hanor good to fire h s th io, That's prest wi grief and care; Tilere le' him bouse, and deep carouse, Wi' bumpers flowing o'ei, Till he forgets his loves or debts, And minds his griefs no more

-SOLOMON'S PROVERES XXXI 6, 7.

LET other poets raise a fracas
'Bout vines, and wines, and drunken Bacchus,
And crabbit names and stories wrack' us,
And grate our lug,'
I sing the juice Scotch beare can mak us,
In gla sor jug.

O thou, my Muse! guid auld Scotch drink, Whether through wimplin' worms thou jink," Or, wichly brown, ream o'er the brink, In glorious faem,

Inspire me, till I have and wink,
To sing thy name!

Let husky wheat the haughs alorn, And aits set up their awrite horn,<sup>3</sup> And peas and beans, at e'en or morn, Perfume the plain, Lacze me on thee, John Barleycon, Thon king o' grain!

On thee aft Scotland chows her cood, Iff souple scones,4 the wale o' food!

Or tumblin' in the boilin' flood

Wi' kail and becf;

But when thou poins thy strong heart's blood.

There thou shines cluck

Food fills the wame, and keeps us hvm'; Though life's a gift no worth receivin' When heavy dragg'd wi' pine and grievin'; But, oil'd by thee, The wheels o' life gae down-lift, scrievin',<sup>5</sup> Wi' rattlin' glee.

Thou clears the head o' doited Lear;
Thou cheers the heart o' drooping t are;
Thou strings the acress o' Labour sur,
At's weary tod;;
Thou even brightens dark Despara
Wi' glogmy smile.

A't clad in massy siller weed,6
Wi' gentles thou elects thy head;

i Bother.

Beard.
Cakes.

6 Trippingly

Yet humbly kind in time o' need, The poor man's wing, His wee drap parritch, or his bread, Thou kitcheus 1 fine.

Thou art the life o' public haunts ; But thee, what were our fairs and rants? Even godly meetings o' the saunts, By thee inspired, When gaping they besiege the tents, h Are doubly fired.

That merry night we get the corn in, Oh, sweetly then they reams the hornon! Or icekin' on a new-year roaning In cog or bicker.2

And just a wee drap splitter burn in,
And gusty sucker is

When Vulcin gic@his bellows breath, And ploughmen gather wi' then graith,4 Oh, rare! to see thee fizz and freath I' the lugget caup 15. Then Burnewin comes on like death.

At every chap

Nac mercy, then, for ann or steel; The brawnie, Lamie, ploughman chiel, Brings haid owichip, wi' sturdy wheel, The strong foreh mimer, Till block and studdle ring and red, Wi' dinsome clamour.

When skulin' weames? see the light, Thou maks the gossips clatter bright, How fumblin' cuifs their dearies slight; Wae worth the name '

Nae howdy gets a social might, Or plack frae them.

When neibors anger at a plea, And just as wud as wud11 can be, How easy can the barley-bree Cement the quartel ! It's age the cheapest lawyer's fee To taste the burch

Alake! that e'er my Muse has reason To wyte1 her countrymen wi' treason !

4 Relishest 2 Wooden vessels.

Looths me sugar 8 Awkward fools Implements

9 Wooden cup with ears 6 The blacksmith 7 Shout ng children

9 Midwife 10 M td 11 Charge

Ale is frequently taken with porridge instead of milk The refreshment at out-door com minions (See "Holy Fair") But mony daily weet their weason<sup>1</sup>
Wi' liquors nice,
And haidly, in a winter's season,
E'er spiei <sup>2</sup> her price.

Wae worth that brandy, burning trash! Fell source o' mony a pain and brash! Twins mony a poor, doylt, drucken hash O' half his days;

And sends, beside, auld Scotland's cash To her worst facs.

Ye Scots, who wish auld Scotland well by Coluct, to you my tale I tell,
Poor plackless devils like mysel,
It sets you ill,
Wishitter, dearthfu swinessto mell,
Or foreign gill.

May gravels round his blether wrench, And gouts torment him inch by meh, Wha twists his grantle wi' a glunch?

O' soin disdain,
Out-owice a glass o' whisky punch

Wi' honest men.

O whisky! soul o' plays and pranks! Accept a Baidie's gratefu' thanks! When wanting thee, what tuneless cranks Are my poor verses! They comes— they rattle i' then ranks At ther's a—es.

Thee, Fermtosh! oh, sadly lost! Scotland lament frac coast to coast! Now cohe grips, and barkin' hoast,8 May kill us a'; For loyal Forbes's charter'd boast,

Thac curst horse-teches o' th' Excise, Wha mak the whisky-wells then puze! Haud up thy han', deil! ance, twice, thing There, seize the bluskers!<sup>9</sup> And bake thom up in brunstane pies

Is ta'en awa' !

For poor damn'd drinkers.

Fortune! if thou'll but gie me still Hale breeks, a scone, and whisky gill,

6 Meddle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Throat <sup>2</sup> Ask <sup>3</sup> Sickness.

<sup>4</sup> Rough fellow, 5 U.a.

<sup>7</sup> I'me with a grin, g (ough, of contemp

64 POEMS.

And rowth o' thyme to tave at with Tak a' the rest, And deal't about as thy blind skith Duects thee best.

# REMORSE.

THE following is from the commonplace-book of the poet, and is supposed to telate to his first serious error

OF all 'he numerœis ills that huit our peace, That press the soul, or wring the mind with anguish. Beyond comparison, the worst are those That to our folly or our guilt we owe. In every other circumstance, the mind Has this to say-"It was no deed of mine;" But when, to all the evil of u. sfortune, This sting is added - "Blanic thy foolish self," Or, worser far, the pangs of keen remorse-The torturing, gnawing consciousness of guilt-Of guilt perhaps where we've involved others, The young, the unocent, who fondly lo'ed us, Nay, more—that very love their cause of ruin ! O burning hell! in all thy store of torments, There's not a keener lash! Laves there a man so him, who, while he heart Feels all the bitter horiors of his come, Can reason down its agonising throbs; And, after proper purpose of amendment, Can firmly force his jarring thoughts to percei Oh, happy, happy, enviable man! Oh, glorious magnanimity of soul!

## ANSWER TO A POFFICAL EPISTLE,

SENT TO THE AUTHOR BY A TAILOR

THE following is the poet's reply to a rhymed epistle from a tailor near Mauchline, censuring him for his irregular behaviour

"WHAT ails ye now, ye louse bitch,
To thrash my back at sic a pitch?
Losh, man! hae mercy w'' your natch,
Your bodkin's bauld,

I didna suffer half sae much Frae Daddie Auld.

What though at times, when I grow crouse,2 I gie the dames a random pouse, Is that enough for you to souse?

Your servant sae?

"Gae mind your seam, ye prick-the-louse And jag-the-flac.

1 Abundance.

<sup>2</sup> Jolly

3 Scold.

King David, o' poetic brief,
Wrought 'mang the lasses sic mischief
As fill'd his after life wi' grief
And bluidy rants,
And yet he's rank'd among the chief
O' lang-type saunts,

And maybe, Tam, for a' my cants, My wicked thymes, and drucken rants, I'll gie auld cloven Clootie's haunts

An unco ship yet,

And shughy sit among the samts

And snugly sit among the saunts
At Davie's hip yet.

But fegs, the session says I mame Gae fa' upon another plan, Than gairn' lasses cowp the cran Clean hoels owie gowdy, And sairly thole then mother's ban Afore the howdy.

A furnicator-toon he call d me,
And said my fant frac bliss expell'd me;
I own'd the tale was true he tell'd me,
But what the marre??"
Quo' I, "I fear unless ye geld me,
I'll ne'er be better.

"Geld you!" quo he, "and what fo no? If that your right hand, leg, or too, Should ever prove your spiritual foe, You should remember To cut it aff and what for no Your dearest member?"

"Na, na," quo' I, "I'm no for that, Gelding's nae better than 'tis ca't;

I'd rather suffer for my faut, A hearty flewit, As sair owre hip as ye can draw't, Though I should rue i'

"Or gin ye like to end the bother, To please us a', I've just ae ither-When next wi' yon lass I forgather, Whate'er betide it,

I'll frankly gie her't a' thegither, And let her guide it."

But, sir, this pleased them warst ava, And therefore, Tam, when that I saw, I said, "Guid night," and cam awa', And left the session;

I saw they were resolved. On my eppression.

## THE AUTHOR'S EARNEST CRY AND PRAYER

TO THE SCOTCH REPRESENTATIVES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. SET the introduction to the poem entitled "Scotch Drink," p. 60 for an account of the circumstances which induced the composition of the following

"Dearest of distillations ! last and best! How art thou lost I"-Parady on Milton.

YE Irish lords, ye knights and squires, Wha represent our brughs and shires, And doucely 1 manage our affairs In parliament,

To you a simple Bardie's prayers Are humbly sent.

Alas! my roopit\* Muse is hearse!2 Your honours' heart wi' gitef 'twad pierce, To see her sittin' on her a-c Low i' the dust,

And scraichin' + out prosaic verse, And like to burst!

Tell them wha hae the chief direction, Scotland and me's in great affliction, E'er sin' they laid that curst restriction Gh aqua vitæ; And rouse them up to strong conviction,

And move their pity.

## 1 Soberty .

2 Hoarse.

\* A party suffering from hoarseness and a dry, tickling cough, is said to be

roopy or roopit.

† The meaning of this phrase cannot possibly be conveyed by any single English equivalent. Pancy a person with a sore throat trying to screech, or the noise the common hen makes when she is enraged, and some idea may be found of the meaning of the verb

Stand forth and tell yon Premier youth,3 The honest, open, naked truth : Tell him o' mine and Scotland's drouth,1 His servants humble: The muckle devil blaw ye south, If ye dissemble !

Does ony great man glunch? and gloom? Speak out, and never fash your thoom! Let posts and pensions sink or soom 4 Wi' them wha grant 'em: If honestly they canna come,

Fai better want 'em.

 In gath'rin' votes you werena slack; Now stand as tightly by your tack; Ne'er claw your lug, 5 and fidge 6 your back, And hum and haw; But raise your aim, and tell you crack? Before them a'.

Paint Scotland greetin's owre her thrissle, Her mutchkin stoup as toom's a whissle; 🚅 🔩 damu'd excuennen in a bussle,

Seczin' a stell, Triumphant crushin' t like a mussle Or lampit shell.

Then on the tither hand present her, A blackguard smuggler, right behint her, And check-for-chow a chuffie 10 vintner, Colleaguing join,

Picking her pouch as bare as winter Of a' kind com.

Is there, that bears the name o' Scot, But feels his beaut's-bland rising hot, To see his poor and mither's pol

Thus doing in staves. • And plunder'd o' her hindmost groat By gallows knaves?

Alas! I'm but a nameless wight, Trod I the mire and out o' sight !. But could I like Montgomeries fight, + Or gab like Boswell, &

```
5 Far
1 Thirt
                                                · B Weeping.
                                                  9 Empty
                         6 Shrug.
                         7 Tale.
                                                 10 Fat-faced.
3 Trouble your thumb
4 Swim.
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<sup>\*</sup> William Pitt \*

<sup>†</sup> Colonel Hugh Montgomery, then representing Ayrshire, who had seen service in the American war. . I James Boswell of Auchinleck, the biographer of Dr. Samuel Johnson.

68 POLMS.

> There's some sark-necks I wad draw tight, And the some hose well a

God bless your honours, can ye see't, The kind, auld, cantie carlin greet,1 And no get warmly to your feet, And gar them hear it, And tell them wi' a patriot heat, Ye wuma bear it?

Some o' you nteely ken the laws, To round the period and pause, And wi' thetoric clause on clause To fnake harangues;

Then echo through St. Stephen's wa's And Scotland's wrangs,

Dempster, \* a true-blue S t'l'so warran'; Thee, atth- latering, chaste Kilkerian ; †
And that ghb-gabbet Highland baron The Land o' Graham , ‡ And ane, a chap that's damn'd auldfarian, Dundas his name.§

Eiskine, | a spunkie Nofland billie; True Campbells, I rederick and Ilay; ¶ And Layingstone, the bauld Sir Willie; And mony thers, Whom and Demosthenes or Tally Might own for brithers.

Thee, Sodger Hugh, my watchman steated, If bardies c'er are represented, I ken if that your sword were wanted, Ye'd tend your hand: But when there's anglit to say anent it, Ye is at a stand.\*\*

Arouse my boys, exect your mettle, Tu get auld Scotland by k her kettle; . Or, faith ! I'll will my new plengh pettle ! Ye'll see't or lang, She'll teach you, wi' a nekm' whittle, 6 Anither sang.

1 The che rful cld wife cry (Scotland is personified.) 2 Ready-tongued

3 Knowing 4 Plucky

5 Plough-staff. 6 Km(c.

\* George Dempster of Duana hen, Forfarshire

† Sir Adam Feigusson of Kilkerran, then member for Edinlargh † The Marquis of Graham

# Henry Dundis, afterwards Viscount Melville.

# Thomas broking afterwards I on broking

# Lord Frederick Cumpbell, brother to the Duke of Argyks, and Ilay Camp

bell, then Lord Advocate

\*\* Colonel Hugh Montgomery, as member for Ayr, was looked upon with a

\*\* The allision at the end of the verse is to his imperfect or meffective elecution

This while she's been in crankous 'inood,
Her lost militia fixed her blind;
(Deil na they never man do good,
Play'd her that phisking!2)
And now she's like to rim red-wind
About her whisky.

And, Lord, if ance they pit her till't, Her tartan petticoat she'll kilt, And durk and pistol at her belt, She li tak the streets, And rin her whittle to the hilt

And im her whittle to the full I'th' first she meets!

 For God's sake, sus, then speak her fair, And straik her cannie wi' the hair, And to the muckle House is pair. Wi' instant speed, And strive, wi' a' your will me heat, To generomend.

You ill-tongued tinkler, Charlic Fox, May tunn you wi' his jects and mocks; "Se gie hin't het, my hearty cocks!"

E'en cowe the caddie!

And send him to his dienig-hox

And spottin' lady.

Tell you guid blind o' auld Bocomock's" I ll be his debt twa mashlum bannocks,† And drink his health in auld Nanse Timock's‡ Nine times a weel,

1 Ill-tempered, restles

∡ Jrck ●

thellow.

\* William Pitt was the Liandson of Robert Pitt of Bocomock, in Cornwall

A maximic phorts, to mis, pere, and year of or body floor.

A wording old hostess of the anthor? In Manchine, where he sometimes studied points over a glass of gaid and Sorth Gods.—B. "Nauseding ock is long, do cased, and no one have an heap to the learn onthe. She is described as having been a true of south, in the poor bod sense of the words close, discrete, rivil, and no tale-taler. When any neighboring wife come, asking it her? John wis here, 'tokine,' Name would reply, be iking money in her plocket as she spoke, 'tok no,' no there,' implying to the up rise that the harding we not in the house, while she me into the sall that he was not amone her half pence, thus keeping the word of promise to the circ, hint breaking it to the hope. First house was one of two stories, and had a front towards the street, by which Birns must have entered. In which in Mosse, I. The different and how the poet should have talked of enjoying himself in her house, 'mine times a week.' 'The soid,' she said, 'hindly evendrank three half-mintakins under her roof in his life.' Name, probolity, had never he ad of the Astrad hearie. In tarthy, Names' hostelry was not the only one in Manchine which Birns resorted to a rather better looking house, at the opening of the towards, kept by it person amoud John Dove, and then untiall la aming the aims of Sir John Whitefrid of Ballochmyle, was also a haunt of the pot's, having this high accommendation, that its back windows surveyed those of the house in which his 'fear' estimation, that its back windows surveyed those of the house in which his 'fear' estimation, that its back windows surveyed to see the out to be a mere comparative appreciation of his various liquors,"—tramper as

If he some scheme, like tea and winnocks,\* Wad kindly seek.

Could be some computation broach, I'll pledge my aith in guid braid Scotch, He needna fear their fonl reproach. Nor erudition, You mixtie-maxtie, queer hotch-potch, The coalition, †

Auld Scotland has a rancle tongue; She's just a devil wi' a jung; And if she promise auld or young To tak their part, Though by the neck she should be strung, She'll no desert.

And now, ye chesen Fives and Forty, to May still your mother's heart support ye; Then though a maister grow doity, to And kick your place, Ye'll snap your fingers, poor and hearty, Before his face.

God bless your honous a' your days '
Wi' sowps ' o' kail and brats o' claise, <sup>5</sup>
In spite o' a' the thickish kaes <sup>6</sup>
That haunt St. Jamie's !
Your humble poct sings and prays

While Rab his name is.

## POSTSCRIPT.

Let half-starved slaves in warmer skies See future wines, rich clust'ring, rise; Their lot auld Scotland ne'er cirvies, But blithe and filsky, She eyes he'i free-boin, martial boys Tak aff their whisky.

What though their Pheebus kinder warms While fragrance blooms and beauty charms? When wretches range, in ramish'd swarms,

The scented groves,'
Or, hounded forth, dishonour arms

In lungry droves.

1,Rough. Sulky Rags o'clothes.
2 Cudgel. Spoonfuls. Jackdaws

† Mixtre-maxtie and Hotch-potch - Scotch phrases for a mixture of incongruous elements

I The number of Scotch representatives

<sup>\*</sup> Light and air not being so highly valued then as now, Pitt had gained credit for a remission of a part of the duty on tea at the expense of the winnocks (windows)

Their gun's a burthen on their shouther; & They downa bide the stink o' pouther; Their bauldest thought's a hank'ring swither a To stan' or rin, Till skelp-a shot-they're aff, a' throu'ther.3 To save their skin.

But bring a Scotsman fra his hill: Clap in his cheek a Highland gill, Say, such is royal George's will, And there's the foe: He has nae thought but how to kill

Nac cauld, faint-licarted doubtings tease him: Death comes—wi' fearless eye he sees him; Wi' bluidy han' a welcome gies him; And when he fa's, His latest draught o' breathir lea'es him In famil huzzas!

Twa at a blow.

Sages their solemn cen may steek, And raise a philosophic reek, And physically Causes seek In clime and season; But tell me whisky's name in Greek, I'll tell the reason,

Scotland, my auld, respected mither! Though whiles ye moistify your leather, Till whare ye sit, on craps o' heather, Ye tine your dam; Freedom and whisky gang thegether !--Tak aff your diam !

## THE AULD FARMER'S NEW-YEAR MORNING SALUFATION TO HIS AULD MARE MAGGIE,

ON GIVING HER THE ACCUSTOMED RIP OF CORN TO HANSEL IN THE NEW YEAR

A GUID New-Year Towish thee, Maggie! Hac, there's a rip to thy auld baggie: Though thou's howe-backit now and knaggic,8 I've seen the day

<sup>1</sup> They cannot stand

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Uncertainty.

<sup>3</sup> Pell mell.

<sup>4</sup> Eyes may shut. 7 A handful of corn in the stalk. 8 Bent-backed and ridged,

<sup>5</sup> Smoke

<sup>6</sup> Lose-

Enou could hae gaen like ony staggie Out-owre the lay 1

Though now thon's dowie,2 stiff, and crazy, And thy anid hide's as white's a daisy, I've seen thee dappl't, sleek, and glazie,3 A bonny gray:

He should been tight that dam't to raize thee Ance in a day

Thot ance was i' the foremost rank, A fully buildly, steeve, and swank, had set weel down a shapely shank, has e'er fread yird, had sometimes to be a second to be a second

And could has slovin out-owie a stank, I ike ony bud.

It's now some nine-and-tv 113 year, Sin' thou was my gind fath 1's meet; He gied me thee, o' tocher clear, "And fifty mark; Though it was some nine-and father, or

Though it was sma', 'twas weel-won gear, And thou was stark 9

When first I gard to woo if y Jenny, Ye then was frottin' wi' your immire 3'0. Though ye was 'rickie, slee, and finning, Ye ne'er was donsie, <sup>32</sup>. But hamely, towie, one to find come, <sup>33</sup>.

But hamely, towie, qualt, and counc, 12

And unco sonsie 14

That day ye pi meed wi' muckle pride When ye buile hame my bonny bride: And sweet and gracefu' she did ride, We' my idon on to

Wi' maden an ! Kyle-Stewart\* I could hae bragged 14 wide, For sie a pan

Though now ye dow but hoyte and hobic 'b' And, winth hi e a sammont-coble, 'b' That day ye was a jinke 1'7 noble, 'For heels and win'! And can them till they a' did wauble, 18

Fai, far, behin'

When then and I we're young and skeigh, 19 And stable-meals at fairs were dreath, 20

1 Grass-field 6 Parth 11 Mischievous 4 Chow spirited 7 Dirth 19 Good-natured, 4 Shining 8 Dowry 11 Engaging 4 Excite 5 Stately, strong, active 19 Mother 19 Can but limp and totter 16 Twist about like the lumbering boat used in samon fishing 17 Runner, 48 Stanger—being done-up 19 Statlesome 20 Lengthy.

<sup>\*</sup> The district between the Ayr and the Doon.

How thou would prance, and snore and skieigh,
And tak the road!
Town's bodies ran, and stood abeigh,
And ca't thee mad.

When thou was corn't, and I was mellow, We took the road are like a swallow: At Brooses? thou had ne'er a fellow.

For puth and speed; But every tail thou pay't them hollow,

Whare'er thou gaed.

The sma' droop-tumpl't,3 hunter cattle,
Might aibhus wanr't thee for a brattle;4
But sax Scotch unles thou try't their mettle,
And gar't them what/le5

Nae whup nor spin, but just a wattle<sup>6</sup> O' saugh or hazle.

Thou was a noble fittie-lin',"
As e'er in tug or the was drawn!
Aft thee and I, in angle hours' gann,
In gind March weather,
Hate turn'd sax rood be side our han',
For days thegather.

Thou never braining't, and feeh't, and fliskit,<sup>9</sup>

\*saut thy auld tail thou wad hae whiskit,<sup>9</sup>

And spread abreed thy well-fill'd brisket,<sup>10</sup>

Wi' puth and power,

\*Till spritty knowes wad ran't and risket,

And slypet owie.\*

When firsts lay lang, and snaws were deep, And threaten'd labour back to keep, I gied thy cog<sup>31</sup> a wee lut heap.

Abcon the timmer;
I kemi'd my Maggie wadna sleep.

For that, or simmer.

In cart or car mon never reestit, 12
The steyest 14 brac thon wad hae f ced it;
Thou never lap, and sten i, and bra istit, 14
Then stood to bow;

But just thy step a wee thing hastic, Thou snoov't awa'.

1 Aside
4 Migl
bein upshape have beaten thee maa short rub
6 % which 7 The mark hose of the hindings to pair in the plough,
8 Never pulled by fits or starts, or fictted
10 Breas 11 Corn measure 12 Stopped
11 Never leagued, rearred, or started forward 13 Steepest

<sup>\*</sup> This is a magnificent description. Till hard knolls would open with a crackling sound, the earth falling gently over in the wake of the resistless ploughshare.

My pleugh is now thy bairn-time a';¹
Four gallant brutes as e'er did draw;
Forbye sax mae, I've sell't awa',
That (hon hast nurst:
They drew me thretteen pund and twa,
The vera warst.

Mony a sair daug<sup>2</sup> we twa hae wrought, And wi' the weary warl' fought! And mony an anxious day I thought We wad be beat!

Yet here to crazy age we're blought,

Wi' something yet.

And think na, rey auld trusty servan', 'That now perhaps thou's 1 ss deservin', And thy auld days may en m, starvin', For my 1 st for', A heapit stimparf, 'I'll reserve ane J. and by for you.

We've worn to crazy years thegither; We'll toyte about wi' ane another; Wi' tentic care I'll flit thy t ther
To some ham'd 11g, 5
Whate ye may nobly 13, 6 your leather,
Wi'sma' faugue.

# THE TWA DOGS:

A 1 111.

Git ipert berns says,—"The tale of 'the Twa Dogs' was composed after the Asolution of publishing was nearly taken. Robert had a dog, which he called Laith, that was a great favourite. The dog had been killed by the winton criefly of some person, the night before my father's death. Robert said to me that he should like to confer such immortality as he could bestow on his old friend Laith, and that he had a great mind to introduce something into the book under the tule of 'Sturys to the Minory of a Quadroged Friend!' but this plan was go an inp for the peem's it now stands. Cassar was merely the creature of the poet's imagination, created for the purpose of holding that with his layourite Laith." The factor who stood for his portrait here was the same of whom he writes to Di. Moore in 1787:—"My pudignation yet books at the scolundrel factor's insolent threatening letters, which used to set us all in tears."

'Twas in that place o' Scotland's isle, That bears the name of auld King Coil,<sup>r</sup> Upon a bonny day in June, When wearing through the afternoon, Twa does that werena thrang<sup>8</sup> at hame Forgather's ance upon a time.

The first I'll name, they ca'd him Cæsar, Was keepit for his honour's pleasure;

<sup>1</sup> My plough team are all thy children.
2 Day's labour,
3 A measure of corn
4 Totter
5 Saved ridge of grass,
6 Stretch.
7 The middle district of Ayrshire.
8 Busy.

His hair, his size, his mouth, his lugs, 1.
Show'd he was nane o' Scotland's dogs;
But whalpit some place far abroad,
Where sailors gang to fish for cod.

His locked, letter'd, braw brass collar Show'd him the gentleman and scholar; But though he was o' high degree, The fient a pride—nae pride had he; But wad hae spent an hour caresin', Even wi' a tinkler-gypsy's messan: At kirk or maiket, mill or smiddle, Nae tawted tyke, though e'ei sae duddie, Nae tawted tyke, though e'ei sae duddie, And stoan't, as glad to see him, And stoan't on stanes and lullocks wi' him,

The tither was a ploughman's collie, A rhyming, ranting, rowing billie, Wha for his friend and controlle had him, And in his freaks had Leath ca'd him, After some dog in Highland sang,\* Was made lang syne—I ord knows how lange

He was a gash? and faithfu' tyke, As eyer lap a shough or dyke. Its honest, sonste, baws in face, he gat him friends in ilka place. This breast was white, his tonzic back. Weel clad wi' coat o' glossy black; Its gaucie 11 tail, wi' upward cuil, Hung o'er his hundres 12 wi' a swil.

Nac doubt but they were fain o' ither, 13 And inco pack and thick 14 ther ther. Wi's social nose whyles snuff'd and snowkit, 18 Whyles mice and moudeworts they howkit, 18 Whyles sconi'd awa' in lang exemsion, And worned ither in diversion? Until wi' daffin' 12 weary grown, Upon a knowe 18 they sat their down, And there began a lang digression About the loids o' the creation.

#### CÆSAR

I've often wonder'd, honest Luata, What sort o' life poor dogs like you have;

<sup>2</sup> A petty oath-"the slevil a bit o' " 1 Ears. 3 Gur. 5 Ragged 7 Knowing. 8 Ditch 6 Pissed 4 Matted and dirty 9 His honest, comely, white-marked face 10 Shaggy 15 Securingly 11 Bushy 13 Fond of each other ly Hips 14 Very close and friendly 28 Knoll. 16 Sometimes for mice and moles they scraped 17 Sporting.

Cuchullm's dog in Ossian's "Fingal"—B,

And when the gentry's life I saw,
What way poor bodies hved ava
Out laird gets in his racked rents,
His coals, his kain, and a' his stents,
His trees when he likes himsel,
His flunkies answer at the bell,
His ca's his coach, he ca's his horse;
He draws a bonny silken prise
As lang's my tail, whate, through the steeks,<sup>2</sup>
The yellow-letter'd Geordie keeks,<sup>3</sup>

Frac morn to e'en it's noight but toiling, At baking, roastier, frying, boiling., And though the genery fit tare steching Yet e'en the ha' folk fill the a pechang We'sance, ragouts, and siel' e traslitine, That's little short o' downing it wastire. Our whippers, see, blastit womier, Poor worthless ell, it eats a dinner Better than ony tenant than Its honour has in a' the lan'; And what poor cot-folk pit their painch in, I own it's past my comprehension.

it 'Th,

Trowth, Cosai, whyles they're fisht? enough; A cotter howkin' in a shough, Wi' duty statics biggin' a dike, Baing a quarry, and sichke; Himsel, a wife, I e thus sustains, A sinytrie o' wee dudilie wears, And nought big his han' daig 10 to keep. Them i ght and tight in Gack and rape, 12

And when they meet we's air disasters, Like loss o' health or want o' masters, Ye maist wad think, a wee touch langer, And they main starce o' could and hunger? But low it comes I nevertherm'd yet. They're maistly wonderfu' contented: And buildly chiels, and clever hizzies, 12 Are bied in sie a way as this is.

#### \_ ' (15th

But then to see how ye're negleckits. How hulf d, and cuff'd, and disrespeckit! Lord, man, on gentry care as hale For delvers duchers, and sic cattle;

<sup>1</sup> His coin rents and assessments.
4 Clances
5 Stomach.
6 Wonder, & contemptious appellation
7 Pironbled.
8 Digging in a ditch
10 Day's work
11 Under a roof-tree—literally, thatch and rope.
12 Stalwart men and clever women.

1 hey gang as saucy by poo' folk
As I wad by a stinkin' brock 1
I've noticed, on our land's court-day,
'And mony a time my heart's been wae,
Poor tenant bodies, scant o' cash,
How they main thole a factor's snash: 2
He'll samp and theaten, curse and swear,
He'll apprehend them, poind then gear.
While they main stan', wi' aspect humble,
And hear it a', and fear and tremble!

I see how folk live that hae riches, But surely poor folk mann be wretches!

#### ITALH

They're no sae wretched's ane wad think; Though constantly on poortith's brink; They re sae accustom'd wy' the sight, The view o't gies them little fight

Then chance and fortune are sac guided, They're are in less or mair provided; And though fatigued wi' close coupleyment, hillink o' rest's a sweet enjoyment.

The dearest comfort o' then lives,
Then grushic weans and faithfu' wives,
The prattling things are just their pride.
That sweetens a' then fire- ide.
And whyles twalpennic worth o' nappy'
Can mak the bodies unco happy;
They lay aside then private cares,
To mind the kink and State affairs:
They'll talk o' patronage and priests,
Wi' kinc'ling finy in then breasts;
Or tell what new taxaton's comin',
And feelic at the folk in Lon'on.

As bleak-faced Hallumnas returns,
They get the joyad ranting kinis,?
When inral life o' every station
Unite in common recreation.
Love blinks, Witt slaps, and social MiriFergets there's Care upo' the eart'i.

That merry day the year begins? They but the door on frosty win's; The nappy reeks 'n' mantling ream, And sheds a hear-inspiring steem, The limitin pipe and sneeshin mill.8 Are handed round wi' right guid win!;

<sup>1</sup> Badger 2 Bear a factor sabuse Poverty

<sup>4</sup> Thriving. 7 Harvest-homes
6 Ale 4 The smoking pipe and
7 Wonder, or calk about snuff-box

The canne' and folks crackin' cronse,"
The young anes rantin' through the house,—
My heart has been sae fain to see them,
That I for joy hae barkit wi' them.

Still it's owre true that ye hae said, Sie game is now owre aften play'd. Theic's mony a cieditable stock O' decent, honest, fawsont folk, Are riven out batth root and branch, Some rascal's pridefu' greed to quench, Wha thinks to kint himsel the faster In favour wi's some gentle master, Wha abblus 4 this is a parlamentu'. For Britani's gind his saul indentu'.—

#### . 1556

Haith, Iad, ye little ken about it; For Britain's guid! guid faith, I doubt it. Say rather, gain as Premiers lead him, And saying Ay or No's they bid him. At openas and plays parading, Mortgaging, guidbling, in isquerading; Or maybe, in a trolic daft.

To Hagne or Calais taks a wift, To mak a toin, and tak a whill.

To learn bon ton, and see the worl'.

There, at Vienna or Versulles, He rives his father's and entails. On by Madrid he takes the route, To thrum guita's, and feelt wi' nowte , 7 Or down Italian vista startles, Whore-hunting among groves o' myrtles, Then bouses drumly German water, To mak himsel look fair and fatter, And clear they onsequented sorrows, Love-gifts of Carmyal signor is look fair and fatter, and clear they onsequented sorrows, Love-gifts of Carmyal signor is look faitan's guid!—for her destruction! Wi' dissipation, feud, and faction!

#### LUATH

Hech man! dear sus! is that the gate. They waste sae mony a braw estate! Are we sae foughten and harass'd. For gen to gang that gate at last! Oh, would they stay aback fia counts, And please themsels we country sports, It wad for every one be better. The Land, the Tenant, and the Cotter!

<sup>3</sup> Seemly

<sup>1</sup> Cheerful 2 Talking briskly

<sup>4</sup> Perhap 5 A trip

Breaks the entail on his estate.
 See bull-fights, nowis meaning cattle.

For thac frank, rantin', ramblin' billies, Fient haet o' them's ill-hearted fellows; Except for breakin' o' their timmer, 'Or speakin' lightly o' then limmer, I Or shootin' o' a hare or moorcock, The ne'er a bit they're ill to poor folk.

But will ye tell me, Master Cæsar, Sure great folk's hic's a hic o' pleasure? Nae cauld nor hunger c'er can steer them, The very thought o't needna fear them.

#### CA SAR

Lord, man, were we but whyles whare I am, Theogentles ye wad ne'er envy 'em.
It's true they needina stative nor-sweat,
Through winter's cauld, or simmer's heat;
They've nae'san wark to craze their banes,
And fill auld age wi' grips and granes;
But human bodies are see fools,
For a' then colleges and schools,
That when me real lifs perplex them,
They mak enow themsels to vex them;
And aye the less they had to sturt them,
In like proportion less will huit them.

A country fellow at the plengh,
This acres till'd, he's right enough;
A country gul at her wheel,
Her dizzens done, she's unco weel:
But Gentlemen, and Ladies warst,
Wi' evendown want o' wark are curst.
They lotter, lounging, lank, and lazy,
Though ded hitet' ails them, yet uneasy:
Their days inspired, dull, and tasteless;
Their mights unquiet, lang, and restless;
And e'en their sports, then balls and races,
Their galloping through public places,
There's sic parades, sic pomp and ait,
The joy can searcely reach the heart.

The men cast out in party matches. Then sowther sa' in deep debauches; Ae'night they're mad wi' drink, and whoring, Neist day their life is past enduring. The Ladies aim-in-arm in clusters, As great and graciots a' as sisters; But hear their absent thoughts a' their, They're a' run'deils and jads thegither. Whyles, owie the wee bit cap and platie, They sip the scandal potion pretty:

<sup>2</sup> Concubine.
2 Pains and groans.

<sup>&</sup>quot; I touble
4 Devil a thing

<sup>5</sup> Solder, wind up 6 A giddy girl.

Or lee-lang mights, wi' crabbit leuks, Pore owie the devil's pictured benks; Stake on a chance a farmer's stackyard, And cheat like ony unhang'd blackguaid. ' There's some exception, man and woman; But this is Gentry's life in common.

By this, the sun was out o' sight, And darker gloaming brought the night: The bum-clock 1 humm'd wi' lazy drone; The kye stood rowtm 2 1' the loan When up they gat, and shook then lugs, Rejoiced they we can men, but dogs; And each took off he several way, Resolved to meet some ther day.

ON SEEING ONE ON A LOUSE, ON SEEING ONE ON SEEING ONE ON A LOUNCE. IIA i whare ye galan, ye crowlin' ferhe !3 You impudence protects you sairly. I cama say but ye strunt inicly, Owie ganze and lace ; Though, faith, I fear ye dine but sparely On sic a place,

Ye ugly, creepm', blastit wonner, Detested, shinn'd, by saint and sinner, How . ie ye set yom fit upon hei, Sae fine a lady? Gae somewhere else, and seek your dinner On some poor body.

Swith, in some beggar's haffet squattle;5 There ye may creep, and sprawl, and sprattle 6 Wi' ither kindred, jumping cattle, In shoals and nations; Whare horn nor bane ne'er d'un insettle'\* Your thick plantations.

Now hand you there, ye're out o' sight, Below the fatt'rils,7 snug and right; Na, faith ye yet! ye ll no be right Till, ye've got on it, The very (apmost, towering height O' Miss's bonnet.

My sooth! right bauld ye set your nose out, As plump and gray as ony grozet 8

<sup>1</sup> Beetle. 2 Lowing

<sup>4</sup> Strut 7 The ribbon-ends. 5 Swift crawl in some beggar's hair. 8 Gooseberry.

<sup>6</sup> Scramble. Crawling wonder

<sup>\*</sup> Where no comb ever unsettles the hair.

Oh for some rank, mercurial rozet,¹
Or fell, red smeddum,²
¹¹'d gie you sic a hearty doze o't,
Wad dress your droddum !³

I wadna been surprised to spy
You on an auld wife's flannen toy: 4
Or aiblins some bit duddie boy,
On's wyliecoat; 5
But Miss's fine Lunardi!\* fie!
How daur ye do't?

O Jenny, duna toss your head, And set your beauties a' abread!

Ye litele ken what cursed speed

The blastie's makin'!

The winks and fingurated. I dread

Thae winks and finger-end, I dread, Are notice takin'!

Oh wad some power the giftie gie us
To see oursels as others see us!
It wad frae mony a blunder free us,
And foolish notion:
What airs in dress and gait wad lea'e us,
And even devotion!

#### THE ORDINATION.

The induction of the Rev James Mackind 13 is minister of the parochial or laigh (low) church of Kilmaniock in 1386, was the occasion which called forth the following poem. There was a popular notion," says Mr. Chambers, "that Mr. Lindsay (a predecessor of Mr. Mackinday in the pastorship of the laigh kirk) had been indebted for his presentation from the patron, Lord Glencaun, to his wife, Maigaret Lauder, who wis believed, but, I am, assured cronconsty, to have been his lordship's housekeeper. Mr. Lindsay's induction, in 1764, was so much in opposition to the scutiments of the people, that it produced a not, attended by many outrages. There young men who had distinguished themselves by their violence, were whipped this righ Ayr, and imprisoned a mouth. These culcumstances evoked from a shoundare named. Hunter, a scoffing-ballad, to which Burns alludes in the note market thus, t, p. 82, and which may be found in the 'History of Kilmanock,' by Archibalt M'Kay; 1848." A third edition of Mr. M'Kay', very interesting work appeared in 1865, and an account of Mr. Lindsay's induction together with "The Scoffing Ballad," will be found at pp. 119-128.

"For sense they little owe to fringal Heaven— To please the mod, they hide the little given."

KILMARNOCK wabsters, fidge and elaw, And pour your creeshe nations, 7 And ye wha leather ray and draw, Of a' denominations, 1

1 Roan.
2 Powder.
8 Breech

4 Flaunci cap 5 Flaunci waistcoat 7 Greasy crowds. • 8 Stretch.

F

6 Weavers.

\* Affashionable bonnet, to called after a celebrated Italiau aeronaut.

† The inhabitants of Kilmarnock were then mainly engaged in the manufacture of coarse woollen goods and the taining of leather

Swith to the Laigh Kuk, and and a', And there tak up your stations; Then aff to Begbie's \* in a raw, · And pour divine libations For joy this day.

Curst Common Sense, that imp e' hell, Cam in wi' Maggie Laudei; † But Ohphant aft made her yell, And Russell sair misca'd her 🖈 This day Mackinlay take the flail, And he's the boy will blaud her ! He'll clip a shongan 2 on her tail, And set the bairns to dand her Wi' cat this day,

Mak ha te and turn king ' avid owre, And like wi' holy clange c, O' double verse come gie is four, And skul up the Bangor: This day the Kirk kicks up a stome,4 Nae man the knaves shall wrang her, For heresy is in her power, And gloriously she II whang 5 her, Wi' pith this day.

Come, let a proper text be read, And touch it iff wi' vigour, How graceless Ham & length at his dad, Which made Canaan a ingger, Or Phinchas | diove the murdering blads, Wr' whore-abhoring figour: Or Zipporah ¶ the scauldin' jack, Was like a bludy tiger I' the mn that day.

There, try his mettle on the creed, And bin' him down wi' cantion, That stipend is a carnal weed The take but for the Pishion; And gie him owre the flock to feed, And punish each transpession; Especial, rams that cross the breed, Ge them sufficient threshin', Spare them has day.

Now, auld Kilmarnock, cock thy tail And toss thy horns fu' canty; 6

ւ չիր, 2 A cleft stick

<sup>3</sup> la sputter 4 A dust.

5 Thrus' 6 Merrily

Begbic kept a tavern near the church † Alluding to a scotling ball down how a made on the admission of the late everend and worthy Mr Lindsay to the Logh Kirk -- B.

† Oliphant and Russell, clergymen belonging to the Auld-Lacht party.

§ Genesis ix 22 | || Numbers xxv 8. || Evodus iv.

Nae mair thou'lt rowte\* out-owre the dale. Because thy pasture's scanty; For lapfu's large o' gospel kail Shall fill thy cub in plenty, And runts1 o' grace the pick and wale, No gien by way o' dainty, But ilka day.

Nae main by Babel's streams we'll weep, To think upon our Zion; And hing our fiddles up to sleep, Like baby-clouts a-drym'. Come, screw the pegs, wi' tunefu' cheep, And o'er the than ms 2 be trym'; Oh, rare! to see our elbucks wheep,3 And a' like lumb-tails flym'
Fu' fast this day!

Lang, Patronage, wi' rodo' ann, Has shored I the Kirk's undoin' As lately Fenwick, † san fortain, 5 Has proven to its run: On pation, honest man! Gleneum, He saw nuschief was brown, Aud, like a godly elect bann, Te's waled 6 us out a tire ane And sound this day.

Now, Robinson, harangue nae mair, But steek your gab 7 for ever: Or try the wicked town of Ayi, For there they'll think your clever Or, nae reflection on your lear, Ye may commence a shaver; Or to the Netherton \$ 10pair, And turn a curpet-weaver of Att-hand this day.

Mutrie | and you were just a match, We never had sie twa drones:

1 Huge himes.

 The stened 5 Wounded

4 Chosen 7 Shut your mouth.

2 Strings 4 labows jerk.

disputed.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Route is used nece embet costly be explained by a sinch plurise. Residents in the country must have seen the cittle in a poor pasture standing histlessly about and lowing is if to draw attention to their wints. The place is used in this sense in regard to the scanty sprittial pasturage of the district.

† Rev. William Boyd, unuster of Fenwick, whose setti agit had been

The colleague of the newly-appented clergyman -a moderate

A part of the town of Kilmarnock where carpet-weaving was carried on. I The deceased clergyman, whom Mr. Mackinlay succeeded

Auld Hornie did the Laigh Kirk watch, Just like a winkin' baudrons: \*
And aye he catch'd the fither wietch, 'To fiy them in his caudrons:
But now his honour mann detach,
Wi' a' his brimstone squadrons,
Fast, fast this day.

See, see auld Orthodoxy's facs
She's swingem' through the city;
Hark, how the nine-tail'd cat she plays t
I vow its inco pretty:
There, Learning, with his Greeki..h face,
Grunts out some Latin ditty;
And Common Sense is garn, she says,
To mak to Jamie Beatta †
Her plant this day.

But there's Morality himsel,
Embracing all opinions;
Hear how he gies the tither yell,
Between his twa companions;
See how she peels the skin and fell,<sup>2</sup>
As ane were peelin' onions!
Now there—they're packed aff to he'!,
And banish'd our dominions
Henceforth this day.'

O happy day! rejoice, rejoice!
Come bouse about the porter!
Morality's demune decoys
Shall here nac mair find quarter:
Mackinlay, Russell, are the boys,
That Heresy can torture,
They'll gie her on a rape a hoyse,
And cowe's her measure shorter
By the head some day.

Come, bring the tither mutchkin in, And here's, for a conclusion, To every New-Light # mother's son, I rom this time forth, Confusion: If mair they deave bus we' their din, Or patronage intrusion, We'll light a spunk, bund, every skin, We'll rin them aff in fusion, Like oil some day.

Whipping
The skin and flesh.

<sup>8</sup> A heist in a rope.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Deafen.
<sup>6</sup> A maten.

<sup>\*</sup> The devil in the good old times witched the I aigh Kirk like a haif sleeping cat, there being no need for watchfulness. In the new regime he was altogether put to flight.

gether put to flight.

1 Author of the "Essay on Truth,"

1 "New Light" is a cant phrase, in the west of Scotland, for those religious opinions which De T vilor of Norwich has defended so strenuously.—B

# ADDRESS TO THE UNCO GUID, OR THE RIGHTEOUS

"My son, these maxims make a rule,
And lump them aye thegather:
The right righteous is a fool,
'The right wise aunther:
The cleanest corn that e'er was dight
May hae some pyles o' caff in,
So ne'er a fellow-creature slight
For random fits o' daffin,"—SOLOMON.—Eccles, VII. 16.

O YE wha are sae guid yoursel,
Sae poors and sae holy,
L'e've nought to do but har's and tell
Your netbour's fauts and folly!
Whase life is like a weel-gaun mill,
Supplied wi'store o' water,
The heapet happer's cloting still,
And still the clap plays clatter.

Hear me, ye venerable core,
As counsel for poor mortals,
That frequent pass douce Wisdom's door
For glaikit Pfolly's portals;
I, for their thoughtless, careless sakes,
Would here propone defences,
Their donsie teacks, their black mistakes,
Their failings and mischances.

Ye see your state wi' theirs compared, And shudder at the niffer,<sup>4</sup> But cast a moment's fair regard, What maks the mighty duffer? Discount what scant occasion gave That purity ye pride in, And (what's aft mair than a' the lave) Your better art o' hiding.

Think, when your castigated puls:
Gies now and then a wallon.
What ragings must his veins convulse,
That still eternal gallop:
Wi' wind and tide fair i' your tail,
Right on ye scud your sea-way;
But in the teeth o' bath to sail,
It makes an unco lee-way.

•See social life and glee sit down, All joyous and unthinking,

ber. Senseless

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Unlucky.

Till, quite transmugnified, they're grown
Debauchery and drinking:
Oh would they stay to calculate
t The eternal consequences:
Or your more dreaded hell to state,
Dannation of expenses!

Ve high; exalted, virtuous dames,
Tred up in godly laces,
Before ye gie poor fiailty names,
5 ippose a change o' cases;
A dear-loved lad, convenience sing,
A treacherous inclination—
But, let me whisp a r'your ling,
Ve're gibha ' nac temptation.

Then gently scan your by thei man,
Still gentler sister won a r;
Though they may gang a keunin's wrang,
To step aside, s human:
One point must still be greatly dark —
The moving asiy they do it;
And just as lainely can ye mark
How far perhaps they rae it

Who made the heart, 'tis He alone'
Decidedly can try us,
He knows each chord—its various tone
Each spring—its various bias.
Then at the balance let's be mute,
We never can adjust it,
What's done we parify may compute,
But know not what's resisted.

#### THE INVENTORY.

IN ANSWER TO A MANDALL IN THE SURVEYOR OF TAXIS.

MR CHAMBERS says - "The 'Inventor," was written in answer to a mandate ent by Mr Aiken of Ayr, the surveyor of windows, earl, es, &c., for the district, to each farmer, ordering him to send a signed list of his her es, servants, wheel-carriages, &c., and to state whether he was a mirried man or a brokelon and also the number of his children. The poem is chiefly remarkable for the information it gives concerning the farm, the household, and the habits of Burns."

SIR, as your mandate did request, SIR, as your mandate did request, SIR, as you here a faithfu' list O' guids and a' my giaith, To which I'm clear to gie my aith.

Imprime, then, for carriage cattle, I have four littles o' gal'ant mettle,

As ever diew afoie a pettle.1 My han'-afore's 2 a guid auld has-been, And wight and wilfu' a' his days been. My han'-ahm's a weel-gaun filly, That aft has borne me hame frae Killie. And your auld burro' mony a time, In days when riding was nae crime-But ance, when in my wooning pride, I, like a blockhead boost to ride, The wilfu' creature sae I pat to, (Lord, paidon a' my sins, and that too!) I play'd my filly sic a shavie,5 She's a' bedevil'd wa' the spavie. My fix-ahm's a worthy beast, As e'er in ting or tow was traced. The fourth's a Highland Donald hastic, A damn'de ed-wud Kilburnie blastie! For bye a cowte,7 o' cowte the wale,8 As ever ian afoie a tail: If he be spared to be a beast, He'll draw me fifteen pun' at least.

Wheel-carriages I hae but few. Three carts, and twa are feekly new; An add wheelbarrow, man for token Ae leg and baith the trains are broken; I made a poker o' the spin le, And my auld mither brunt the trin'le.

For men, I've three mischievous boys, Rinn-deils for rantm' and for noise. A gandsman ane, a thinsher t'other, Wee Davoe hands the nowte in fother. In rule them, as I ought, discreetly, And aften labour them completely; And aye on Sindays duly, nightly, I on the question targe. If them, ightly, Till, faith, wee Davoe's turn'd sae gleg, It Though scarcely langer than my leg, Ite'll screed you aff I freetual Calling. As fast as ony in the dwalling.

I've nane in female servan' station, (Lord, keep me aye frac a' temptation!)

1 A plough spide
2 The foremost horse on the left-hand in the plough
3 The hindmost horse on the left-hand in the plough
4 Must needs
5 A trick
6 The hindmost horse on the right-hand in the plough
7 A cole
8 Choice
9 Nearly
10 Keeps the cattle in fodder
11 Task,
12 So ship

<sup>\*</sup> Kılmarnock

<sup>†</sup> The answer to a leading question in the Shorter Catechism

I hae nae wife, and that my bliss is, And ye hae laid nae tax on misses; And then, if kirk folks dinna clutch me, I ren the devils darena touch me. Wi' weans I'm mair than weel contented, Ileaven sent me ane mair than I wanted My sonsie, smirking, dear-bought Bess, \* She stares the daddy in her face, Enough of ought you like but grace; But her, my bonny sweet wee lady, I've paid enough for her already, And gin ye tax her or her mither, B' the Lord! ye'se get them a' thegither.

And now, remember, Mr. Aiken, Nae kind of licence out I'in takin'; Frae this time forth I do de lare, I'se ne'er ride ho, se nor his se mair; I'mough dirt and dub for life I'll paidle, Ere I sae dear pay for a'saddle; My travel a' on foot I'll shank' it, I've sturdy bearers, Gude be thankit. The kirk and you may tak you that, It puts but little in your pat; Sae dinna put me in your buke, Nor for my ten hite shillings luke.

This list wi' my ain hand I've wrote it,
The day and date as under noted:
Then know all ye whom it concerns,
Subscript hine,
ROBERT BURNS.

HoseGIEL, February 22, 1786.

## TO A MOUNTAIN DAISY,

ON TERNING ONE DOWN WITH THE PLOUGH IN APRIL 1786.

Mr. Cramers says - "The 'Mount in Darry' was composed as the poet has related, at the plough. The field where he crushed the 'Wes, modest, crimon-upped flower' has next to that in which he turned up the next of the mouse; and both are on the farm of Mossgiel, and still shown to anxious inquirers by the neighbouring peasantry."

WEF, modest, crimson-tipped flower, Thou's met me in an evil hour; For I matin crush among the stoure. Thy slender stem:

To spare thee now is past my power, Thou bonny gem.

Alas! it's no thy neibor sweet, The bonny lank, companion meet,

<sup>1</sup> Comely 2 Tramp. 5 Walk. 4 Dust.

<sup>\*</sup> An illegitimate child born to the poet by a female servant of his mother's.

Bending thee 'mang the dewy weet,
Wi' speckled breast,
When upward springing, blithe, to greet
The purpling east.

Cauld blew the bitter-biting north Upon the early, humble, birth, Yet cheerfully thou glinted forth Amid the storm, Scarce rear'd above the parent earth Thy tender form.

The flaunting flowers our gardens yield, High sheltering woods and wa's main shield; But thou, beneath the random bield?

O' clod or state, Adorns the histic<sup>3</sup> stibble-field, Unseen, alanc.

There, in thy scanty mantle clad, Thy snawie bosom sun ward spread, Thou lifts thy unassuming head

But now the share uptears thy bed,
And low thou hes!

Such is the fate of aitless maid, Sweet floweret of the rural shade! By love's simplicity betray'd,

And guileless trust,
Till slie, like thee, all soil'd, is laid

• Low i' the dust.

Such is the fate of simple bard, On life's rough ocean luckless starr'd I Unskilful he to note the card

Of prudent lore,
Till billows rage, and gales blow hard,
And whelm him o'er !

Such fate to suffering worth is given,
Who long with wants and woes has triven,
By human pride or cunning driven
To misery's brink,

Till, wrench'd of every stay but Heaven, He, rum'd, sink!

Even thou who mourn'st the Daisy's fate,
That fate is thine—no distant date;
Stern Rum's ploughshare drives, clate,
Full on thy bloom,
Till, crush'd beneath the furrow's weight,
Shall be thy doom!

#### LAMENT,

OCCASIONED BY THE PINEGRAL NATE ISSUE OF A PRIEND'S AMOUR.

After a specking of the uprover lasted against him by the appearance of "Holy Willie's Praver," when "the unagend," the over righteous, were endeavouring to device some means of procenting their duing assal int, his imfortunate worldly circimistances give some of them an opportunity which he supposed they would not be slow to follow up of laying him by the heels in prison. He says "Unluckily for me, my wanderings led me on another side, within point-lank shot of their heiviest metil. This is the infortunate story that gave use to my printed poem. The Lament. This was a most melancholy iff in, which I come yet be it to reflect on, and had very nearly given me one or two of the principal qualifications for a place among those who have lost the chart, and inistiken the reckoning of ration little. I had been for some days staking from covert to covert, under all the terrors of a jul, as some illustration the lest farewell of my faw friends, my thest was on the road to forcement, I had composed that I st some I so add ever measure in Caledonia, "The Gloomy Night is Cathering Fait," what letter from Dr. Blakkock to a fixed of man overthing all my schimes, I spenying new prospects to my poors ambition."

poorly ambition."

'It is crucely necessary,' Officer Burns cays, "to menton that 'The Lament' was composed on that unfortunate passary in his matrimonial history which I have mentioned in my kiner to Mrs. Dunlop, Jahrding to his connection with Jean Armoni I. Mier the first distraction of his feelings had subseted, that connection could no longer be concented. Robert dust not engage with a family in his poet in citled state, but was invious to shirld his partner by every means in his power, from the consequences of their binpundence. It was agreed, therefore, between the consequences of their binpundence. It was agreed, therefore, but will not private marriage that he should go to Jamanca to first has been a negative to the father till at might please. Providence to put the means of supporting a heavily in his power."

"Alis! how oft does goodness wound it elf, And sweet affection prove do pring of woe!"--Hour.

O THOU pale orb, that silent shines. While care-initioalled fundals sleep? Thou seest a waetch that inly pines, And wanders here to will and weep! With woe I nightly vigils keep. Beneath thy wan, unwanning beam. And mount, in lamentation deep, Ifow life and love are all a dicam.

I joyless view thy rays adom
The faintly-marked distant full
I joyless view thy trendling horn,
Reflected in the guading full;
My fondly-fluttering heart, be stid!
Thou husy power, remembrance, cease!
Ah! must the againsing thrill
For ever har returning peace!
No idly-feign'd poetic pains
My sad, leve-koin lainentings claim;
No shepherd's pipe—Arcadian strains;
No fabled tortures, quaint and tame;
The plighted faith; the mutual flame;

The off-atte-ted Powers above;

The promised father's tender name;
These were the pledges of my love!

Encircled in her clasping aims,

How have the raptured moments flown,
How have I wish it for fortune's charms,
For her dear sake, and hers alone!
And must I think it is she gone,
My secret heart's exulting boast?
And does she heedless hear my groan?
And is she ever, ever lost?

Oh! can she hear so base a heart,
So lost to honour; lost to trith,
As from the fondest lover part,
The plighted husband of her youth?
Alas I life's path may be unsmooth!
Her way may be through rough distress!
Then, who her pangs and pans will soothe,
Her sorrows share, and make them less?

Ye wing'd hours that o'er us pass d,
Emaptured more, the more enjoy'd,
You dear remembrance in my breast
My fondly-treasured thoughts employ'd.
That breast, how dreary now, and vord,
For her too scanty once of room!
Even every ray of hope destroy'd,
And not a write to gild the gloom!

The moin that wains th' approaching day Awakes me up to toil and woe:

I see the hours in long array,
That I must suffer, lingering, slow.
Full many a pane and in my a throe,
Keen recollection's dir ful train,
Mast wring my soul, ere Phelpis, low,
Shall kiss the distant, western main.

And when my nightly couch I try,
Sore harass'd out with care and good,
My toil-beat nerves, and tear-worn eye,
Keep watchines with the nightly thef:
Or if I slumber, fancy, chief,
Reigns harguid wild, in sore aftright:
Even day, all-bitter, hung-sichef
From such a horror-breathing night.

O thou bight queen, who o'er th' expanse
Now highest reign'st, with boundless sway!
Oft has thy alent-marking glance
'Observed us, fondly wandering, stray!
The time, unheeded, sped away,
While love's luxurious pulse beat high,

Beneath thy silver-gleaming ray.

To mark the mutual kindling eye.

Oh! scenes in strong remembrance set!
Scenes, never, never, to return!
Scenes, if in stupor I forget,
Again I feel, again I burn!
From every joy and pleasure torn,
I afe's weary vale I'll wander through;
And hopeless, comfortless, I'll mourn
A faithless woman's broken yo

### DI SPONDENCY:

AN ODE

In speaking of this poem, Burns says, "I think it is one of the greatest pleasures attending a poetic genuis, that we can give our woes, cares, joys, and loves, an embodied form in verse, which to me is ever immediate case."

OPPRESS'D with guef, oppress'd with care, A burden more than I can bear, I set me down and sigh:
O life! thou art a galling load,
Along a rough, a weary read,
To wretches such as I!
Dim, backward, as I cast my view,
What sickening scenes appear!
What sorrows yet may pierce me through,
Too justly I may fear!
Still caring, despairing,
Must be my bitte, doom:
My woes here shall close ne'er,
But with the closing tomb!

Happy, ye sons of busy life,
Who, equal to the bustling strife,
No other view regard!
Even when the wishedend's denied,
Yet, while the busy means are pixed,
They bring their own reward:
Whilst I, a hope-abandon'd wight,
Unfitted with an aim,
Meet every sad returning night
And joyless morn the same;
You, bustling, and justling,
Forget each grief and pain;
I, listless, yet restless,
Find every prospect vain.

How blest the solitary's lot,
Who, all-forgetting, all-forgot,
Within his humble cell,
The cavern wild with tangling roots,
Sits o'er his newly-gather'd fruits,

Beside his crystal well!

Or, haply, to his evening thought,

By unfrequented stream,

The ways of men are distant brought,

A faint collected dream;

While praising, and raising

Its thoughts to Heaven on his

As, wand'ring, meand'ring,

He views the solemn sky.

Than I, no lonely hermit placed
Where never human footstep traced,
Less fit to play the part;
The lucky moment to improve,
And fust to stop, and just to move,
With self-respecting art:
But, ah! those pleasures, loves, and joys
Which I too keenly taste,
The solitary can despise,
Can want, and yet be blest!
Ife needs not, he heeds not,
Or human love or hate,
Whilst I here must cry here

At perficy ingrate!

Oh! enviable, early days,
When dancing thoughtless pleasure's maze,
To care, to guilt unknown!
How ill exchanged for riper times,
To feel the follies, or the crimes,
Of others, or my own!
Ye tiny elves that guiltless sport,
Like linnets in the bush,
Ye little know the ills ye court,
When manhood is your wish!
The losses, the crosses,
That active man engage!
The fears all,
Of dim declining age!

#### OUE TO RUIN.

CURRIE says .—"It appears from internal evidence that the above lines were composed in 1786, when 'Hungry Rum had hun in the wind' The 'dart' that' Cut my dearest tie,

And quivers in my heart,'

is evidently an allusion to his separation from his 'bonny Jean' Burns stems to have glauced into futurity with a prophetic eye images of misery and woe durkened the distant vista' and when he looked back on his career he saw little to console him —'I have been, this morning,' he observes, 'raking a peep through, as Yaing finely says, "the dark postern of time long elapsed." 'Twas a rueful prospect! What a tissue of thoughtlessness, weakness, and folly! My life reininded me of a ruined temple. What strength, what proportion, in some parts! What unsuchtly gaps, what prostrate ruins in others!

I kneeled down before the Falher of mercies and said, "Fuher, I have sinned against heaven, and in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called the son" I rose, eased and strengthened."

ALL hail ! mexorable lord ! At whose destruction-breathing word The mightiest empires fall! Thy cruel, woe-delighted train, The ministers of grief and pain, A sullen welcome, all ! W th stem-resolved, despaning eye, I see each aimèil dart ; For one has cut my dearest tie, And quivers in my heart. Then lowering and pouring, . The storm no noie I dread; Though thick ning and black ning. I and my devoic head And thou gire power, by life abhorr'd, While life a pleasing can afford, Oh I hear a wretch's prayer! No more I shrink appall'd, afraid; I court, I be thy friendly aid To close this scene of raic! When shall my sold, in silent peace, Resign life's joyless day, My weary heart its thro'dongs cease, Cold moddering in the clay? No fear more, no tear more, To stun my lifeless face, Enclasped, and emspid

# ANDRESS OF BLEEZEBUB 10 THE HILLSON FOR THE ARGUMAND SOCIETY

Witten thy cold cinbrace !

The instory of this poem is as follows—"O' Tuesday, May is, there was noting of the Highland's Society at London for the encouragement of the fishering in the Highland's Society at London for the encouragement of the fishering in the Highland's Society at those and pounds were insteaded with safety and agreed to fire addition morned the necting that five hundred persons had agreed to enterprise from the estates of Mr. Madonald of Glengarry, that they had subscribed money, purchased slip, &e, to carry their design into effect. The noblement and gentlement agreed to co-speciate with Government to fristrate their design, and to recommend to the principal noblement and gentlement in the Highland's to end it is are to prevent languation, by improving the fisheries, agriculture, and in ministries, and princularly to enter note a subscription for that purpose "—Fambia, h. Advertiser of 3 th. May 1756. In view of the indignate received some fire on or twenty years ago og must the foreible eviction of poor people from estate in the High ands of Scotland, the reader of to-day may be paraloned feeling as as surprise at the expression of the poet's feelings against a laudible attempt to retain his countrymen in independence on their native soit. The Address first appeared in the Scits Ma, asine with the following heading —"To the Right Honourable the Earl of Breadthane, President of the Right Honourable and Honourable the Highland Society, which net on the 23d of May last, at the Shakespeare, Covent Garden, to

concert ways and means to finstrate the designs of five hundred. Highlanders, who, as the Society were informed by Mr. M.— of A.——s, were so and crows as to attempt an escape from their lawful loads and masters, whose property they were, by emigrating from the lands of Mr. Macdonald of Clengarry, to the wilds of Canada, in search of that furtastic thing Liberty."

LONG life, my lord, and health be youis, Unscarth'd by hunger'd Highland boors; Lord, grant nac duddie desperate beggar, Wi' dirk, claymore, or rusty trigger, May twm auld Scotland o' a life She likes—as lambkins like a knife. Faith, you and Applecross2 were right To keep the Highland hounds in sight; I doubt na! they wad bid nae better Then let them ance out owre the water; Then up among that lakes and seas They'll mak what rules and Itws they please; Some daring Hancock, or or Frenklin, May set then Highland blend a-ranklin', Some Washington again may head them, Or some Montgomery, fearle's lead them, Till God knows what may be effected When by such heads and hearts directed-Poor daughill sons of dat and muc May o Patrician rights aspire! Nae sage North, now, not sager Sackville, To witch and premier o'er the pack vile. And whate will ye get Howes and Clintons To bring them to a right repentance, To cost the rebel generation, And save the horom of the nation? Trey and be damn'd! what right has they To meat or sleep, or light o'diy? Far less to riches, power, or freedom, But what your loadship likes to gie them? But hear, my lord! Glengarry, hear! Your hand's owie light on them, I fear ! Your fictors, grickes, the tees, and bulles, I canna say but they do gayhes,1 hey lay aside o' tender mercies, nd tul the hallions to the birses;4 et\_while they 15 only poind't and beiriet,b hey'll keep then stubborn Highland spirit; nt smash them " crash them a" to spails 🕪 nd rot the dyvors? i' the juls! he young dogs swinge them to the labour, et wark and hunger mak them sober! he hizzies, if they're aughtlins fawsont,9

Ragged
 Mackenzie of Appl cross

<sup>3</sup> Pretty well

<sup>4</sup> And strip the clowns to 7 Binkrapts the skin 8 Whip

<sup>5</sup> Sold out and despoiled 5 The grils if they be at 6 Chips all handsome

Let them in Drury Lane be lesson d ! And if the wives and dirty brats E'en thigger 1 at your doors and yetts,2 Flaffan wi' duds and gray wi' beas',3 Fiightin' awa' your deucks and geese, Get out a horsewhip or a jowler,4 The langest thong, the fiercest growler, And gar the tatter'd gypsies pack Wi' a' their bastards on their back! Go on, my lord! I lang to meet you, And in my house at hame to greet you; Wi' common lords ye shanna mingle; The benmost neul: beside the ingle, At my right han' assign'd your seat, . Tween Herod's hip and Polycrate, --Or if you on your station tarrow,7 Between Almagro and Pizar &, . A seat, I'm sure ye're weel deservin't; And till ye come-Your humble servant, BLELZEBUB.

June 1st, Anno Mundi, 5790 [A D 1786]

# A DREAM

The friends of the poet tried hard to prevent the publication of this poem without success, judging rightly that it would injure his prospects with the Government. He introduces it as follows.—

"Thoughts, words, and deeds, the statute blames with reason; But surely dreams were ne er indicied treason."

On reading in the public papers the Laureate's "Ode," with the other prade of June 4, 1786, the author was no sooner dropt asleep than he imagined himself transported to the birthday levee; and in his dreaming fancy made the following ADDRINS --BURNS (

GUID-MORNIN' to your Majesty!
May Heaven augment your blisses,
On every new birthday ye see,
A humiffe poet wishes!
My bardship here, at your levee,
"On sic a day as this is,

1 Heg. 4 A dog 6 Fire-place. 7 Complain. 3 Fluttering in rags and gray with verment.

\* Thomas Warton then filled the office. His ode for June 4, 2786, begins as follows .—

"When Recedom nur-ed her native"fire In ancient Greece, and ruled the lyre. Her bards disdainful, from the tyrant's brow, The tinsel gifts of flattery tore, But paid to guiltless power their willing yow And to the throne of virtuous kings," &c.

On these verses, the rhyrnes of the Ayrshire bard must be allowed to form an odd enough commentary -- CHAMBERS

POEMS

L sure an uncouth sight to see, Among that buthday diesses Sae fine this day.

I see ye're complimented thrang,
By many a lord and lady;
"God save the lang" 's a cuckoo san'r
That's unco easy said aye,
The poets, too, a venal gang,
Wi' thymes weel-turn'd and ready,
Wad gar ye trow ye ne'er do wrang,
But aye unering steady,
Qu'sic a day

Former, before a monarch's face,
Even there I winn a flatter.
For norther pension, post, nor place,
Ant I your humble debtor.
So, nae reflection on your grace,
Your kingship to bespatter;
There's mony warr been o' the race,
And aiblins I are been better
Than you this day.

This care true, my sover ign king, My skill may weel be doubted. But facts are chiefs that winna ding,? And downa? be disputed: Your royal nest, beneath your wing, As e'en right reft and clouted,! And now the third part of the string, And less, will gaing about it Than did as day,."

Far be't frac me that I aspue
To blame your kgislation,
Or say, ye wisdom want, or fire,
"To rule this mighty nation."
But, faith ! I mugkle doubt, my sire,
Ye've trusted ministration
To chaps,? what, in a bain or byre,
Wad better fill'd then station
Than courts you day.

And now ye've gien auld Britain peace,
Ifer holen slims to plaister:
Your sair taxation does her fleece,
Till she has scarce a tester:
For me, thank God, my life's a lease,
Nae bargain wearing faster,

· bedrows.

l'erhaps.
Beat.

<sup>8</sup> Dare not 4 Broken and patched

<sup>\*</sup> The poet alludes here to the great diminution of the king's territory by it elisastrous hade of the American war

Or, faith ! I fear that wi' the geese,
I shortly boost! to pastme
I' the craft some day.

II'm no mistinsting Wilhe Pitt,
When taxes he enlarges,
(And Will's a true guid fallow's get,\*
A name not envy spanges,\*)
That he miends to pay you debt,
And lessen a' your charges;
But, God-sake 1 let nac saving fit
Abridge your bonny barges †
And boats this day.

Adien, my hege! may Freedom gock?
Benegth you high protection.
And may you rax? Coreption's need.
Ane gicher for discense!
But since I'm here, I'll no neglect,
In loyal, true affection,
To pay your queen, with due respect,
My fealty and subjection
This great birthday.

Hail, Majesty Most Exesilent!
While nobles strive to please ye,
Will ye accept a compliment
A simple poet gies ye?
Thae bonne bann-time! He iven has lent,
Still higher may they heeze? ye.
In bliss, till fate some day is sent,
For ever to release ye.
Frae care that day.

For you, young potentate o Wales,
I tell your Highness fairly,
Down pleasure's steam, wi'swelling sals,
I in tantil ve're driving raicly;
But some day ye may gnaw your nail
And curse your foll, sanly,
That e'er ye brak Diana's pales,
Or rattled dice wi Charlies,
By night or day.

Yet aft a tagged cowte's been known. To mak a noble aiver, 7

1 Behove 4 Spote
2 Bospatiers 5 Raise 7 Herse
3 Laft her head 70

<sup>\*</sup> A good fellow citing This is not the only compliment Burns pays to the Eart of Chatha 
† In allusion to an attempt to ind or the lowering of the strength of the rivy 
‡ Family of children

<sup>1</sup> he Right Hon Charles James F

So, ye may doucely! fill a throne, For a' then clish-ma-claver,? Then but at Agmcourt\* wha shoes, Few better were or braver: And yet, wi' finny, queer Su John † He was an unco shaver!

• For mony a day

For yon, right reverend Osnabing ‡
Nane sets the lawn-sleeve sweeter,
Although a ribbon at your ling
Wad been a diess completer.
As ye disown you paughty‡ dog
That bears theskeys o' Peter,
Thon, swith! and get a wife to hay,
Or, trouth! ye'll stam the notic
Some luckless day.

Young Toyal Tany Breeks, § I learn, Ye've lately come athwart her, A glorious galleysi steff and tern, Weel rigg'd for Venus' barter; But hist hang ont, that she'll discere. Your hymeneal charter, Then heave abound your grapple-airn, And, large upon her quarter.

Come full that day.

Ye, lastly, bonny blossoms a',
Ye royal lasses danny,
Ifcaven mak you guid as weel as braw.
And gie you lads a-plenty.
But sneer na British boys awa',
For kings are into scant ave;
And German η ritles are but sina',
They're bettω just than want aya
On ony day.

God bless you a' t consider now Ye re mico muckle dautit; But cre the course o' life be thrown. It may be bitter sautit. And I have seen then copies for, But or the day was done, I trow, The lagger they have clautit?

Fu' clean that day

```
1 Wisely
2 Idle scane
4 A wicked
```

<sup>4</sup> Haughty 5 200 much flattered 5 Silted

<sup>&</sup>quot; Platter folk " Grundled " Dacy have out the dish

<sup>\*</sup> King Henry V - B † Sir John Falstaff vide Shakesja He Duke of York § William IV, then Duke of Clar Alluding to the newspaper account of the royal sailor's amoun

#### THE HOLY FAIR

Tars is at a casthe beliefest and the ablest of the shafts Burns shot at the abuses of the Church of Scotland. No one who has not been present at one of these scenes of piety and revelry, can form any idea of the appetite the lower orders of the Scotch country people have for a strong dose of religia and rough excesses commined. The publication of "The Holy Fin" data to the mutate the evil, although in outlying districts such some, were to be witnessed up to

a very recent period

As many as half a dozen clergymen used to be engaged for the day's services and amongst them there was a rivalry for the mastery, the mounting of the restrum by a poor preacher being the signal for an adjournment to the refreshment tents, and the provision-baskets, while the appearance of a man of fluent speech and strong lungs would at once recall the errant crowd and subdue them t i quietness and attention.

Holy Fair is a common phrase in the west of Scotlands for a sacramental excession  $-B_0^{(i)}$ 

" A robe of scenar rinth and trust And secret librar, with par ou'd crust, The dirk of Defamation A mask that he the gorger show'd, Dive-varying on the pigeon, And for a mantle, by ze and broad He wrapt him in Religion, ' - Hypocrisv i la Mode

UPON a simmer Sunday mora, When Nature's face is fair, I walked forth to view the corn, And snuff the callet 1 an. The rising sun owie Galston \* minis, Wi' glorious light was glintin', The hairs were Implinatedown the furs,4 The lav'rocks they were chantin' Fu' sweet that day

As lightsomely I glower'd abroad, To see a scene sac gay, Three hizzies,5 early at the road, Cam skelpne up the way, Twa had manteeles o' delem' black, But ane wi' lyari" hining; The third, that gaed a wee a back, Was in the fashion shining I'n' gay that day.

The twa appear d like sisters twin, In fature, form, and claes, Then visage, wither'd lang, and thin, And wig as ony slaes: The third cam up, hap-step-and-lowp, As light as ony lamble,

1 bicsh 2 falancin ; 8 Lamping 4 FLITOWS 5t Wenche 6 Grav.

And wi' a curchie low did stoop, As soon as e'er she saw me, I'u' kind that daw.

Wi' bonnet aff, quoth I, "Sweet laz;
I think ye seem to ken me;
I'm sure I've seen that bonny face,
But yet I cann name ye"
Quo' she, and laughin' as she spak,
And taks me by the hands,
"Ye, for my sake, hae gien the feck!
Of a' the ten commands

A screed some day.

"My name is Fun—your crony dear,
I he nearest fixed ye hae;
And this is Superstition here,
And this I Superstition here,
And that's Hypoensy.
I'm grun to Mauchine holy fan,
To spend an hour in defin';
Gin ye'll go there, you runkled pair,
We will get famous laughin',
At them this day."

Quoth I, "With a' my heart, I'll do't, I'll get my Sunday's sark on, And meet you on the holy spot, Faith, we'se hae fine remarkm'!"

Then I gaed hame at crowdie-time, And soon I made me ready;
For roads were clad, frae side to side, Wi' mony a weary body,

In droves that day.

Here farmers ga Ji, 4 in ridin' graith, Gaed hoddin by then cotters, There, swaal ies 5 young, in braw braid clarib, Are springin' owne the gutters.
The lasses, skelpin' barefit, thiang, In silks and scarlets glitter;
Wi'sweet-milk cheese, in mony a whong, 7 And fails, 8 baked wi' butter,
Fu' crump that day

When by the plate we set our nose, Weel heaped up wi halpence, A gree by glower Black-bonnet throws,

1 B ilk. 2 Sport 3 Breakfast time. 4 Well to do 5 Julius 6 Saiphags 7 Cat 5 Cakes!

A colloquial appellation bestowed on the thurch elders or der ors, who in landward parishes in the olden time generally were black bouncts on Sundays, when they officiated at "the plate" in making the usual collection for the poor. —MOTHERWEIL.

POEMS. 102

> And we mann draw our typpence Then in we go to see the show, On every sale they're gath'im', Some carrying dails, some chairs and stools And some are busy bleth'rm'? Right lond that day.

Here stands a shed to fend the showers, And screen our country gentry, There Racer Jess,\* and twa-three whores, Are blinkin' at the cutry Here sits a raw of tittlin's jades, Wi' heaving bij ast and bure neck, And there a bitch o' wabster lads, Blackgdanling frac Kilmernock, For fun to day.

Here, some are Jhinkin' on tuen sins, And some upo' their claes, Ane curses feet that fyled his shins, Another sighs and prays: On this hand sits a chosen swatch,5 Wi' sciew'd-up, grace-pipud faces; On that a set o' chaps at watch, Thrang winkin' on the lasses To chans that day.

Oh, happy is that man and blest! Nac wonder that it pride him ! Whase am dear lass, that he likes be ta Comes clinkin' down lesale him! Wi' aim reposed on the chair-back, He sweetly does compose him, Which, by degrees, slips round her neck, An's loof upon her bo on, Unkerned that day.

Now a' the congregation  $\phi \in$ ls silent expectation . For Moodic Espeels? the holy door, Wi' (edings o' damnation Should Horne, as in ancient drys, 'Mang sons o' God present him,

1 Planks, or boards, to 3 Whopering, 6 3 Lind Smled Climbs 2 I dlang loudly ... 5 Sample.

† Moodie was the mainter of Recention, and one of the seroes of "The Twa Hards."

<sup>\*</sup> The following notice of Ricer Jess appeared in the rewspapers of February 1913 - "Died at Minchline a few weeks since, Janet Coson, consigner to immortality by Bains in his 'Holy Par,' under the trif appellation of 'Racer Jess'. She was the deciphter of 'Poosie Nanse 'who figures in 'The Jelly Beggirs'. She was translable for her pidestrian prices, and some time standong distances to a wiger."

FOEVS.

the very sight o' Moodie's face
To's am het hame had sent him
Wi' fright that day.

Hear how no clears the points o' faith Wi' i utilin' and wi' thimpin'!

Now meekly calm, now wild in wrath, He's stampin and he's jumpin'!

His lengthen'd chin, his turn'd-up snout, His eldritch' squeal, and gestines, Oh, how they fire the heart devont, Take cauthandian plasters,

On sic a day!

But, hark! the tent has changed its voice! There's peace and rest had larger:
For a' the real judges use.
They canna sit for ange?
Smith opens out his cauld harangues.
On practice and on metals;
And aff the godly pour in thrangs,
To gie the jars and barrels.
A lift that day.

What signifies his barren shine
Of moral powers and reason?
His English style, and gestine fine,
Are a' clean out o' season.
Lake Sociates or Antonine,
Or some anild pagan heathen,
The moral man by does define,
Put ne'er a word o' faith in
That's right that day

In guid time comes an antidote
Against sic poison'd is stimm;
For Peebles, frae the Water-fit,†
Ascends the holy rostrum;
See, up he's got the Word o' God,
And meek and mimi² has view'd it,
While Common Sense! has ta'en the road.
And's aff and up the Cowgate,§

• Fast, fast, that day.

#### 1 U carthle

2 Primly

Ar (afterwards Dr.) George Smith, minister of Galston. Britis intended a complainent bere on his rational mode of preaching, but the revegentiemen did not appreciate the effort.

t the Rey Mr (afferwards Dr ) With an Peebles, muster of Newton up in-Av. sometimes named, from its situation the Water-fit

<sup>\*</sup> Dr. Mackenzie, then of Mauchline, afterwards of Livine, had recently conducted some village controversy under the little of "Common Scase". Some local commentators are of common that he, and not the personned abstraction, is meant.

is meant. Probably both are nichided

<sup>§</sup> A street so called which faces the tent in Manchine B

Wee Miller \* neist the guard relieves, And orthodoxy raibles,1 Though in his heart he weel believes And thinks it auld wives' fables : But, faith! the birkie wants a manse, So, cannily he hums them; Although his carnal wit and sense Like hafflm-ways? o'crcomes him At times that day.

Now 1 ut and ben the change-house fills Wi' yill-camp commentators: Here's crying out for bakes and gills, And there the pint-stoup clatters; While thick and thrang, and loud and lang Wi' logic and wi' Scriptu e, They raise a din, that, in the end, Is like to breed a impluie " O' wrath that day.

Lecze me on drink! it gies us mair Than cither school or college: It kindles wit, it wankens lan, It pangs us fou o' knowledge. Be't whisky gill, or penny wheep, Or ony stronger potion, It never fails, on drinking deep, To kittle up our notion By night or day.

The lads and lasses, blithely bent, To mind baith saul ainPhody, Sit round the table weel content, And steer about the today. On this ane's dress, and that ane's lenk, They're making observations. And forming a sign itions To meet some day

But now the Lord - am trumpet touts, I'll a' the hills are rain', nd echous back return the shouts, Black Russell Fisher spaim';

Shug to the conter I Rattles 8 Cakes 4 Rouse 2 Half-way.

\* The Rev Mr Miller, afterwards minister of Kilm ints. He was of remark-

\*\* Fig. Rev. Mr. Brinet, interwards of minister of the chapel of ease, Kilmar-bly law strate, but normons girth † The Rev. John Russell, it this time minister of the chapel of ease, Kilmar-sek, afterwards minister of Surling—one of the heroes of "The Twa Herds" "He was," siks a correspondent of Cummigham's, "the most fremendous man I ever saw. Blick Hugh Macpherson was a beauty in comparison. His voice and the same of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison. was like thunder, and his sentiments were such as must have shocked any class of hearers in the least more refined than those whom he usually addressed.

His piercing words, like Highland swords.
Divide the joints and marrow;

His talk o' hell, whare devils dwell;
Our vera sauls does harrow\*

Wi' fright that day

A vast, embottom'd, boundless pit, Fill'd fu' o' lowm' brunstane, .

Whase ragin' flame, and scorelin' host Wad melt the hudest whunstane!

The half-asleep start up wi fear, And think they hear it roam', When presently it does appear 'I was but some neibor snoim' Asleep that day.

'Twad be owre lang a tale to tell
How many stories past,
And how they crowded to the yill
When they were a' dispust:
How drink gaed round, in cogs and caups,
Among the forms and benches:
And cheese and bread, frac women's laps,
Was dealt about in lunches,
And dauds that day.

In comes a gaucie, gash 2 guidwife,
And sits down by the fire,
Syne draws her kebbuck 4 and her knife;
The lasses they are shyer.
The auld guidmen, about the grace,
Frac side to side they bother,
Till some ane by his bonnet lays,
And gies them't like a tether
Fu' lang that day.

Waesucks 13 for him that gets nae last, Or lasses that hae naething?

Sma' need has he to say a grace, Or melvic 5 his braw claithing!

O wives, be mindfu' ance yersel How bonny lads ye wanted,

And dinna, for a skebbuck-heel, 6

Let lasses be affronted

On sic a day!

Now Clinkumbell, wi' ratilin' tow,
Begins to jow and croon, 7
Some swagger hame, the best they dow, 9
Some wait the afternoon.

4 Alas.

<sup>1</sup> Lumps
2 Fat and homely
3 Cheese

<sup>5</sup> Soil. 6 (hee e-crust

<sup>7</sup> Sing and groan 8 Can.

<sup>\*</sup> Shake peare's "Hambet."—B.

At slaps, the bilbes, halt a blink, Till lasses stip their shoon: Wi' faith and hope, and love and drink, 'They're a' in famous time For crack that day.

How mony hearts this day converts
O' sinners and o' lasses!
Their hearts o' stane, gin night, are gane,
As a ft as ony flesh is.
There's some are fou o' love divine;
There's some are fou o' handy;
And mony jobs that day begin
May and in houghmagni by\*
Some that day.

# VERSES ON A SCOTCH BARD.

GONE TO THE WELL INDIES

Fur following lines were written when the poet meditated emigrating to jamue.

A' YE wha live by sowps o' drink,
A' ye wha live by crambo-clink,
A' ye wha live and never think,
Come, mounn wi' me Y
Our billie's gien us a' a jink, 4
And ogre the sca.

I Ament him a ve tantin' core,
Wha dearly like a random splure,"
Nac mair he'il join the meny toar
In social key,
For now he's even another shore,
And owice the sea!

The bouny lasses weel may wiss him,
And in their dear p titions place him:
The widows, wives, and as may bless him,
Wi'tearfu'ee;
For weel'I wat they'll sarly miss him
That's owie the sea!

() Forties, they have room to grumble! Hadst thou taken all some drowsy bumpile!

Bicaches in fen Lads Versifying 4 "Our friendh is cluded

C Bungke

Wha can do nought but fyke and fumble, 1
Twad been nae plea,
But he was gleg<sup>2</sup> as ony wumble, 3
That's owre the sea!

Auld cafitie Kyle may weepers wear, And stain them wi' the saut, sanfetear, Twill make her poor auld heart, I fear, In flinders\* flee, He was her laureate meny a year, That's owie the sea!

He saw misfortune's cauld nor'-west Lang mustering up a bitter blasts; A jillet blast his heart at last, Ill may she be! So; took a beith afore the mast, And owie the sea.

To tremble under Fortune's cummock, 6
On scarce a bellyfu' o' drimmock, '
Wi' his proud, independent stomach,
Could ill agree;
So, row't his hurdies na hammock,
And owre the sca.

He ne'er was gien to great misguiding, Yet com his pouches wadna bide in , Wi' him it ne'er was under hiding . He dealt it free The Muse was a' that he took pinde in That's owre the sea

Jamaica bodies, use him weel,
And hap him in a cozie biel,
A c'll find him ayesa dainty chiel,
And fu' o' glee;
He wadna wrang the very deil,
That's owre the see

Fareweel, my thyme-composing balle! You native soil was right ill-wille, But may ye floursh like whly, Now bomilie! I'll toast ye in my hindmost gille! Though owie the sea!

 <sup>1 °</sup> Make a fitss °
 5 Idt
 9 Warm shelter

 2 Sn up
 6 Pod
 10 kmdly fellor

 3 Wamble
 7 Meal and water
 11 My last gill

 4 Preces
 8 Wrapt his hams

#### A BARD'S EPITAPH.

Or this beautiful epitaph, which Burus wrote for himself, Wordsworth says,—"Here is a suigere and solemn avowal—a public declaration from his own will—a confession at once devout, poetical, and human—a history in the shape of a prophecy!"

> Is there a whim-inspired fool, Owre fast for thought, owre hot for rule, Owre blate to seek, owre proud to snool? Let him draw near, And Gare this grassy heap sing dool,

And drap a tear.

Is there a bard of justic song, Who, noteless, steals the crowds among, That weekly this area throng? Oh, pass not by! But, with a frater-feeling strong, . Here heave a sigh

Is there a man, whose jadgment clear Can others teach the course to steer, Yet runs himself life's mad career

Wild as the wave? Here pause-and, through the starting tear, Survey this grave.

The poor inhabitant below Was quick to learn, and wise to know And keenly felt the friendly glow, And softer flame

But thoughtless follies land him low, And stain'd his name!

Reader, attend—whether thy soul Soars fancy's flights beyond the pole, Or darking grubs this earthly hole, In low pursuit; Know, prudent, cautious self-control

### A DEDICATION TO GAVIN-HAMILTON, ESQ.

Is wisdom's root.

In the following dedication of his poems to Gavin Hamilton, the poet, after complimenting, very naturally has a fing at the "unco guid," who had persecuted his potron, well as hereall secuted his patron as well as himself.

> EXPLOY na, sir, in this narration, A fleetime, fleth'im's dedication, To roose4 you up, and ca' you guid, And sprung o' great and noble bluid, Because ye're surnamed like his Grace; Perhaps related to the race;

ROEMS. 109

Then when I'm tired, and sae are ye, Wi' mony a fulsome, sinfu' he,
Set up a face, how I stop short;
For fear your modesty be hurt.
This may do—maun do, sir, wi' them wha
Maun please the great folks for a wamefu';
For me! sae laigh² I needna bow,
For, Lord be thankit, I can plough;
And when I downa³ yoke a naig,
Then, Lord be thankit, I can beg;
Sae I shall say, and that's nae flatterin',
It's just sie poet, and sie patron.

The poet, some guid angel help him, Or else, I fear, some ill ane skelp him, He may do weel for a' he's done yet, But only—the's no just begun yet

The patron, (sir, ye maun forgie me, I winna lie, come what will o' me,) On every hand it will allow'd be, He's just—nac better than he should be,

I readily and ficely grant,
He down a see a poor man want;
What's no his ain he winna tak it,
What ance he says he winna break it,
Aught he can lend he'll no refus't,
Till aft his guidness is abused;
And rascals why less that do him wrang,
Even that he doesna mind it lang:
As master, landlord, husband, father,
He doesna fail his part in either.

But then nae thanks to him for a' that; Nae godly symptom ye can ca' that, It's naething but a milder feature. Of our poor sinfu', corrupt nature: Ye'll get the best o' moral works, 'Mang black Gentoos and pagan Turks, Or hunters wild on Ponotaxi, Wha never heard of orthodoxy. That he's the poor man's friend in need, It's no through terror of damnation, It's just a carnal inclination.

Morality, thou deadly bane, Thy tens o' thousands thou hast slain! Vain is his hope whose stay and trust is In moral inercy, truth, and justice!

y Cannot

1 Bellyful

No—stretch a point to catch a prack; Abuse a brother to his back; Steal through a winnock! frae a whore, But point the rake that take the door; Be to the poor like only whunstane, And hand their noses to the ginnstane, Ply every ait o' legal thieving.

No matter, stick to sound believing.

Learn three-mile prayers, and half-mile graces Wi' weel-spread looves, and lang, wry faces, Grunt up a solemn, lengthen'd groan, And damn a' parties but your own; I'll warrant then, ve're nac deceiver—
A steady, sturdy, struch believer.

O ye whateave the spring of Calvin, For gumlied dubs of your art delvnid! Ye sons of heresy and error, Ye'll some day squeel in quaking terror! When Vengeance driving the sword in whath, And in the fire throws the sheath, When Ruin, with his sweeping besom, Just frets till Heaven commission gies hor; While o'er the harp pale Misery moans, And strikes the ever-deepening tones, Still louder shrieks, and heavier groans!

Your pardon, sir, for this digression, I maist forgat my Dedication, But when divinity comes 'cross me, My readers still are sure to lose me.

So, sir, ye see 'twas nae daft vapour, But I maturely thought it proper, When a' my works I did review, To dedicate them, sir, to you: Because (ye needna tak it ill) I thought them something like yours. I.

"May ne'er Misfortune's growling bark Howl through the dwelling o' the Clerk!"

1 Window

<sup>2</sup> Palms

4 Muddy

4 Unwiling

May ne'er his generous, honest heart For that same generous spirit smart!

May Kennedy's fai-honour'd name Lang beat his hymeneal flame,
Till Hamiltons, at least a dizen,
Are frae their nuptial labouis itsen:
Five bowny lasses round then table,
And seven braw fellows stont and able
To serve then king and country weel,
By word, or pen, or pointed steel!
May health and peace, with mutual rays,
Shine on the evening o' his days;
Till his wee curlie John's \* ici-oe,!
When elbing life nae mair shall flow,
The last, sad, mouriful rites bestow!"

I will not wind a lang conclusion Wi' complained attary effusion:
But whilst your wishes and endeavours. Are blest wi' Fortune's smiles and favours, I am, dear sir, with zeal most fervent, Your much indebte I, humble servant.

But if (which Powers above prevent!) That non-hearted carl, Want, Attended in his grim advances, By sad mistakes and black mischances, While hopes, and joys, and pleasures fly him, Make you as poor a dog as I am, Your humble servant then no more; For who would humbly serve the poor? But by a poor mah's hopes in Heaven! While recollection's power is given, If, in the vale of humble life, 'I he victim sad of Fortmie's strife, I, through the tender gushing tear, Should recognise my master dear, If friendless, low, we meet together, Then, sn, your hand - my friend and brother !

#### INVITATION TO A MEDICAL GENTL! MAN

#### TO ATTEND A MASONIC ANNIVERSARY MEETING.

HIF meetings of the members of St. James's Masonic I odge were held in a small room in a public-house in Manchine, kept by a man of the name of Manson. On the approach of St. John's day, Burns sent the following rhymed invitation. This friend Mt. Mackenze.

FRIDAY first's the day appointed, By our Right Worshipful anomited,

1 Great-grandchild.

<sup>\*</sup> John Hamilton, Esq , a worthy scion of a noble

To hold our grand procession;
To get a blade o' Johnny's morals,
And taste a swatch' o' Manson's barrels,
I' the way of our profession.
Our Master and the Brotherhood
Wad a' be glad to see you;
For me I would be mair than proud
To share the mercies wi' you.
If death, then, wi' skaith, then,
Some mortal heart is hechtin',<sup>2</sup>
Inform him, and storm him,
That Saturday ye'll fecht' him.
ROBERT BURNS.

#### THE FAREW! LL

"The following touching stanzas," says Chinni share, "wcre composed in the rutum of 1786, when the prospects of the poot darkened, in the looked to wards the West Indies as a place of refuge, and perhaps of hope. All who shared his affections are mentioned—his, mother—his brother Gilbert—his illegitimate child, Elizabeth,—whom he consigned to his brother's care, and for whose support he had appropriated the copyinght of his poems,—and his friends Smith, Hamilton, and Aiken, but in nothing he ever wrote was his affection for Jean Armour more tenderly or more naturally displayed."

"The valiant in himself, what c.6a he suffer?

Or what does he regard his single wees?

But when, alas 'he multiphes himself,

To dearer selves, to the loved tender fair,

To those whose bliss, whose being hang upon l'in,

To helpless children! then, oh, then 'he feels

The point of insery festering in his heart,

And weakly weeps his fortune like a cow ird

Such, such am I!—undone!"

—Thobson's Edwara and Tleanora

FAREWELL, old Scotia's bleak domains,
Far dearer than the torrid plains
Where rich ananas blow!
Fatewell, a mother's blessing dear!
A brother's sigh! a sister's teat!
My Jean's heart-rending throe!
Firewell, my Bess! though thou'rt bereft
Of my patental care;
A faithful brother I have left,
My part in him thou'rt share!
Adient too, to you too,
'My Smith, my bosom frien';
When kindly you mind me,
Oh, then befriend my Jean!

What oursting anguish tears my heart! From thee, my Jeame, must I part!
Thou, weeping, answerest, "No!"
Alas! misfortune stares my face,
And points to ruin and disgrace,

I, for thy sake, must go d Thee, Hamilton and Aiken dear, A grateful, warm, adieu! • I, with a much-indebted tear, Shall still remember you! All had then, the gale then, •Wafts me from thee, dear shere! It rustles and whistles-I'll never see thee more!

#### LINES WRITTIN ON A BANK-NOTE.

WAE worth thy power, thou cursed leaf i I ell 'quice o' a' my woe and grief! For lack of thee I've lost my lass! For lack of thee I scrimp my glass. Usee the children of affliction Unaided, through thy cursed testriction. I've seen the oppressor's callel smile, And his hapless verm's poil, And, for thy potence vainly wish'd To crush the villam in the dust. For lack of thee, I leave this much-loved shore, Never, perhaps, to recet auld Scotland more. R B - Kyle.

#### VERSES TO AN OLD SWITTIN ART AFTER HER MAKRIAGE. WHITTIN ON THE BLANK IT IT OF A COPY OF HIS PORMS PRESENTED TO THE LADY

I is many of the lady to whom the following lines were addressed has chiefed (LINCUSERY.

> ONCE fondly loved, and still remember d dear: Sweet carly object of my youthful yows. Accept this mark of friendship, warm, sincere, --Friendship his all cold duty you allows.

> And when you read the simple, artless thymes. One friendly sigh for him- he asks no more,---Who distant burns in flaming torrid climes, Or haply hes beneath th' Atlantic's root.

### VERSUS WRITTEN UNDER VIOLENT GRILF

The following lines, which first appeared in the Sun newspaper, April 1823, were originally written on the fly-leaf of a copy of the p.s. works presented to a friend

> Accept the gift a friend sincere Wad on thy worth be pressin'; Remembrance oft may start a tear, But oh! that tenderness forbear, Though 'twad my sorrows lessen

My morning taise sae clear and fair, I thought sair storms wad never Bedew the scene; but grief and care In wildest futy hae made bare My peace, my hope, for ever

You think I'm glad, oh, I pay weel For a' the joy I borrow, In solitude—then, then I feel I ca na to myself conceal My deeply-ranklin' sorrow.

Farewell! within thy bosom free A sigh may whiles awaken; A tear may wet thy laughin'ee, For Scoha's son—ance gallike thee— Now Loyeless, comforth of forsaken!

#### THE CALF

TO THE REV MR JAMES STEVEN.

The Rev James Steven was afterwards one of the Scottish clargy in London, and altimately minister of Kilwinning in Ayishire. He was no favourite of the poet's, and the following lines were written on hearing him preach from the text-

MALACHI iv 2 - "And they shall go forth, and grow up, like CALVES of the stall "

RIGHT, sir! your text I'll prove it true, Though hereties may laugh; For instance; there's yoursel just now, God knows, an unco calf!

And should some pation be so kind As bless you wi' a kink, I doubt na, sii, but then we'll find Ye're still as great a stirk.<sup>1</sup>

But if the lover's raptived hour Shall ever be your lot, Forbid it, every heavenly power, You e'er should be a ster!<sup>2</sup>

Though, when some kind connubial dear You'r but-and-ben<sup>5</sup> adorns,
The like has been that you may wear
A noble head of horns.

And in your lug, most reverend James,
To hear you tour and towte,

Yew men o' sense will doubt your claims
To rank among the nowte

A year-old bullock

A Kitchen and parlour.

Bellow.

<sup>6</sup> Cattle

And when ye're number'd wi' the dead, Below a grassy hillock, Wi' justice they may mark your head-"Here hes a famous bullock!"

#### WILLIE CHALMERS

MR W CHALMERS, a gentleman in Ayrshire, a particular friend of mine, asked me to write a poetic epistle to a young lady, his Dulcinea. I had seen bor, but was scarcely acquainted with her, and wrote as follows:—R. B.

MADAM,

Wi'braw new branks,1 in mickle pride, And eke2 a braw new brechen,3 My Pegasus I'm got astride, And up l'arnassus pechin, 4 Whiles owie a bush, wi' downward crush, The doited beauties summers; Then up he gets, and off he sets, For sake o' Willie Chalmers.

Pdoubt ur, lass, that weel-kenn'd name May cost a pair o' blushes, I am nac stranger to your fame, Nor his warm-urged wishes. Your bouny face, sae mild and sweet, His honest heart enamours, And faith ye'll no be lost a whit, Though waned on Willie Chalmers. Auld Truth hersel might swear ye ie fair, And Honour safely back her, And Modesty assume your air, And ne'er a ane mistak her : And sie twa love-inspiring een Might life even holy palmers, Nae wonder then they ve fatal been To honest Willie Chalmers.

I doubt na Fortune may you shore! Some mim-mould pouther'd priestle. Fu'elifted up wi' Hebrew lore, And band upon his breastie: But oh ! what signifies to you His lexicons and grammars: The feeling heart's the royal blue, And that's wi' Willie Chalmers.

Some gapin', glowin' country laird 'May waisle' for your favour;

9 Strive

<sup>2</sup> Bridle 4 Also. <sup>8</sup> Collar

<sup>4</sup> Panting

<sup>5</sup> Stupid animal 6 Speat

<sup>7</sup> Promise Prim and powdered pars or

May claw his hig, and straik his beard, And heast up some palaver My bonny maid, before ye wed Sie clumsy-witted hammers, Seck Heaven for help, and batefic skelp! Awa' wi' Wilhe Chalmers.

Forgive'the baid! my fond regard For ane that shares my bosom Inspires my muse to gie in his dues, For deil a han I roose him May powers aboon unite you soon, And frictify join amous —— And every year come manan dear To you and Willie Chabners.

#### I'M MSON'S ELECY

"No you," says Cuaningham, "ever emblas and fact with filling more happing than Binins—the hero of this poem was a respectable old nursery-seedsmin in Kilmarnock greatly addicted to spot maz, and one of the poet's earliest friends, who loved cuiling on the tecting wind-hooting on the moors in the season. When no longer able to morali over hill and high in quest of

'Patroks, ic. ls, moor-ponts, and phyerin'

he loved to be on the low, settle, and listen to the deeds of others on field and flood, and when a good tale was total, be would cus. The han unit three at a short, that was famous 1. Some one having interact 1 on, in his old age, that larns had written a poeme 'a gay queer and concerning hun, he sent for the bard, and, in concluding like writh, requisted to be a in the smiled grandy at the relation of his exploits, and the relation of his exploits, and the relation of his exploits, and the relation to the wind only 15 a no dead yet, Robar —I'm worth ten dead fowk—wherefore should ye see that I am dead? Burks took the limit retailed to the window for a minute or so, and, coming back, recited the 'Per Contra,'

'Go, I ame, and cruter like a filly,'

with which Tam was so much delighted that he ruse nuconsciously, rubbed 1 is hands, and exclaimed 'that it lost the that it lost' the first difference  $\partial \nu$  yet, and the epitaph is inscribed on his grave-stone in the churchy and M Kilmprinock."

"An honest mares the robbest work of Go 1" - Por

HA's auld Kilmanick seen the deil? Or oreat Mackinlay† tlaawn<sup>6</sup> his heel? Or Robinson‡ agam grown weel,

To preach and read?
"Na, wair than a'!" cries ilka chiel,
"Tam Samson's dead!"

1 F S Blockheads Clatter 2 Cc 4 Run Twested

<sup>3</sup> When this worthy old sportsman wert cut last manfowl season, he supposed it was to be, in Ossian's phrase, "it clast of his fields," and expressed an ardent wish to die and be buried in the minis. On this limit the author composed his elegy and epit, h = R

 $\pm$  A cert im preacher, a great favour to with the million - Vute "The Ordination," struct  $\Pi = R$ 

Another preacher, an equal favorate with the few, who was at that time ading. For mm, see also "The Ordination," stanza IX. B.

Kilmarnock lang may grunt and grane, And sigh, and sob, and greet her lane, And cleed her bairns, man, wife, and wean, In mounting weed;

To Death, she's dearly paid the kane 39-Tam Samson's dead !

The brethren of the mystic level May hing their head in waeth' Bevel, While by their nose the tears will icvel, Lake ony bead; Death's gien the ladge an unco devel 1-

Tam Samson's dead ! When Winter muffles up his cloak,

And binds the nine up like a rock; When to the lochs the curiers flock Wi' glegsome speed, Wha will they station at the cock? -Tam Safir on's dead!

He was the king o' a' the core, To gnard, or draw, or wick a bore; Or up the rink like Jehn roar In time o' need;

Bus now he lags on Death's hog-score,-Lam Samson's dead !

Now safe the stately salmon sail, And froms be-dropp'd wi' crimson hail, And cels weel kenn'd for souple tail, And geds5 for greed, Since dark in Beath's fish-creel we wail Tam Sanson dead!

Kejoice, ye birting paitricks" a'; Ye coolie? moorcocks, crousely 8 crass; Ye maukins," cock your fud fut braw, Withoute# dicad ;

Your mortal facts now awa',-Lam Samson's dead!

That waeful morn be ever mournet Saw him in slaootm' graith adoin' 5, While pointers round impatient I win'd, I nae couples fice!,

But, och! he gard and ne'er return'd! Tam Samson's dead!

In vain anid age his body batters, In vam the gout his ankles fetters;

9 Hares

<sup>1</sup> Weep by herself

<sup>4</sup> Dlow <sup>2</sup> Clothe

Rent paid in kind.

<sup>5</sup> Pokes 6 Whiring partridge ..

<sup>&</sup>quot; Fo ther-baged 1 Gleefully.

In vain the burns cam' down like waters,
'An acre braid!

Now every auld wife, greetin', clatters,
Tam Samson's dead!

Owre mony a weary hag 1 he limpit, And aye the tither shot he thumpit, Till coward Death behind him jumpit, Wi' deadly feide; 2 Now he proclaims, wi' tout o' tiumpet, Tam Samson's dead!

When at his heart he felt the dagger, He reel'd his wonted bottle-swagger, But yet he drew the mortal trigger Wi' weel-aim'd heed;

"Lord, five!" he cried, an I owie did stagger-". Tam Samson's dead!

Ilk hoary hunter Flourn'd a b other;
Ilk sportsman youth bemoan'd a father:
You auld gray stane, among the heather,
Marks out his head,
Whare Burns has wrote, in rhynning blether,
Tam Samson's dead!

There low he lies, in lasting rest;
Perhaps upon his mouldering heast
Some spiteful moorfowl bigs her nest,
To hatch and bixed;
Alas! nie mair he'll them molest!
Tam Samson's dead!

When August winds the heather wave, And sportsmen warder by you grave, Three volleys let his memory crave O' pouther and lead, Till Echo answer frac her cave— Tam Samson's dead!

Heaven rest his saul, whate'er he be t Is the wish o' mony mae than me; He had twa fauts, or maybe three, Yet what remaal? Ae social honest man want we—

Tam Samson's dead I.

Tam Samson's weel-worn clay here lies, Ye can'ing zealots, spare him! If honest worth in heaven rise, Ye'll mend or ye win near him.

1 Moss. <sup>2</sup> Feud.

#### PER CONTRA.

Go, Fame, and canter like a filly,
Through a' the streets and neuks o' Killie,
Tell every social, honest bills
To cease his grievin',
For yet, unskaithed by Death's gleg gullie,
Tam Samson's leevin'!

#### A PRAYER.

LEFT BY THE AUTHOR AT A REVEREND PRIPHD'S HOUSE, IN THE ROOM
WHERE HE SILPT.

"The first time," says Gilbert Burns, "Robert heard the spinnet played upon was while on a visit at the house of Dr. Lawiie, then minister of the parish of London, a few miles from Mossgiel, and with whom he was on terms of inlimacy. Dr. Lawiie had several daughters one of them played; the father and the mother led down the dance, the rest of the sisters, the brother, the poet, and the other guests mixed in it. It was a delightful family-scene for our poet, then lately introduced to the world. His mind was roused to a poetic influsion, and the stanzas were left in the wood where he slept."

O Thou dread Power, who reign'st above! I know Thou will me hear, When for this scene of peace and love I make my prayer smeere

The hoary site—the mortal stroke, Long, long, be pleased to spare ! To bless his fihal little flock, And show what good men are.

She, who her lovely offspring eyes With tender hopes and fears, Oh, bless her with a mother's joys, But spare a mother's tears!

Their hope—their stay—their dailing youth, In mailhood's dawning blush— Bless him, Thon Goo of loss and tiut's, Up to a parent's wish!

The heanteous scraph sister-hand,
With carnest tears I pray,
Thou know'st the snares on every buil—
Cinde Thou their steps alway!

When soon or late they reach that coast, O'er life's rough ocean-driven, May they rejoice, no wanderer lost, A family in heaven!

#### 1 Sharp knife

<sup>\*</sup> Killie is a phrase the country-folks sometimes use for the name of a certain town in the west  $\{Kilms \text{ uock}\}$ .  $+\mathcal{B}$ 

120 POF.M.S.

#### THE BRIGS OF AYR

INSCRIBED TO JOHN BALLANTINI, ESQ., AYR.

The following was written while the new bridge across the Ayr was being built. His friend Mr. Bullantym being at that time chief in igistrate, the poem is very appropriately dedicated to him.

THE simple band, rough at the justic plough, Learning his timeful trade from every bough; The changing limet, or the mellow thrush, Hailing the setting sun, sweet, in the green-thorn bush , The soaring lack, the perching redbreast shull, Or deep-toned plovers, gray, wild-whistling o'er the hill. Shall he, nurst in the peasant's lowly shed, To hardy independence bravely bred, By early poverty to hardship st. I'd, And train'd to arms in stem Misoftinie's field— Shall be be guilty of their birching crimes, The servile, increenary Swis of thymes Or labour hard the panegyric close, With all the venal soul of dedicating prose? No! though his aitless strains he rudely sings, And throws his hand uncouthly o'er the strings, He glows with all the spirit of the band, \* Fame, honest fame, his great, his dear reward! Still, if some pation's generous care he trace, Skill'd in the secret, to bestow with grace, When Ballantyne befriends his humble name, And hands the rustic stranger up to fame, With heart-felt throes his grateful bosom swells, The godlike bliss, to give, alone excels.

"Twas when the stacks get on their winter http,1 And thack and rape secure the toil-won crap; Potato-bings are snugged up frae skarth O' coming Winter lating, hosty locath; The bees, rejoining o'er then summer toils, Unnumbered buds' and flowers' delicious spoils ' Seal'd up with frugal care in massive waxen piles, . Are doom'd by man, that tynna o'er the weak, The death o' devils, smoor'd wi' brimstone reck : The thundering guns are heard on every side, The wounded coveys, reeling, scatter wide; The feather'd field-instes, bound by Nature's 'e, Sues, mothers, children, in one camage he: (What warni; poetic heart, but mly bleeds, And execuates man's savage, ruthless deeds !) Nae man the flower in field or meadow springs, Nac mair the grove with airy concert rings Except perhaps, the robin's whistling glee,

Covering. 2 Thatch.

8 Heans.

4 Smothered

Froud o' the height o' some bit half-lang use: The hoary morns precede the sunny days, Mild, calm, screne, wide spreads the noontide blaze, While thick the gossamer waves wanton in the rays.

Twas in that season, when a simple bard, Unknown and poor, simplicity's reward, Ae night, within the ancient brugh of Ayr, By whim inspired, or haply prest wi' care, He left his bed, and took his wayward route, And down by Simpson's\* wheel'd the left about: Whether impell'd by all-directing Fate, To witness what I after shall narrate, Or penite#tial pangs for former sins, Led him to rove by quondam Merran Dins; Or whether, rapt in meditation high, He wander'd out, he knew notes here nor why) The diffusy Dangeon clock + had number'd two, And Wallace Tower # had swein the fact was true: The tide-swoln Firth, wi' sullen sounding roar, Through the still night dash'd hoarse along the shore, All else was hush'd as Nature's closed ec: The silent moon shone high o'er tower and tree: The chill fiost, beneath the silver beam, Crept, gently-crusting, o'er the glittering stream

When, lo I on citler hand the listening baid, The clanging sigh of whistling wings is heard, Two dusky forms dart through the radinght an, Swift as the gos\$ drives on the wheeling hair; Ane on the Auld Brights any shape uprears, The ither flutters o'er the rising piers: One warlock thymics instantly descried The spines that owie the Bigs of Ayr preside. (I hat bards are second-sighted is nae joke, And ken the Imgo of the spiritual folk; Fays, spunktes, kelpies, a', they can explain them, And even the very deals they brawly ken1 them ) Auld Brig appear'd o' ancient Pictish race, The very wrinkles Gothic in his face: He seem'd as he wi' Time had warstled lang, I et, tenghly dome, he bade an unco bring s New Brig was buskit in a braw new cont, I hat he at Icon'on frac ane Adams got; In's hand five taper staves as smooth's a head, Wi' virls and whirlygigums at the head .

1 Well know 2 Toughly obdurate 3 He endured a mighty blow

<sup>\*</sup> A noted tavera at the Auld Brig end -B.

<sup>†</sup> A clock in a steeple connected with the old jul of Ayr † The clock in the Wallace Tower—in anomalous piece of antique masonry surmounted by a spire, which formerly stood in the High Street of Ayr † The goshawk, or faicon.—B

The Goth was stalking round with anxious search, Spying the time-worn flaws in every arch;—
It chanced his new-come neibor took his ce,
And e'en a vex'd and angry heart had he!
Wi' fineveless' sneer to see his modish mien,
He, down the water, gies him this guid e'en:—

AULD BRIG.

I doubt na, frien', ye'll think ye'le nae sheepshank,2 Ance ye were streekit owre fine bank to bank I But gin ye be a brig as auld as me—
Though, faith, that date I doubt ye'll never see—
There'll be, if that date come, I'll wad a boddle,
Some fewer whigmaleeries in your noddle.

NEW Bhr.,

Auld Vandal, ye but show; air little mense,8
Just much about it, wi' your starty wense;
Will your poor narrow footpath of a street!—
Where twa wheelbarrows tremble when they meet—
Your rum'd, formless bulk'o' stane and hine,
Compare wi' bonny brigs o' modern time?
There's men o' taste would tak the Ducat Stream,\*
Though they should cast the very sark and 'wim,
Fre they would grate their feelings wi' the view
O' sic an ugly Gothic hulk as you.

#### AULD BRIG

Conceited gowk !4 puff'd up wi' windy pride ! This mony a year I've stood the flood and tide; And though wi' crazy eild I'm sair forfann,6 I'll be a brig when ye're a shapeless carn! As yet ye little ken about the matter, But twa-three winters will inform ye better. When heavy, dark, continued, a'-day rains, Wi' deepening deluges o'erflow the plans, When froin the hills where springs the brawling Coil, Or stately Lugar's mossy fountains boil, Or where the Greenock wintis his moorland course, Or haunted Garpal† draws his feeble source, Aroused by blustering winds and spotting thowes, In mony a torrent down his snaw-broo rowes; While crashing ice, borne on the roaring spate, Sweeps dairs, and mills, and brigs, a' to the gate; And from Glenbuck, # down to the Retton-key, \$

<sup>1</sup> Spiteful
2 No worthless Tinns

<sup>8</sup> Civility. 5 Age 4 Fool. 6 Enfeebled.

<sup>\*</sup>A noted ford, just above the Anld Brig —B
† The banks of Garpal Water—one of the few places in the West of Scotland
where those fancy-scaring beings known by the name of ghaists still continue
pertinaciously to inhabit.—B

The source of the river Ayr.—H
A small landing-place above the large kev—B.

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Auld Ayr is just one lengthen'd tumbling sea...
Then down ye'll hurl, deil nor ye never rise!
And dash the gumlie jaups! up to the pouring skies.
A lesson sadly teaching, to your cost,
That Architecture's noble art 1: lost!

#### NEW BRIG

Fine Architecture, trowth, I needs must say o't, The Lord be thankit that we've tint the gate o't !2 Gaunt, ghastly, ghaist-alluring edifices, Hanging with threatening jut, like precipices; O'erarching, mouldy, gloom-inspiring coves, Supporting roofs fantastic, stony groves; Windows and doors, in nameless sculpture drest, With order, symmetry, or taste unblest; Forms like some bedfam statuary's dream, The crazed creations of inisguided whim; Forms might be worshipp'd on the bended knee, And still the second dread command be fice, Their likeness is not found on earth, in air, or sea. Mansions that would disgrace the building taste Of any mason reptile, bird, or beast; Fit only for a doited a monkish race, Or frosty maids for sworn the dear embrace; Or cuifs4 of later times wha held the notion That sullen gloom was sterling true devotion; Fancies that our guid brugh denies protection! And soon may they expire, unblest with resurrection!

#### AULD BAIG.

O ye, my dear-remember'd ancient yealings,5 Were ye but here to share my wounded feelings! Ye worthy proveses, and mony a baile, Wha in the paths o' righteousness did toil aye; Ye dainty deacons, and ye douce conveners, To whom our moderns are but causey-cleaners! Ye godly councils wha hae blest the town; Ye godly brethien o' the sacied gown, Wha meekly gae your hurdies to the smiters; And (what would now be strange) ye godly writers; A' ye douce folk I've born aboon the brood Were ye but here, what would ye say or do! How would your spirits groan in deep vegation To see each melancholy alteration; And, agonising, curse the time and place When ye begat the base, degenerate race! . Nae langer reverend men, their country's glory, In plain braid Scots hold forth a plain braid story!

<sup>1</sup> Muddy spray.
2 Lost the way of it.

Stupid.

<sup>5</sup> Coevals. 8 Water.

Nae langer thrifty citizens and douce,
Meet owre a purt, or in the conneil-house;
But staumrel, corky-headed, graceless gentif,
The herryment and rum of the country;
Men three parts made by tailors and by barbers,
Wha waste your weel-ham'd gear op damn'd new brigs and
harbours!

#### "IW BAIG

Now hand you there! for faith ye've said enough, And muckle man than ye can mik to through, 2 That's aye a string auld doited gray-beards harp on, A topic for their pecyjshness to carp on As for your priesthood, I shall say but little, Corbies and clergy are a shot right kittle: But, under cavour o' your langer beard, Abuse o' magistrates might vivel be spured: To liken them to your and waild squad, I must needs say comparisons are odd. In Ayr, wag-wits rae man can hae a handle To mouth "a citizen," a term o' scaudal; Nae mair the council waddles down the street, In all the pomp of ignorant concert. No difference but bulkiest or tallest, With comfortable dulness in for ballast: Nor shoals not currents need a pilot's caution, For regularly slow, they only witness motion; Men who grew wise priggin owre hops and raisins, Or gather'd liberal views in bonds and scisins. If haply Knowledge, on a random trump, Had shored them wi' a glumner of his lamp, And would to Common Sense for once betray'd the a. Plain, dull Stupidity stept kindly in to aid them.

What finther chshmaclaver might been said,
What bloody wars, if sprites had blood to shed,
No man can tell to but all before their sight,
A fairy train appear'd in order bright:
Adown the glittering stream they featly danced;
Bright to the moon their various dresses glanced:
They footed o'er the watery glass so neal;
The infact ice scarce bent beneath then feet;
While aits of ministrelsy among them ring,
And sonl-emobling bands heroic ditties sain;
Oh, had Milachlan, haarm inspiring sage,
Been there to hear this heavenly band engage,
When through his dear strathspeys they bore with Highland rage;

Half-witted. 2 Make good

8 Laposed.

4 Cat-gut

<sup>\*</sup> A well-known performer of Scattish music on the violin .- B

Or when they struck old Scotia's melting airs, The lover's raptured joys or bleeding cares; How would his Highland lug¹ been nobler fired, And even his matchless hand with finer touch inspired! No guess could tell what instrument appear'd, But all the soul of Music's self was heard; Harmonious concert rung in every part, While simple inclody pour'd moving on the heart.

The Genus of the stream in front appears, A venerable chief advanced in years; His hoary head with water-likes crown'd, His manly leg with garter-tangle bound. Next came the loveliest pair in all the ring, Sweet Female Beauty hand in hand with Spring, Then, crown'd with flowery hay, cameaRtual Joy, And Summer, with his fervid-beaming eye: All-cheeping Plenty, with her flowing horn, Led yellow Antumn, wreathed with nodding corn; Then Winter's time-bleach'd looks did houry show, By Hospitality with cloudless brow. Next follow d Courage, with his martial stude, From where the Feal \* wild-woody coverts hide; Benevolence, with mild, benignant an, A female form came from the towers of Stair : 1 Le trong and Worth in equal measures trode From simple Catrine, then long-loved abode . \$\pm\$ Last, white-tobed Peace, crowned with a hazel wieath, To rustic Agriculture did bequeath The broken non instruments of death, At sight of whom our sprites forgot their kindling wrath.

#### MINES

ON THE LING WITH FORD DAILS.

WRITTE: After during with he Lordship under the hospitable roof of Professor Dug del So vac. This was prior to his first visit to Edubnigh, and the poet southered from a natural embarressment, which soon departed in the genul grupping of his friend, the leaned professor, and the anneble Lord Daer.

Tills wot ye all whom it concerns, I, Rhymer Robin, ahas Burns, October twenty-third, A ne'en-th-be-forgotten day! Sae far I sprachled's up the brae,
I dinner'd wi' a lord

I l'ar 2 Clumbe

An allision to C optain Montgomery of Coilsfield, afterwards elicit Lail Figuriton, whose scatt of Coilsfield is sunated on the Leid, or Fa A compliment to his early patroness, Mrs. Stewart of Stair. A well-mented tribute to Professor Dagado't rewart. I've been at drucken writers' feasts,
Nay, been bitch fou 'mang godly priests'; o'
(Wi' rev'rence be it spoken!)
I've even join'd the honoun'd jorum
When mighty squiteships o' the quorum
Their hydra drouth did sloken.

But wi' a lord!—stand out, my shin:
A lord—a peer—an earl's son!—
Up higher yet, my bonnet!
And sic a lord!—lang Scotch ells twa,
Our peerage he o'erlooks them a',
As I look o'er my sonnets.

But, oh! for Hogarth's ma ic power!
To show Sir Bardie's willy i "glowei."
And how he stared and stammer'd!
When goavan, as if led wi' branks,
And stumpin' on his pleughman shanks,
He in the parlour hammer'd.

To meet good Stewart little pain is,
Or Scotia's sacred Demosthenes;
Thinks I, they are but men!
But Burns, my loid—guid God! I doited!
My knees on ane another knotted!
As faultering I gaed ben!

I sidling shelter'd in a nook,
And at his lordship steal't a look,
Like some portentous omen;
Except good sense and social glee,
And (what surprised mc) modesty,
I marked nought uncommon.

I watch'd the symptoms o' the great,
The gentle pride, the lordly state,
The arrogant assuming;
The fient a pride, nae pride had he,
Nor sauce, nor state, that I could see,
Mair than an honest ploughtaan.

Then from his loudship I shall leath
Henceforth to meet with unconcern
One rank as weel's diother;
Nae honest, woithy man need care,
To meet wi' noble, youthful DAFR,
For he but meets a brother

Drunken.
 Bewildered look
 Moving stupidly.

<sup>6</sup> Bridle 5 Became stupified.

<sup>6</sup> Knocked. .
7 Into the room.

#### ADDRESS TO EDINBURGH.

WRITING to his friend, William Chalmers, the poet says "-" I enclose you two poems, which I have carded and spun since I passed Glanbuck "Fair Burnet' is the heavenly Miss Burnet, daughter of Lord Monboddo, at whose house I have had the honour to be more than once. There has not been anything nearly like her in all the combinations of beauty, grace, and goodness the great Creator has formed, since Milton's Eve on the first day of her existence I"

EDINA! Scotia's darling seat!
All hail thy palaces and towers,
Where once beneath a monarch's feet
Sat Legislation's sovereign powers!
From marking wildly-scatter'd flowers,
As on the banks of Ayr I stray'd,
And singing, lone, the langering hoars,
I shelter in thy honour'd shade.

Here wealth still swells the golden tide,
As busy Trade his about plies;
There Architecture's noble pride
Bids elegance and splendour rise;
Here Justice, from her native skies,
High wields her balance and her rod;
There Bearing, with his eagle eyes,
Seeks Science in her coy abode.

Thy sons, Edina! social, kind,
With open arms the stranger had,
Their views calarged, their liberal mind
Above the narrow runal vale;
Attentive still to Sorrow's wall,
Or modest Ment's silent claim;
And never may then sources fail!
And never envy blot their name!

Thy daughters bright thy walk adoin, Gay as the gilded summer sky, Sweet as the dewy milks white thorn, Dear as the raptured thrill of joy! Fair Burnet strikes th' adoring eye, Heaven's beauties on my fancy shine; I see the Sne of Love on high, And own His work indeed divine.

There, watching high the least alarms, 'Thy rough, rude fortress gleams afar, Like some bold veteran, gray in arms, And mark'd with many a scamy scar; The ponderous wall and massy bar, Grim-rising o'er the rugged rock, Have oft withstood assailing war, And oft repell'd the invader's shock

With awe-struck thought, and pitying tears, I view that noble, stately dome, Where Scotia's kings of other years, Famed heroes! had their royal home: Mas, how changed the times to come! Their royal name low in the dust! Their hapless face wild-wavdening foam! Though rigid law ches out, "Twas just.

Wild beats my heart to trace your steps,
Whose ancestors, in days of yore,
Through hostile ranks and rum'd gaps
Old Scotia's bloody hon bore:
Even I who sing in rustic lore,
Haply, my sites have left their shell,
And faced grim Danger's londest roat,
Bold-following where year fathers led I

Idma! Scotia' darling seat

All haif thy palaces and lowers,
Where once beneath a monarch's feet
Sat Legislation's sovereign powers!
From marking wildly-scatter'd flowers,
As on the banks of Ayr I stray'd,
And staging, lone, the Ingering homes,
I sheder in thy honourd shade

#### THE POLT'S WELCOME TO HIS ILLEGITIMATE CHILD '

We cannot take this effusion as giving a time index of the pact's feeling in the carinistances in question. Lockhart says: "'To write (in his own languinge') the quantium of the sin,' he wino, two years afterwards, wrote the 'Cotter's Saturday Night' had not, we may be sine, hardened in sheart to the thought of bringing additional soriow and maxpected shame to the freside of a widowed mother. But his false pade' recoiled from letting his joiral associates gueshow little he was able to drown the winspers of the 'still small voice,' and the fermenting butterness of a mind ill at case within uself excaped, has may be too often traced in the history of strists, in the shape of angity screams against others, who, whatever their private errors night be, had at least done in a coword in the most similar to one item of consolation which barns proposes to himself on this occasion.

The mair they talk, I m Koun'd the better, L'en let them el sh'

This is indeed a singular manifestation of 'the last infimity of noble mine

THOU'S welcome, wean! mishanter if a' me, If ought of thee, or of thy maminy,

#### 1 Mr fortune.

\* The subject of these verses was the poet's illegitimate day after whom, in 'The Inventory," he styles his

"Sonsie, smirking, dear-bought Bess"

She grew up to womanhood, was married, and had a family. Her death is thus announced in the Social Magazine, December 8, 187——1 Died Elizabeth Burns, wife & Mr. John Ballon, over-set at Polkenmet, near Whitburn. She was the daughter of the celebrated Robert Burns, and the subject of some of his most be sufful hies.

Shall ever danton me, or awe me,
My sweet wee lady,
Or if I blush when thou shalt ca' me
Tit-ta or daddy.

Wee image of my honny Betty,
I father! will kiss and daut thee,
As dear and near my heart I set thee
Wi' as guid will
As a' the proof to hed soon me yet the

As a' the priests had seen me get thee That's out o' hell.

What though they ca' me fornicator, And tease my name in kintra clatter: 1 The neut they talk I'm kenn d the better, k'en let them Qa'h! 2

L'en let them clash!<sup>2</sup>
An auld wife's tongue's a feckless<sup>3</sup> matter
lo gie aue fash.<sup>4</sup>

Sweet fruit o' mony a merry dint,
My funny toil is now a' tiat,
Sin thou came to the warld asklent,
Which fools mry scoff at
In my last plack thy part's be in't—

The better half o't.

And if thou be what I wad has thee, And tak the counsel I shall gis thee, A lovin' father I'll be to thee,

If thou be spared:
Through a' thy childish yous I'll ce thee,
And think't weel ward.

Guid grant that their may aye inherit Thy mither's person, grace, and ment, And thy poor worthless daddy's spirn, •Without his failin's

"I will please me mair to see and hen it, I han stocket malins."

#### 10 MR5 C----

ON ITCHIVING A WORK OF HANNAH

Thou flattering mark of firendship kind, Still may thy pages call to mind. The dear, the beauteous donor? Though sweetly female every part, Yet such a head, and more the heat. Does both the sexes honour. She show'd her taste refined and just. When she selected thee.

l (ountry talk s we wip,

<sup>4</sup> Irouble.

<sup>5</sup> Inegulariy.

• Stocked froms.

Yet deviating, 'own I must,
For so approving me.
But kind still, I mind still
The giver in the gift,
I'll bless her, and wiss her
A Friend above the lift.'

#### TO MISS LOGAN,

WITH BLAITIE'S POEMS AS A NEW-VIAN'S GIFT, JAN 1, 1787
MISS SUSAN LOGAN was the sister of the Major Logan to whom Burns wrote
a rhymed epistle

AGAIN the silent wheels of time
Then annual round have driven.
And you, though scarce in maide prime,
Are so much nearer heaven.

No gifts have I from Indian coet'
The infant year to hail;
I send you more than Ifidia boasts,
In Edwin's simple tale.

Our sex with guile and faithless love Is charged, perhaps, too true; But may, dear maid, each lover prove An Islam still to you!

#### VERSES

IN I. NOUD TO PE WRITTI NICLION A NOBLE I ARI'S PICTURE

"The enclosed stanzas," said the poet, in a letter to the Earl of Gleucarn, "I in ended to write below a picture or profile of year lordship, could I have been so happy as to procure one with anything of a likeness."

> Whose is that noble, dauntless brow? And whose that eye of fire? And whose that generous princely much Even roosed foes admire?

Stranger, to justly show that brow, And mark that eye of fine, Would take His hand, whose veinal turts His other works admiss.

Bright as a cloudless summer sun, With stately port he moves; Its guardian scraph eyes with awe The noble ward he loves.

Among the illustrious Scottish sons
That chief thou mayst discern;
Mark Scotta's fond returning ese—
It dwells upon Glencarn.

#### TO A HAGGIS

The haggis, though made up of heterogeneous materials not usually in high favour with gourmands, is very palatable and toodisone, and is supposed to be a Scotch adaptation of an ancient French dish. It is composed of mined at Scotch adaptation of an ancient French dish. It is composed of mined of scasoning. The meets is put into a sheep's stomach, and boiled therein. In the Edmourgh Literary Journal of 1829, the origin of the piece is thus explained. "About sixteen years ago there resuled at Manchline Mr. Robert Morrison, cabmemaker. He was a great cropy of Burns's, and it was in Mi. Morrison's house that the poet usually spent the 'mids o' the day' on Sundry. It was in this house that he wrote his celebrated 'Address to a Haggir after partialing liberally of that dish as prepared by Mrs. Morrison."

FAIR fa' your honest, sonsie I face, Great Chicftain o' the puddin' race! Aboon them a' ye tak your place, Painch, tripe, or thairin. ' Weel are ye worthy of a grace As lang's my arm,

The groaning trencher there ye fill, Your hurdies like a distant hill, Your pin \* wad help to mend a mill In time o' need, While through your pores the dews distri-

His kinfe see fustic labour dight,3
And cut you up wi' ready slight,
Trenching your gushing entrails bright
Like ony ditch;
And then, oh, what a glorious sight,
Warm-reekin',4 rich!

Then horn for horn they stretch and strive, Ded tak the landmost, on they drive, Till all then werl-swall'd kytes belyve† Are bent like drims; Then aud gudman, mast like to rive,<sup>b</sup> Bethankit hums.

Is there that owre his French ragoot,
Or oho that wad staw a sow,
Or freassee wad mak her spew
Wi' perfect scunner 6
Looks down wi' sneering, scornfu' view
On sie a dignet?

<sup>1</sup> Comely 2 Small intestines

J Seize J Sinoking

<sup>5</sup> Burst 6 Loathing

<sup>\*</sup> Which is introduced into the field up mouth of the bag for lifting at with, because the thrust of a fork would result in the escape of the more figured portion of the contents.

† Till all their well swollen belies by and by

Poor devil; see him owre his trast,
As feckless as a wither drash,
Ilis spindle-shank a guid whip-lash,
His nieve anit
I hrough bloody flood or field to dash,
Oh, how unit!

But mark the rustic linguis ful.
The trembling outh resonn is his fund,
Clap in his with meve a blade
Hell mak it whissle
And logs, and aims, and heads will sned

And legs, and aims, and heads will sned,8

I ike taps o thus le

Ic powers who mak mand and your care, And dish it emout their all of fue, Auld Scotland wants are in him gware in highes, of that pay in highes, of But if you is her grateful prayer, O'cher e haggis!

#### PROLOC UI

SP KEN II MR WOOIS CHHIS IFAFFIT NI IT, M NIA. ALKI 16, 1787

Will N by a generous public's kind acclaim
I hat dearest meed is granted—honest func
When here your favour is the actor's t,
Nor even the man in private life for, t
What breast to dead to heavenly virtue's glow,
But heaves impassion d with the gratefil throe?

Poor is the task to please a barl arous throng, It needs no Siddons ; swers in Southern's song, But here an ancient nation famed afin, For genius, learning high, as great in war-Hall, Cal EDONIA , name for ever dear ! \*before whose sens I m. honour'l to appear! Where every so ence-every nobler art-'That can inform the mind or mend the heart, Is known, as grateful nations oft have found, I ar as the rude bulbarian marks the bound Philosophy, no idle pe lant dream, Here holds her search by haven taught, Reison's beam Here History paints, with elegance and force, The tide of I mpire's fluctuating course, Here Douglas forms will Shakespeare into plan, . And Harley + rouses all the god in man,

<sup>1</sup> lathless 3 Fist.

d Cut off d Thin stuff

<sup>5</sup> Splashes in wooden bowls

<sup>\*</sup> Mr Woods had been the frient of Fergus on † Herry Mackenzie, author of 'The Man of Feeling"

When well-form'd taste and sparkfing wit unite With manly lore, or female beauty bright, (Beduty, where faultless symmetry and grace, Can only chain us in the second place,) Witness my heart, how oft with panting fear, As on this right, I've net these judges here? But still the hope Experience taught to live. Fqual to judge—you're candid to forgive. No hundred-headed Riot here we meet, With decency and law beneath his fect: Nor Insolence assumes fou Freedom's names. Like Caledonians, you appland or blanc.

O Thou diead Power! whose empire-giving hand II is oft been stretch'd to shield the honour's land! Strong may she glow with all her arcient fire! May every son be worthy of his sire! Firm may she rise with generous distain At Fyi unny's, or direr Pleasure's, chain! Still self-dependent indier native shore, Rold may she brive grim Danger's loudest coar, Till Fate the cuitum drops on worlds to be no mot.

#### NATURE'S I AW

nuses inscribed to cavin hamilton, 1840 "Great Nature spake-observant man obey'd ' Popp

Lit other heroes boast their scars,
The marks of sturt and strife;
And other poets sing of wars,
The plagues of human life;
Shame fat the fun, wit sword and gun,
To slap mankind like lumber!
I sing his name and nobler fame,
Wha multiplies our number.

Great Nature spoke, with air benign,
"(so on, ye human race!
This lower world I you resign;
Be fourful and increase.
The liquid fire of strong desire
I've pour'd it in each bosom;
Here, in this hand, does man! and stand,
And there is beauty's blossone!"

The hero of these attless strains,
A lowly bard was he,
Who sung his rhymes in Coila's pluns,
With mickle mirth and glee;
Kind Nature's care had given hu share
Large of the flaming current.
And all devout he never sought
To stem the sacred torrent.

1 Furmed.

He felt the powerful, high behest,
Thull, vital, through and through;
And sought a corresponding breast
To give obedience due:
Propititious Powers scieen'd the young flowers
From mildews of abortion;
And lo! the bard, a great reward,
Has got a double portion!

Auld cantie Coil may count the day,
As annual it returns,
The third of Libra's equal sway,
That gave another Burns,
With future thymes, and other times,
To emulate his sine;
To sing auld Coil in nobler style,
With more poetic fire

Ye powers of peace, and peaceful song, Look down with gracious eyes. And bless auld Coda, large and long, With multiplying joys. Lang may she stand to prop the land, The flower of ancient nations; And Burnses spring, her fame to siftg, To endless generations!

#### THE HIRMIT

WRITTIN ON A MARBER SIDEBOARD IN GHT HERSET (GLIDTLONGING TO THE DUKE OF ALHOLF, IN THE WOOD OF ADERIFIED)

Larser lines were first printed by Peter Buchan, himself a poet and enthusia asia collector of Ancient Ballad Lore - They are accepted as genuine

WHOF'ER thou art, these lines now reading, Think not, though from the world recolling, I joy my lonely days to lead in This desert drear; That fell remoise, a conscience bleeding, Hath led me here.

No thought of guilt my bosom sours; Free-wik'd I fled from courtly bowers; For well I saw in halls and tower.
That lust and pride,
The arch-fiend's dearest, darkest powers,
In state preside

I saw mankind with vice incrusted;
I saw that Honour's sword was rusted;
That few for aught but folly lusted;
That he was still deceived who trusted
To love or friend:

And hither came, with men disgusted, My life to end.

In this lone cave, in garments lowly, Alike a foe to noisy folly, And brow-bent gloomy melancholy, I wear away
My life, and in my office holy

Consume the day.

This rock my shield, when storms are blowing;
The limpid streamlet yonder flowing
Supplying drink, the earth bestowing
My simple food;
But few enjoy the calm I know in
This desert wood.

Content and comfort bless me more in This grot than e'er I felt before in A palace—and with thoughts still soaring To God on high, Each night and morn, with voice imploring, This wish I sigh—

"Let me, O Lord! from life ictire, Unknown each guilty worldlyfile, Remoise's throb, or loose desue; And when I die, Let me in this belief expire— To God I fly."

Stranger, if full of youth and not, And yet no grief has mart'd thy quiet, Thou haply throw'st a sconful eye at The hermit's prayer; But if thou hast good cause to sign at Thy fault or care;

If thou hast known false love's vexation, Or hast been exiled from thy nation, Or guilt afflights thy contemplation,
And makes the pine,
Oh! how must thou lament thy station,
And envy mise!

### SKETCH OF A CHARACTER

"This fragment," says Burns to Dugald Stewart, "I have not shown to man living till I now send it to you. It forms the postulata, the axioms, the definition of a character, which, if it appear at all, shall be placed in a variety of lights. This particular part I send you merely as a sample of my hand at portiant-sketc."

A LITTLE, upright, pert, tart, tripping wight, And still his precious self his dear delight: Who loves his own smart shadow in the streets Better than e'er the fairest she he meets: A man of fashion, too, he made his tour, Learn'd Vive la bagatelle, et Vive l'amour! So travell'd monkies their grimace improve, Polish their grin, nay, sigh for ladies' love. Much specious lore, but little understood; Veneering oft outshines the solid wood: His solid sense by inches you must tell, But mete his cunning by the old Scots ell; His neddling vanity, a busy fiend, Still making work his selfish craft must mend.

#### VERSES

ON READING IN A NEWSPAPER THE DEATH OF JOHN WILLOOD, PSQ., BROTHER TO A YOUNG NADY, A PARTICULAR PREND OF THE AUTHOR'S

SAD thy tale, thou idle page,
And rueful thy alarms:
Death tears the brother of her love
From Isabella's arms.

Sweetly deckt with rearly dew
The morning tose may blow;
But cold successive noontide blasts
May lay its beauties low.

Fair on Isabella's morn
The sun propitions smiled;
But, long ere noon, succeeding clouds
Succeeding hopes beguiled.

Fate oft tears the bosom chords
That nature finest strung;
So Isabella't heart was form'd,
And so that heart was wrung.

Were it in the poet's power, Strong as he shares the grief That pierces I sabella's heart, To give that heart relief!

Dread Omnipotence alone
Can heal the wound He gave;
Can point the brindful grief-worn eyes
To scenes beyond the grave.

Virtue's blossoms there shall blow, And fear no withering blast: There Isabella's spotless worth Shall happy be at last, ELEGY ON THE DEATH OF SIR JAMES HUNTER BLAIR.

SIR JAMES HUNTER BLAIR was a partner in the eminent banking house of Su

Wilham Forbes and Co, of I dinburgh.

The lamp of day, with ill-presaging glare,
Dim, clouds, sunk beneath the western wave,
The inconstant blast howld through the darkening air,
And hollow whistled in the rocky cale,

Lone as I wander'd by each cliff and dell
Once the loved haunts of Scotar's royal train,\*
Or mused where limpid streams, once hallow'd, well,†
Or mouldering ruins mark the sacred fane ‡

The increasing blast roal'd round the beetling roal,
 The clouds, swiit-wing d, flew o er the starry sky,
 The grouning trees untimely shed their locks,
 And shooting meteors caught the startled eye

The paly moon rose in the hard east,
And 'mong the cliffs disclosed a stately form,
In weeds of woe, that frantic beat har breast,
And mix d her wailings with the raving storm

Wild to my heart the filal pulses glow,
I was Cale long as trophed shield I view'd.
Her form majestic droop d in pensive wee,
The lightning of her eye in terms imbued.

Reversed that spear, redor brable m war, Keelmed that banner, itst m fields unfulld, That like a deathful meteor gleam'd afar, And braved the mag'ily monachs of the world

"My patriot son fills in untimely prave!"
With accents wild and lifted aims she cried;
"Low lies the hand that oft was stretch'd to save;
I ow lies the heart that well d with honest pride

"A weeping country joins a widow's tear,

The helpless poor mix with the orphan's cry,

The drooping aits surround their patron's bier

And grateful science heaves the hear felt sigh!

"I saw my sons resume the ranciem fre, I saw fair Freedom's blos oras richty blow: But ah! how hope is boin but to expire! Relentless I ate has laid their guardian low.

"My patriot felts, but shall he lie unsung, While empty greatness sives a worthle a name? No, every Muse shall join her tuneful tongue, An I future ages hear his growing fame

The Ling's Park, near Holyrood House 1 St Anthony's Chapel. f St. Anthony's Well-

"And I will join a mother's tender cares,
Through future times to make his virtues last;
That distant years may boast of other Blairs!"
She said, and vanish'd with the sleeping blast,

#### 10 MISS FERRIER,

FUCIOSING THE FIEGY ON SIR J II BLACK

The heroine of any song was a Mass herrier, eldest daughter of Mr. J. Ferrier, a solution in Edinburgh

NAE heathen name shall I picfix
Frae Pindus or Parnassus,
Auld Reekte dings<sup>1</sup> them a' to sticks,
For rhyme-inspiring lasses.

Jove's tuneful dochters three times three Made Homer deep their debtor; But, gren the body half an ee, Nine Ferriers wad done better!

Last day my mind was in a bog,
Down George's Street I storted,
A creeping, cauld, prosaic fog
My very senses doited 3

Do what I dought to set her free, My saul lay in the mine, Ye tuin'd a neuk! I saw you ee — She took the wing like fire!

The mounfu' sang I here enclose, In gratitude I send you; And [wish and] pray in thyme sincere, A' guid things may attend you.

#### LINES

WRITTEN WITH A PENCIL OVER THE CHIMNEYPHEET IN THE PARLOUR
OF THE INV AT KENMORE, TAYMOUTH

Propersion Walker says, "Burns passed two or three days with the Duke of Athole, during one of his tours, and was highly delighted by the attention he received, and the company to whom he was introduced. By the Duke's autor he visited the Falls of Briar, and in a few days I received a letter from Inverness, with the following verses enclosed:"—

ADMIRING Nature in her wildest grace, These northern scenes with weary feet I trace; O'er many a winding dale and painful steep, The abodes of covey'd grouse and timid sheep,

<sup>1</sup> Beats
2 Stalked.

My savage journey, cutious, I pursue,
Till famed Breadalbane opens to my view,—
The meeting chiffs each deep-sunk glen divides,
The woods, wild scatter'd, clothe their ample sides,
The outstretching lake, embosom'd 'mong the hills,
The eye with wonder and amazement fills:
The Tay, meandering sweet in infant pride,
The palace, rising on its verdant side,
The lawns, wood-fringed in Nature's native taste;
The hillocks, dropt in Nature's careless haste;
The arches, striding o'er the new-boin stream;
The village, glittering in the noontide beam—

Poetic ardours in my bosom swell, Lone wandering by the hermit's mossy cell: The sweeping theatre of hanging woods! The incessant roar of headlong tambling floods

Here Poesy might wake her Heaven-taught lyre, And look through Natine with creative fire, Here, to the wrongs of Fate half-reconciled, Misfortune's lighten'd steps might wander wild, And Disappointment, in these lonely bounds, Find balm to soothe her bitter, rankling wounds; Here heart-struck Grief might heavenward stretch her scan, And mjured Worth forget and pardon mim.

# THE HUMBLE PETITION OF BRUAR WATER\*

My Joid, I know you noble ear
Woe ne'er assails in vain;
Embold o'd thus, I beg you'll hear
Your humble slave complain,
How sailey Phoblis' scorching beams,
In flaming summer pide,
Diy-withering, waste my foamy storams,
And dink my coystal tide.

The lightly-jumpin', glowtin' trouts, •
That through my waters play,
If, in their random, wanton spouts,
They near the margin stray;
If, hapless chance! they linger lang,
I'm scorching up so shallow,
They're left, the whitching stanes amane,
In gaping death to wallow.

<sup>\*</sup> Bruar Falls, in Athole, are exceedingly picture-que and beautifui; but their effect is much impaired by the want of trees and shrubs --B

140 POFMS

Last day I grat wi' spate and teen,
As Poet Burns came by,
That to a bard I should be seen
We half my channel dry
A panegyme thyme, I ween,
I en as I was he should me,
I ut hal I in my glory been,
Ite, kneeling wal adored me

Here, foaming down the shelvy rools, in two ting strength I rin.

There, the hay belong to real smoke.

Will raining o er a linn.

Injoying his each spring and well, as nature are then me.

I am allough I say to real,

Worth gaun a mile to 6.

Would, then, my noble t master please lo grant myshighest wishes

He ll shade my banls wi towering trees, And be any spreading t ushes

Delighted doubly then my loid,

You'll wan lei on my tank

And listen mony a grateful bid

Return you't meful than!

The ober laveroel war lin, will, Shall to the kies aspire,
The go adspire, Music's gaye t child shall sweetly join the choir
The blackbird strong the lintwhite class,
The navis mild and mellow,
The robin pair a cautumn cheer,
In all her locks of yellow

This, too, a covert shill insure

I o shield them from the storm,
And coward mankins sleep secure

I ow in their grassy forms

The shepherd here shall make his seat

I o weave his crown or flowers,

Or find a sheltering safe retreat,

I rom prone descending showers.

And here, by sweet endening stealth, Shall meet the loong pan,.
Despreng worlds, with all the r wealth, As empty tille on a The flowers shall ve in all their churms. The hour of her en to grace.

And birks extend their fragrant arms
To screen the dear embrace.

Here haply too, at vernal dawn,
Some musing bard may stray,
And eye the smoking dewy lawn,
And masty mountain gray,
Or, by the reaper's nightly beam,
Mild-chequering through the tree,
Rave to my daily dashing stream,
Hoarse swelling on the breeze.

Let lofty firs, and ashes cool,
My lowly banks o erspread,
And view, deep-bending in the pool,
Their shadows' watery bed!
Let frigiant bucks in woodbues diest
My craggy cliffs adorn;
And, for the little songster mest,
The close-embowering thom.

So may old Scotia's dailing hope,
Your little angel band,
Sping, like their fathers, up to prop
Their honour'd native land!
So may through Albion's furthest ken
To social-flowing glasses,
The grace l'e—"Athole's honest men,
And Athole's bonny lasses!"

#### LINES

TRUETEN WITH A 11 N 11, STANDING BY THE FALL OF FYFAS, NEAR LOCH YENS

As the heathy hills and rigged woods the roaming I yets poins his mossy flood.

Tall full he dishes on the rocky mounds,
Where, through a shapeless breach, his stream resounds,
As high in our the bursting torrents flow,
As deep-recoiling surges foam below,
Prone down the rock the whitening sheet descends.
And viewless Ect as ear, astonished, reads
Dim seen through rising mists and ceaseless showers,
The horry cavern, wide-surrounding, lowers.
Still, through the gap the struggling river toils,
And still, below, the horrid caldron boils.

#### CASTLE-GORDON.

These lines were written after Burns's brief visit to Gordon Cuile.

STREAMS that glide in orient plains, Never bound by Winter's chain! Glowing here on golden sands, There commix'd with foulest stains From tyranny's empurpled bands: These, their richly-gleaming waves, I leave to tyrants and their slaves, Cive me the stream that sweetly laves The banks by Castle-Gordon.

Spicy forests, ever gay,
Shading from the burning ray
Hapless wretches soid to toil,
Or the nuthless native's way,
Bent on slaughter, bicod, and spod:
Woods that ever verdaut wave,
I leave the tylant and the slave,
Give me the groves that lofty brave
The stoims by Castle-Gordon.

Wildly here without control,
Nature reigns and rules the whole;
In that sober pensive mood,
Dearest to the feeling soul,
She plants the forest, pours the flood:
Life's poor day I'll missing rave,
And find at night a sheltering cave,
Where waters flow and wild woods wave,
By bonny Castle-Gordon.

## ON SCARING SOME WATER FOWL IN LOCH TURIT,

A WILD SCENE MONG THE INTES OF OCHTERISKI

Wity, ye tenants of the lake, I'on me your watery haunts for ake? Tell me, fellow-creatures, why At my presence thus you fly? Why disturb your social joys, I'arent, filial, kindred tres?— Common friend to you and me, Nature's gifts to all are free: I'caceful keep your dimpling wave, Busy feed, or wanton lave; Or, beneath the sheltering rock, Bide the surging billow's shock.

Conscious, blushing for our race, Soon, too soon, your fears I trace. Man, your proud usurping foe, · Would be lord of all below: Plumes himself in freedom's pride, Tyrant stern to all beside. The eagle, from the cliffy brow Marking you his prey below, In his breast no pity dwells, Strong necessity compels: But man, to whom alone is given A ray direct from pitying Heaven, Glories in his heart humane--And creatures for his pleasure slain. In these savage, liquid plains, Only known to wandering swains, Where the mossy rivilet strays, Far from human haunts and waye: All on nature you depend, And life's poor season peaceful spend Or, if man's superior might Dare invade your native right, On the lofty ether borne, Man with all his powers you scorn: Swiftly seek, on clanging wings, Other lakes and other springs; And the foe you cannot brave Scorn at least to be his slave.

#### TO MISS CRUIKSHANK,

A VERY YOUNG LADY WEIFTER ON THE BLANK IT ALOF A BOOK

IRESENTED TO HER BY THE ALTHOR

This young lady was the subject of one of the poet's songs, "A Rosebud by my Early Walk". She was daughter to Mr. Caukshank, No. 30 St. James's Square, I limbuigh, with whom the poet resided during one of his visits to Edubuagh.

BIAUTHOUS rosebud, young and gay, Blooming in thy early May, Never mayst thou, lovely flower, Chilly shrink in sleety shower! Never Boreas' hoary path, Never Lurus' porsonous breath, Never baleful stellar lights, Taint thee with untimely blights! Never, never reptile thief. Riot on thy virgin leaf! Nor even Sol too fiercely view Thy bosom blushing still with dew!

Mayst thou long, sweet crimson gem, Richly deck thy native stem: 'Till some evening, sober calm, Dropping dews, and breathing balm 144 POTMS

While all around the woodland rings, And every bird thy requiem sings, Thou aimst the directal sound shed thy dying honours round, And it ign to parent earth The loveliest form she e er gav birth.

#### POFICAL ADDRESS TO ME MILLIAM TYGIER

#### WITH A PRESENT OF THE BARDS HICT RE

WILLIAM INTER F 1 of Woodho isclee was the grandfather of Patrick Interlyder the Hist man of Sodand He had earned the peta grantude by the public tition of a I fence of Many Queen of Scot

KIVI RED de' nder of besute us Stuart,

Of Stuart a name once real cted —

A name which to love was the mak of a tire cheart,

But now its despised and neglected

The ugh something like moisture conglobes in n v eye,
Let no one misdeem me disloyal,
A poor friendless wanderer may well claim a sigh,
Still more, if that wanderer were royal

My fathers that name have reveict on a throne, My fathers have fallen to right it Those fathers would spuin their descenciate son, That name should be scoffingly slight it

Still in prayers for King George I mo t heartily join,
The queen, and the rest of the gentry,
Be they wise, be they fooli h, is nothing of mine—
Their title's avow it by my country

But why of this epocha make such a fass
That gave us the Hanov r stem
If binging them & ei was lucky for us,
I m sure twas as lucky for them

But Toyalty, truce t we re on dangerous grean l,
Who I nows he w the fashiops may alter?
The doctime to day that is loy ilty sound,
Fo morro v may bring us a halter

I send you a title a head of a hard, A tritle scale worthy your cale But accept it, good sir, as a mark of regard, Sincere as a saint's dying prayer

No v life's chilly evening dim shades on your eye, And ushers the long dreary night, But you, like the star that at wart gilds the sky, Your course to the latest is bright

## ELEGY ON THE DEATH OF ROBERT DUNDAS, ESQ, OF ARNISTON,\*

LATE LORD PRESIDENT OF THE COURT OF SESSION.

In a letter to Dr. Geddes, Birins says. —"The following elegy has some tolerable lines in it, but the incurable wound of my pride will not suffer me to correct, or even beruse, it. I sent a copy of it, with my best prose letter, to the son of the great man, the theme of the piece, by the hands of one of the nobless men in God's world—Alexander Wood, surgeon. When, behold I his solicitariship took no more notice of my poem or me than if I had been a strolling fiddler who had made free with his lady's name over a silly new reel! Did the gentleman imagine that I looked for any duty gratuity?"

LONE on the bleaky hills the straying flocks. Shun the fierce storms among the sheltering rocks. Down foam the rivulets, red with dashing rains; The gathering floats burst o er the distant plains. Beneath the blast the leafless forests groan, The hollow caves return a sullen moan.

Ye hills, ye plains, ye forests, and ye caves, Ye howbing winds, and winty-swelling waves! Unheard, nuseen, by fluman ear or eye, Sad to your sympathetic scenes I fly; Where, to the whistling blast and waters' roat Pale Acotta's recent wound! may deplore. Oh he wy loss, thy country ill could bear! A loss these evil days can ne'er repair! Justice, the high vicegerent of her God, Her doubtful balance cycd, and sway'd her rod; She heard the tidings of the fatal blow, And sunk, abandon'd to the wildest woe.

Wrongs, injuries, from many a darksome den, Now gay in hope explore the paths of men: See, from his cavein, grim Oppression rise, And throw on Poverty his cruel eyes, Keen on the helplest victim see him fly, And stifle, dark, the feeoly-bursting cry.

Mark ruffian Violence, distain d'with crimes, Rousing elate in these degenerate times; View unsuspecting Innocence a prey. As guildful brand points out the errorg way: While subtle Luigation's phant tongue The his-blood equal sucks of Right and Wrong: Hark! injured Want recounts th' unlisten'd tale, And much-wrong d Misery pours the unpitted wail!

Ye dark waste hills, and brown unsightly plains, 'To you I sing my grief-inspired strains Ye tempests, rage! ye turbid torrents, roll! Ye suit the joyless tenor of my soul.

<sup>\*</sup> Eitler brother to Viscount Melville, born 1713, appointed President in 176, and died December 13, 1787

Life's social havits and pleasures I resign, Be nameless wilds and lonely winderings mine, Formourn the wors my country must ending That wound degenerate ages cannot cure

#### TO CLARINDA

#### ON THE IOLE'S LIAVING IDINBURGH

CIMILDA was Mr. M'I che e separated from her husband on account of incern stillness of temper—he would up on to have had a genuine passion, while I arms, right it is finish by the uniful and accomplished lady, was heart whole—She was something of a portess, and he alludes to an effort of her muse in the following terms—"Y in last verses it inchaves o den, hitch me that I have got in each client. It's of air that suits the measure and yen still see them in fruit by the 5-3 Misse of Misse of Misse in the spirit work publishing by a fined of mine in this town. It will be in the lainks of Spey, and is most it unful. I want in transas—you gave is but fince, and one of them delined to an expression in my former let it so I have taken your first two series with a slight dirition in the see in and have added it him? but you must he pline to a fundi. Her they are the latter half of the first stanza would have been worthy of Suph., I un in rightness with it.—

""Inlk it of I ove, it gives me pain,
I of we have been into fill of the with in a nich in
And plunged me deep in woe

""I ut fir n I bip's pure and I t ting jeys.

My hattwissering I type to
There wele me win vilwe the pire,
Lut never tilket I ve

''Your friendship thin hie minsk incllest, Ohl why that bliss dotry' Why ingette our is [fully] in requet You know I must [will] deny''

' P'S -What would you think of the for a fourth stanza;
"'Y am thought of I over me therbour there,
" need to mith at thou hi

> 1 cm cmc from my b som tenr the very friend I sought

The a verses are inserted in the second volume of the M. and M issum.

CI AKINDA, mistre's of my soul,
The measured time is run!
The wietch laneath the dreary pole
So mail's his latest sun.

To what dark cave of frozen might Shall poor Sylvander line? Deprived of thee his life and light, The sun of all his joy!

We part but, I y these precious drops
I hat fill thy I welveyes!
No other light shall guide my steps
Till thy bright beams arise.

She, the fair sun of all her sex, Has blest my glorious day; And shall a glimmering planet fix My worship to its ray?

### 10 CLARINDA

THA PRESENT OF A TAIK OF DRINKING-GLASSES
FAIR empress of the poet's soul,
And queen of poetesses,
Claunda, take this little boon,
I'his humble pau of glasses.

And fill them high with generous juice, As generous as your mind; And pledge me in the generous toast -"The whole of humankind!"

"To those who love us!" second fill,
But not to those whom we love;
Lest we love tho e who love not us!
A third ' To thee and me, love!"

Long may we live! long may we love!

And long may we be happy!

And may we never want a glass

Well charged with generous nappy!

#### 10 CLARINDA

BFFORT I saw Claimd's face,
My heart wind bittle and gay,
Free as the wind, or feather'd race
That hop from spray to spray.

But now dejected I app ur, Claumda prove unkind, I, sighing, drop the silent tear, But no relief cur find.

In plaintive notes my tale rehearses • When I the fair have found.
On every tree appear my vers
That to her maise resound.

But she, ungrateful, shuns my sight, My faithful love disdams, My vows and tears her scom excite – Another happy reigns.

Ah, though my looks betray,\*
I envy your success;
Yet love to friendship shall give way
I cannot wish it less.

<sup>\*</sup> This line is obviously imperfect

Life's social haunts and pleasures I resign, Be namely s wilds and lonely wanderings mine, To motion the woes my country intist endured That wound degenerate ages cannot cure.

#### TO CLARINDA

# CA THE FOLL'S THANDING STRUBBLEGH.

CLYLINGS WAS MIS MI chole, separated from her husband on a court of mone additing of time it. She would appear to have had a genuine passion, while Burs, nething for solutions of some by a hearthful and recomplished hely, was heart whole. She was something of a poetess, and he allindes to an enorther are on the following terms. "You hast verses than have so den hed no that have got a excellent of S of surther suns the measure and you shall see them in problems to S. S. Markat Markon, would publishing by a found of much in the town. I may if The Hanks of Spey, and is viest be intiful. I wan forested as you give include five, and one of there also before to an expression in my former letter. On I have then your first wo view, with inhalt decreasing in the second, and have added a third, but you must help une to a found. Here they become the latter half of the first stanza would have been well well on Speying at the rist stanza would have been well or set your server.

Of the first of Love, it vives me plan, for Love has been my for. First and no with an non-energy Not plan; ed in deep in wee.

But frendship's pure and latting pays My lent was frou'd to prove the condensation of the prize, Latin vertally of love

(C.Vo)r friend hip mach can material block (Ch) was that block in most? West may the more properties property You know Funct [wdb] - by?

"2" 5 -- What would you think of the for a fourth stanza r

\*\*\*Your thought, if I ever a containbour there, Control day in that them, a Not contained from now to contain The very from 1.10 cents.

There verses are inscrited in the accomprohime of the Musical Museum.

CLAMNDA mistics of my only.
The measured time is rim!
The wretch beneath the dicary pole So marks his location.

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I AIR empress of the poet's soul, And queen of poetesses; Clarinda, take this little boon, This humble pair of glasses.

And fill them high with generous juice, As generous as your mind, And pledge me in the generous toast ~ "The whole of humankind."

"To those who love us !"--second fill, But not to those whom we love, Lest we love those who love not us! A third - "To they and me, love!"

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Ah, though my looks betray,\*
I envy your success;
Yet love to friendship shall give way,
I cannot wish it less.

<sup>\*</sup> This line is obviously imperfect

# TO CLARINDA

"I BURN, I burn, as when through men'd corn, By driving winds, the crackling flames are bome!"
Now maddening, wild, I curse that fatal right, Now bless the hour which charm'd my guilty sight. In vain the laws their feeble force oppose, Chain'd at his feet they groan, Love's vanquish'd foes In vain Religion meets my shinking eye; I dare not combate—but I turn and fly: Conscience in vain upbraids the unhallow'd fire; Love grasps its scorpions—stifled they expire. Reason drops headlong from his sacred throne, Your dear idea reigns, and 12gns alone: Lach thoughtenitoxicated homage yields, And nots wanton in forbidden helds."

By all on high adoring mortals know!
By all the conscious Villain Gears below!
By your dear self!—the last great oath I swear—
Nor life nor -oul was ever half so dear!

#### LINES

WRITIEN IN PRIARS' CARSE HERMITAGE, ON THE BANKS OF THE NITH

(First Version)

The poet preserved two versions of this poem, the copy of the litter one being healed, "Altered from the foregoing, in December 1788." The hermitage alluded to was on the property of Captain Riddel of Pinns' Carse, a beautiful spot, much frequented by the poet, and situated a nule above his farm of Ellissiant.

The first six lines were written with a diamond on a plane of glass in a window of the hermitage

Thou whom chance may little lead, Be thou clad in turses wood, Be thou dockt in silken stole, Grave these maxims on thy soul —

I ife is but a day at most,
Spring from night, in daikness lost,
Day, how rapid in its flight—
Day, how few must see the night;
Hope not sunshine every hour,
Fear not clouds will always lower.
Happiness is but a name,
Make content and ease thy aim;
Ambition is a meteor glean,
Fame an idle, restless dieam:
Pleasures, insects on the wing
Round Fince, the tenderest flower of Spring!

POEMS.

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Those that sip the dew alone, Make the butterflies thy own; Those that would the bloom devour, Crush the locusts—save the flower. For the future be prepared, Guard whatever thou can't guard: But, thy utmost duly done, Welcome what thou canst not slaun. Follies past give thou to air, Make then consequence thy care: Keep the name of man in mind, And dishonour not thy kind. Reverence with lowly heart Hme whose wondrous work thou art; Keep His goodness still in view, Thy trust-and thy example, too.

Stranger, go! Heaven be thy guide! Quoth the Beadsman on Nithside.

#### LINFS

WRITTLY #N FRIARS' CARSE HERMITAGE, ON NUTHSIDE.

(Second Version.)

THOU whom chance may hither lead, Be thou clad in russet weed, Be thou dockt in silken stole, Grave these coursels on thy soul:—

Life is but a day at most, Spring from right, in darkness lost; Hope not similarly every hom, Fear not clouds will always lower As Youth and Love, with sprightly dance, Beneath thy morning-star advance, Pleasure, with her siren air, May delude the thoughtless par; Let Prudence bless Enjoyment's cup, Then raptured sip, and sip it up.

As thy day grows warm and high,
Life's meridian flaming pigh,
Dost thou spirin the humble vale?
Life's proud suminits wouldst thou scale?
Check thy climbing step, elate,
Evils link in felon wait:
Dangers, eagle-pinion'd, bold,
Soar around each cliffy hold,
While cheerful Peace, with limit song.
Chants the lowly dells among.

as the shades of evening close, Beckoning thee to long repose; As life itself becomes disease, ' Seek the chimney-neak of case, There ruminate with sober thought On all thou'st seen, and heard, and wrought; And teach the sportive younkers round Saws of experience sage and sound: Say, man's true, genuine estimate, The grand criterion of his fate, Is not—Art thou high or low? Did thy fortune ebb or flow? Wast thou cottager or king? Peer of persont?- no such thing! Did many talents gild thy span? Or find if Nature gine to thee one? Tell them, and press i on then mind, As thou thyself must shortly find, The smile or Lown of awful Heaven To Virtue or to Vice is given Say, "To be just, and kind, and wise, There solid Self-enjoyment lies; That foolish, selfish, faithless ways Lead to the wretched, vile, and ba e."

Thus resign'd and quiet, creep
To the bed of fasting sleep
Sleep, whence thou shall never break.
Nigh, where dawn shall never break.
Till future hie—future no more—
To light and joy the good restore,
To light and joy unknown before!

Stranger, go! Heaven be thy guide! Quoth the Beadsman of Nithside.

# A MOTHER'S LAMENT FOR THE DEATH OF HER SON

The poet says: "'The Mother's Lament' was composed partly with a view to Mrs. Fergusson of Cruzd much, and partly to the worthy patroness of my early unknown muse, Mrs. Stewart of Afton."

FAFE gave the word, the arrow sped, And pierced my dailing's heart; And with him all the joys are fled Life can to me impart.

By cruel hands the saping drops, In dust dishonour'd laid;

So fell the pride of all my hopes, My age's future shade.

POEMS. 😜 151

The mother-linnet in the brake
Bewails her ravish'd young,
So I, for my lost duling s sake,
Lument the live-day long
Death, oft I've fear'd thy far il l k
Now, fond, I have my be ast
Oli, do thou kindly lay me low,
With him I love, at rest!

# ELFGY ON THE YEAR 1788

#### A SELTCH

CUNNINGHAM says —"Truly has the Houghman bard described the natures of those illustrious rivids, I on and Pitt, under the similaride of the 'bu the cicks. Nor will the allust not the band cuffed muzzi balt shickled regent be lost on the color of the business of the cummber the alarm into which the naturn was thrown by the king still and

I on lords or lings, I dinea mourn E'en let them die —for that they're lorn! But oh! produgious to reflee! A towmont, Sirs, is gine to wieck! O'lighty-eight, in thy sma space What dine events has taken place! Of what enjoyments thou has reft u! In what a pickle the u hast left us!

The Spanish Limpue's tint a head, And my and I teethless Bantic's dead, The tulzies a san 'tween Patt and I's, And our guidwife's wee budie tocks; The tane is game, a bluidy devil, But to the hen-binds unco enal, The tithet's something dour o' treadin', But better stuff ne're clay d'a midden

Ye ministers, come mount the pu'pit, And cry till ye bedienes and roopit, I or Lighty eight lie wish d you weel, And gird you a' buth sear and neal, I on mony a picel, and mony a picek, Ye ken yoursels, for hitle feck!

"Ye bonny lisses, dight by our cen,"
For ome o' you hae tint a firen',
In Fighty-eight, ye ken, was ta en
What ye ll ne er hae to gie again

Obscive the very nowic<sup>6</sup> and sheep, How dowf and dowic<sup>7</sup> now they enep,

<sup>1</sup> Lost 2 His dog 3 Fight

<sup>4</sup> Work 5 Wipe

<sup>7</sup> Pathless and low spirited.

Nay, even the virth itsel does cry, For Embrugh wells are grutten dry

O highty-nine, thou's but a baim,
And no owic auld, I hope, to karn!
Thou beadless lov, I pray tak eye,
Thou now hast got thy daddy's chan,
Nae hand-cuff'd, muzzled, half shackled regent,
Put, like himsel, a full, face agent
be sure ye follow out the plan
Nae want than he did, honest man!
As muckle better as you cm

Jan 1, 1789

# IO CAPTAIN RIDDLE O GLINRIDDEL FYTEMIOLICIUS CONTELLO PARENCIALES

The newspaper's new atomed some sharp structure in the piet's works

I trisland, Mendra I ening

YOUR news and review, sit, I've read through and through, sir, With little admiring or bluming.

The papers are butten of home news or forcing, No murders or rapes worth the number.

Our friends, the reviewers, those chippers and howers, Are judges of mortal and stone, so .

But of mut or name t, on a future complete, .

I boldly pronounce they are none, so

My goose-quill too rude is to tell all your goodness Bestow don your servant the poet, Would to God I had one lile a beam of the sun, And then all the world, su, should know it!

#### SACRED TO THE MUNICIPAL OF MRS OSWALD

The origin of this litter effusion is related by the poet in a letter to Dr. Moore "The encloyed 'Ode is a compliment to the memory of the late Mrs. Oswald of Anchorenive Vou pio ably knew her personally an among which I cannot borst but I spent my call years in her neighbourhood, and among her servints and tenants a 11n with a she was detent, with the most heartfelt, cordidity. However in the particular part of her ectain t which roused my poetic wrath she was much less blamadle. In January last, on my road to Ayeshire. I had to just up at Pulie Whightim's in Sanquhar, the only tolerable into in the place. The flost was keen, and the grim evening ind how ing wind were ushering, in a might of snow and drift. My house and I were both much fatigued with the labours of the day, and just is my friend the bathe and I were bidding dehance to the storm even a moking bowl, in wheely

POEMS. 153

the funeral pageantry of the late Mrs. Oswald, and poor I am forced to brave all the terrors of the tempestinous night, and jade my horse—my young favourate horse, whom I had just christened Pegasus—further on, through the widest hills and moors of Ayrshue, to New Cumnock, the next mu—The powers of poesy and prose such under me when I would describe what Istale Suffice at to say that, when a good fire at New Cumnock had so far recovered my frozen sinews. I sat down and wrote the enclosed 'Ode'" The poet lived to associate the name with more agreeable memories; one of his finest lyrics, "Oh, wat ye what's in you town," was written in honour of the beauty of the succeeding Mis Oswald, wife of the son of the deceased lads

DWELLER in you dungeon dark, Hangman of creation, mark! Who in widow-weeds appears, Laden with unhonom'd years, Noosing with care a bursing purse, Butted with many a deadly curse!

#### STROPHE

View the wither'd beldam's face—
Can thy keen inspection trace
Aught of humanity's sweethnelting grace r
Note that eye, 'tis theum o'erflows,
Pity's flood there never rose
See these hands, ne'er stretch'd to save,
-Hands that took—luit never gave
Kee pee' of Manimon's iron chest,
Lo, there she goes, impitted and inblest—
She goes, but not to realins of everlasting rest!

#### ANTISTR HIF

Plunderer of armies, lift thine eyes, (A while farbear, Je torturing fiends.)
Seest thou whose step, mixiding, littler bends?
No fallen angel, hurl'd from upper skies;
"Its thy firsty quondam mate,
Doom'd to share shy forry fate,
She, tardy, hellward plies.

#### PLOOP

And are they of no more avail,
Ten thousand glittering pounds a year?
In other worlds can Mammon fail,
Ommpotent as he is here?
Oh, latter mockery of the pompors bier,
While dawn the wretched vital part is driven?
The cave-lodged beggar, with a conscience clear,
Expires in rags, unknown, and goes to heaven.

#### TO JOHN TAYLOR.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The poet," says a correspondent of Cummpham's, "it seems, during one of his journeys over his ten parishes as an excisentan, had arrived at Wanlockhead on a winter day, when the roads were shippery with ice, and Jenny Geddes.

ms mare, kept her feet with diffuoulty. The blacksmith of the plade was busied with other piessing matters in the forge, and could not spire fine for 'frosting' the shoes of the poet's mare, and it is likely he would have proceeded on his dangerous journey, had he not bethough himself of propitating the son of Vulcan with virse. He called for pen and ink, whose these verees to John Paylor, a person of influence in Winlockheal and when he had done, a gentleman of the name of Shan, who accompliend him ad hed these words—if Skan's best compliments to Mr. 1aylor, and it would be doing him and the Ayrshire bard a particular favour, if he would oblige them instanter with his agreeable compans. The isoda his been so slippery that the inders and the british were equally in larger of getting some of their bones broken. For the poet, his life and limbs are of some con equence to the would but for poor loan, it matters or, little whit may become of him. I he whole of this business is to ask the favour of getting the house, shoes sharpened. On the receipt of this, I tylor spoke to the smith, the smith flaw to his tools, sharpened the horses, shoes, and it is recorded, had thirty years to say he had never and him to missain and paid in all her to be and him in mones, and him in mones.

Wift Pegasus upor a day, Apollo weary flyin , • • Through flosty hills the journey lay, On foot the way was plying

Poor slipshod giddy Pegasus Was but a sorry walker, To Vulcan then Apollo goes, To get a frosty caulker \*

Oblizing Vulcan fell to work,
Threw by his cost and Lonnet,
And did Sol's business in verick,
Sol paid him with a sonnet

Ye Vulcan's sons of Wanlockhead, Pity iny sail disaster, My Pegasus is poorly shod— I ll pay you like my master

ROPFRE BURNS

RAMAGES, three oclock

# SKITCH

INSCRIBED TO THE RIGHT HON C J TOX

In a detter to Mis. Dunlop the post says, 'I have a postic whim in my heads which I at present dediction or it her in the, to the Right Hon Charles Junes Fox but I we long that there may held, I cannot say. A few of the first line, I have just raugh sketched as follows.'—

How wisdem and folly meet, mry, and unite.
How virtue and vice blend their black and their white;
How genius, the illustrious father of fiction,
Confounds rule and law, reconciles contradiction—
I sing if these mortals, the critics, should bustle,
I circ not, not I—let the critics go whistle!

<sup>\*</sup> A sharp pin of iron welded on to the front of a horse's shoe to prevent it from slipping

but now for a patron, whose name and whose glory At once may illustrate and honour my story.

Thou first of our orators, first of our wits;
Yet whose parts and acquirements seem mere lucky hits;
With knowledge so vast, and with judgment so strong,
No man with the half of 'em e er went fu wrong',
With passions so potent and fancies so bright,
No min with the half of 'em e'er went quite right,—
A sorry, poor misbegot son of the Muses
For using thy name offers fifty excuses

Good Lord, what is man? for as simple he looks,
Do but try to develop his hooks and his crools,
With his depths and his shallows, his good and his evil,
All in all he sa problem must puzzle the devil
On his one juling passion Sir I of a hugely labours,
That, like the old Hebrew walking switch, eats up its neighbours,
Mankind are his show-box—a friend, would you know

him?
Pull the sping, ruling passion the picture will show him What pity, in learing so beauteous a system, One trifling particular truth should have missed him; For, pite of his fine theoretic positions, Mankind is a science defies definitions.

Some soit all our qualities each to its tribe,
And think human nature they truly describe,
Have you found this, or tother? there's more in the
wind,

As by one diunken fellow his comindes you il find but such is the flaw, or the depth of the plan. In the make of that wonderful creature call d man, No two virtues, whatever relation they claim, Nor even two different shades of the same, I mough like as was ever twin brother to brother, Possessing the one shall imply you've the other.

But truce with abstraction, and truce with a Musc Whose thymes you il perhaps, sir, ne'er degrito peruse Will you leave your justings, your just, and your quariels, Contending with Billy for proud-nodding laurels? My much honour'd patron, believe your poor poet, Your courage much more than your prudence you show it, In vain with Squire Billy for laurels you struggle, He'll have them by fau trade, if not, he will snuggle, Not cabinets even of kings would conceal 'cm, He'd up the back-stairs, and by God he would steal 'cm. Then feat-like Squire Billy's you ne'er can ichieve 'cm, It is not, outdo him, the task is out-thieve him

56 POEMS.

#### VERSES

ON SECING A WOUNDED HAKE I'MP BY ME WHICH A PPITOW HAD JUST SHOT.

JAMES THOMSON, a neighbour of the poet and the person who shot the hare in question, says, "He cursed me, and said he would not mind throwing me into the water, and I'll warrant he could hie done", though I was both young and strong"

INHUMAN man! cause on thy barbarous art, And blasted be thy murder-aiming eye; May never pity soothe thee with a sigh, Nor ever pleasure glad thy cruel heart!

Go live, poor wanderer of the wood and field!

The litter little that of life remains: '

No more the thickening brakes and verdant plains

To thee shall home, or food, \(\epsilon\) pastime yield.

Seck, mangled wretch, some place of wonted rest, No more of rest, but now thy dying bed! The sheltering rushes whistling o'er thy head, The cold earth with thy bloody bosom prest.

Oft as by winding Nith, I, musing, wait

The solice eye, or had the cheerful dawn;

I'll miss thee sporting o or the dewy lawn,

And curse the ruthan's ann, and mourn thy hapless fate.

# DELLA

#### AN ODI

This ode was sent to the Star newspiper with the follogg letter = "Mr Printer,"—If the productions of a simple ploughning can merit a place in the same paper with the other favourities of the Masses who illuminate the Star with the Justic of genus, your insertion of the enclosed trifle will be succeeded by future communications from, your, Sec.,

"Et lisland, near Demikit 5, May 18, 1789"

"ROURT BIRNS.

FAIR the face of onent day, Fan the tints of opening rose; But fairer still my Deiia dawns, More lovely fai her beauty blows,\*

Sweet the lark's wild-warbled lay, Sweet the tinking rill to hear; But, Deha, more delightful still Steal thine accents on mine ear.

The flower-enamour'd busy bee The rosy banquet loves to sip; Sweet the streamlet's hoped lapse To the sun-brown'd Arab's lip But, Delia, on thy balmy-lips
Let me, no vagrant insect, rove!
Oh, let me steal one liquid kiss!
For, oh! my soul is paich'd with love!

### ADDRESS TO THE TOOTHACHE

WRITTEN WILEN THE AUTHOR WAS GRIPVOUSLY TURMENTED BY THAT
DISORDER

My curse upon thy venom'd stang, That shoots my tortured gums alang; And through my lugs gies mony a twang, Wi' gnawing vengcance.

Tearing my nerves wi' bitter pane, Like racking engine,!

When fevers burn, or ague freezes, Rheumatics gnaw, or cholic squeezes,

Our neighbour's sympathy may case us, Wr' ptlying moan; But thee—thou hell o' a' disease,

• Aye mocks our groan!

Adowif my beard the slavers trickle! I kick the wee stools o'cr the mickle, As round the fire the giglers keckle,<sup>1</sup>

While, raving mad, I wish a heekle\* Were in their doup.

Of a' the numerous human dools,<sup>3</sup>
Ilt han-sts,<sup>4</sup> datt bargams, cutty-sts ds,
Or worthy friends raked i' the mools,<sup>5</sup>
<sub>2</sub>Sad sight to see!

The tricks o' knaves, or fash o' fools, Thou bear'st the gree.

Where'er that place be priests ca' hell, whence a' the tones o' musery yell.

And ranked plagues their number ell,

"In dreadfu' raw,

Thou, Toothache, surely bear'st the bell Amang them a' '

O thou grim mischief-making chiel, That gars the notes of discord squeel,

<sup>1</sup> The mirthful children laugh.

<sup>2</sup> Jump 3 Troubles

<sup>4</sup> Harvests 5 Grave – carth.

<sup>\*</sup> Flax used to be cleaned and straightened by drawing it many times through a mass of sharp sized spikes fixed in a bench, points uppermost. This was called a heckle

Till daft mankind aft dance a reel
In gore a shoe thick,
Gie a' the faes o' Scotland's weal
A towmond's toothache!

#### THE KIRK'S ALARM

LOCKHAIT gives the following account of the outen of this poem — "M Gill and Dalty mple the two munistries of the town of Ayr, had long been suspected of entertaining heterodox opinions on several points particularly the doctrine of original sin and the Trinity and the fariner it length published. An Essay on the Death of Jesus Christ, which was consider to be done along the notice of the Church courts. More than a year was gent in the discussions which are ent of this, and at 11st Dr. M'Gill was fun to ach wiedge his errors, and promise that he would take in carly application of a plosying for them to his congregation from the pulpt, which promise, however, he never performed. The spenty of the country took, for the my pulpt he side of M Gill, who was a man of cold, in a pullar manners. It of innerproached moral char acter, and pressed of some accompliation in the buffs of the lower orders expossed, with far more favid great the cause of those who conducted the prosecution is, and the crime, deton. Given Hamilton, and all persons of his stamp were, of cure on the side of M Gill. Adult and the Mauchine of lens with his enemies. Rob it Aiken, a writer in Ayr, a man of remarkable telents, particularly in public speaking had the principal management of M'Gill's cause before the preshit is and the synoid. He was an intimate fruid of Hamilton's and through him had shout this ting farmed an equantance which soon append into a warm fruindship with Firm. I may way, therefore, from the beginning a zerons is in the end be was, perhaps the reputation."

OKTHODON, orthodon
Wha believe in John Knox,
Let me sound an alum to your con cience—
There's a heretic blast
Has been blawn if the wast,
That what is not sense must be nonsense

Doctor Mac,\* Doctor Mac,
You should stretch on a rack,
To strike evil-docts wi terror,
I o join futh and sense,
Upon ony pretence,
Is heretic, damnable error.

Town of Ay1, town of Ay1,
It was mid, I declare,
To meddle wi' mischief i-brewing p
Provost John f is still deaf
To the Chuich's relief,
And Orator Bob t is its run

#### 1 Twelvemonth's

is inscribed

<sup>&</sup>quot;Dr M'(sill † John Ballantyne, Esq., provost of Ayr, to whom the "Iwa Brigh" is dedic, sted † Mr Robert Arken, above-named, to whom the "Cotter's Saturday Night"

D'rymple mild \* D'rymple mild, Though your heart's like a child, d your life like the new diren snin, Yet that winn i save ye, Auld Satan must have ye For picaching that thier's and and twa

Rumble John + Kuml le Jol n, Mount the step we a groun Cry the look 1 we heresy crimm d Then hig out your lalle, Deal him tone like alle And icu every note of the dami d

In the James # Stute Jame, I cave the fut Killie dancs, There is halter that may be vice? Illler my uch l that the pact yell oon lead, I or puppies like you there, but few

Singet Sawney & Sarget 3 Sawney, Aic ye heiding the penny, In on a us what evil await? We viump yet unthow! Alarm every soul, I or the feul thick is just at your gate

Did ly Aul I | Did ly Auld, There's it xl4 in the frull 1 tod mulle want than the clail ¶ Inough ye aswna la lath Yell be in at the death, \ա¹ւն չշ շտու Ite, չշ շտ Iա k

Davie I lu t a \*\* Davie Bluster, I is a saunt if ye muster, The corps is no nice of recently Yet to worth let's be just, Revil blick ye might boast, If the ass were the king of the brutes

1 Petr I wate - Kilmarnock

3 Singe 1 4 lox

<sup>\*</sup> The Re. Dr William Dalrymple senior amister fit e coll grate Church

of Arr
† The Rev John Ru sell celebrated in the Holy Fur
† The Rev James M chirly the ler of the Ordination
† The Rev Alexander M odie of Ascertor one of the heroes of the "Iwa Herds

I he Rev Mr Auld, of Mauchine
I the clerk was Mr Gavin Hamilton who had been a thom in the sid of Mr Aul i, and the crtho low elergy of the district \*\* Mr Grant, Ochiltree

Jamic, Goose, \* Jamie Goose, Ye hae made but toom 100se, \* In hunting the wicked heutenant, But the doctor's your mark, For the Lord's haly ask He has cooper'd and ca'd2 a wrang pin in't.

Poet Willie. Poet Willie, Gie the Doctor a volley, Wi' your "Liberty's chain" and your wit, O'er Pegasus' side Ye ne'ei laid a stride, Ye but smelt, man, the place where he ---

Andro Couk,‡ Andro Gouk,a Ye may slander the book, And the book nane the wim, let me tell ye; Though ye're nch, and look big, Yet lay by hat and wig, And ye'll hae a calf's head o' sma' value

Barr Steeme,§ Barr Steeme, What mean ye, what mean ye? If ye'll meddle nae mair wi' the matter, Le may hae some pretence To havins3 and sense, Wi' people wha lien ye nac better.

Irvine side, I Irvine side Wr' your turkey-cock pride, Of manhood but sma' is your share, Ye ve the figure, o'tis true, Even your facs will allow, And your friends they dam grant you nae mair,

Murland Jock, Muirland Jock, When the Lord makes a rock To crush Common Sense for her sus, If all meanners were wit, There's no mortal so fit To confound the poor Doctor at ance.

> Holy Will, \*\* Holy Will, There was wit i' your skull

1 Empty same

<sup>2</sup> Driven.

Good manners.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Young, Cumnock
† The Rev Dr. Peebles, of Newton-upon-Ayr, the author of an indifferent
poem, on the centenary of the Revolution, in which occurs the expression alhided to by the poet

then to by the process of the following the first of the following stars are t

POEMS. 101

When ye pilfer'd the alms o' the poor; The tummer is scant, When ye're ta'en for a saunt, Wha should swing in a rape for an hour.

Calvin's sons, Calvin's sons, Seize your sputtual guns, Ammunition you never can need; . Your hearts are the stuff Will be powther enough, And your skulls are storehouses o' lead.

Poet Burns, Poet Burns, Wt' your priest-skelping turns, Why desert ye your auld native shire? Your Muse is a gipsy-I'en shough she were tipsy, She could ca' us not want than we are.

#### THE WHISTLE.

BURNS says, "Anthe authentic prose history of the 'Whistle' is curious, I shall here give it -In the train of Anne of Denmark, when she came to Scotland with our James the Sixth, there came over also a Danish gentleman of grantic statiure and great prowess, and a matchless champion of Bacchis-He had a little chony whistle, which at the communicement of the origin he had on the table, and whoever was the last able to blow it, everybody else being disabled by the potency of the bottle, was to carry off the whistle as a trephy of victory. The Dane produced credentials of his victories, without a single defeat, at the courts of Copenh. gen, Stockholm, Moscow, Warsaw, and several of the petty courts in Germany, and challenged the Scots Bacchan-hans, to the alternative of trying his prowess, or else of acknowledging their inferiority. After many overthrows on the part of the Scots, the Dane was geneointered by Sir Robert Lawne of Hawwelton, ancestor of the present worthy bronet of that mane, who, after three days, and three nights, hard contest, left land with our James the Sixth, there came over also a Danish gentleman of b ironet of that name, who, after three days' and three nights' hard contest, left the Scandinavian under the table,

And blew on the whistle has requiem shrill.

Sir Wa'ter, son of Sir Robert before mentioned, afterwards lost the whistle to Walter Riddel of Glenriddel, who had married a sister of Sir Walter's On Friday, the 16th of October 1789, at Friars' Carse, the whistle was once more man, the foun of victober 1789, at Friats Carse, the whistle was once more contended for as related in the ballad, by the present Sir Robert Lawrie of Maxwelton. Robert Riddel, E-q, of Glerriddel, lineal descendant and representative of Wilter Riddel, who won the whistle, and it whose family it had continued, and Alexander Ferginson Esq., of Craigdart. (It, likewise descended from the great Sir Robert, which last gentleman carried off the hard-won honours of the field.

On receiving the invitation to be present at the famous contest, Burns are

nounced his intention of being present by the following verse .-

"The king's poor blackguard slave am I And scarce dow spare a minute, But I'll be with you by and by, Or else the devn's in it I'-B.

I SING of a whistle, a whistle of worth, I sing of a whistle, the pride of the North, Was brought to the court of our good Scottish king, And long with this whistle all Scotland shall ring.

Old Loda, still meing the arm of Fing-1, The god of the bottle sends down from his hall "I his whistle's your chillenge to Scotland get o'er, And drank them to hell, sir, or ne'er see me more!"

Old poets have sung and old chronicles tell, What champions ventured, what champions fell, The son of great I ods was conqueror still, And blew on the whistle his requiem shall

Till Rolert, the lord of the Curn and the Skurr, Unmatch d at the bottle, unemques d in war, He drank his peor godship as deep as the sea, No tide of the Baltic e er dranker than he

Thus Robert, victorious, the trophy has a ind d, Which now in his house has for ages remaind I ill three nol le chieftains, and I of his blood, The jovial contest again have renew d

Thice joyous good fellows, with hearts clear of flaw. Craigdairoch, so famous for wit, worth, an I liw, And trusty Glenriddel, so skill d in old cems, And gallant Sir Robert, deep read in old whites

Lrugdanoch began, with a tonque smooth a ni, Desning Gleniddel to yield up the spoil. Or else he would muster the heads of the clan, And once more, in claret, try which was the man.

"By the gods of the ancients;" Glenii led ic lies, "Before I surrender so glorious a prize, I il conjure the ghost of the great Rorie More † And bumper his horn with him twenty times o er "

Sir Robeit a soldice no speech would preten!, but he ne er turn I his back in his fix—or his friend, Said, Toss down the whistle, the prize of the find, And, knee deep in claret, he I die ere he d yick

To the board of Glenniddel our heroes repur, So noted for drowning of sorfow and care, But for wine and for welcome not more known to fame, Than the sense, wit, and taste, of a sweet lovely dame.

A bard was selected to witness the fray,
And tell future ages the feats of the day,
A bard who detested all sadness and spleen,
And wish'd that Parnassus a vineyard had been

<sup>&</sup>quot; See Os ans Carte dura I

† See Johnson's Four to the Hebrides - B

The limiter being over, the claset they ply,
And every new cook is a new spring of joy;
In the bands of old friendship and kindred so get,
And the bands grew the tighter the more they were wet.

tray pleasure ran not as bumpers ran o'er, Bught Phorbusine er witness'd so joyous a coi, And sow'd that to leave them he was quite forlorn. Till Cynthia lunted he d see them next morn

Six bottles apièce had well wore out the night, When gillant Sir Robert, to finish the fight, Turn'd o er in one humper a bottle of ied, And swore 'twis the way that their ancestors dill-

The a worthy Glenriddel, so cantions and sage, No longer the waifare, ungodly, would wage, A high ruling of ier to wallow in wine He left the foul business to folks less divine

The gillant Sir R next fought hand to the end, But who can with I ate and quart bumpers conter 1? I hough Fate and A hero shall perish in light, So up rose bright Phaebus—and down fell the I mush

Next up i see ur but, like a prophet in drink "Cru, duroth thoult son when creation shall suck! But if thou wouldst flourish immortal in thyme, Come—one bottle more—in I have at the sublim."

"Thy line, that have structed for freedom with Bruce, Shall heroes and patricts ever produce." So thing be the laurely and mine be the bay, The field thou hast won, by you bright god of day!"

#### VIRSIS

IN CALLAIN (R) I S PHITCHNAILINS PHROUDER SCHLAND COLLECTING
THE ANTICULTERS OF THAT KINGD ME. •

CAPLAIN GROSS a funous antiquency was the author availual le work on the antiquities of Scotland. He was a gental follow, a companion after the poet's own heart.

HLAR Land o' Cakes, and brither Scots, Frac Mardenkink\* to Johnny Groat , If there's a hole in a' your coats, I rede you tent ! it,

A chiel's amang you takin' notes,

And, futh, he'll prest it

# 1 Heed

<sup>&#</sup>x27; An inversion of the name of Kirkmaiden, in Wigtonshire, the most southerly

If in your bounds ye chance to light Upon a fine, fat, fodgel wight, O'stature short, but genius bright, That's he, mark weel -And wow I he has an unco slight O' cauk and ked.\*

By some auld, houlet-haunted biggm', + Or kick deserted by its riggin', It's ten to ane ye'll find him snug in Some eldritch 2 part, Wi' dells, they say, Lord save's! colleagum' At some black art.

Ilk ghaist that baunts suld ha' or chaumer. Ye gipsy gang that deal in glamour, And you, deep read in hell's black grammar, Warlocks and witchess Ye'll quake at his conjuring hammer, Ye malnight bitches!

It's tauld he was a sodger bred, And ane wad rather fa'n than fled; But now he's quat the spurtle-blade And dog-skin wallet, And ta'en—the antiquarian trade, I think they call it.

He has a fouth<sup>3</sup> o' aukl nick-nackets, Rusty ann caps and jinglin' jackets, # Wad hand the Lothians three in tackets A towmond guid; And parritch-pats, and auld saut-backets, Afore the flood

Of Eve's first fire he has a cinder; Auld Tubal Cam's fire-shoot and fender; That which distinguished the gender O' Balaam's ass, A broomstick o' the witch o' Endor, Weel shod wi' brass.

Forbye, he'll shape you an, fu' gleg,4 The cut of Adam's philabeg: The knife that nicket Abel's craig 5 . He'll prove you fully, It was a faulding jocteleg, Or lang-kail gully.

Plump
 Unholy.

5 Throat

<sup>3</sup> Abundance 4 Full sharply

<sup>\*</sup> Alluding to his powers as a draughtsman

7 See his "Antiquities of Scotland"—B

\$ See his "Treatise on Audient Armour and Wespons" -B.

But wad ye see him in his glee, For meikle glee and fun has he, Then set him down, and twa or three Guid fellows wi'him; And port, O port' shine thou a wee, And then ye'll see him!

Now, by the powers o' verse and prose!
Thou ait a dainty chiel, O Grose!—
Whae'er o' thee shall ill suppose,
They sair misca' thee;
I'd take the rascal by the nose,
Wad say, Shame fa' thee!

# LINES WRITTEN IN A WRAPPER,

PROLOSING A JETTER TO CAPIAN GROSS

In sending some antiquation and legendary material to Captain Grose through Mr. Cardonnel, a brother antiquary, the following lines were written by the poet on the cover of the parcel. Cardonnel read them everywhere to the anniyance of the capt in

KEN, ye ought o' Captain Grose?

Igo and ago,
If he's am uig his friends or foes?

Iram, coram, dago.

Is he south, or is he north?

Igo and ago,
Or drawned in the river Porth?

Train, coram, dago.

Is he slain by Highlan' bodies?
Igo and ago,
And eaten like a wether-haggis?
Iram, coram, dago.

Is he to Abia'm's bosom gane?

Igo an Lago,
Or haudin' Suth by the wame

Iram, coram, dago.

Where et he le, the Lord be near him !

Igo and ago,

As for the dell, he damna steer him!

Iram, coram, dago.

But please transmit the enclosed letter, Igo and ago, Which will oblige your humble debtor, Iran, corara, dago. So may ye'hae auld stanes in store, Igo and ago, The very stanes that Adam bore, Iram, coram, dago.

So may ye get in glad possession, Igo and 200, The coins o' Satan's coronation! Iram, corum, dago.

# SKITCH- NEW-YTAK'S DAY, [1700]

On the original MS of these lines, the powrites as follows "On second thoughts I send you this extemptive blotte I beth. It is just the first random scrawl, but if you think the piece worth all v. S shall retough it, and finish it Though I have no copy of it, my incinory screek me."

This day, Time winds the exhausted chain, To run the twelvemonth's length again, I see the old, bald-pated fellow, With ardent eyes, complexion sallow, Adjust the unimputed machine, To wheel the equal, dull routine.

The absent lover, minor hen,
In vain assail him with their proper;
Deaf, as my friend, he sees their press,
Nor makes the hour one moment less.
Will you (the Major's\* 6.4th the hounds;
The happy tenants share his rounds;
Coila's fair Rachel's† care to-day,
And blooming Keith's‡ engaged with Gray)
From housewife cares a nanute borrow—
That grandchild's cap will to do-morrow—
And join with the 2-moralising;
This day's propirtous to be wise in.

First, what did ye-ternight deliver?

"Another year is gone for ever!"
And what is this day's strong suggestion?

"The passing moment's all we rest on'!"
Rest on—for what? what do we hate?
Or why regard the passing year?

Will Time, amused with proveph'd lote,
Add to our date one minute more?
A few days may—a few years mast—
Repose us in the silent dust,

<sup>\*</sup> Major, afterwards General, Andrew Dindon, Mrs. Dunloy's second son † Mrs. Rachel Dunlop, who afterwards munical Robert Glasgow, Eat Mrs. Keith Dunlop, the youngs of drughts

Then is it wise to damp our bliss? Yes—all such reasonings are amiss! The voice of Nature loudly cires, And many a message from the skies. That something in us never dies: That on this frul, uncertain state, Hang matters of eternal weight: That future life, in worlds unknown, Must take its hue from this alone; Whether as heavenly glory bright, Or dark as Misery's weeful night.

Since, then, my honour'd, first of friends, On the poor being all depends, Let us the important non employ, And live as those who next die.

Though you, with days and honours crown'd, Veness that filled circle round, (A ht, life's corrows to repulse, A sight, pale I ney to convulse,) Others now claim your chief regaid; Vourself, you wait your bright reward.

#### PROLOGUE.

SI DELY AT THE THEATRE DEMERLES ON YEW YEARS DAY EVENING, [1790]

In a letter to his brother Cilbert Burns says —"We have gotten a set of very descrit players lere just n w. I have seen them an evening or two. David Lampbell in Ayr wi to to me by the manager of the Company a Mr Sufherland, who is a man of apparent worth. On New Years, David gave him the following prologue, which he spouted to his audience with applause.—

No song nor dance I hring from yon great city I hat queens it o er our tiste—the more's the pity I hough, by the by, abroad why will you roam? Good sense and tiste are natives here at home But not for panegyric I appear, I come to wish you all a good new year! Cold Father I me deputes me here before ye, Not for to preach, but tell his simple tory. The sage grave ancient cough'd, and bade me say, "You're one year older this important day" If wiser, too—he hinted some suggestion, But 'twould be rule, you know, to ask the question, And with a would-be roguish leer and wink, He bade me on you press this one word—"Think!"

Ye sprightly youths, quite flush'd with hope and spirit, Who think to storm the world by dint of merit, To you the dotaid has a deal to say, In his sly, dry, sententious, p overb way! He bids you mind, amid your thoughtless rattle, That the first blow is ever half the battle; That though some by the skirt may try to snatch him Yet by the forelock is the hold to catch him; That whether doing, suffering, or for learning, You may do miracles by persevering.

Last, though not least in love, ye faithful fair, Augelic forms, high Heaven's peculiar care! To you old Bald-pate smooths his wrinkled brow, And hu ably begs you'll mind the important Now! To crown your happiness he asks your leave, And offers bliss to give and to receive.

For our sincere, though haply weak, endeavours, With grateful pride we own your many favours; And howsoc'er our tongues in it ill reveal it, Believe our glowing bosoms truly feel it.

### TO THE OWL,

This poem was first printed by Cromek from a MS in the poet's handwriting. Some doubts have been thrown on its authenticity, but occasional interlineations on the same, would seem to settle the question.

> SAD bird of night, what sorrows call thee forth, To vent thy plaints thus in the midnight hour? Is it some blast that gathers in the north, Threatening to nip the verdure of thy bower?

Is it, sad owl, that Autumn grips the shade, And leaves thee here, unshelter'd and forlorn? Or fear that Winter will thy nest invade? Or friendless melancholy bids thee mourn?

Shut out, lone bird, from all the feather'd train, To tell thy sorrows to the unheeding gloom; No friend to pity when thou dost complain, Griefall thy thought, and solitude thy home

Sing on, sad mounce! I will bless thy strain, And pleased in sorrow lister to thy song: Sing on, sad mourner; to the night complain, While the lone echo wasts thy notes along.

Is beauty less, when down the glowing cheek Sad, piteous tears, in native sorrows fall?

Less kind the heart when anguish bids it break?

Less happy he who lists to pity's call?

Ah, no, sad owl! nor is thy voice less sweet,
That sadness times it, and that grief is there;
That spring's gay notes, unshill'd, thou canst repeat;
That sorrow bids thee to the gloom repair,

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Nor that the treble songsters of the day
Are quite estranged, sad bird of night! from thee;
Nor that the thrush deserts the evening spray,
When darkness calls thee from thy reverie,

From some old tower, thy melancholy dome, While the gray walls, and desert solitudes, Return each note, responsive to the gloom Of rived coverts and surrounding woods.

There hooting, I will list more pleased to thee Than ever lover to the mghtmgale; Or drooping wretch, oppress'd with insery, Lending his car to some condoling tale.

# \*PROLOGUL,

FOR MR SUTHERLAND'S BENEFIT NIGHT, DUNI RIFS

I HIS prologue was accompanied with the following letter to Mr. Sutherland, the manager of the Dumfries theatre,...

"I was much disappointed in wanting your most agreeable company yesterday. However, Plicartily pray for good weather next Sunday, and whatever serial being has the guidance of the elements, he may take any other half dozen of Sundays he pleases, and clothe them with tapours, and clouds, and storms, until he territy himself at combination of his own raising. I shall see you on Wednesday forenoon. In the greatest hurry.—R. B."

What needs this din about the town o Lon'on, How this new play and that new sing is comin'? Why is outlandish stuff sae merkle courted? Does nonsense mend like whisky, when imported? Is there hae poet, burning keen for fame, Will try to gie us sang, and plays at hame? For comedy abroad he needna toil, A fool and knave are plants of every soil; Nor need he hunt as far as Rome and Greece To gather matter for a serious piece; There's themes enow in Caledonian story, Would show the tragic muse in a' her g'ory.

Is there no daring band will use and tell.
How glorious Wallace stood, how hapless fell?
Where are the Muses fled that could produce
A drama worthy o' the name o' Bruce,
How here, even here, he first unsheath'd the sword,
'Gamst mighty England and her guilty lord,
And after mony a bloody, deathless doing,
Wrench'd his dear country from the jaws of ruin?
Oh for a Shakespeare or an Otway scene
To draw the lovely, hapless Scottish queen!

170 POEMS.

Vain all the omnibotence of female charms 'Gamst headlong, ruthless, mad Rebelhon's arms. She fell, but fell with spirit truly Roman, To glat the vengeance of a rival woman. A woman—though the phrase may seem uncivil—As able and as cruel as the devil! • One Douglas lives in Home's immortal page, But Douglass were heroes every age. And though your fithers, prodigal of life, A Dougl's followed to the martial strife, Perhaps if bowls row right, and Right succeeds, Ye yet may follow where a Douglas leads!

As ye hae generous cone, if a' the land . Would take the Muses servants by the hand; Not only hear, but paironise, I friend them, And where ye justly can comme id, commend them, And arblins when they winn a stand the test, Wink har I and say the folks hae done then best! Would a' the lim I do this, then I'll be caution Yell oon hie poets o' the Scottish nation, Will gas I ame blaw until her trumpet crack, And warsle! I me, and lay him on his tack!. For us and for our stage should ony spice, "Wha's aught thre chiels make a' this bustle here?" My best leg foremost, I ll set up my brow, We have the honour to belong to you! We're your am banns, c'en guide us as ye like, But like good mithers, shore I efore ye strike. And gratefu' still I hope yell ever find us, For a' the patronage an I merkle kindness We've got frue a' professions, sets, and ranks; God help us! we're but poor-ye'se get but thanks.

# STANZAS ON THE DUKF OF QUEENSDERRY

Sour one calling an question the propriety of satiri are people unworthy, and enting the Duke of Queensberry as an instance, Durns wrete the fellowing biting lines as a reply 2

How shall I sing Diumlahing's\* Grace— Discarded reminint of a race once great in marital story?

This forbears' vutues all contristed— The very name of Douglas blasted— His that inverted glory.

Hate, envy, oft the Douglas bore; But he has superadded more,

1 Wrestle

9 Warn.

<sup>\*</sup> The residence of the Duke of Queopsberry

And sunk them in contempt;
Follies and crimes have stain'd the name,
But, Queensherry, there the virgin clasm,
From un hi that's good exempt,

#### VERSIS TO MY ITD. .

Thou bed, in which I first began To be that various creature—man! And when again the fates decree, The place where I must cease to be, -When sickness comes, to whom I fly, To soothe my pain, or close mine eve, When cares surround me where I weep Or lose them all in I almy sleep,-When sore with labour, whom I count And to thy downy breast resort-Where, too, ecstatic joy I find, When deigns my Delri to be kind -And full of l wc, in all her charms, Thou givest the fun one to my aims. The centre thou, where grief and pun, Dischse and rest, alternate reign. Oh, since within thy little space So many various scenes take i lace : I essons as useful shelf thou teach As sages dietat —churchmen preach; And man, consuced by thee alone, This giert important truth shall own :--I hat then partitions do divide The bounds where good and all resule; That nought is perfect here below, but I is still border no up on row

#### FILGE ON PEG NICHOLSON.

Inr Peg Nicholson of this I legy—11 ty mare-belonged to the poet's figured William Nicol, she was named after the virigo who thre tened to life of George the I life.

Pro Nichorson was a good bay mare
As ever trode on arm,
But now she's floating down the Nith,
And past the mouth o' Curn
Peg Nicholson was a good bay mare,
And rode through thick and thin;
But now she's floating down the Nith,
And wanting even the skin

Peg Nicholson was a good bry mare, And ance she bore a priest; 172 POEMS.

But now she's floating down the Nith,
For Solway fish a feast.
Veg Nicholson was a good bay mare,
And the priest he rode her sair;
And much oppress'd and bruised she was,
As priest-rid cattle are.

#### LINES

WRITTEN TO A GENTLEMAN WHO HAD SUNT HIM A NEWSPAPER, AND OFFICED TO CONTINUE IT FREE OF EXPENSE.

KIND Sir, I've read your paper through, And, faith, to me 'twas really new! How gue s'd ye, sir, what maist I wanted? This mony a day I've grand and gaunted 1 To ken what French mischief was brewin', Or what the drunke Detch were dom'; That vile doup-skelper, Emperor Joseph, If Venus yet had got his nose off; Or how the collieshangie works Atween the Russians and the Turks; Or if the Swede, before he halt, Would play another Charles the Twalt: If Denmark, anybody spak o't; Or Poland, wha had now the tack 3 o't; How cut-throat Prussian blades were hingin',\* How libbet Italy was singm'; If Spaniards, Portuguese, or Swiss Were sayin' or takin' aught amiss: Or how our merry lads at hame, In Britain's court, kept up the game : How royal George, the Lord lenk o'er him! Was managing St. Stephen's quorum; If sleekit Chatham Will was hvin', Or glaikit<sup>7</sup> Charlie got l<del>u</del>s nieve<sup>8</sup> in ; How Daddie Burke the plea was cookin', If Warren Hastings' neck was yeukm', How cesses, stents, and fees were ray'd, 10 Or if bare a-s yet were tax'd; The news o' princes, dukes, and earls, Pimps, sharpers, bawds, and opera girls; If that daft buckie, Geordie Wales, Was threshin' still at hizzies' tails; Or if he was grown oughthus douser,11 And no a perfect kintra cooser. 18

1 Groaned and yawned

Quarrel.
 Lease

Lease
 Hanging.

B Castrated.

6 Sly 7 Thoughtless. 8 Fist. 9 Itching. 10 Stretched.

11 At all more sober.
13 Country stallion

A' this and mair I never heard of; And but for you I might despan d of So gratefu, back your news I send you, And pray, a' guid things may attend you b

FLLISTAND, Wondry Woning 1790

### ELEGY ON CAPIAIN MAITHEW HINDERSON,

A (1 TITMAN WHO HILD THE PATENT FOR HIS HONCELS IMMEDIATELY
FROM ALWHGHTY GOD

The following was appended to the original MS of this I legs. 'N with it a rife ever with the strens filtrers the harpies of a imprior and the fitter of military this enternal details that, in all sides into in all parties presso over the villam us business of politics a permit a metal in all parties presso over the villam us business of politics a permit a metal in a of your acquaint a rice to do her lest to they ou with a song. You know Henderson. I have a thirtiered his memory.

In thittered I summory
In electer 3 Dr. More, the poet says. "The I legy on Ca, team Henderson a tribute the memory of anim I love I migh. Pets have in this the sum advantage as Koman Catholics, they can be of service to their friend litter they have passed that bourne where all other kinds of secases to be of any available, after all either the one or the other be of any real service to the dead is, I fear, very problematical but I am sure they are highly gratifying to the living (a train-After licenous us a retail soldier of agreeul manners and upright the tracter, who had a I fair, an I carrillers Close. Fulliburely, and mindel with the best society of the city, he dimed regularly at Tortimes Tavern and was an insert the Call are Chall which was composed of all who meline I to the witty, and the joyous

' Should the 10 r be flutter d?' - SHAKI SILAII

I ut n whis radiant course is run for Ma th w s corrse was bright. His soul was like thog! ricus sun, A matchless heavenly light!

O Di Atit! thou tyi int fell and bloody!
The meikle devil we a woodic!
Hauit thee hame to his black smiddle,3
O er hincheon! hides,
And like stock-fish come o'd his studdle?
Wi' thy auld sides!

He's gane! he's gane! he's frac us torn!
The ac best fellow e cr was born
Thee, Matthew, Nature's sel shall mourn
By wood and will,
Where, haply, Pity strays follorn,
I rac man exiled!

Ye hills! near neibors o' the starn, 6 That proudly cock your cresting carris!

Halter Drag Smille, 2 blak mith s shon Hedgehog <sup>5</sup> Anvil <sup>6</sup> Stars Ye cliffs, the haants of sailing yearns, Where Echo slumbers:
Come join, ye Nature's studiest barns,
My wailing numbers!

Mouin, ilka grove the cushat kens!
Ye hazelly shaws and buery dens!
Ye burnies, wimplin' down your glens,
Wi' toddlin' din,

Or foaming strang, wi' hasty stens, 8
Frae im to lin!

Moun, httle harebells o'er the lea; Ye stately forgloves fan to see; Ye woodbines, have ing boundie In scentce bowers; Ye roses on your thorny tie; The first o' I bwlis.

At dawn, when every grassy blade Droops with a diamond at its head, At even, when beans their fiagrance shed, I' the rustling gale, Ye maukins whiddin' through the glade, Come, join my wail

Mouin, ye wee songsters o' the wood;
Ye grouse that crap' the heather bad;
Ye curlews calling through a clud;
Ye whisting plover;
And mouin, ye whiring partick bood!—
He's gare for ever.

Mourn, sooty coots, and speckled teals; Ye fisher herons, watching eels, Ye duck and drake, wi' any wheels Criching the lake; Ye bitterns, till the quagnure reels, Rair+ for his sake.

Mourn, clam'ring craiks? at close o' day, 'Mang fields o' flowering clover gay; And when ye wing your annual way

Frace our cauld shore,
Tell that far warlds wha he in clay,

Wham we deplore.

Flagles
Nood-pigeonknows
Leaps

<sup>4</sup> Hares running b Crop, eat

Partridge. Landrails.

With the noise of one who goes heat unityly or insecurely,
 A Scotch phrase signifying a harsh, bitter cry.

Ye houlets frac your ivy bower, In some auld tree or cldritch lower, What time the moon, wit silent glower, Sets up her horn, Wail through the dreary midnight Loar Till waukrife morn!

O rivers, forests, hills, and plains!...
Oft have ye heard my canty strains:
But now, what else for me remains
But tales of woe?

And frae my cen the drapping rains Maun ever flow.

Monn, Spring, thou darling of the year !
Ilk cowship cup shall kep? a teat 5,
Thou, Simmor, while each corny spear
Shoots up its head,
Thy gry, given, flowery tresses shear
For him that's dead!

Thou, Autumn, wi' thy yellow hair, In grief thy sallow mantle tear! Thou, Winter, hurling through the an The roaining blast, Wide o'cr the naked world declare The worth we've lost!

Mourn him, thou Sun, great source of light' Mourn, empress of the silent might! And you, ye twinkling stannes bright,

My Matthew mourn!

For through your orbs he's ta'en his flight,

Ne'er to return.

O Henderson! the man—the brother! And art thou gone, and gone for ever? And hast thou cross'd that unknown river, Life's dreary bound?

Like thee, where shall I find another The world around '

Go to your sculptured tombs, ye great
In a' the timsel trash o' state!
But by thy honest turf I'll wait,
Thou man of worth!
And weep the ae best fellow's fate
E'er lay in earth.

Haunted.
 Stare.

<sup>3</sup> Wakening.

#### THE FRITARII.

S rop, passenger!--my story's brief,
• And truth I shall relate, man;
I tell nae common tale o' gruf-For Matthew was a great man.

If thou uncommon ment hast,
Yet spurn'd at Fortune's door, man,
A look of pity hither east—
For Matthew was a poor man.

If thou a noble sodger art,

That passest by this grave, in in,
There moulders here a gellant heart—
For Matthew was a brave man

If thou on men, their works And ways, a Canst throw uncommon light, mar, Here lies wha weel hackwon thy praise— For Matthew was a bright man,

If thou at friendship's sacred ca' Wad life it elf resign, man.
The sympathetic ten mann fa' For Matthew was a kind man !

If thou art stanch without a stan, Like the unchanging blue, man, This was a kinsman o' thy ain— For Matthew was a true man.

If thou hast wit, and fun, and fue, And ne'er guid wine did fear, man, This was thy billie, dam, and sue— For Matthew was a queer man,

If ony whiggish whiggin' sot, To blame poor Matthew dare, man, May dool and sorrow be his lot!— For Matthew was a rate man.

# TAM O'SHANTER.

CARLAIN GROSE, in the introduction to his "Antiquities of Scotland,' says, "To my intentions friend, Mr. Robert Burns, I have seen scriously obligated, he was not only at the pains of making out what was most worthy of notice in Ayshire, the country honoured by his littly, but he also wrote, expressly for this work, the pretty late unicked to Alloway Church." What an odd notion Caption Grose must have had of the finess of things when he called Tam of Shanter "a pretty tale." In a letter 15 dapt in Grose, the author gives the legend which formed the groundwork of the poem..."On a market day in

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the town of Ayr, a farmer from Carrick, and consequently whose way lay by the very gate of Alloway kirkyard, in order to cross the tiver Doon at the old bridge, which is about two or three bundred yards farther on than the said gate, had been detained by his business, till by the time he reached Alloway it was the wizard loon, between night and morning. Though reached Alloway it was the wizard loom, between night and morning. Though he was terrified with a blaze streaming from the kirk, yet it is a well-known for that to tirm back on these occasions is running by far the greatest risk of mischief,—he producilly advanced on his read. When he had reached the gate of the kirkyard, he was surprised and entertained, through the ribs and arches of in old Gobin, window, which still faces the lighway, to see a dance of witches metrily footing it round then old sooty blackguard master, who was keeping them all alive with the power of his bagpine. The firmer, stopping his horse to observe them a hitle, could plainly descry the fixes of many old women of his acquaintrace and neighbourhood. How the gentleman was dressed tradition does not say, but that the lathes were all in their smootks, and one of them bappening unlinedly to have a smooth were all in their smocks, and one of them b uppening unlined ily to have a smooth which was considerably too sport to answer ill the purposes of that precede dress, our farmer was so nickled that he misolimitarily burst out, with a lond laugh, "We'l lappen deaport, Maggie wi' the short sizk!" and, recollecting limited, in instantly sparred his hose to the top of his speed. I need not mention the mayorsally known fact than no original power can pursue you besond the middle of a random stream. Theky it was for the poor furner that the river Doon was so he is, he is withst inding the speed of his horse, which was a good one, against be reached the moldle of the arch of the bridge, and consequently the middle of the stream, the massing veneral hags, were so the cart las heels that one of them, that is spreng to seve him, but it was row late, nothing was on her side of the stream but the herse's tail, which moundrately give way it her inferiol tops, as if blisted by a stroke of lightning, but the farmer was beyond her teach. However the insightly, talkes condition of the view, steel with the thoughtly talkes on the north tail to be to the first the moundrate. awful warning to the Carrick famous not to say too late in Ave markets?

The poet con truncal Donelli. Grahame, the farmer of Shanter, the hero of the legend, and is he ter by was the joint circless being he is represented to be in the poem, several liver rous meidents entrent about him were introduced Inc. form was composed in the winter of 1700, and was beginn and in one day. Mrs. Binnes fold Cronick that suc saw him by the river ended in one an side lynghing and gesticulating as the humorans incidents assumed shapp within his mind

"Of browns and of begils full is this bake." Gawin Dot of As.

Will 8 chapman billies I leave the street, And drouthy ancibors methors meet, As market days afe werrin' late, And folk begin to tak the gate, While we sit bousing at the sappy,4 And gettin' fou and inco happy, We think na on the Img Scots in Ics, The mosses, waters, slaps, and stars, That he betweenous and our hame Whate sits our sulky sullen dame, Gathering her brows like gathering torm, Nursing her wrath to beep it warm.

This truth fund honest Tam o' Shanter, As he frae Ayr ac night did cantor, (Auld Ayr, wham ne'er a town surpasses For honest men and bonny lasses)

O Tam! hadst thou but been sae wise As ta'en thy ain wife Kate's advice! She tauld thee weel thou wast a skellum, had blethering, blustering, drunken blellum; That fiae November till October, Ae market day thou wasna sober; That ilka melder, wi' the miller! Thou sat as lang as thou hadst siller, Thou sat as lang as thou hadst siller, That every mag was ca'd a shoe on, The smith and thee gat roaring fou on; That at the Loid's house, even on Sunday, Thou drank wi' Kukton Jean till Monday. She prophesied that, late or soon, Thou wouldst be found deep drown'd in Doon! Or catch'd wi' wallocks i' the mirk, By Alloyay's auld hann'ed kirk.

Ah, gentle dames! it gars! the greet To think how many counsels sweet, How many lengthen'd, mage advices, The husband frac the wife despises!

But to our tale :-- Ae market night, Tam had got planted unco f right, Fast by an ingle, bleezing finely, Wi' reaming swats, " that drank divinely; And at his cloow, Souter Johnne His ancient, trusty, drouthy crony; Tani lo'ed him like a vera brither-They had been fou for weeks theguher! The night drave on wi'sn igs and clatter, And aye the ale was growing better: The landlady and Tam grew gracious, Wi' favours secret, sweet, and precious; The Souter tauld his queerest stories, The landlord's laugh was ready chorus . The storm without might ran and rustle-Tam didna mind the storm a whistle,

Care, mad to see a man sac happy, E'en drown'd hunsel amang the nappy! As bees flee hame wi' lades o' treasure, The maintes wing'd then way wi' pleasure? Kings may be blest, by t Tam was glottons, O'er a' the ills o' life victorious!

A worthless fellow

A talker of nonsense,
a boaster, and a
drunken fool.

Money
Horse
Makes
Unusually.

<sup>7</sup> Fire. 8 Fearing ili 9 Roar

Any quantity of corn cent to the mill is called a melder, I Jean Kennedy, who keet a per he nouse in Kokoswald.

But pleasures are like popples spread,
You seize the flower, its bloom is shed!
Or like the snowfall in the river,
A moment white—then melts for ever;
Or like the borealis race,
That flit tre you can point their place;
Or like the rambow's lovely form,
Evanishing and the storm.
Nac man can tether time or tide;
The hour approaches Tam maun ride;
That hour, o' night's black arch the keystane,
That dreary hour he mounts his beast in;
And sice a night be take the road in
As ne'ce poor sinner was abroad in.

The wind blew as 'twad blawn its last;
The rattling showers rose on the blast;
Thespeedy gleans the darkness swallow'd;
Loud, deep, and lang, the thonder bellow'd;
That night, a child night inderstand
The dark had be made on his hand.

Weel mounted on his gray mare, Mee, A better never lifted leg,
Tam skelpit on through dub and mine,
Despising wind, and ram, and fine;
Whiles holding fast his guid blue bonnet,
Whiles crooming o'er some aild Scots sonnet;
Whiles glowering onend my pindent cares,
Lest bogles catch him unawaies;
Kuk-Alloway was drawing nigh,
Whare ghaists and houlets nightly city.

By this time he was leross the foord, Whate in the snow the chapman smoot'd;5 And past the Lirks and meikle stane Whate dranken Charlie brak's neck-bane; And through the whins, and by the carry Whate limiters fand the muider'd barn; And near the thorn, about the well, Whare Mungo's mither hang'd hers is Before him Doen pours a' his flood; The doubling storm roars through the woods; The lightning, flash fine pole to pole; Near and more near the thunders roll; When, glimmering through the groaning trees, . Kuk-Alloway secm'd in a bleeze; Through ilka bore b the beams were glancing, And loud resounded mirth and dancing.

<sup>1</sup> Rode with careless peed 2 Humming

Peering
4 Spirits,
5 Got smothered.

<sup>6</sup> Fvery hole in the wall.

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Inspiring bold John Baileycoin! What dangers thou canst mak us scorn ! Wi' tipenny, 1 we fear nae evil, Wi' usquebae,2 we'll face the devil !-The swats sae ream'd in Tammie's noddle, Fan play, he cared na deils a beddle But Maggie stood right san astonish'd, Till, by the heel and hand admonished, She ventured forward on the light, And, wow! Tam saw an unco sight! Warlocks and witches in a dance; Nac cotillon brent-new fine France. But hompipes, figs, strathspeys, and reels, Put life and rectle i' then heels: At winno k-bunker. 5 ' the cast, There sat and Nick, in shape o' beast; A toware tyke, black, i m, and large, To gie them music was als charge, He screw'd the pipes, and gart7 them skirl,3 Till roof and rafters a' did dul.9 Coffins stood round, like open presses, That shaw'd the dead in their last diesses; And by some devilish cantrip slight Each in its cauld hand held a light,— By which heroic Tam was able To note upon the haly table, A murderer's banes in gibbel inns; Twa span-lang, wee, nuclinist a'd banns; A thick new-critted frac a rape, Wi' his last gasp his gab 10 did gape , Five tomahawks, wi' blund red-rusted; Five seimitars wi' muider crasted; A garter, which a babe had strangled; A kinfe, a father's thouat had mangled, Whom his ain son o life bereft, The gray hans yet stack to the heft .11 We' man o' hamble are' awfu', Which even to name wad be unlawfu's

As 'Lammie glower'd, amazed and critons, The mith and fun grew fast and futions; The piper loud and louder blew, The dancers quick and quicker flew;

I i wopenny ale.

<sup>2</sup> Whisky 1 Wrought

Harm tem.

<sup>5</sup> A kind of window

<sup>6</sup> A rough dog 7 Made

<sup>8</sup> Scream. 9 Vibrate 10 Mouth 11 Handle.

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They reel'd, they set, they cross'd, they cleek it.
Till ilka carlin swat and teckit.
And coost" her duddles'd to the wark,
And linket dat it in her sark.

•

Now Tan ! O Tam! had they been queans, 6 A' plump and strappin' in their teens, Their sarks, instead o' creeshie flamen, 7 Been snaw-white seventeen-hunder liner! \* Thu breeks 8 o' mine, my only pan, That ance were plush, o' guid blue lain, I wid hae gien them aff my hirdes, 9 For ac blink 10 o' the bomy buildes!

But wither'd beldams, and and droll, Rigwoodie<sup>11</sup> haps, wad spean<sup>12</sup> a foal, Lowpin' and flugin' on a eninmock, <sup>13</sup> I wonder didna turn thy stomach

But Tain kenn'd <sup>14</sup> what was what fa' brawlie, <sup>16</sup> There was ac winsome weigh and walle, <sup>17</sup> let That right enlisted in the core, (Lang after kein'd on Carrick shore; For mony a beast to dead she shore, And perish'd mony a bonny bort, And shook baith meil le corn and bear, And kept the country-side in fear.) Her entry suik, <sup>17</sup> o' Par-ley hain, That, while a lassic, she had worn, In longitude though sorely scanty, It was her best, and she was vauntie <sup>18</sup>

Ah! little kemi'd thy reverend granne, That saik she coft! for her wee Nanne, Wi' twa pund Scots, (twas a' her riches,) Wad ever graced a dance o' witches!

But here my Muse her wing mann coun, 5 Six dights are far beyond her power, To sing how Namme lap and dlang, 4

```
I Till each old beldam.
                                                      is Full well
                            8 These breeches
                            9 Hams
                                                      18 A hearty gul and
  smoled with sweat.
2 Stript
                           10 Look
                                                      jolly
17 Short shirt •
8 Clothes
                           11 Gallows-worthy
4 Pripped
                           1. We in
                                                      19 Pond of it.
5 Shirt
                                                      19 Bought.
                           11 Jumping and \epsilon oper
                                                      "" Lower
4 Young guls.
                               my on a stalt
                            14 Knew
                                                      21 Jumped and kaled
 Greasy dannel.
```

<sup>\*\*</sup>The manufacturers' term for a fine linen woven in a read of 1200 dr isions, "Crowns

t Allan Ramsay

(A souple jade she was, and strang,) And how Tam stood, like ane bewitch'd, And thought his very een enrich d, Hven Satan glower'd, and fidged fu' fam, And hotch'd and blew wi' might and main Till first ae caper, syne1 anither, . Tam tint2 his reason a' thegither. And roacs out, ' Weel done, Cutty-sark!" And in an instant n' was dark : And scarcely had be Maggie rallied, WI in out the hellish legion sallied; As bees luzz out wi' angiy fyke,8 When plundering herds assail their byke, As of en pussie's mortal foes, When, pop! the starts before their note; As eager runs the market crowd, When "Catch the thief ' voofinds aloud; So Maggie runs, the witches follow. Wi' mony an eldutch screech and hollow.

Ah, Tam! ah, Tam! thou'lt get thy fairin' ! In hell they'll roast thee like a herrin'!, In vain thy Kate awaits thy comin'! Kate soon will be a woefu' woman ! Now, do thy speedy utmost, Meg, And win the keystane ' of the long; There at them thou thy tail may toss, A running stream they datena cross; But ere the keystane she could make, The fient? a tail she had to shake! For Namme, far before the rest, Haid upon noble Maggie prest, And flew at Tam wi furious ctile,8 But little wist she Maggie's mettle-Ac spring brought off her master hale, But left behind her am gray tail The carlin caught her by the rump, And left poor Maggie scarce a stump.

Now, wha this tale o' truth shall read, Ilk man and mother's son, take heed #

1 Then.
2 Lost
3 Fuss.

4 Hive.
5 Uncarthly
6 Descrip-

Ne'er

B De ign.

<sup>\*</sup> It is a well-known fact that watches, or any evil spirits, have no power to follow a poor wight any farther than the muldle of the next running stream. It may be proper likewise to mention to the benighted traveller that, when he falls in with beekes, whatever danger may be in its going forward, there is accommon hazard in turning back—B.

Whane'er to drink you are inclined, Or cutty-sarks run in your mind, Think! ye may buy the joys owre dear-Remember Tam o' Shantei's mare.

### ON THE BIRTH OF A POSTHUMOUS CHILD,

BORN IN PECULIAR CIRCI MSTANCES OF FAMILY DISTRESS.

The mother of the child, the subject of the following lines, v is a daughter of Mrs. Daulop, the tried intend of the poet through life. The fither of the child, a Frenchung, died before it was born, and shortly afterwards the mother died, leaving the infant exposed to all the dangers of the Revolution. Fortunitely an old domestic was worthy of the triest reposed in her, and the child (a boy) was restored to his friends when the revolutionary excitement was ov-

Switter floweret, pledge o' meikle love, And ward o' mony a prayer, What heart o' stane would thou na move, Sae helpless, sweet, and fair!

November hiples 1 o'er the lea, Chill on thy lovely form; And gane, alas 1 the sheltering tree Should shield thee from the storm

May He who gives the rain to pour, And wings the blast to blaw, Protect thee frae the driving shower, The bitter first and snaw!

May He, the friend of wor and want, Who heals life's various stounds,<sup>2</sup> Protect and guard the mother-plant, And heal her cruel wounds,<sup>1</sup>

But late she flourish'd, rooted fast, Fair on the summer-morns Now feebly bends she in the blast, Unshelter'd and forlorn.

Blest be thy bloom, thou lovely gem, Unscathed by ruffian hand! And from thee many a parent stem. Arise to dec! our land!

#### ELEGY ON MISS BURNET OF MONBODDO.

THE herome of the following beautiful lines was the daughter of the executive Lord Monboddo. There are frequent allusions in Burns's correspondence to

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the beauty and annihility of this young lady. So strongly had her charms and various attractions impressed the poet, that he alinded to her in the "Address to Edinburgh."

Fan Burnet strikes th' adoring eye, He iven's beauties on my fancy shine; I see the Sare of Love on high And own His work indeed divine,

She died of consumption at the age of twenty-three

LIFE ne'er estalted in so rich a prize
As Burnet, lovely from no native skies,
Nor envious Death so triumph'd in a blow,
As that which laid th' accomplished Durnet low.

Thy form and mind sweet mad, can I forget? In richest ore the brightest jewel set!

In thee, high Heaven above was truest shown,

As by His noticest work the Godhead best is known

In vain ye flaunt in simmer's poide, ye groves;
Thou crystal (treamlet with thy flowery shore,
Ye woodland choir that chaft your idle loves,
Ye cease to chaim—Eliza is no more!

Ye heathy wastes, mmm'd with reedy fens;,
Ye mossy streams, with sedge and rushes stored;
'Ye nugged chiffs, o'cahanging dreary glens,
To you I fly, ye with my soul accord

Princes, whose cumbrous pride was all their worth, Shall venal lays their pompons exit hal? And thou, sweet excellence! forsake one earth, And not a Muse in honest grief beward?

We saw thee slune in youth and beauty's pride, And virtue's light, that becons beyond the spheres; But, like the sun eclipsed at inorming tide, Thou left'st us darkling in a world of tears.

The parent's heart that nestled fond in thee,
That heart how sunk, a prey to grief and car;
So deckt the woodlore, sweet you aged tree;
So from it ravish'd, leaves it bleak and bar.

## LAMENT OF MARY QUEEN OF SCOIS ON THE APPROACH OF SPRING

IN a letter to Graham of Fintray, enclosing a copy of "The Lament," the poet says. "Whether it is that the story of on Mary Quien of Scots have peculiar effect on the feelings of a poet, or whether I have, in the enclosed ball ad, succeeded beyond my usual poetic success, I know not, but it has pleased me beyond any effort of my Muse to a good while past."

Now Nature hangs her mantle green On every blooming tree, And spreads her sheets o' damies white Out o'er the grassy lea: Now Phobus cheers the crystal streams, And glads the azure skies; But nought can glad the weary wight That fast in durance hes.

Now lay tocks wake the merry morn, Aloft on dewy wing.
The merle, in his noontable bower, Makes woodland echoes ring.
The mayis wild, wa mony a note, Sings drowsy day to test.
In love and freedom they rejoice, Wi' care not thrall opprest.

Now blooms the hly by the bank,
The primose down the base,
The hawthorn's building in the glen,
And milk-white is the slae;
The meanest hind in fan Scotland
May rove their sweets amang;
But 1, the queen of a' Scotland,
Maun he in prison strang!

I was the queen o' bonny France, Where happy I hae been, Fu' lightly rase I in the morn, As blithe lay down at c'en. And I'm the soverege of Scotland, And mony a traitor there, Yet nere I he in foreign bands, And nover-ending care.

But as for thee, thou false woman!—
My sister and my fae,
Gram Vengeance yet shall whet a sword,
That through thy soul shall ga
The weeping blood in woman's breast
Was never known to thee,
Now the balm that draps on wounds of woe
Frae woman's pitying ee.

My son! my son! may kinder stars
Upon thy fortune shine!
And may those pleasures gild thy reign,
That ne'er warf blink on mine!
God keep thee frac thy mother's face,
Or two, their hearts to thee:
An I where thou meet'st thy mother's friend,
Remember him for me!

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Oh! soon to the may summer suns
Nae mair light up the morn!
Nae mair to me the autumn winds
"Wave o'er the yellow corn!
And in the natiow house o' death
Let winter found me rave;
And the next flowers that deck the spring
Bloom on my peaceful grave!

## LAMENT FOR JAMES, EARL OF GLENCAIRN.

In a letter enclosing the "Lamont" to Lady Fhrabeth Cumunghum, sister of the earl, Burns says -- "My heart glows, and shall ever glow, with the most grateful sense and remembrance of his lord typ's goodness. The sables I did myself the honour to war to his lordships a mory were not the "mockers of woe." Not shall my gratinde perish with m. It, among my children, I shall hive a son that has a heart, he shall hand it down to his child its a family honour, and a family debt, that my dearest existence I owe to the noble house of Glenquer."

The wind blew hollow fracthe hills,
By fits the sun's departing beam
Look'd on the fiding yellow woods
That waved o'er Lugar's winding stream:
Beneath a criary steep, a bard,
Laden with years and metale pain,
In loud lament bewarl'd his loid,
Whom death had all untimely ta'en

He lean'd him to an ancient aik,
Whose trunk was mouldering down with years;
His locks were bleached white with time,
His hoary check was wet wi tean;
And as he touch'd his trembling harp,
And as he tuned his doleful sang,
The winds, laimenting through their caves,
To Echo bore the notes alang:—

"Ye scatter'd birds that faintly sing,
The reliques of the vernal quire!
Ye woods that shed on a' the winds
The honours of the aged year!
A few short months, and glad and gay,
Agam ye'll chann the ear and ee;
But nocht in all revolving time
Can gladaess Ling again to me.

"I am a bending aged 'ree,
That long has stood the wind and rain;
But now has come a civel blact,
And my last hold of earth is gane;

Nae leaf o' mine shall greet the spring, Nae summer sun exalt my bloom; But I maun he before the storm, And others plant them in my room.

"I've seen sac mony changefu' years,
On earth I am a stranger grown,
I wander in the ways of men,
Alike tinknowing and unknown:
Unheard, unpitied, unrelieved,
I bear alane my lade o' care,
For salent, low, on beds of dust,
Lie a' that would my sorrows share,

"And last (the sum of a' my griefs!)
My noble master hes in clay;
The flower among our busons hold,
His country's pinde—his country's stay!
In weary being now I pine,
For a' the life of life is dead,
And hope has left my aged ken,
On forward wing for ever fled.

"Awake thy last sad voice, my harp!
The voice of wee and wild despair,
Awake! resound thy latest lay—
Then sleep in silence evening!
And thou, my last, best, only friend,
That fillest an untimely tomb.
Accept this tribute from the band
Thou brought from Fortune's makest glook

"In Poverty's low barren vale
Thick mists, obscure, involved me round;
Though oft I turn'd the wistful eye,
Nac ray of fame was to be found;
Thou found'st me, like the menning sun,
That melts the fogs in himpid an
The friendless bard and rustic song
Became alike thy fostering care.

"Oh towhy has worth so short a date. While villams upon gray with time? Must thou, the noble, generous, great, Fall in bold manhood's hardy prime! Why did I live to see that day? A day to me so full of woe!
Oh! had I met the mortal shaft Which laid my benefactor low!

"The biidegroom may forget the biide Was made his weaded wife yestreen:

The monarch may forget the crown
That on his head an hour has been;
The mother may forget the child
That smiles sae sweetly on her knee;
But I'll (cmember thee, Glencaun,
And a' that thou hast done for me!"

#### LINES

SENT TO SIR JOHN WHITEFOOLD, PARE, OF WHITEFOORD, WITH THE FOREGOING TOLM

Thou, who thy honow as thy God reverest, Who, save thy mind's reproach, nought earthly fear'st, To thee this votive offering 1 impart, The tearful tribute of a broken lear? The friend thou valued'st. I the patron loved; His worth, his honour, all the world approved. We'll mourn till we too go as he has gone, And tread the dreary path to that dark world imknown.

## ADDRESS TO THE SHADE OF THOMSON,

ON CROWNING HIS BUSE AT JONAN, ROXP CONSHIRT, WITH BAAS

With Fivingin Spring, by Fden's flood, Unfolds her tender mantle green, Or pranks the sod in fight mood, Or times Æohan strains between:

While Summer, with a firstron grace, Retreats to Dryburgh's cooling shade, Yet oft, delighted, stop to trace The progress of the spiky blade:

While Autumn, benefactor kind, By Tweed creets his aged head, And sees, with self-approxing mind, Each creature on his bounty fed:

While maniae Winter rages o'er \*
The hills whonce classic Yarrow flows,
Rousing the turbid torrent's rgar,
Or sweeping, wild, a waste of snows:

So long, sweet Poet of the year!
Shall bloom that wreath thou well hast won;
While Scotia, with exulting tear,
Proclaims that Thomson was her son!

#### VERSES

TO JOHN MARWELL OF TERRAUGHEN, ON HIS BERTHPAY.

Tire subject of the following lines was a great admirer of the poet, not for his prefixed abilities, these not appearing to impress him much, but on account of his conversational powers, and his knowledge of human nature

HEATTH to the Maxwells' veteran chief!
Health, aye mison'd by care or grief:
Inspired, I turn'd l'ate's sylal leaf
This natal moin;
I see thy life is stuff o' prief,<sup>1</sup>
Scarce quite half worn.

This day thou metes threescore eleven, And I can tell that bounteons Heaven (The second sight, ye ken, is given To ilka" poet) On thee a tack o' seven times seven

On thee a tack o' seven times seven Well yet Bestow it

If envious huckies view wi' sorrow
Thy lengthen'd days on this blest morrow,
May Desolution's lung-teeth'd harrow,
Nine miles an hom,
Rake them, like Sodom and Gomorrah,
In brunstane stome 14

But for thy fitends, and they are mony, Buth honest men and lisses bonny, May contlue? Portune, Lind and canny, In social glee, We' mornings little and elemnys funcy.

Wi' mornings blithe and e'enings funey, Bless them and thee'

Fareweel, auld bitkie 16 I ord be near ye, And then the deal be durrna steer ye. Yom friends aye love, yom@faes aye fea. ye; For me, shame fa' me, If neist my heart I dinna wear ye. While BURNS the yea' me.!

#### THE VOWELS:

#### A TAIR,

'Twas where the birch and sounding thong are plied, ,'
The noisy domicile of pedant pide;

Proof Every Bucks.

<sup>4</sup> Brimstene dust 5 Loving

<sup>6</sup> A term of endearment

Where Ignorance her darkening vapour throws, And Cruelty directs the thickening blows; Upon a time, Sir Abece the great, In all his pedagogic powers elate, Itis awful chair of state lesolves to mount, And call the trembing Vowels to account.

First enter'd A, a grave, broad, solemn wight, But, ah! deform'd, dishonest to the sight! His twisted head look'd backward on his way, And flagrant'from the scounge, he grinted at! Reluctant, E stalk'd in, with piteous race. The jostling tears ran down his honest face! That name, that well-worn name, and all his own, Pale he surrenders at the tyrant's throne! The pedant stilles keen the Roman sound Not all his mongred diphthor? can compound; And next, the title following of se behind, • He to the nameless ghastly wretch assign'd.

The cobweb'd Gothic dome resounded Y! In sullen vengeance, I disdam'd reply: The pedant swing his felon ci dgcl round, And knock'd the groaning vowel to the ground!

In rueful apprehension enter'd O,
The waiting ministrel of despairing woe;
The inquisitor of Spain the most expert
Might there have learnt new mysteries of heart,
So grim, deform d, with horrors entering, U
His dearest friend and brother scarcely knew t

As trembling U stood staring all aghast, The pedant in his left hand clutch'd him fast, In helpless infants' tears he dipp'd his right, Baptized him en, and kick'd him from his right.

#### ADAM A---'S PRAYER

The servant of a M melling ninkerper having been too industrate to one of her matters customers, several voing fellows, when a little overcome with liquoi, resolved on making her "ride the string". Inglies, be carried through the strated upon a wooden pole. Having carried their resolve into execution, an action of damages, was the result. A small ill-favoured acqueintance of the poet's was one of the offenders, and while skulking about afraid of being apprehended, he met Burns, who suggested that he wanted praying for "Just do't yoursel, Burns, I know no one so fit," was the reply. This was the origin of Adam A. S. Prayer

GUDE pity me, because I'm little, For though I am an elf o' mettle,

And can, like ony wabster's 1 shuttle, Jink 2 there of here; Yet, scarce as lang's a guid kail whittle, 3 I'm unco queer.

And now thou kens our worfu' case,
For Geordic's jun' we're in disgrace,
Because we've stang'd her through the place,
And huit her spleuchan,
For which we dauma show our face
Within the clachan.

And now we're dein'd' in glens and hollows, And hunted, as was William Wallace, Wi' constables, those blackguard fallows, And sodgets bath; But gude preserve us fiac the gallows,

That shamefu' acath

Auld, grim, black-bearded Geordic's sel, Oh, shake him o'er the mouth o' hell. There let him hing, and roar, and yell, Wi' Indeous din, And if he offers to rebel, Just heave him in

When Death comes in, wi'glimmening blink, And tips auld drunken Nanse 4 the wink, May Horing gie her doep a chink Ahint his yett,6

And fill her up wt' birmstone drink, Red, recking, het.

There's Jockie and the haven! Jenny,; Some devils seize them in a hurry, And waff them in the infernal wheny Strau (ht though the lake, And gie their hides a noble curry, WF oil o' aik.

As for the jurr, poor worthless body, She's got mischief enough already. Wi's stanged hips, and buttocks bir dy, She's suffer'd sau, But may she wintle in a woodie, If she whore man.

1 Weaver' 2 Dodge 4 Village

6 Gale 7 Snucgle m a hilær,

<sup>8</sup> Kmfe.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hidde

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Jur" is in the we t of Scotland a collequial term for "journeymen," and is often applied to a female as well as a man-ervant

<sup>†</sup> Geordie's wife

<sup>1</sup> Ccordic's son and daughter.

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### VERSES TO JOHN RANKINE.\*

AF day, as Death, that grusome carl,
Was driving to the tither warl'
A mixtre-maxtre, motley squad,
And mony a guilt-be-potted lad;
Black gowns of each denomination,
And thieves of every rank and station,
From him that wears the star and garter,
To him that writles in a halter—
Ashained himsel to see the wretches,
He mitters, glowerin' at the bitches,
"By God, I li not be seen behint them,
Nor 'mang this p'ritur' core present them,
Without, at least, ac houest min,
To grace this durn'd int inal dan"
By Adaichill a gluice he hrew,
"Lord God' 'quoth he, "I have it now;
There's just the man I want, i'futh' '
And quickly stoppit Rankine's breath.

#### ON SENSIBILITY

TO MY DEAR AND MUCH-HONOURI DITTUND, NESS DENIOR OF DUNEOF.

SENSIBITIAN how chaming.
Thou, my friend, emist truly tell;
But distress, with homors aiming,
Thou hast also known too well I

Fairest flower behold the hly, Blooming in the sumy ray. Let the blist sweep o'er the valley, See it prostrate on the clay.

Hear the woodlack charm the forest, Telling o'er his little joys; Hapless bird! a prey the smest To each pirate of the skies.

Dearly bought the hidden treasure Finer feelings can bestow. Chords that whithe sweetest pleasure Thall the deepest notes of woo

#### 1 Staring.

<sup>\*</sup> John Rankine of Adamhill, the "rough, rude, ready witted Rankine" of the Episile.

#### LINES ON FERGUSSON.

ILL-FATED genius! Heaven-taught Fergusson! What heart that feels and will not yield a tear, To think life's sun did set eie well begin. To shed its influence on thy bright career? Oh, why should truest worth and grous pine. Beneath the iron grasp of Want and Woe, While titled knaves and idiot greatness shine. In all the splendour Fortune can bestow!

#### THE RIGHTS OF WOMAN,

AN OCCASIONAL ADDRESS SPOKEN BY MISS FUNTENDLIK ON HES BENLEIC NUMB

WHILE Europe's eye is fix'd on mighty things, The fate of empires and the fall of kings; While quacks of state must each produce his plan, And even children lisp the rights of man, Aniel this mighty fuss, just let me mention, The rights of woman ment some attention.

First, in the sexes' intermix'd connection, One sacted right of woman is, protection. The tender flower that lifts its head, elate, Helpless, must fall before the blasts of fate, Sunk on the earth, defaced its lovely form, Unless your shelter ward th' impending storm.

Our second right—but needless here is caution. To keep that right inviolate's the fashion; Each man of sense has it so full before him, He'd die before he'd wrong it—'tis decorum. There was, indeed, in far less polish'd days, A time, when rough, rude man, had naughty ways; Would swagger, swear, get drunk, kick up a riot, Nay, even thus invade a lady's quiet! Now, thank our stars! othese Gothe times are fled; Now, well-bred men—and ye are all well bred!—Most justly think (and we are much the gainers) Such conduct flettler spirit, wit, nor manners

For right the third, our last, our best, our dearest, That right to fluttering female hearts the nearest, Which even the rights of lings in low prostration Most humbly own—'tis dear, dear admiration! In that blest sphere alone we live and move; There taste that life of his—immortal love. Smiles, glances, sighs, tears, fits, flirtations, airs, 'Gainst such a host what flinty savage dares—

When awful beauty joins with all ber charius, Who is so rish as rise in rebel time?

But to see with kings, and time with constitutions, With bloody armaments and revolutions. Let majesty your first attention summon, Ah I quinal Till MAIRSTA OF WOMAN!

## ON THE DEATH OF A PAVOURITE CHILD

Oir, swe the thy sleep in the land of the grave,
My dear little mgel, for ever,
For ever—oh no the not man be a slave,
His hopes from existence to sever.

though cold be the clay where thou pillow's thy head, In the dark—tent mansions of sorrow, The spring shall return to thy o w marrow bed Lake the beam of the daystar to morrow.

The flower-stem half bloom like thy sweet stay b form, Fre the spoder had mpt thee in blossom. When then shrunk from the cowl of the loud winter storm. And he fled thee close to that bosom.

Oh, still I behold thee, all lovely in death, Reclined on the typ of thy mother, When the tear trickled bright, when the short stilled breath Told how dear ye were age to each other.

My child, those rit cone to the home of thy rest, Where suffering no longer can harm thee, Where the songs of the good, where the hynnis of the best. Through an endle's existence shall charm thee

While he, thy fond parent, nor t sighing sojourn. Through the due describe ones of surow. O'er the hope and mestortune of being to moren, And sigh for his life's latest morrow.

#### TO A KUS

Harding of the affection, Leader stable to of future bless, Denotation of young come views, Love that snowdrop, viignakis

Speaking silence, dumb confession, Passion's buth, and infent's play, Dove-like fonduces, chaste concession, Glowing dawn of brighter day.

A daughter of the poet.

Sorrowing joy, a licu's last action,
When lingering lips no more must join,
What words can ever speak affection
So thrilling and sincere as thine!
•

#### SONNIT

ON HEARING A THROSH GING IN A MORNING WALK, WRITTEN JAN 25 1795, THE LIKEHDAY OF THE AUTHOR

SING on, sweet thrush, upon the leafless bough, Sing on, sweet bird, I listen to thy stram. See, aged Winter, 'mid his sinly reign, At thy bitthe carol clears his furrow'd brow

50 in lone Poverty's dominion dreat, Sits incel. Content with highly mensions heart, Welcomes the rapid moments, hads them part, Norasks if they bring right to hope or feat.

I thank Thee, Author of this opening day!
Thou whose bright cur now gilds you crient skies!
Riches denied, Thy boon was pure joy;
What wealth could never give nor take away!

Yet come—thou child of Poverty and Care . The unite high Heaven bestow'd, that mite with thee PU shar

## IMPROMPTE ON MRS RIDDLES BIRTHDAY

1 1 L D'LK 1, 1795

One Winter with his frosty bear? Thus once to Jove his prayer preferr'd—"What have I done, of all the year. To bear this hated doon severe? My cheerless sims no pleasure know, Night's horrid car chags dreaty, sleet, My dismal months no joys are crowing, But spleeny English hanging drowing.

"Now, Jove for once be mighty civil,
To counterbalance all this evil,
Give me, and I ve no more to 'ay,
Give me Marra matal-day!
That brilliant gift shall so emich me,
Spring, Stammer, Autumn, cannot match me
"To done!" say Jove; so ends my story,
And Winter once reposed in grory.

## EPISTLE FROM ESOPUS TO MARIA.

The Esopus of this epistle was Williamson the actor, and the Maria to whom it is addiessed was Mrs. Riddel--"A lady," says Allin Cummigham, "whose memory will be held in grateful remembrance, not only for her having forgiven the poet for his lampoons, but for her having written a seusible, clear, heartwarm account of him when laid in the grave. Mrs. Piddel was a sincere friend and admirer of Burns, who quarrelled with her on account of some fancied slight Wilhamson was a member of the diamatic company which frequently visited Dimifries. He had been a frequent visitor at Mis. Riddel's. While the dramatic company were at Whitehaven, the Earl of Lonsdale committed them to prison as vagrants. Burns had no favour for the harl of Lonsdale, and managed in the episde to gratify his aversion to him, as well as his temporary anger with Mrs. Riddel. His behaviour towards the latter was as discreditable to lum as Mrs. Riddel's generosity in foreiving it was worthy of her goodness and her high opinion of his better nature."

FROM those drear solutudes and frowsy cells, Where unfamy with sad repertance dwells; Where tunikeys make the jealensamortal last, And deal from fron hands the spare repair; Where truant 'prentices, yet young in sin, Blush at the curious stranger peeping in; Where strumpets, relics of the drunken roar, Resolve to drink, nay, half to whore, no more; Where truy thieves, not destined yet to swing, Beat hemp for others riper for the string: From these dire scenies my wretched lines I date. To tell Maria her Esopus' fate.

"Alas! I feel I am no actor here!" 'Tis real haugmen real scourges bear! Prepare, Mana, for a horrid tale Will turn thy very rouge to deadly pale, Will make thy hair, though erst from gipsy poll'd, By barber woven, and by barber sold, Though twisted smooth with Harry's meest care, Lake hoary bristles to erect and stare. The hero of the mimic scene, no more I start in Hamlet, in Othello roar, Or haughty chickain, 'mid the din of arms, In Highland bonnet woo Malvina's charms; Whilst sans-culottes stoop up the mountain high, And steal from me Maria's prving eye Blest Highland bonnet! once my proudest dress, Now prouder still, Maria's temples press I see her wave thy towering plumes afar, And call each coxcomb to the wordy war, I see her face the first of Izeland's sons, And even out-Irish his Hibernian bronze; The crafty colonel leaves the tartan'd lines, For other wars, where he a hero shines, 'The hopeful youth, in Scottish senate bred, Who owns a Bushby's heart without the head, Comes, 'mid a string of coxcombs, to display That vent, vist, vict, is his way.

The shrinking bard adown in alley skulks, And dreads a meeting worse than Woolwich hulks: Though there, his heresies in church and state Might well award him Muir and Palmer's fate: Still she undaunted reels and rattles on, And dares the public like a noontide sun. (What scandal call'd Maiia's janty stagger. The ricket reeling of a crooked swagger? Whose spleen, e'en worse than Burns's venom when He dips in gall unmix'd his eager pen, And pours his vengeance in the burning line, Who christen'd thus Maiia's lyre divine—The idiot strum of vanty bemused, And even the abuse of poesy abused? Who call'd her verse a panish workhouse, made For motley, foundling fancies, stolen or stray'd?)

A workhouse! ha, that sound awakes my woes, And pillows on the thorn my rack'd repose! In durance vile here must I wake and weep, And all my frowsy couch in sorrow steep! That straw where many a rogue has lain of yore, And commid gipsies litter'd heretofore.

Why, Lonsdale, thus thy wrath on vagrants pour? Must earth no ruscal save thyself endure? Must thou alone in guilt immortal swell, And make a vast monopoly of hell? Thou know'st the virtues cannot hate thee worse; The vices also, must they club their curse? Or must no tiny sin to others fall, Because thy guilt's supreme enough for all?

Maria, send me too thy griefs and cares; In all of these sure thy Esopus shares. As thou at all mankend the flag unfurls, Who on my fair our satue's vengeance huris? Who calls thee pert, affected, vain coquette, A wit in folly, and a fool in wit? Who says that fool alone is not thy due, And quotes thy treacheries to prove it crue? Our force united on thy foes we'll ture. And dare the war with all of woman norm: For who can write and speak as thou and I? My periods that deciphering defy, And thy still matchless tongue that conquers all reply.

MONODY ON A LADY FAMED FOR HER CAPRICE. \* Ilow cold is that bosom which folly once fired,

How pale is that cheek where the rouge lately glisten'd!

<sup>\*</sup> This was another of the poet's uncalled-for attacks on Mrs. Riddel.

How silent that tongue which the echoes oft tired, How dull is that car which to flattery so listen'd!

If sorrow and anguish their exit await,
From friendship and dearest affection removed;
How doubly severer, Eliza, thy fate,
Thou diedst uniwept as thou livedst unloved.

Loves, Graces, and Virtues, I call not on you; So sliy, grave, and distant, ye shed not a ten: But come, all ye offspring of Folly so true, And flowers let us call for Ediza's cold bier.

We'll search through the garden for each silly flower, We'll roam through the forest for each idle weed. But chiefly the nettle, so typical, shower. For none e'er approach'd her bet rugd the rash deed.

We'll sculpture the marble, we'll measure the lay.
Here Vanity strums on her whot lyre.
There keen Indignation shall dart on her prey,
Which spurning Contempt shall redeem from his ire.

#### POEM ON PASTORAL POETRY

HAIT, Pocsie! thou nymph reserved! In chase of thee, what crowds his swerved Frae common sense, or runk emicred 'Vang heaps of clavers,' An I och! owie aft thy joes? has starved 'Mid of thy favours.

Say, lassic, why thy train among, While loud the trump's haroic clang, And sock or bitchin skelp dang. To death or marriage, Scaree ane has area the shepherd same. But wi' miscarriage?

In Honger's craft Jock Milton thrives; Eschylus' pen Will Shakespeare drives; Wee Pope, the knurhn, 1 till him rives Horatian fune; In thy sweet sing, Barbauld, sinvives Even Sappho', flunc

. But thee, Theocritus, who matches?
They're no bend's ballats, Maio's catches;

Squire Pope but busks his skinklin patches
O' heathen tatters:
I pass, by hunders, nameless wretches,
That age then betters.

In this braw age o' wit and lear, Will now the Shepherd's whistle main Blaw sweetly in its native ar And wi' the far-famed Green where

And wi' the far-famed Greena share
A rival place?

Ves! there is ane, a Scottish callan— There's ane, come forut, honest Allan! Thou need na jouk? behint the hallan, A chiel sac clever, The teeth o' time may graw 'Lanjallan,' But thou's for ever!

Thou paints add nature to the nines, In thy sweet Calcionan lines. Nae gowden stream through myrtles twines, Where Philomel, While mightly bicczes sweep the vines, Her gnets will tell I

In gowany glens thy burne strays, Where bonny lasses bleach their claes; Or trots by havelly haws and bracs, Wi'hewthorns gray. Where blackbirds join the shepherds lays At close o'day.

The rural loves are nature's el.,
And bomb ist speach o' nonser e swell.
And snap concert—be a that sweet spell.
O' witchin' love;
That chaim that can the stangest quell,
The steinest move.

#### SONNET

ON THE DEATH OF ROSEKT KIDDLE, PSQ , OF GUEST LINDRE.

No more, ye warblers of the wood, no more! Nor pour your descant, grating, on my soil. Thou young-eyed Spring, gry in thy verdant stole. More well once were to me gran Wilter's wildest rear. How can ye charm, ye flowers, with all your dyes?
Ye blow upon the soil that wraps my friend!
How can I to the tuneful strain attend?
That strain flows round the untimely tomb where Riddel lies!

Yes, pour, ye warblers, pour the notes of woe!

And soothe the Virtues weeping o'er his bier:

The Man of Worth, who has not left his peer,
is in his narrow house, for ever darkly low.

Thee, Spring, again with joy shall others greet, Me, memory of my loss will only meet.

#### LIBERTY:

#### A FRAGMENT

In a letter to Mrs. Dunlop, the poet says "- " amoust going to trouble your critical patience with the inst sketch of a stanza! have been framing as I proved along the road. The subject is Liberty: you know, my honomer firend, how dear the same is to me. I design it as an irregular ode for General Washington's birthday. After flaving mentioned the degeneracy of other kingdoms, I come to Scotland thus."—

THEE, Caledonia, thy wild heaths among, Thee, famed for martial deed and sacred song, To thee I turn with swimming eyes; Where is that soul of freedom fled? Immingled with the mighty lead, Beneath the hallow'd turf where Wallace lies t Hear it not, Wallace, in thy bed of death! Ye babbling winds, in silence sweep, Disturb not ye the hero's, sleep, Not give the coward secret breath. Is this the power in freedom's war That wont to but the battle rage? Behold that eye which shot immortal hate, Braved usurpation's boldest daring! That arm which, nerved with thundering fate, Crush'd the despot's proudest bearing: One quench'd in darkness, like the sinking star, And one the palsied arm of tottering, powerles age.

His royal visage seam'd with many a scar,
That Caledonian rear'd his martial form,
Who led the tyrant-quelling war,
Where Bannockburn's ensanguined flood
'Swell'd with mingling hostile blood,
Soon Edward's myriads struck with deep dismay,
And Scotia's troph of brothers win their way.
(Oh, glorious deed to bay a tyrant's band!
Oh, heavenly joy to free our native land!)
While high their mighty chief pour'd on the doubling storm.

#### VERSES

TO MISS GRAHAM OF FINTRY, WITH A PRESENT OF SONGS.

WRITTEN on the blank side of the title-page of a copy of Thomson's "Select Scottish Songs," sent as a present to the daughter of Mr. Graham of Fintry.

HERE, where the Scottish Muse immortal lives In sacred strains and tuneful numbers join'd, Accept the gift, though humble he who gives; Rich is the tribute of the grateful mind.

So may no ruffian feeling in thy breast
Discordant jur thy bosom-chords among !
But Peace attune thy gentle soul to rest,
Or Love, ecstatic, wake his scraph song!

Or Pity's notes, in luxury of tears,
As modest Want the tale of woe reveals;
While conscious Virtue all the strain endears,
And heaven-born Piety has sanction seals.

#### THE TREE OF LIBERTY.

HEARD ye o' the tree o' France,
I watna what's the name o't;
Around it a' the patriots dance,
Weel Europe kens the fame o't.
It stands where ance the Bastile stood,
A prison built by kings, man,
When Superstitiou's hellish brood
Kept France in leading-strings, man.

Upo' this tree there grows sie funt,
Its virtues a' can tell, mm;
It raises man aboon the brute,
It maks him ken himsel, man
Gif ance the peasant taste a bit,
He's greater than a loid, man,
And wi' the beggar shares a mite
Of a' he can afford, man.

This fruit is worth a' Afric's wealth,
To comfort us 'twas sent, man.
To gie the sweetest blush o' health,
And mak us a' content, man.
It clears the een, it cleers the heart,
Maks high and low guid friends, man,
And he wha acts the traitor's part
It to perdition sends, man.

My blessings age attend the chiel!
Wha pitted Gallia's slaves, man,
And staw" a branch, spite o' the deil,
Fine yout! the western waves, man.
Fair Virtue water'd it wi' care,
And now she sees wi' pride, man,
flow weel it buds and blossoms there,
Its branches spicading wide, man.

But vicious foil age hate to see
The works o' Vittue thrive, man,
The countly vernin's bann'd the free,
And grat's to see it thrive, man,
King I ont the ight to ent it down,
When it was tinco' sina', in in,
For this the watchman clack'd his crown,
Cut' iff his head and a', man.

A wicked crew syne, 6 on a time.
Did tak a solemn aith, man.
It neer should flomesh to its prime,
I wat? they pledged their faith, man;
Awa' they gacd, wi' mock paride,
I ake beagles hunting game, man,
But soon grew weary o' the track,
And wish'd they'd been at hame, man

For Freedom, standing by the tree,
Her sons did londly ca', in in,
She sang a sang o' liberty,
Which pleased them are and a', man,
By her inspired, the new-born race
Soon drew the avenging steel, man;
The linelings ran—her for signed thase,
And bring d the despot weel, man

Let But an boast her hardy oak
Her popker and her pine, man,
Auld But in ance confiderack her joke.
And o'er her neighbours shine, man.
But seek the forest round and round,
And soon 'twill be agreed, man,
That' sie a tree cannot be found.

Twist London and the Tweed, man.

Without this tree, alal e, this life Is I in a voic o' wire, min.

1 Man | 1 Wept. | 1 Wot | 2 Set | 5 Very | 8 Went | 8 Tron | 6 Then |

<sup>\*</sup> The allusion here is to the then recently acquired freedom of North America

A scene o' sorrow mix'd wi' strife, Nac real joys we know, man. We labout soon, we labout late, To feed the titled knave, man; And a' the comfort we're to get is that ayout the grave, man.

Wi' plenty o' sic trees, I trow,
The world would live in peace, man;
The sword would help to mak a plough,
The din o' war wad cease, man.
Like brethien in a common couse,
We'd on each other smile, man;
Andecqual rights and equal laws
Wad gladden every isle, man.

Wae worth the loon! wha wadde cat • Sie halesome dunty cheer, man, Pd gie my shoon frae att my feet, To taste sie frugt, I swent, man Syne let us pray, and England may Sure plant this fur-famed tree, man; And bitthe we'll sine, and hall the dry That gives us liberty, man

#### 10 CHLORIS

The Chloris of the following bases and the herome of no less than eleven of the parts somes was a Mrs. Whether data darker of Mr. William Lorinic, today of Kemans Hall, no of led line. She was seconnelly beautiful. Archetime flurnes bear to acquire at d with her she was bring aport from her historid, a reckle's spendibarft, with whene she had contracted a markety manning, at Great Co.

All the of her historial, whom the never saw but twice or three effectively practed, her father died, in such worldly encounts rices as left her no hat to take service as a governess.

The poor, friendless, and unprotected recature, fell from the paths of virtue, and the latter wers of her life were mestable at the extreme. Shortly before her death a benevolent gentleman, to whom she told her story, protected her from the most material parts, which her wretched cones, in cut filed.

Verrs ci sur and sufficing but lend the scots of correspond, of who hashe died in Middleton's Fairty, Potteriow, Edinburgh, in to a

Tis Friendship's pledge, my young for friend, Nor thou the gift refuse, Nor with unwilling on attend The moralising Muse.

Since thou, in all thy youth and chains, Must but the world when (A world 'gainst peace in constant aim.) To join the friendly few. Since thy gay morn of life o'ercust, Chill came the tempest's lower; (And ne'er misfortune's eastern blast • Did nip a fairer flower.)

Since life's gay scenes must charm no more Still much is left behind; Still nobler wealth hast thou in store— The comforts of the mind!

Thit e is the self-approving glow, On conscious honour's part: And, dearest gift of Heaven below, Thine friendship's truest heart.

The joys refined of sense and taste, With every Muse to low: And doubly were the poet blest, These joys could be improve.

#### VERSES

## ON THE DESTRUCTION OF THE WOODS NEAR DRUMLANRICA

THE Duke of Queensberry, a nobleman held in little esteem by the world, and in less by the poet, had (we quote from Mr. Robert Chambers). "stripped his domains of Drimilaning in Dimifriesshire, and Nedpath in Peeblesshire, of all wood fit for being cut, in order to enrich the Countess of Yarmouth, whom imposed to be his daughter, and to whom, by a singular piece of good force on her part, Mr. George Selwyn, the celebrated wit, also left a fortune, under the same, and probably equally mistaken, impression."

As on the banks o' wandering Nith Ae smiling summer moin I stray'd, And traced its bonny howes and haughs, Where lintes sang and lambkins play'd, I sat me down upon a chaig, And drank my fill o' fancy's dream, When, from the coldying deep below, Uprose the genius of the stream

Dark, like the frowning rock, his brow,
And troubled like his wintry wave,
And deep, as sughs! the boding winde
Amang his caves, the sigh he gave—
"And came ye here, my son," he cried,
"To wander in my birken shade?
To muse some favourite Scottish theme,
Or sing some favourite Scottish maid!

"There was a time, it's nac lang syne,"
Ye might hae seen me in my pride,

<sup>2</sup> Since.

When a' my banks sae bravely saw
Their woody pictures in my tide;
When hanging beech and spreading elm
Shaded my stream sae clear and cool;
And stately oaks their twisted aims
Threw broad and dark across the pool;

"When glinting through the trees appear'd. The wee white cot aboon the mid, And peacefu' rose its ingle reek, 1. That slowly curl'd up the hill. But now the cot is bare and cauld, Its branchy shelter's lost and game, And scarce a stinted birk is left. To shiver in the blast its lane."

"Alas!" said I, "what rucfu' chapce Has twind by o' your stately trees? Has laid your rocky bosom bare? Has stripp'd the gleeding o' your braes? Was it the bitter eastern blast, That scatters blight in early spring? Or was't the wil'-fire scorch'd their boughs, in canker-worm wi' secret sting?"

"Nae eastlin blast," the sprite replied;
"It blew ha here sae fierce and fell;
And on my dry and halesome banks
Nae canker-worms get leave to dwell:
Man! crucl man!" the genus sigh'd As through the cliffs he sank him down—
"The worm that gnaw'd my bonny trees,
That reptile wears a ducal crown!"

## ADDRESS .

SPOKEN BY MISS FONTENELLE ON HER BEYEFIT NIGHT.

"We have had a brilliant theatre here this season," he poet writes to Mrs. Dunlop, "only, as all other business does, it experiences a stagnation of trade from the epidemical complaint of the country—want finish. I mention our theatre merely to high in an occasional address which is wrote for the benefit night of one of the actresses."

STILL anxious to secure your partial favour, And not less auxious, sure, this night than ever, A Prologue, Epifogue, or some such matter, 'Twould vamp my bill, said I, if nothing better: So sought a poet, roosted near the skies, Told him I came to feast my curious eyes; Said nothing like his works were ever printed, And last, my Prologue-business slifty limited. "Ma'am, let me tell you," quoth my man of rhymes, "I know your bent -these are no laughing times. Can you-- but, Miss, I own I have my fears—Dissolve in pause and sentimental tears, With laden sighs, and solemn-tounded sentence, Rouse from his sluggish slumbers, fell Repentance, Paint Vengeance, as he takes his horid stand, "Waying on high the desolating brand," Calling I'le stoms to bear him o'er a guilty land?"

I could no more—ask once the creature cycing.
D ye think, said I this face was made for crying?
I'll laugh, that's poze may, more, the world shall know it And so, your servant! gloomy Master Poet!
I him as my creek, sirs, its my creek,
That Miscry's another word for crief,
I also think—so may I be a bude!
That so much laughter, so mach life enjoy'd.

Thou man of crazy care and ccascless such, Still under bleak Misfortune's blasting eye, Doom'd to that sorest task of man alive, To make three guineas do the work of no I wish in Misfortine's face—the bollain witch! Say you'll be merry, though you can t be rich Thou other man of care, the wreich in love Who long with pltish aits and ans half trove, Who, as the boughs all tempsingly projet, Measured in de perite thought-- a rope - thy neck -Or, where the beetling clift o'erhangs the deep, Prefest to meditate the healing leap Wouldst thou be cured, thou ally, morning off, Laugh at her fothes. Lough con at thyself. Learn to despise these flowns now so terribe, And love a kinder-, In it s your grand speeche.

•To sum up all, be merry, Ladvice.

And as we're merry, may we take be wise!

#### TO COLLECTOR MITCHELL

Busines died within a few contacts of writing the fellowing lines. Mr. Mitchell, a sineer friend. I file to see and not seem to have been twace of the pressing accessities under which decided at the time.

FRIEND of the poet, thied and leal, Wha, wanting thee, might beg or steal.

Atake! alake! the metale deil Wi' a' his witches Are at it, skelpin'1 jig and reel, In my poor ponches!

I modestly fu' fam wad hint it, That one pound one I andy want it; If we' the hizzie? down ye sent it, It would be kind; And while my heart wi' life-blood dunted, I'd bear t in mind

So may the auld year gang out meaning To see the new come laden, grouning, m W m c' double plenty o'er the loaning  $^{
m I}$ To thee and thme,

Domestic peace and comforts crowning The hale design. •

#### POSTSCIALL

Nove hear I this while how Pice been beket,5 And by fell Death was nearly incket, " Grim loun! he gif mady that tecket," And sair one should, But by guid luck (Ap a wicket, And turn d a neuk,

But by that health, Uve got a share o't, And by that life I'm proansed man o't, My hide and weel 111 tak a care o't, A tentici s way Then fareweel folly shide and him o't,

For ance and aye 1

#### TO COLONIAL DEPLYSTER!

My honour dicolonel, deep 1 feel Your interest in the poet's whal. Alt ! now sun? he if hie I to spect? The steep Parmas a Surrounded thus by bolus pill And potion plasse

Ole, what a cantylo world were it, Would pain, and one, and sicl ness spare it

"The read I along to 1 Duning - Carl The Lam. 5 Peaten I morbed 6 Curoff

5 Wasterest 4 Mercurlat 9 Chinb 10 П.4.1.

Arentz de Peyster, by whom these lines were addressed in reply to kind enquires as to the poet's health, was colonel of the Gentlemen Volunteers of Dunfacs

And fortune favour worth and merit

As they deserve!

And aye a rowth, roast beef and claret;

Sync<sup>2</sup> wha wad starve?

Dame Life, though fiction out may trick her. And in paste gems and frippery deck her; Oh! flickering, feeble, and unsicker 3. I've found her still, Aye wavering, like the willow-wicker, 4. "Tween good and ill.

Then that curst carmagnoic, and Satan, Watches, like bandrons by a rattoh, Our sinfu' saul to get a claut on
Wi' felor he;
Syne whip! his tail ye'll be cast saut onHe's aff like fire.

Ah, Nick! ah, Nick! this na fair, First showing us the tempting ware, Bright wines and bonny lasses raie, To put us daft; Syne weave, unseen, the spider snave O' hell's damn'd waft

Poor man, the flee aft bizzes by,
And aft as chance he comes the nigh,
Thy auld damn'd elbow veuks? wi' joy,
And hellish pleasure;
Aiready, in thy fancy's eye,
Thy sicker treasure.

Soon, heels-o'er-gowdie \*\* in he gangs, And, tike a sheep-head on a tangs, Thy girning blough enjoys his panys And mudering wrestle, As, dangling in the wind, he hangs A gibbet's tassel,

But lest you think I am unervil,
To plague you with this draunting 10 drivel,
Abjuring a intentions evil,
I quat my pen:
The Lord preserve us frae theodesil!
Amen! Amen'

1 Abundance 2 Then 3 Insecure. 4 Twig. 5 Cat
 6 Claw,
 7 Itches

<sup>8</sup> Fopsy-turvy.
<sup>9</sup> Grinning.
<sup>10</sup> Drawhng.

## TO MISS JESSY LEWARS, DUMFRIES,

#### WITH A PRESENT OF POOKS

CUNSTRUBEM says "Miss Jessy Lewers watched over the poet and his little aousehold during his declining days with all the affectionate reverence of a daughter. For this she has received the stlent thanks of ill who admire the genus of Burns, or look with sorrow on his setting sun, she has received more—the undying thanks of the poet himself; his songs to her honour, and his simple gifts of books and verse, will keep her name and fame long a the world."

THINE he the volumes, Jessy fan, And with them take the poet's prayer—That Fate may in her fairest page, With every kindliest, best presage Of future bliss, emol thy name; With native worth, and spotless rane, And wakeful caution still aware. Of ill—but chief, man's felor snate All blaincless joys on earth we find, And all the treasures of the mind—These he thy gradian and reward, So pray, thy faithful friend—the Bad





## ÈPISTLES.

# EPISTLE TO JOHN RANKINE,

"Rough, rude, and ready-witted," seems to have been an appropriate delineation of this intimate friend and correspondent of the poet, although he had
other and more genial qualities. He was a fartier at Adambill, near Torbolton.
With reference to the personal circumstances aliaded to in Burn's epistle,
Lackhart siys.—" He was conjugiled, according to the then almost universal
custom of rural parishes in Scotland, to do pen uice in church, before the congregation, in consequence of the bith of an illegitimate child, and, whatever
may be thought of the propriety of such Exhibitions, there can be no differcince of opinion as to the culpable levity with which he describes the nature of
his offence."

O ROUGH, rude, ready-witted Rankine, The wale o' cocks for fur, and drinkin'! There's mony godly folks are thinkin' Your dreams\* and tricks

#### 1 Choice

"A certain humorous dream of his was then making a noise in the country-side.—B. The story of the dicamis worth telling. Lord K.—, it is said, was in the practice of calling all his familiar acquaintances "brittes," and sometimes "damned brittes"—"Well, ye brute, how are ye to-day, ye damned britte?" was his usual mode of salutation. Once, in company, his lordship having induged in this rudeness more than his wort, turned to Kankine, and exclaimed, "Ye damned britte, are ye diunh." Have ye no queer, sly story to tell us?" I nave has story," said Rankine, "But last night I had an odd dream." Ont with it, by all means," said the other. "Awed, ye see," said Rankine, "I dreamed I was dead, and that for Leeping other than good company upon earth I was damned. When I knocked at hell-door, wha should open it but the deil, he was in a rough humour, and said, 'Wha may ye be, and what's your name." My name. Jurch I, 'is John Rankine, and my dwelling-place was Adamhill. "Gae wa' wi' ye,' quoth Satan, "ye canna be here; ye're ane of Lord K.—'s dauned brutes -hell's fu' o' them already!" This sharp rebuke, it is said, was not lost on his lordship.

Will send you, Korah-like, a- inkin'. Straught to auld Nick's.

Ye hae sae mony cracks and cants,¹
And in your wicked, drucken rants,
Ye mak aedevil o' the saunts,
And fill them fou \*
And then their failings, flaws, and wants,
Are a' seen through.

Hypocri y, in meicy spare it!
That holy robe, oh, dinna tear it!
Spare't for their sakes what aften we'r it,
The lads in black!
But your cuist wit, when it comes near it,
Rives't - aff their Back

Think, wicked sinner, whi we re skuthing, It's just the blue & Win budge and claithing to sunts, tak that, ye lea'e them nacthing. To ken them by, I in ony unregenerate heathen.

I the you or I

I've sent you here some thyming ware,
A' that I bug in d for, and mair,
Sie, when ye had an hour to spane,
I will expect
You sang t yell sent we cannie care,
And no neglect.

Though, futh, smr he it has I to sing!
My mu c dows state; spicad her wing!
I ve play d mysel a bonny spring
And druccomy fill!
I d better given an I sur! to the king
At Bunker's Hill

Twas to night litely, in my fun, I gred a roying we' the gun,

2 Stories and tricks | 4 Injuring | 5 Served | Pulls it | 4 Date |

A song he had promised the author A

<sup>&</sup>quot;The affusion here is to some older or parson who had been so there I by Rankine as to get overcome with I quit to such an extent a 10 formable to keep his legs. It has been asserted that the hero of this mischance was. If sly Willie, house if

Willie hims if the Third that it is to a privileged lass of mendicints well known in Scotland by the name of Blue Gowns.

And brought a paitrick 1 to the grun',

A bonny hen,

And, as the twilight was begun,

Thought nane wad ken 2

The poor wee thing was little hui?; I straikit it a wee for sport, Ne'er thinking they wad fash i me for't, But, deil-ma-care! Somebody tells the poacher-court. The hale affan.

Some auld-used bands had ta'en a nôte, That six a hen had got a hot, I was suspected for the plot. I scon'd to he .\*

So gat the whistle o' my groat, And pay't the fee.

But, by my gun, o' guns the wale And by my pouther and my hail, And by my hen, and by her tail, I vow and swear! The game shall pay o'er moor and dak, For this, nerst year.

As soon's the clocking-time is by,
And the wee pouts begun to cry,
Lord, I'se hae sportin' by and by,
For my gowd guinea:
Though I should head the buckskin kye
For't in' Vriginia

Trouth, they had muckle for to blame!
"Twis neither bloken warg nor limb,
But twa-three draps about the wanc.
Scarce through the feathe
And buth a yellow George to claim
And those their blethers!

It pits me aye as mad's a hare, So I can rhyme for write me man; But pennyworths again is fair, When time's expedient; Meanwhile I am, respected sir, Yori most obedient.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Partridge. "Know.

## EPISILE TO DAVIE,

Davin Sitlar, a native of Torbohon, was for many years a schoolinaster at Irsine. He was a min of considerable accomplishments, and published a volume of poems in the Sofitish dialect, which is still in request among collectors, in consequence of his connection with the great master of Scottish song Gilbert Birris says, with iterence to this epistle. —"Among the earliest of his poems wis the I pistle to Davie. Robert offen composed without any regular plan. When anything made a strong impress in on his fund, so as to rouse it to any poetic exertion, he would give way to the impulse, and embody the choight in thyine. If he hit on two or three stairs to please him, he would then think of proper introductory, connecting, and concluding stairas, hence the middle of a poem was often into produced. It was, I think, in the summer of 1784, when, in the natival of harder I door. Robert and I were weeding in the garden, that he expected to me the pancipal part of this epistle. I believe the first idea of Robert's becoming an author was started in this occasion. I was much pleased with the opistle, and said to him I was of opinion it would bear being printed, and that it would be well occurred by people of taster, that I thought it at har t equal if not superior, to many of All or Rainsay's opistles, and that the morn of these, and much office storish poemy, seemed to consist, and that the near of the expression, but here thate was a strain of interesting scatterent, and the Sootte isn of the language scarcely seemed affected, but appeared to be the wateral language of the poet that, besides, there was certainly some now, by many appeared the poet that, besides, there was certainly some now, by many appeared to be poeming on the consolations that were more on him when he should go a legging—Robert seemed wed

January 1785.

With E winds frac aff Ben I omond blaw, And har the doors wi' driving surw, And hing us owre the ungle,\*
I set me down to pass the time,
And spin a verse or twa o' thyrac,
In hamely westiin jught.!
While frosty words blaw in the drift,
Ben to the chinda lug,?
I guidge a wee the great felk's geft,
That live sacchien? and sung?
I tent ! legs, and want less
Then roomy fire-side;
but hanker and canker
To see their cursul d pinde

It's handly in a body's power
To keep at times frae being som,
To see how things are shared,
How best o' chiels are while you want,
While coofs on countless thousands cant,
And ken na how to wear't,
But, Davie, hal, ne'er in h<sup>7</sup> your houd,
Though we have hitle gear, 8

1 Foundly west try dialect 2 Chemicy con3 Comfortable
3 Head
5 Fellows

\* Goods

<sup>\*</sup> Double us up over the fire Burns's line is a magnificent description of what may be sen on a cold wirter day in a small country house, with its badly-fitting windows and doors.

We're fit to win our daily bread,
As lang's we're hale and fier:
"Mair spier na, nor fear na,"
Auld age ne'er mind a feg,<sup>3</sup>
The last o't, the warst o't,
Is only but to beg.

To he in kilns and barns at e'en,
When banes are crazed, and bluid is thin,
Is doubtless great distress!
Tet then content could make us blest;
E'on then, sometimes, we'd snatch a taste
Of truest happiness.
The honest heart that's free frac a'
Intended fraud or rule,
However Fortune kick the ba',
Hasaye some cause to smile:
And mind still, you'll find still,
A comfort this nac sma';

And mind still, you'll find still, A comfort this nae sma'; Nae may then, we'll care then, Nae faither can we fa'.

What though, like commoners of air,
We wander out we know not where,
But either house or hall?
Yet nature's charms—the hills and woods,
The sweeping vales, and foaming floods—
Are free alike to all.
In days when daisies deck the ground,
And blackbirds whistle clear.
With honest joy our hearts will bound

To see the coming year:
On braces, when we please, then,
We'll sit and sowth a time:
Syne rhyme till't, we'll time till't,
And sing't when we hae dune.

It's no in tules nor in rank
It's no in wealth like Lon'on bank,
To purchase peace and rest:
It's no in making muckle man;
It's no in books; it's no in lear;
To make us truly blest;
If happiness hae not her seat
And centre in the breast,
We may be wase, or rich, or great,
But never can be blest:
Nac treasures, nor pleasures,
Could make us happy lang:
The heart aye's the part aye
That makes us right or wrang.

Whole and sound.
More ask not, nor fear not.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fig. <sup>4</sup> Whistle.

<sup>5</sup> Much more.

think ye that sle's as you and I,
Wha divide and drive through wet and dry,
Wi'never-ceasing toil;
Think ye, are we less blest than they
Why scacely tent's us in their way,
As baidly worth their while?
Alas! how aft in haughty mood,
God's creatures they oppress!
Or else, neglecting a' that's guid,
They not in excess!
Bauth careless and fearless
Of either heaven or hell!
Esteeming and deeming
It's a' an alle tale!

Then let us cheerfu' acquiesce;
Nor make our scanty pleasures less,

By pining at our state;
And, even should mislortunes come,
I here wha sit hae met wi' some,
An s'thankfu' for them yet
They gie the wit of age to youth;
They let us ken oursel;
They make us see the naked truth,
I'he real guid and ill.
I'hough losses and crosses
Be lessons right severe,
There's wit there, ye'll get there,
Ye Il find one other where.

But tent me, Davie, ace o' hearts!
(Fo say aught less wad wrang the curies,
And flattery! delest.)
This life ha joys for you and I;
And joys that riches ne'er could buy:
And joys the very best.
There's a' the pleasures o' the heart,
The lover and the finen';
Ye hae your Meg, \* your deare ' part
And I my duling Jean'
It warmome, it chaims m
To mention but her name
It heats me, it beets me,
And sets me a' on flume!

Oh, all ye powers who rule above!
O'Thou, whose very self art love!
Thou know'st my words sincere!
The life-blood streaming through my heart,

1 Such 2 Heed.

8 Rekindles.

<sup>\*</sup> Sillar's sweetheart was a liss of the name of Marganet Orr She did not become Mrs. Sillar

Or my more dear mmortal part, Is not more fondly dear!
When heart-corroding care and grie?
Deprive my soul of rest,
Her dear idea brings relief
And solace to my breast.
Thou lieing, all-seeing,
Oh, hear my fervent prayer!
Still take her, and make her
Thy most peculiar care!

All hall! ye tender feelings dear!
The sinde of love, the frieudly tear,
The sympathetic glow!
Long since, this worl!'s thorny ways
lad number'd out my early days,
Harl at not been for you!
Fate still has blest me with a friend,
In every care and ill,
And oft a more endearing band,
A tie more tender still.
It lightens, it larightens
The tenebrific scene,
To meet with, and greet with
My Davie or my Jean!

Oh, how that name inspires my style!
The words come skelpin', <sup>1</sup> rank and file,
Amaist before I ken! <sup>2</sup>
The ready measure rigs as fine
As Phedius and the famous Nine
Were glowern' owie my pen.
My spayiet 'Pegasus, will limp,
Till ame he's fairly het,
And then he'll hileh, and stilt, and juap,
And in an unco fit:
But lest fam, the beast then,
Should rue this hasty iide,
I'll light now, and dight? now
His sweaty, wizen de hide.

# EPISTLE JO JOHN LAPRAIK,

#### AN OLD SCOPTISH BARD.

JOHN LAPRAIK was a rustic votary of the Mus's Burns speaks of lam as that "very worthe and freeticus old fellow, John Lapraik, late of Dalham, near Murkirk, which little property he was obliged to sell in consequence of some

<sup>1</sup> Dancing 2 Know.

<sup>3</sup> Spavined 4 Hobble, halt, and jump.

<sup>5</sup> Wipe 6 Withered.

connexion as security for some persons concerned in that villamous bubble, the Ayr Bank "

April 1, 1785.

WithLe biers and woodbines budding green,
And patricks scraichin' loud at e'en,
And morning pousse? whiddin seen,
Inspire my Muse,
This freedom in an unknown frien'
I pray excuse

On Fasten-e'en we had a rockin',\*
To ca' the crack\* and weave our stockin';
And there was muckle fun and jokin',
Ye needna doubt;
At length we had a hearty volus'\*

At length we had a hearty yokin'4
At sang about.

These was ae sang, among the rest, Aboon them a' it pleased me best. That some kind his band had addrest To some sweet wife:

It thirl'd the heart-strings through the breast, A' to the life †

I've scace heard aught described sae weel, What generous manly bosoms feel; Thought I, 'Can this be Pope, or Steele, Or Beattle's wark?" They tauld me 'twas an odd kind chiel<sup>5</sup>
About Murkuk.

It pat me fidgin-fam<sup>6</sup> to hear't, And see about bim there I smert,<sup>7</sup> Then a' that lent<sup>8</sup> him round declared Ile had mgine; <sup>9</sup> That nane excell'd'it, it we can in ar't, It was see fine

That, set him to a pint of ale,
And either douce 16 or merry tale.
Or thymes and sangs he'd made housel,

Or witty catche.

'Tween Inverness and Tevioldale

He had few matches.

1 Partitidges wreaming 5 Fellow 6 Made me fidget with 9 Gennes 4 Bout 7 Inamied 5 Fellow 7 Inamied 8 Knew 9 Gennes 10 Sober 7

4 Bout 7 Inquired

Lads and laises used to meet in a neighbour's house, the lasses has meet their kinting or sewing with them, some of them even carrying their distaff with them, so that the homely duties might be engaged in while the firting, the song, and the gossip prevailed. A meeting of this kind was termed "a rockin."

<sup>†</sup> The title of this song is, "When I upon thy bosom lean"

Then up I gat, and swore an aith, Though I should pawn my pleugh and graith, 1 Or die a cadger pownie's death,

At some dike back,
A pint and gill I'd gie them baith
To hear yout crack.

Eut, first and foremost, I should tell,
Amaist as soon as I could spell,
I to the crambo-jingle<sup>2</sup> fell,
Though rude and rough:
Yet crooning<sup>3</sup> to a body's sel
Does weed eneugh.

I am nac poet, in a sense, But just a thymer, like by chance, And hae to learning nac poetence, Yet what the matter? Whene'er my Muse does on me glance, I jt igle at her.

Your critic folk may cock their nose, And say, "How can you e'er propose, You, wha ken hardly verse frac pro e, To mak a sang?" But, by your leaves, my learned foes, Ye're maybe wrang.

What's a' your jargon o' your schools, Your Latin names for horns and stools; If honest nature made you fools, What sairs your grammars? Ye'd better ta'en up spades and shools, Or'snappin'-hammers,

A set o' dull, conceited hashes,<sup>4</sup>
Confuse their brains in college classes!
They gang in stirks,<sup>5</sup> and come out asses,
Plain truth to speak;
And syne <sup>6</sup> they think to climb Pannassus
By digt o' Greek!

Gie me ae spark o' Nature's fite!
That's a' the learning I desire; e
Then, though I drudge through dub and mire
At pleugh or cart,
My Muse, though ha nely in attre,
May touch the heart.

<sup>1</sup> Fackle 2 Poggerel versifying

Humming
Blockhead

b Year old cattle.
6 Then.

<sup>\*</sup> Hammers for breaking stones

Oh for a spunk o' Allan's' glee,'
Or Fergusson's, the bauld and slee,'
Or bright Lapraik', my friend to be,
If I can lit it!
That would be lear enough for me,
If I could get it!

If I could get it!

Now, sir, if ye hae friends enow,
Though real friends I b'heve are few,

Yet, if your catalogue be fu',

I'se no insist,
But gif ye want ae friend that's true,
I'm on your list.

I winna<sup>3</sup> blaw about mysel;
As ill I like my fauts to tell;
But friends and folk that wish me well,
They sometimes roose<sup>4</sup> me;
Though I maun own, as mony still
As far abuse me.

There's ac wee faut's they whiles lay to me, I like the lasses—Gude forgie me!
For mony a p.ack they wheedle frac me,
At dance or fan;
Maybe some ither thing they gie me,
They weel can spare.

But Mauchline race, or Mauchline fair, I should be proud to meet you there; We'se gie ae night's discharge to Care, If we forgather, And hae a swap<sup>6</sup> o' rhymni' ware Wi' ane anither.

The four-gill chap, 7° we'se gat 8 him clatter, And kirsen 1 him wi' reekin' water; Syne we'll sit down and tak our whitter, 10 To cheer our heart, And faith, we'se be acquainted better Before we part.

There's naething like the honest nappy! "What'll ye e'er see men sae happy,"
Or women sonsie, saft, and sappy "Tween morn and morn,

As them wha like to taste the drappy
In glass or horn!

```
1 Allan Ramsāy
2 Sly
3 Will not.
4 Praise.
```

Small fault,
 An exchange,
 Measure
 Make

<sup>9</sup> Christen
 <sup>10</sup> Hearty draught,
 <sup>11</sup> Whisky

8 Make

I've seen me dats't upon a time, I scarce could wink, or see a styme, 2 Just ae half-mutchkin does me prime, Aught less is little, Then back I rattle on the thyme,

Then back I rattle on the thyme,
As gleg's a whittle !3

Awa' ye selfish wai'ly race, Wha think that havins, 4 sense, and grace, E'm love and friendship, should give place. To catch-the-plack 19

I dnur the to see your face, Not hear your crack

But ye whom social pleasure charms, Whose hearts the tide of kindness warms, Who hold your being on the terms, "Each aid the others," Come to my bowl, come to my arms, My friends, my brothers.

But, to conclude my long epistle,
As my auld pen's worn to the grissle.

Twa lines frae you would gar me fissle,

Who am, nost fervent,

While I can cither sing or whissle, Your friend and servant

### SECOND FRISTRE TO LAPRAIK

In is easy to see that Burns—notwithstanding his humility and his praise and worship of the humbler lights of scottish song, several of whom are only now known to their countrymen through Jos albisions and landations knew his power. One would much like to know shat was the real feeling regarding him of those for whose benefit in his early postles he layished such a we dilt o pootte mergery.

., 11/21, 1795.

With Encw-card kye nowte? at the stake, And pownes neek? in pleugh or braik? This hour on c'enin's edge I take,
To own I'm debtor
To be nest-hearted, juid Lapraik,
For his kind letter.

Forjesket sur, 10 wi' weary legs, Ratthn' the corn out-owie the rigs,\*

٤,

1 Stupid
2 See in the least
3 As keen as a kinfe of Deriven cows low
4 Decorum
5 One Studen as a kinfe of Deriven cows low
6 Decorum
7 Deriven cows low
8 Smoke

<sup>\*</sup> He had been sowing—very he ivy work—now rendered needless thro ghtdle introduction of machinery

Or dealing through among the maigs
Their ten-holis' bite,
My awkward Muse sair pleads and begs
I wouldna write.

The tapetless runfeezled luzze,¹
She's saft at best, and something lazy,
Quo' she, "Ye ken, we've been sae busy,
This month and mair,
That, trouth, my head is grown right dizzy,
And something sair,"

Her dowff<sup>2</sup> excuses pat me mad "Conscience," says I, "ye thowless jad!<sup>3</sup> I'll write, and that a hearty blaud,<sup>4</sup>
This year might;
So dinna ye affront your trade,
But rhyme it right

"Shall bauld Laptork, the king o' hearts. Though mankind were a pack o' cartes, Roose you sae weet for your deserts,
In terms sae friendly,
Yet ye'll neglect to shaw your parts,
And thank him kindly?"

Sae I gat piper in a blink,? And down gaed stumple in the ink: Quoth I, "Before I sleep a wink, I vow Pll close it, And if ye winna mal, it clink, By Jove I'll piose it!

See I've begun to scrawl, but whether In rhyme, or prose, of batth thegather, Or some hotch potch\* that's rightly neither, Let time make proof, I'ut I shall scribble down some blether? Just clean aff-loot, !

My worthy friend, ne or grudge and cup, Though Fortine use you hard and slorp, Come, kittle? up your moorland-harp Wi' gleesome touth! Ne or mind how Fortine waft and wap; She's but a bitch.

1 The heedless and exhausted jade 2 Silly

<sup>1</sup> Lazy jade <sup>1</sup> Quantily <sup>5</sup> Twinkling 6 Nonsense 7 Indre

Hotch-potch, the name of a soup made of all sort- of vegetables. No other explanation can give the meaning the poet intended conveying a Scotterism for extemporawous.

She's gien me mony a jirt and fleg, <sup>1</sup>
Sin' I could striddle owre a rig;
But, by the Lord, though I should beg
Wi' lyart pow, <sup>2</sup>
I'll laugh, and sing, and shake my leg,
As lang's I dow! <sup>3</sup>

Now comes the sax and twentieth simmer I've seen the bud upo' the tumner,4.

Still persecuted by the lummer 5.

Frae year to year:
But yet, despite the kittle kimmer,6.

I, Rob, am here,

Do ye carry the city gent,
Behint a kist to he and sk'ent,\*
Or purse-proud, big wi' cen's per cent.
And muckle wame,?
In some bit brugh to represent

A baile's name?

Or is't the paughty,<sup>8</sup> feudal thane, Wi' ruffled sark and glancing cane, Wha thinks himsel nae sheep-shank bane, But lordly stalks, While caps and bonnets aff are ta'en, As by he walks.

O Thou wha gies us each guid gift! Gie me o' wit and sense a lift, Then turn me, if Thou please, adrid, Through Scotland wide; Wi' cits nor lairds I wadna shift, In a' their pride!

Were this the charter of our state,
"On pain o' hell be rich and great,"
Damnation then would be our fate
Beyond remead;
But, thanks to Heaven, that's no the gate
We learn our creed

When first the human race began,
"The social, friendly, honest man,
Whate'er he be,
'Tis he fulfils great Nature's plan,
And none but he!"

For thus the royal mandate ran,

Given me many a jerk and fright Gray head.

<sup>8</sup> Can 4 Timber. 5 Jale

<sup>3</sup> Girl7 Big paunch.8 Haughty.

<sup>\*</sup> Ucland a counter to lie and leer.

O mandate, glorious and divine!
The ragged follower, o' the Nine,
Poor, thoughtless devils! yet may shine
In glorious light,
While sorded sons o' Mammon's line
Are dail as night.

Though here they scrape, and squeeze, and growi.
Their worthless nievefu'l of a soul
May in some future carcase howl,
The forest's fright;
Or in some day-detecting owl
May shun the light.

Then may Lapraik and Burns arise,
To reach their native kindred skies,
And sing their pleasures, hopes, and joys,
In some mild sphere,
Still closer kint in friendship's ties
Lach passing year!

# FPISITI TO JOHN GOUDTE, KII MARNOCK,

CN THE TUBERCATION OF HIS BY AYS

JOHN GOLD IS SESSIVED the authority of the Holy Scriptures and and 1883 and attracted a confiderable amount of attention. He was a tradesman in Kilmarnock. The following epistic was sent to him on the publication of a kilmarnock of his work.

O GOUDH! terror of the Whigs,
Dread of black coats and reverend wigs,
Sour Bigotry, on her Ast legs,
Gunm', looks back,
Wishin' the ten I gyptrur plagues
Wild sere you quick.

Poor gapin', slowerin' Superstition, Waes me! she's in a sail condition, I ie! bring Black Jock," her saic physician, To see her water Alis! there's ground o' great suspicion She'll ne'er get better

Auld Cathodoxy lorg did grapple, But now shess got an unco ripple, di Haste, gie her name up i' the chapel, Nigh unto death; See how she fetches at the thrapple, And gasps for breath!

4 Handful \*Gruning 3 Pains in the lack and loins

4 I brost

\* The Rev John Russell. Kilin reeck

Enthusiasm's past redemption,
Gaen in a galloping consumption,
Not a' the quacks, w' a' their gumption,
Will ever mend her.
Her feeble pulse gies strong presumption
Death soon will end her.

'Tis you and Taylor\* are the chief, Wha are to blame for this mischief; But gin the Lord's am folk gat leave, A toom? tar-barrel And twa red peats wad send relief, And end the quariel.

## EPISILE TO WILLIAM SIMPSON,

OCHH IREL.

WILLIAM SIMPSON was schoolmaster of the parish of Ochiltree - Mr. Chambers tells us that he had sent the poet a rhymed epistle in praise of the "Twa Herds"

May 1785

I GAT your letter, winsome<sup>4</sup> Wilhe; Wi' gratefu' heart I thank you brawhe, 'Though I maun say't, I wid be silly, And unco yam, Should I believe, my coaxin' bille <sup>6</sup>
Your flatterin' strain,

But I'se believe ye kuudly meant it, I sud be lath to think ye liinted Ironic satue, sidelius sklented? On my poor Musie; Though in sic phiasin & trims ye're pendic it, I scarre excuse ye.

My sense wad be in a creel,†
Should I but date a hope to speel,
Wi' Allan or wi' Gilbertfield †
The bracs o' fame;
Or Fergusson,§ the writer cluel,

"A deathless name.

1 Knowledge 4 Hearty 7 Oblique ls directed
2 Finisty 5 Hearthy 1 Hattering
4 I we burning peats 6 Fellow

\* Dr. Taylor of Norwich. -B.
† In the vernacular a man wrong about the head is said to be in a creel.
† Allan Ramsay, and Wilham Hamilton of Gilbertheld, a contemporary of Rimsay's.

& Robert Fergusson, the post

(O Fergussyn, thy glorious parts
Ill suited law's dry musty arts!
My curse upon your whunstane hearts,
Ye Enbrugh gentry!
The tithe o' what ye waste at cartes
Wad stow'd his paintry?

Yet when a tale comes i' my head, Or lasses gie my heart a screed, 1 • As whiles they're like to be my dead, (O sad disease 1) I kittle<sup>2</sup> up my rustic reed, 11 gies me case.

Auld Coda\* now may fidge fu' fain,<sup>3</sup> She's gotten poets o' her ain,
Chiels what their chanters winna lain,<sup>3</sup>
But time their lays,
Till chocs a' resound again
Her weel sing praise.

Nae poet thought her worth his while, To set her name in measured style; She lay like some unkenn'd of isle Beside New Holland, Or where wild-inceting occans boil Besouth Magellan

Ramsay and famous Fergusson Gred Forth and Tay a lift aboon; Variow and Tweed, to mony a time, Owie Scotland rings, While Itwin, Lugar, Ayr, and Doon, Nachody sings.

Th' Thesas, Tiber, That es, and Seine.
Glide sweet in mony a tunefu' line!
But, Willie, set your fit to male,
And cock your crest,
We'll gat 6 our streams and burnes 1 ine
Up wi' the best.

We'll sing auld Coila's plains and feds, Her moors red-brown wi' heather-bells, Her banks and bracs, her dens and dells, Where glorious Wallace Aft bare the gree,' as story tells, Frae southron billies,

<sup>1</sup> Rent 4 Fellows 6 Make 2 In kle 5 Will not spare 7 Oft bore too bell. 3 Friget with jos

<sup>\*</sup> Barns often used this phrase in speaking of the district of Kyle.

At Wallace' name what Scottish blood But boils up in a spring-tide flood! Oft have our fearless fathers strode By Wallace' side, Still pressing onward, red-wat shod,1 Or glorious died.

Oh, sweet are Coila's haughs2 and woods, When sintwhites chant amang the buds, And jinkin's hares, in amorous whids, Their loves enjoy, While through the braes the cushat croods4

With wailfu' cry!

Even winter bleak has charms to me, When winds rave throwth the naked tree, Or frosts on hills of Och ltree Are hoary gray: Or blinding drifts wild-furious flee, Darkening the day!

O Nature! a' thy shows and forms, To feeling, pensive hearts hae chaims! Whether the summer kindly warms Wi' life and heat, Or winter howls, in gusty storms, The lung, dark might!

The Muse, nac poet ever fand her, Till by himsel he learn'd to wander, Adown some frotting burn's me inder, And no think lang; Oh, weet to stray, and pensive ponder A heart-felt sang!

The war'ly race may dradge and drive, Hog-shouther, jundle, stretch, and strive-Let me fan Noture's face descrive, And I, we pleasure, Shall let the busy, grumbling hive Bum owie then treasure.

Fareweel, "my thyme-composing brither!" We've seen owie lang unkenn'd to ither:7 Now let us lay our heads thegulact, In love fraternal; May Envy wallop in a tether,8 Black hend, infernal !

I Their shoes red in bloode

<sup>2</sup> Meadows 8 Dodging

<sup>4</sup> Coos 5 Found 6 Jossle, push

<sup>7</sup> Ioo long unknown to each other 8 Rope.

<sup>\*</sup> A word expressive of the quick, nimble movements of the hare.

While Highlandmen hate tolk and taxes; While moorlan' herds like guid fat braxies,\* While terra firma on her axis Diumal turns,

Count on a friend, in faith and practice, In ROBERT BURNS.

#### POSTSCRIP F.

My memory's no worth a preen:1 I had amaist forgotten clean Ye bade me write you what they mean By this New Light, † Bout which our heids sae aft hae been Maist like to fight.

In days when mankind were but callans2 At grammar, logic, and sic talents, They took nac pains their speech to balance, Or rules to gre,

But spak their thoughts in plain, braid lallaus, Like you or me.

In thac auld times, they thought the moon, Just like a sark, or pair of shoon, Wore by degrees, till her last roon Gaed past their viewing, And shortly after she was done, They gat a new one.

This pass'd for certain--undisputed: It ne'er cam i' then heads to doubt it, Till chiels<sup>5</sup> gat up and wad confute it, Andeca d it wrang; And muckle din there was about it, Baith loud and lang.

Some herds, weel learn'd up# the beuk," Wad threap? and folk the thing nastenk; For 'twas the anld moon turn'd a neak,

And out o' sight, And backlins 9-comm', to the lenk She grew mair bright

This was denied it was affirm'd; The herds and husels to were alarm'd,

Pm. 5 Fellows a Carnei of locks Juveniles
 Lowland speech 6 Book 7 Argue 4 Shred

<sup>\*</sup> Sheep which have died of disease are called Uraxics. † An allusion to the "Twa Herdsi"

The reverend gray-beards taxed and storm'd
That beardless laddles
Should think they better were inform'd
Than their and daddles.

Frac less to man it gaed to sticks.
Frae words and arths to clour, and nicks,<sup>3</sup>
And mony a fallow gar his licks,<sup>4</sup>
Wi' hearty cunt.<sup>4</sup>
And some, to learn them for their tricks,
Were hang d and brunt.

This game was play'd in mony lands, And And I-Light caddles bure 5 sic hands. That, faith, the youngs crs took the sands. Wi'm ole shauks, 5 Till lands forbade, by sinct commands, Sic bludy pranks.

But New-Light heids gat sie a cowe,? Folk thought them rum'd stick and stowe,? Till now amast on every knowe
Ye'll find ane placed.
And some then New-Light fan avow,
Just quate barefaced.

Nac doubt the Auld-Light flocks are bleatin', Then zealous heids are vex'd and sweatin', Mysel, I've even seen them greetin'<sup>9</sup> Wi' gamn' spite, To hear the moon sae sadly hed on, By word and write

But shortly they will come the loons '19 Some Auld-Light herds in neibor towns Are mind't, in things they ca' balloon 'To tak a flight, And stay ac month amang the moons, And see them right.

Guid observation they will gie them;
And When the auld moon's gain to fea'e them,
The hindmost shand, 11 they ll fetch it wi' them,
Jast i' their pouch,
And when the New-Light billies 12 see them,
I think they'll crouch!

 <sup>1</sup> Fathers
 5 Fellows bore
 9 Crying

 2 Blows and cuts
 6 Legs
 10 Raseds

 3 G t a beating
 7 Such a tright
 11 Last shree

 4 Dant.
 8 Stump and rump,
 12 Fellows.

Sae, ye observe that a' this clatter <sup>1</sup>
Is naething but a "moonshife matter;"
But though dull prose-folk I atm splatter
In logic tulzie, <sup>2</sup>
I hope we bardies ken some better
Than mind sie builzie. <sup>8</sup>

### THIRD FPISTLE TO JOHN LAPRAIK

September 13,

GUID speed and finder\* to yon, Johany, Guid health, hale hair's, and weather bonny; Now when ye're uickan down fit' canny

The staff o' bread, May ye ne'er want a stoup o' bran'y To clear your flead.

May Boreas never thrash your 198,† Nor kick your 19 bles<sup>5</sup> aff your legs, Sendm' the stuff o'er muns and haggs<sup>6</sup> Lake drivm' wrack; But may the tapmast grain that wies Come to the sack

I'm bizzie too, and skelpin'? at it, But bitter, dandin' s showers hae wat it, Sae my auld stumpie j en I gat it Wi'mickle wark, And took my joeteleg and whatt it, s ¶ake ony clark.

It' now two month that I'n your dei tor, For your braw, n oncless, dateless letter, Abusen' me for harsh ill nature On holy men. While deil a hair yoursel ve're better, But mair produce

But let the kuk-folk ring their Le Is, Lat's sing about our noble sels. We'll cry nae jads <sup>10</sup> frae heather hills To help or room is. But browster wives <sup>11</sup> and whisky stils, They are the muses

```
1 Gos ip •
2 Contention
3 Books
```

J Broils
4 Cutting

<sup>5</sup> Stooks or shocks of colfi 5 Morasses

of P Clusp-kinfo and sharpicted it W Muses II A Ten Walles

<sup>7</sup> Driving at it 8 Wind-driven

<sup>\*</sup> Good speed and better than that † Never shake the cora in your ridges.

Your friendship, sir, I winna quat it, And if ye mak objections at it, Then han' in vieve 1 some day we'll knot? it, a And witness take, And when wi' usquebae we've wat it, It winna break.

But if the beast and branks 3 be spared Till kye be gaun 4 without the heid, And a' the vittel 5 in the yaid, And theekit 6 light, I mean your ingle-side to guard Ac winter night.

Then musc-inspirin' aqua-vitae
Shall make us baith sae bitthe and witty,
Till ye forget ye're auld and gatty,?

And be as canly 8
As ye were more year less than thretty,9

Sweet ane and twenty!

But stooks are cowpit 10 wi' the blast, And now the sinn keeks 11 in the west, Then I mann rin among the rest, And quar my chanter, Sae I subscribe myself in haste, Years, RAB LITE RAS FLR.

# EPISTLE TO THE REV JOHN M'MATIL

THE Rev. John M'Math was at the time this epistle was sent assistant to the Rev. Peter Wodrow of Torbolton

Sept miler 17, 1780

WHILE at the steek the shearers 12 cower To shun the bitter blaudm' 14 shower, Or in guliavagerinnin'scower 14

To pa s the time, To you I dedicate the hour

In idle rhyme.

My Music, tired wi' mony a sonnet

1 Hand in fist 7 Frad 1º The reapers 2 Bind 9 Harpy 11 Pelting 11 Pelting 11 Pelting 11 Run riotously for 4 Giorig 10 Overairmed, amusement. 15 Sedate.

On gown, and ban', and douce 15 black bonnet,

6 Thatched.

Is grown right easie 1 now she's done it,

Lest they should blame her,

And rouse their holy thunder on it

And anothem her,

I own 'twas rash, and rather hardy,
That I, a simple, country bardie,
Should meddle wi' a pack sae study,
Wha, if they ken me,
Can easy, wi' a single wordie,
Lowse hell upon me,

But I gae mad at their grimaces,
Their sighin', cantin', grace-proud faces,
Their three-mile prayers, and half-mile graces,
Their taxin' conscience,
Whase greed, revenge, and pride thisgraces
Wair nor their nonsense.

There's Gawn \* m\*sca't' want than a beast, Wha has mair honour in his breast Than mony scores as guid's the priest Wha sae abuse't him. And may a baid no ciack his jest What way they've use't him?

See him, the poor man's fixed in need,
The gentleman in word and deed,
And shall his fame and honour bleed
—By worthless skellinns,
And not a muse erect her head
—To cove the blellinns?

O Pope, had I the same's darts, To gie the rascals their deserts, I'd up then rotten, hollow hearts, And tell aloud Their jugglin' hocus-pocus arts, To cheat the crowd.

God knows, I'm no the thing I should be, Nor am I even the thing I could be, But twenty times I rather would be An atherst clean, Than under gospel colours hid be Just for a screen.

Finorous Straching

<sup>4</sup> Misnamed <sup>4</sup> Wretches 5 Fellow

An honest man may like a glass, An honest man may like a lass, But mean revenge, and malice fanse,! Ite'll still disdam, And then cry real for gospel laws, Lake some we ken.

They take religion in their month;
They talk o' mercy, grace, and truth,
For what?—to give their malice skouth?
On some pure wight,
And hunt him down, o'er right and rith,
To ruin straight

All hail, Religion! maid living!
Pardon a Muse sae mean mins,
Who, in the rough imported lifts.
Thus dams to name thee;
To stigmatise filse friends of thine
Can relei defame thee.

Though blotcht and foul we mony a stain, And far unworthy of thy train,
With trembling voice I time my strain
To join with those
Who boldly duir thy cause maintain
In spite o' focs:

In spite o' crowds, in spite o' mobs, In spite o' undernaning jobs, In spite o' dark bandith stabs

At worth and ment, By scoundiels, even wi' holy robes,

But hellish spirit.

O Ayr 1 my dear, my native ground, Within thy prestyter of 1 ound, A candid liberal band is found. Of public teachers, As mer, as Christians too, Jenown'd, And manly preachers,

Sir, in that encle you are named, so Sir, in that encle you are famed, And some, by whom your doctime's blamed, (Which gies'you homou), Even, sir, by them your heart's esteem'd, And winning manuer. Pardon this freedom I have ta'en,
And if impertinent I've been,
Impute it not, good si, in ane
Whase heart ne'er wrang'd ye,
But to his utmost would befrien'
Aught that belang'd ye,

## SECOND EPISTLE TO DAVIE,

A BROTHER POLI

AULD NEIROR,

I'm thice times doubly o'er your debtor, For your auld-farrant! frien'ly letter, Though I muun say't, I doubt ye fatter,

Ye speak sae fair, For my puir, silly, rbymin' clatter Some loss maun san.2

Hale be your heart, hale be your fiddle; Lang may your elbud jink and diddle,<sup>5</sup> To cheer you through the weary widdle <sup>5</sup> O' warly cares, Till bauns' barns kindly cuddle<sup>5</sup> Your aidd gray hairs.

But Davie, 1au, I'm rede ye're glaikit; <sup>6</sup> I m tauld the Muse ye hav negleckit, And gif it's sac, ye sad be licket Until ye fyke; <sup>7</sup>

Sie hams as you sud ne'er be faiket, a
Be hamt wha like,

For me, I'm on Parnassus' brink Rivin' the words to gaur them clink; Whiles dais't wi' love, whiles dais't wi' drink, Wi' jads or maseus;

And whiles, but aye owie lite, I il k
Braw sober lessons

Of a'the thoughtless sons o' man, Commen' me to the budie clau;
Except it be some idle plin
O' rhymni clink,
The devil-hack to that I sud ban,
They ever think

<sup>1</sup> Sagreious

<sup>2</sup> Must serve

<sup>8</sup> Flbow dodge ad jerk

<sup>4</sup> Struggle

Nae thought, nae view, nae scheme o' livin', Nae cares to gie us joy or grievin'; But just the pouchie put the nieve<sup>1</sup> in, And while aught's there, Then hiltie skillte, we gae serievin',<sup>2</sup> And fash<sup>3</sup> nae mair,

Leeze me4 on thyme! n's aye a treasure, My chief, amaist my only pleasure, At hame, a-fiel', at wark, or leisure,

The Muse, poor hizzie!

Though rough and raploch6 be her measure,

She's seldom lazy.

Hand to the Muse, my damty Davie. The wail' may play you mony a shavie, 7 But for the Muse she'll rever le we ye,

Though e'er so purr,
Na, even though lumpur' wi' the spavie 8

Fraceloor to door.

## LPISTLE TO JAMES SMITH

JAMES SMITH was a merchant in Murchine He was one of the early fixed of Purps

"Friendship! mysterious coment of the soul! Sweether of life, and solder of society! I owe thee much "--Bryr

DEAR SMITH, the sleest, pankie 10 thief. That e'er attempted stealth or mef. 11
Ve surely had some warlock breef 12
Owie human hearts;
For ne'er a bosoin yet was pricf
Agrinst your arts.

For me, I swear by sun and moon, And every star that blinks aboon, Ye've cost me twenty pan, of shoon!<sup>13</sup> Inst gaun to see you; And every other pan that's done, Mare ta'en I'm sai' yon,

That auld capricious carlin, Nature, To mak amends for scrimpit 6 stature,

1 Firt	5 L. 158	10 Knowings
2 Helter skelter, we go smoothly	fi ('oarse	11 Robbery
J Trouble	7 Irick	14 Spell
4 A term of endearment, an ex-	<sup>q</sup> Spavin,	13 Shoes
pression of happiness or plea-	9 Siyest.	14 Stinted.
St CC.		

She's turn'd you aff, a human creature
On her first plan;
And in her freaks, on every feature
She's wrote, "The Man."

Just now I've ta'en the fit o' thyme,
My barme 1 noddle's working prime,
My fancy yeakit 2 up sublime

Vi' hasty summon:
Hae ye a leisure moment's time

To hear what's comin'?

Some thyme a neibor's name to lish; Some thyme (vain thought!) for needfu' cash; Some thyme to count the country clash,<sup>3</sup>

And ruse a din;

For me, an aim I never fash,

I thyme for fun.

The star that rules my luckless lot Has fated me the russet coat, And dumn'd my fortune to the groat; But in requir, Has blest me wi' a random shot (1° country wit.

This while my notion's ta'en a sklent,'
To try my fate in guid black prent;
But still, the man Fig that way bent,
Something cries, "Hoolie!"
I rede you, honest man, tak tent,
Ye'll shaw your folly.

"There's ither poets north your betters, Far seen in Greek, deep men o' letters, Hae thought they had insuco then debtors A' future ages:

Now moths deform in shapeless taters. Their unknown rages."

Then fareweel hopes o' laurel-bough?
To garland my poetre brows!
Henceforth I'il rove where busy ploughs
Are whistling thrang.
And teach the lanely heights and howes?
My rustic sang.

<sup>1</sup> Yeasty Fermented Gossip

<sup>4</sup> Twist, 5 Heware 6 Warn.

<sup>7</sup> Care

I'll wander on, with tentless 1 heed How never-halting moments speed, I'll I ate shall snap the brittle thread; Then, all unknown, I'll lay me with the inglorious dead, Forgot and gone!

But why o' death begin a tale? Just now we're living sound and hale, Then top and maintop crowd the sail, Heave Care owie side! And Luge, before Enjoyment's gide, Let's tak the tide.

This life, sae far's I understand, Is a' enchanted fany and, Where Pleasure is the magic wand, That, wielded right, Maks hours I've minutes, hand in hand, Dakee by fu' light.

The magic wand then let us wield;
For, ance that five-and-forty's specifd,2
See, crasy, we try, poyless Falld,3
W' winkled face,
Comes hostin', hipfin, 3 o we the field,
W' creepin' pace

When ance life's day draws near the gloamm', Then fateweel vacant "anches roamm', And fateweel cheerfu' tanknids foamm', And fateweel, dear defluding woman 'The joy of joys!

O Life! how plea int is thy morning, Young Pancy's rays the hills adorning? Cold-pausing Cantion's lesson scorning, We firsk away,

Like schoolboys, at the expected warning, To joy and play.

We wander there, we wander here,
We eve the rose upon the bare,
Unmindful that the thorn is near,
Among the leaves;
And though the puny wound appear,
Short while it greeves.

<sup>1</sup> Aimless
8 Chribed.

With steady aim some fortune chase; Keen hope does every snew brace;\*
Through fan, through fonl, they mge the race,
And serie the prey:
Then commands to remember a series of the series.

Then cannie, in some corie—place,
They close the day.

And others, like your humble servan',
Poor wights trace rules nor roads observin';
To right or left, eternal section;
They zig-zag on;
Till curst with age, ob care and starvin,
They aften groun.

Alas! what buter toil and shaming-But truce with peevish, poor complaining! Is Portune's fickle Luna waning? If in let her gang! Beneath what light she has remaining, Let's sing our sang.

My pen I here fling to the door,
And kneel, "Ye Powers!" and warm implore,
"Though I should wander Terra o'er,
In all her clines,
Grant me but this, I ask no more,
Ave rowth! o' the mes.

"Gre dreeping roasts to country land, Till reacks hing fracthen beards; Gre fine braw class to fine fife-guards, And maids of honorin! And yill and whisky gie to care."

Until they sconner.

"A title, Dempster ments it;
A gattengte to Wilhe Pitt;
Gie wealth to some be-ledger'd cit,
In cent per cent,
But gie me feal, sterling wit,
And I'm content

1 Abundance.

2 Turkers.

8 Are nauscated.

George Dempster of Dunnichen, a partial sent my or dor of the time,

"While ye are pleased to keep me hale, I'll sit down o'er my scanty meal, Be't water-brose, or mu-lin-kail,1

Wi' cheerfu' face, As lang's the Muses dinna ful To say the grace."

An anxious ce I never throws
Behint my lug 2 or by my nose;
I jo ik 3 beneath Misfortune's blows
As weel's I may;
Sworn foe to Sorrow, Care, and Prose,
I thyme away.

O ye douce folk, that hive by rule, Grave, tideless-blooded, colm and cool, Compared wi' you--O foo !! feel!! fool! How much unlike!

Your hearts are just a standing pool, Your Lycs a dyke!\*

Nac harebrain'd, sentimental traces, In your unletter'd, nameless faces! In arroso trills and graces Ye never stray, But gravissimo, solemn basses Ye hum away

Ve are sae grave, nac doubt ye're wise; Nac ferly 4 though ye do despise The harum-scattum, rain-stam 4 boys, The ratting squad: I see you upward east yout eyes— Ye I in the road,

Whilst I - but I shall hand me there—Wi' you I il scarce garg ony where—Then, Jamie, I shall sae nat man.

Bet quat my sang,
Content wi' you to mak a pan,

Whare'er I gang.

# EPISTLE TO GAVIN HAMILTON, Log, BIGOMMENDING A BOY

GAVIN HAMILTON was a solution in Manchine, and every good friend of the poet at all times. He had suffered from the persecutions of the orthodox as

<sup>4</sup> Broth made without

<sup>3</sup> Stoop

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Wonder. <sup>5</sup> Reckless

<sup>&</sup>quot;Then Gves blank as a wail, is the meaning intended to be conveyed here

Burns had, and this tended to a friendship warmer than ordinary. Cromek tells us the following in regard to the Master Tootie of this epistle. "He lived in Mauchine, and dealt in cows. It was his common practice to cut the nicks or markings from the horns of cattle, to disguise their age, and so bring a higher price."

Mosgaville, May 3, 1786.

I HOLD It, sir, my bounden duty
To warn you how that Master Tootie,
Alias, Land M'Gaun,
Was here to hive you lad away
'Bout whom yo spak the fither day,
And wad hae done't aff han':
But lest he learn the callan't licks,
As, faith, I muckle doubt him,
Iake scrapin' out audi Crammie's nicks,
And tellin' hes about 'cm;
As have then, I'd have thon,
Your clerkship he should sair,
If sae be, ye may he
Not fitted other where.

Although I say't, he's gleg genough,
And 'bout a house that's rude and rough,
The boy might lean to swear;
But then wi' you he il be sae taught,
And get sie fair example straught,
I haena ony fear.
Ye'll catechise him every quirk,
And shore him weel wi' helt,
And gar him follow to the kink —
Aye when ye gang yoursel.
If ye then mann be then
Frae hame this comin' Friday;
Then please, sir, to lea'e, sir,
The orders wi' your lady.

My word of honour I has gien,
In Paisley John's, that might at e'en,
To meet the warld's worm,
To try to get the twa to gree,
And name the anless and the fre,
In legal mode and form:
I ken lik weel a sneck can draw,
When simple bodies left him;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Boy <sup>2</sup> More willingly. <sup>8</sup> Sharp.

<sup>4</sup> Threaten 5 Avaricious creature

<sup>6</sup> fairfiest, money 7 tale to he and valery, o

<sup>\*</sup> San note to this epistle

And if a devil be at a',
In faith he's sure to get him.
To phrase you and praise you,
Ye ken your laureate scorns:
The prayer still you share still
Of grateful MINSTRFL BURNS.

### POLITICAL INVITATION TO MR JOHN KENNEDY.

JOHN KENNEDY who was at one time factor to the Marquis of Breadalbane, had taken a great interest in the success of the first edition of Burns' poems.

Now Kennedy, if foot or hoise E'er bring you in by Mauc'iline coise, <sup>1</sup> Lo d, in in, there's lasses the gwad force A hermit's fancy, And down the gate, in faith they re worse, And mair unchancy.

But, as I'm saym', please step to Dow's, And taste sic gear as Johnnie brews, Till some bit callant? bring me news That you are there, And if we dimia hand a bouze Tse ne'er droil man.

It's no I like to sit and swallow,
Then like a swine to puke and wallow.
But gie me just a true good fallow,
Wi' right ingine,
And spunkic, ance to make us incllow,
And then we'll shine.

Now, if ye're ane o' wail's folk, Wha rate the weater by the cloak, And sklent<sup>5</sup> of poverty then joke, Wi bitter sucer, Wi'you no friendship will I troke," Nor cheap nor dear.

But if, as I'm informed weel, Ye hate, as ill's the very deil, The flinty heart that canna feel— Come, sir, here's tae you! Hae, there's my ham', I wiss you weel, And guid be wi' you.

<sup>1</sup> Mauciline market cross

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Boy.

<sup>4</sup> Changs or temperament 4 Whisky is meant.

<sup>5</sup> Throw 6 Exchange.

### EPISTLE TO A YOUNG FRIFND.

This epistle was addressed to Andrew Aiken, the son of his old friend Robert Aiken, writer in Ayr.

May 1786.

I LANG hae thought, my youthfu' friend,
A something to have sent you,
Though it should serve nae other end
Than just a kind memento;
But how the subject-theme may gang,
Let time and chance determine;
Perhaps it may turn out a sang,
Perhaps turn out a seimon.

Ye'll try the world fu' soon, my lad, And, Andrew dear, believe m; You ll find mankind an unco squad, And muckle they may grieve ye: For care and trouble set your thought, Even when your end's attain'd, And a' your views may come to nought, Where every nerve is stiam'd.

I'll no say men are villams a';
The real, haiden d, wicked,
Wha hae nae check but human law,
Are to a few restricked:
But, och! mankind are mico! weak,
And little to be trusted;
If self the wavening balance shake,
It's rarely right adjusted!

Yet they wha fa' in fortune's strife,
I non fate we shouldna censure,
to still the important end of life
I hey equally may answer;
A man may hae an honest heart,
I hough poortith hourly stare him;
A man may tak a neibor's part,
Yet hae na cash to spare him.

Aye free, aff han' your story tell,
When wi' a bosom crony,
But still keep something to yoursel
Ye scarcely tell to ony.
Conceal yoursel, as weel's ye can
Frae critical dissection;
But keek 3 through every other man
Wi' sharpen'd, sly inspection

The sacred lowe o' weel-placed love,
Luxuriantly indulge it;
But never tempt the illicit rove,
Though naething should divulge it;
I waive the quantum o' the sin,
The hazard of concealing,
But, och! it hardens a' within,
And petrifies the feeling!

To catch dame Fortune's golden smile,
Assiduous wait upon her;
And gather gear by every wife
That's pastified by honour,
Not for to hale it in a hedge,
Nor for a train-attendant;
But for the glorious problegs
Of Leng independen.

The feat o' hell's a l'angman's whip To haud the wretch in order; But where ye feel your honour grip, Let that aye be your border. Its slightest touches, instant pause—Debar a' side pretences; And resolutely keep its laws, Uncaring consequences.

The great Creator to revere
Must sure become the creature;
But still the preaching cant forbear,
And even the rigid feature;
Yet ne'er with wits profane to range,
Be complaisance extended;
An atherst laugh's a poor exchange
For Dear offended!

When ranting round in Pleasure's ring Religion may be blooked;
(h) I she gie a tandom sting,
It may be little minded;
But when on life we're tempest-driven,
A conscience but a canker—
A correspondence fix'd wi' Heaven
Is sure a noble anchor f

Adieu, dear, amrable youth!

Your heart can ne'er be wanting!
May prudence, fortitude, and truth
Erect your brow undannting!

In ploughman phrase, "God send you speed,"
Still daily to grow wiser:
And may you better reck the rede
Than ever did th' adviser.

### EPISH E TO MR M'ADAM OF CRAIGENCILLAN

WRITTEN on receipt of a letter, congratulating him on his poetic efforts.

SIR, o'er a gill I gat your card, I trow! it made me proud; "See wha taks notice o' the bard!" I lap? and cried fu' loud.

Now ded-macare about their jaw, The senseless, gawky <sup>1</sup> million; I'll cock my nose aboon them a' -I'm roos d<sup>4</sup> by Congengillan!

'Twas noble, sir, 'twas like yoursel, To grant your high protection' A great man's smile, ye ken fu' well, Is aye a blest infection

Though by his\* banes wha in a tub Match'd Maccdoman Sandy! † On my am legs, through dut and dub, I independent stand aye.

And when those legs to gnid warm kail <sup>5</sup> Wi' welcome canno bear me, A lee dike-side, <sup>6</sup> a sybow <sup>7</sup> tail, And barley scone <sup>8</sup> shall cheer me.

Heaven spare you lang to kiss the breath O' mony flowery summers !

And bless your boung lasses bath—
I'm tauld they're lo'esome kunners !9

And God bless young Dunaskin's laird,
The blossom of our gentry!
And may be wear an auld man's beard,
A circlit to his country.

<sup>1</sup> Vow
2 I caped
3 Stupid
4 Praised

<sup>5</sup> Proth
6 A shady wall side
7 The young onto.

<sup>8</sup> Cake.

9 Heart along over-

<sup>\*</sup> Diogenes.

## FPISIIL 10 MAJOR LOGAN

MAJOR LOGAN, a retired military officer lived at Park House near Ayr, with his mother and sister

HAII thairm inspirin, ratthi Willie!
Though I ortune 5 ford be fough and hilly
I o every fiddling, rhyming billie,
We never heed,
But tak it like the unback d filly,
Proud o' her speed

When idly go via whiles we saunter, Yiii, Fancy bulks, aw we canter, Up hill, down bru, till ome mischanter, of Some 11 k kog hole, Arrests us, then the scart i and banter We re forced to thole of

If the be your heart! hale be your fiddle! I ang may your elbuck jink and diddle, 'I o cheer you through the weary widdle!' O this wild wail',
Until you on a commock did lle?
A gray hard cail

Come wealth, a me poortith, late a soon
Heaven send your heart string taye in tune,
And seron your temper pins allow,
A fifth or mair,
The melancholous, lay croons
O' conkribetire;

May still your life from day to day
\ac lent. In o in the play,
but ille net's / nt any
Harmo nous flow:
\[ \text{Sweeping}, \text{ ki dling}, \text{ baild strathspev} - \text{ Lincoic } \text{ Bias } \text{ } \]

A blossing on the cheery gring
Whi devely like a jig or ang,
And never think o' right and wrang
By square and rule,
But as the cless o' feeling stan.
Are wise of fool!

Fide ie string
 Walking aimlessly
 Mislip
 Bear

Until you hobble on a staff

<sup>5</sup> I llow dodge and jerk 8 Strus gle.

b Drine Gadflies

<sup>\*</sup> These two lines also occur in the Second Lipistle to Da.

My hand-waled curse keep hard in chase The harpy, hoodock, purse ploud race, Wha count on poortith as disgrace—

Then tunches heart!

May fireside discords jut a base

To a' their parts!

10 a' their parts'

But come, your hand, my careless buther—
I oth their wul', if there's another—
And that there is I've little swither;
About the matter—
We cheek for chary shall not themsher

We cheek for chow shall jog thegither, I so ne en bid better

We ve faults and fulings—granted clearly
We re fruit backsliding mortals merely
I we's bonny equad, priests wyte 4 them sheerly,
I or our grand fit,
But still—but still—I like them dearly
God bless them a 1

Ocho 1! for poor Castalian drinkers,
When they fa' foul o' carthly jinkers,
The witching, cursed, delicious blinker
Hae put nic hyte,
And gart me weet my wail rife winkers,
Wi' girnin' 10 spite

But 1 y you me on '—and that's high swearm'—
And every star within my hearm !

And by her con wha was a dear and !\*

I'll note friget,
I hope to gie the jads !! a choun'
In fair play yet

My los I mouin, but not repent it, I il seck my puise where I mil<sup>12</sup> it, Ance to the indies I were wonted,
Some cantrip<sup>18</sup> ho 1,
By some sweet clift il yet be dinted
Then, I real amou!

I utes messbaremains respectueuses I o sentimental sister Susis,

<sup>1</sup> Chosen 6 Sprightiv girls 11 Grimming
2 Morey lowing 1 retty kirls 11 1 ions
4 Doubt 8 11 1 12 1 12
4 Plame 9 Sleepy cyclids 3 Witching
5 Sorely

The allusion here is to J an Armour at this time their intimacy had ceased

And honest Lucky; no to roose ye, Ye may be proud, That sic a couple Fate allows ye · To grace your blood.

Nae man at present can I measure, And trouth my rhymin' ware's nae treasure; But when in Ayr, some half-hour's leisure, Be't light, be't dark, Sir Bard will do himsel the pleasure

To call at Park.

Mossgiri, Oct. 30, 1780.

ROBERT BURNS.

### TO THE GUIDWIFE OF WAUCHOPE HOUSE.

MRS SCOTT of Wauchope, to Choin this epistle was addressed, was a lady of much taste and talent. She was mice of Mrs. Cockburn, authoress of the original version of "The Flowers of the Forest."

# GUIDWIFE,

I mind it weel, in early date, When I was beardless, young, and blate,2 And first could thrash the barn, Or hand a yokin' at the pleugh; And though forfoughten's san enough. Yet unco proud to learn: When first among the yellow corn A man I reckon'd was, And wi' the lave4 ilk merry morn Could rank my rig and lass, Still shearing, and clearing, The tither stooked raw, Wi' claivers and haivers5 Wearing the day awa',-

Even then, a wish, (I mind its power,) A wish that to my latest hom Shall strongly heave my breast-That I, for poor auld Scotland's sake, Some usefu' plan or benk could make, Or sing a sang at least. The rough bdrr-thistle, spreading wide Amang the bearded bear, I turn'd the weeder-clips aside, And spared the symbol dear:

<sup>1</sup> Praise. <sup>2</sup> Bashful

<sup>3</sup> Fatigued 1 Rest.

No nation, no station,
My envy e'er could mise,
A Scot still, but blot still,
I knew nac higher praise,

But still the elements o' sang,
In formless jumble, right and wrang,
Wild floated in my brain;
"Till on that hairst 1 I said before,
My partner in the merry core,
She roused the forming strain:
I see her yet, the sonsie quean, 2
That lighted up my jingle,
Her witching smile, her panky een,
That gart my heart-strings tingle 1
I fired, inspired,
At every kindling keck, 3
But bashing, and dashing,
I feared aye to speak.

Health to the sex! ilk guid chiel says, Wi' meny dunce in winter-days.
And we to share in common:
The gust o' joy, the balm of woe,
The saul o' life, the heaven below,
Is rapture-giving woman.
Ye surly samplis, who hate the name,
Be mindfu' o' your mither:
She, honest woman, may think shame
That ye're connected with her
Ye're wae men, ye're nae men,
That slight the lovely dean;
To shame ye, disclaim ye,
Ilk honest binkie? swears.

For you, no bred to barn and byre, Wha sweetly tune the Scottish lyre, Thanks to you for your line. The mailed playd ye kindly space. By me should gratefully be war., 8. Twad please me to the Nine. I'd be mair vauntie o' my hap, 9. Douce hingin' owie my curple, 10. Than ony ermine ever lap, Or proud imperial purple.

<sup>1</sup> Harvest.
2 Comely lass
3 Glance
4 Fellow.

<sup>Blockheads,
Worful
Fellow,
Worn,</sup> 

Overing.

10 Decorously har ging o er my crupper.

Fareweel then, lang heal then, And plenty be your fa, May losses and crosses Ne er at your hallan<sup>2</sup> ca

## FPISTLE 10 WILLIAM CRIECH

WHITAM CREECH was the publisher of it e fir t 1 disburgh e lition of the poet's warks. He was the most celet ited publisher of his time in Fainburgh, and it was his good fortune to be the melium through which the works of the majority of that band of eminent men who made Fainburgh distinguished in hit rature during the litter half of the eightearth century panel to the world like spite the was written during the poet's border tour and while Creech was a Lond in

AUTO chuckie<sup>2</sup> Reckie<sup>3</sup> sair di trest, Down droops het ince will burnisht cre t, Nae joy het bonny luskit incst. Can yield ava,<sup>3</sup> Her darling bird that she lo es be t, Willie's awa !

O Willie was a witty wight, 6
And had o things an unco slight, /
Auld keekie aye he keepit tight,
And tiig an l liaw
I at now they ll busk her lile a fright
Willies awa

The stiffest o' them a' he i ow d,
I he buildest o' them a' he cow d,
I hey durst nae murt than he allow d,
That was a law
We we lost a linkie weed weith gowd Willies awa!

Now grawkies tawpies, goveks, and fools
I see colleges and boulding schools,
May sprout like a maner pu ldock to stools
In glen or shaw,
If who could bush them lown to mools 11—
Willie's a va 1

The brethien o' the Commerce Chaumei \* May moun their loss we doo for chimoto,

Porch
I terrily a hen
I terrily a hen
I terrily a hen
I di b irgh
Decorated

5 t till
Fellow

<sup>\*</sup> The Chamber of Commerce of which Creech wasserretary

He was a dictionar and grammar

Amang them a';

I fear they'll now mak mony a stammer 1—

Wille's awa'!

Nae mair we see his levee door Philosophers and poets pour, And toothy critics by the score, In bloody raw! The adjutant o' a' the core— Wilhe's awa'!

Now worthy Giggory's \* Latin face, Tytler's † and Gieenfield's ‡ modest grace; Mackenzie, § Stewart, || sic a brace As Rome ne'er saw; They a' maun \* meet some ither place— Wilhe's awa'!

foor Buins—e'en Scotch dimk canna quicken. He cheeps hike some bewilder'd chicken, Scared fine its minnie and the cleckin By hoodie-craw and the checkin behavior of the fee gien his heart an unco kickin'—Willie's awa'!

Now every sour-mou'd girmn' blelluin,<sup>3</sup>
And Calvin's folk, are fit to fell him;
And self-conceited citie skelluin<sup>7</sup>
His quill may diaw;
He wha could biawlie 8 war I then belluin 9—
Wilhe's awa!

Up wimpling stately Tweed I've sped, And I den scenes on crystal Jed, And Litrick banks now roaing red, While terrpests blaw But every joy and pleasure's fled.— Willie's awa'!

May I be Slander's common speech; A test for Infamy to preach; And lastly, streekit 10 out to blench In winter snaw,

3 Brood.

I Stumble.

```
2 Must 6 I alking fellow Attacks.
2 Charps A term of contempt 10 Stretched.
3 Mother.

4 Dr. James Gregory Tytler of Woodh puseles.
5 Professor of Rhetoric in the University
6 Henry Mackengie.

5 Dug ild Stewart.
```

8 Fauly

When I forget thee, Willie Creech,
Though far awa'!

May never wicked Fortune touzle 1 him? May never wicked men bamboozle him? Until a pow 2 as auld's Methusalem He canty 4 clay!

Then to the blessed New Jerusalem,

• Fleet wing awa!!

### PISTLE TO HUGH PARKER \*

MR HIGH PARKER was a Kron work merchant, and one of his early friends,

In this strange land, this neouth clime, A land unknown to prose r rhyme, Where words ne'er crost the Muse's heckles, + Not lumpit in poetic shackles; A land that Prose did never view it, Except when drunk he stachert through it; Here, ambush'd by the chimla cheek, Hid in an atmosphere of reck,8 I hear a wheel thrum i' the neuk,7 I hear it-for in vain I leuk The red peat gleams, a fiery kernel, Enhusked by a fog infernal. Here, for my wonted thyming raptures, I sit and count my sins by chapters; For life and spunk like other Christians, I'm dwindled down to mere existence; Wi' nae converse but Gallowa' bodies, Wi' nae kenn'd face but Jenny Geddes # Jenny, my Pegasean prale! Down 8 she saunters down Nithside, And aye a westlin leuk she throws, While tears hap o'er her auld brown nose Was it for this wi' canny care, Thou bure the baid through many a shire? At howes or hillocks never stumbled, And late or early never grumbled? Oh, had power like melination, I'd heeze thee up a constellation,

```
1 Teles I Staggered. 7 Corner.
2 Head 5 Chame y corner 8 Sads
3 Cacerful 6 Smoke 9 Raise
```

<sup>\*</sup> This egistle was written on one of his journeys while connected with the Excise

<sup>†</sup> In a note to the Address to the Tooth ache, a description of a beckle is given-A retreace to it will make the poet's meaning obvious † The poet's mare

To canter with the Sagitarre, Or loop the ecliptic like a bar; Or turn the pole like any arrow; Or, when auld Pheebus bids good-morrow, Down the zodiac urge the race, And cast dut on his godship's face; For I could lay my bread and karl He'd ne'er cast saut upo' thy tail. Wi' a' this care and a' this giref, And sma', sma' prospect of relief, And nought but pect-reek i' my head, How can I write what ye can read? Torbolton, twenty-fourth o' June, Ve'll find me in a better tone, But till we meet and weet our whistle, Tak this excuse for rae coistle.

ROBERT BURNS.

## FIRST EPISTLE TO R GRAHAM, ESQ OF LINTRY

ROBERT GRABAM of Fintry was a Commissioner of Faces. Dates, in writing to Mrs. Dandop, enclosed a patient of this epistle, and says, "since I am the way of unscribing, the fellowing lines were the production of yesterd, as I judged through the wild hills of New Cummock. I intend uncertainteem, or something like them in an epist'e which I am going to write to the gentlem on whose frondship my Passe hopes depend, Al. Graham of I intry, one of the worther total most accomplished gentlemen, not only of this country, but, I will due to say, of this age!

WHEN Nature her great masterpiece design'd, And framed her last, best work, the human nund, Her eye meent on all the many plan, She form'd of various part, the various man,

Then first she calls the useful many forth; Plant plodding industry and sober worth: Thence peasants, farmers, native sons of earth, And merchandise' whole genns take the ar birth: Each prudent cit a warm existence find; And all rechanges' many-aprovid kinds. Some other rarer sorts are wanted yet, The lead and buoy are needful to the net; The eart more turns of gross desires. Makes a material for mere kinghts and squites; The martial phosphoids is taught to flow, She kneads the lumpish philosophic dough, Then marks th' unyielding mass with give diagos, Law, physic, politics, and deep divines! Last, she sublimes th' Amora of the poles. The flashing elements of female souls.

The order'd system fair before her stood, N time, well pleastd, pronounced it very good I' it ere she give cierting labour o'ci, Half just, she tried one curious labour more Some spumy, fiery, to nis fatuus matter, Such as the slightest breath of air might scatter; With rich alacity and conscious glee (Nature may have her whim as well as we, Her Hogarth-art perhaps she meant to show it) She forms the thing, and christens it-a Poet, Cicature, though oft the picy of care and sorrow, When blert to day unmindful of to morrow. A being form d t a muse his graver frien is, Admired and piu 1 and there the homage cids: . A mortal quite unfit for Fortune's strife, Yet oft the spirit of all the alls of life, I ione to enjoy each pleasure in hes wive, Yet haply wanting wherewith it to live, I onlying to wipe each term, to heal each groun, I et frequent all unhecded in his own

But honest Nature is not quite a Turk, She laugh'd at first, then felt for her poor work. Pitying the propless climber of manlind, She cast about a standard tree to find, And, to support his helpless woodle ne state, Attach'd him to the generous truly meat, A title, and the only one I claim, To lay strong hold for help on I ounteous Ca il am

Pity the tuneful Muscs' hapless tram, Weak, timid landsmen on life's stormy main! Then hearts no selfish sternabsorbent stuff, That never gives—though humbly takes en high, The little fite allows, they share as soon, Unlike sage, proverbid, wisdom's hard-wrung boon. The world were blest did bles on them depen! Ah that "the friendly e er should want a frie 1!" I et prudence number o'er each sturdy son, Who life and wildom at one re e begun, Who feel by serson and who give hy sule, (Instincts a Brute, and sentiment a fool!) Who make poor will do wait upon I should -We own they re prudent, but who feels they re good? Ye wise ones, hence ! ye hurt the social eye! (od's image rudely etch c on base alloy !

But come, ye who the go like pleasure know Iferven's attribute distinguish'd—to bestow! Whose arms of love would grasp the human race: Come thou who givest with all a courtier's grace;

Friend of my life, true pation of my thymes ! Prop of my dearest hopes for future umes. Why shrinks my soul half blushing, half-afiaid, Backward, abash'd to 15k thy friendly aid? I know my need, I know thy giving hand, I crave thy friendship at the kind comman i; Lut there are such who court the tuneful Nine-Heavens! should the branded character be mine! Whose verse in manhood's prime sublimely flows, Yet vilest reptiles in their begging prose Mark, how their lofty independent spirit Soars on the spuining wing of injured ment! Seck not the proofs in private life to find Pity the best of words should be but wind! So to heaven's gate the lack's shall song a cends, But grovelling on the earth the earol ends

In all the claim rous cry of striving want. They dun't energlence with shameless front; Oblice them, paterniss it err tins I lavs. They persecute you all your future days! Fre my poor soul such deep damnation stain, My hoing first assume the plough again, The pebald picket let me patch once more, On eighteenpence a week I we haved before Though, thanks to Heaven, I due even that last shift, I trust, incentione my boon is in the gift. That, place I by thee upon the wish differ height, Where, man and nature fanci in her sight.

Where, man and nature fanci in her sight, My Muse may imp herewing for some sublimer flight.

## EPISITI TO JAMES TAIL OF GIFNEONNER

It is gentleman and a man defend which shall the said advised 1 means a from Miller fair. We lid friend whom I took with me was highly plead with the largemental alvised me to a perform the same was highly plead with the largemental alvised me to a perform the same and alvised me to a perform the same and the personages illuded to in the epis were friends or a quair-amers of Mr. Latis.

At to comrade dear, and brither sinner, How's a' the folk abon. Colemonner? How do ye this blue eastlin win', That's like to blaw a body blin'? For me, my\*faculties are frozen, My dearest member nearly dozen' I I ve sent you here, by Johnne Simson Twa sage plinlosophers to glimpse on !

Smith, wi' his sympathetic feeling, And Reid, to common sense appealing Philosophers have fought and wrangled, And merkle Greek and Latin mangled, Till wi' their logic-jargon tried. And in the depth of science nured, To common sense they now appeal. What wives and wabsters1 see and feel. But, hask ye, frien' ! I charge you strictly, Peruse them, and return them quickly, For now I'm grown sae cursed donce? I pray and pouder butt the house, My shins, my lane, I there sit roas in', Perusing Purvas, Brown, and Boston; Till by an I by, it I have on, I'll grunt a teal gospel-gren. Already I begin to try it, To cast my cen up like a pyet,4 When by the gun she tumbles o'er, Fluttering and gasping in her gore: Sac shortly you shall see me bright, A burning and a shining light.

My heart-warm love to guid auld Glea, The ace and wale of hone of men. When bending down wi auld gray hans, Beneath the load of years and care, May He who made him still support him, And views beyond the grave comfort him. His worthy family, far and near, God bless them a wi grace and gear t

My auld schoolfellow, preacher Willie, The manly tar, my Mason Billie, And Auchenbay, I wish him joy, If he's a parent, lass of boy, May he be dad, and Meg the mither, Just five-and-forty years thegither! And no forgetting Walister Charlie, I'm taild he offers very fairly. And, Loid, remember Singing Sannock, Wi' hale breeks, saxpeace, and a bannock. And next my auld acquantance, Nancy, Since she is fitted to her fancy; And her kind stars has anted? till her A good chief wi' a pickle siller.

<sup>1</sup> Weavers
2 Sections
3 By myself
4 Magne

Choice.
 Whole treaches, sixpence, and an oat cake

<sup>7</sup> Directed8 Some money.

My kindest, best respects I sen' it,
To cousin Kate and sister Janet;
Tell them, fine me, wi' chiels be cautious,
For, faith, they'll aiblins fin' them fashious; 2
To grant a heart is fauly civil,
But to grant a maidenhead's the devil.
And lastly, Jamie, for yoursel,
May guardian angels tak a spell,
And steer you seven miles south o' itell:
But first, before you see heaven's glory,
May ye get mony a merry story,
Mony a laugh, and mony a drink,
And aye enough o' needfu' clink'

Now fare ye weel, and joy be wi' you; For my sake this I beg it o' you, Assist poor Simson a' ye can, Ye'll find him just an honest man: Sae I conclude, and quat my chanter, Yours, saint or singer,

ROB THE RANTER.

# LEISTLE TO DR. BLACKLOCK,

#### IN ANSWER TO A LETTER

It was the receipt of a letter from Dr. Blackbock to Mr. George Lawrie of Kalmarnock, which led Burns to alembon the idea of congruing to the West Indies. Dr. Blackbock wis closerted, for the Church but be coming affigied with blundness, he was unable to follow the profession he had chose:

He kept a rearding-school for young men ittending college, acting as a sort of tutor to them. His indicate appreciation was not the only instance of his discernment and kindness. Professing Walker says, "If the young men were enumerated whom he drew from obscurity, and enthed, by education, to advince themselves in life, the catalogue would naturally excite surprise."

Ethistand, October 21, 1789

Wow, but your letter made me vanntie? And are ye hale, and weel, and contre? I kenn'd it still your wee bit jama e Wad bring you to.

Lord send you are as weel's I want ye, And then ye'll do.

The ill-thief blaw the Heron\* south!

And never dank be near his drouth!

1 Perhaps 2 Troublesome 3 Money 4 Prond Cheggia Clinic

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Heron, author of a History of Scotland published in 1800 and, among various other works, of a respectable life of our poet himself" - CURKIE

He tauld mysel/by word o' mouth,

Ile'd tak my letter;
I lippen'd' to the chiel in trouth,

And bade' nae better.

But aiblins honest Master Heron
Had at the time some dainty fair one
To ware lus theologic care on,
And holy study;
And thed o' sauls to waste his lear on,

And thed o' sauls to waste his lear on, E'en tried the body.

But what d'ye think, my trusty fier, s I'm tum'd a gruger — Peace be here! I'amassian queans, s I fear, I fear, Ye'll now disdam me! And then my fifty poun a year Will little gain me.

Ve glaikit, glesome, damty damies, Wha, by Castalia's win plin' streamics, Lowp, sing, and lave your pretty limbies, Ye ken, ye ken,

That strang Necessity supreme is 'Mang sons o' men.

I hae a wife and twa wee laddies,
They mann hae brose and brats o' duddies;
Ye ken yoursels my heart right proud is:
I needna vaunt.
But I'll sned besomt<sup>8</sup>—thraw saugh woodies,
Before they want.

Lord, help me through this world o' care!
I'm weary sick o't late and air;
Not but I has a richer share
Than mony ithers,
But why should as man better fore,
"And a' men brithers?

Come, firm Resolve, take thou the van, Thou stalk o' carl-henp in man!\* And let us mind, faint heart ne'er wan A lady fair: Wha does the utmost that he can,

Wha does the utmost that he can, Will whiles 10 do mair.

<sup>2</sup> Trusted. 2 Desented.

<sup>8</sup> Frienc.
4 Excusoman.

<sup>6</sup> Foolish.

B Cut brooms

B Twist willow wither.

B Scmetimes.

<sup>7</sup> Rags o' clothing.

<sup>\*</sup> The male hemp -that which bears the seed;

Rut to conclude my silly rhyme,
(I'm scant o' verse, and scant o' time,)
To make a happy fire-side clime
To weans and wife;
That's the true pathos and sublime
Of human life.

My compliments to sister Beckie:
And eke the same to honest Lucky,
I wat she is a dainty chuckie,\*
As e'er tread clay!
And gratefully, my guid auld cockie,†
I m yours for aye.
ROBERT BURNS

SECOND PPISTIF TO ROBERT GRAHAM, FSQ OF FINTRY ON THE CLOSE OF THE DISPLETED WILLIAM DETWIFT SIR JAMES INHASTON AND CAPTAIN MILLER, FOR THE DIMERIES DISTRICT OF BOROUGHS.

> FINTRY, my stay in worldly strife, Friend o' my Muse, friend o' my hie, Are ye as idle 's I ant? Come then, wi' uncouth, kintra fleg,<sup>1</sup> O'er Pegasus I'll fling my leg, And ye shall see me try him.

I'll sing the zeal Drumlamig; bears, Wha left the all-important cares Of princes and their darlin's; And, bent on wining borough tours, Came shaking hinds by wabster louns, And kissing barefit carlins.

Combustion through our boroughs rode, Whisting his roating pack abroad,
Of mad, unnutzled hor;
As Queensberry "buff and blue" a nful I.
And Westerha's and Hopetoun build
To every Whig defiance.

But cantious Queensberry left the war, The unmanned dust night soil his star;

1 Country Link

2 I'uref ored women.

Sir James Johnston, the Tory candidate.

<sup>\*</sup> Chuckie-literally, hen Used as a term of endeamare a peaking of a woman.

<sup>†</sup> Cockie—hterally, cock. Used in the same sense as chuckie.
‡ The fourth Duke of Queensberry, of infamous memory.

Besides, he hated bleeding: But left behind him heroes bright, Heroes in Casarean fight, Or Cheronian pleading.

Oh, for a throat like huge Mons Meg, To muster o'er each aident Whig Beneath Diumlannig's banners; Heroes and heromes comma, All in the field of politics,

To win immortal honours.

M'Muido\* and his lovely spense (Th' enamou d lamels kiss her brows!) Led on the Loves and Graces: She won each gaping bagess' heart, While he, all-conquering play'd his part Amang their wives and lasses.

Craigdanoch Fled a light-arm'd corps; Tropes, metaphors, and figures pour, Lake Heela streaming thunder: Glenriddel, I skill'd in rusty coins, Blow up each Tory's dark designs, And bared the treason under

In either wing two champion, lought, Redoubted Stud, § who set at nought. The wildest savage Tory: And Welsh, § who ne'er yet flinch'd his ground. High-waved his magnum-bonium round. With Cyclopean fury.

Miller brought up the satislery ranks. The many-pounders of the Banks,
Resistless disolation!
While Masselton, that broom bold,
Mid Lawson's ¶ port enti-chi'd his hold.
And theaten'd worse damnation.

To these, what Tory he is opposed; With these, what Tory warners closed, Surpasses my discriving: Squadrons extended long and large, With furious speed rush'd to the chard, Like raging devils driving.

<sup>\*</sup> The Chamberlain of the Duke of Queensberry at Drumlanng, a friend of the poet's

<sup>†</sup> Farguson of Craigdanoch † Captain Riddel of Cleunddel, also a friend of the poet's † Provost Starg of Dumfries

<sup>||</sup> Sheriff Weish || A wing merchant in Dumfries.

What verse can sing, what prose narrate, The butcher deeds of bloody Fate Amid this mighty tulzie !1 Grim Horror grinn'd -pale Terror roar'd, As Murther at his thrapple shored,2 And Hell mix'd in the brule !8

As Highland crags by thunder cleft,. When lightnings fire the stormy lift, Hurl down wi' crashing rattle: As flames amang a hundred woods; As headlong foam a hundred floods; Such is the rage of battle!

The stubborn Tories date to die; As soon the mooted oaks would fly Refore th' approaching fellers: The Whigs come on like Ocean's roar, When all his wintry billows pour Against the Buchan Bullers.\*

Lo, from the shades of Death's deep night, Departed Whigs enjoy the fight, And think on former damig, . The untiled mintherer of Charlest The Magna-Charta flag unfurls, All deadly gales its bearing

Nor wanting ghosts of Tory fame, Bold Scrimgeom # follows gallant Grahame, § Auld Covenanters shiver. (Forgive, forgive, migh-wrong'd Montrose! While death and hell ingulf thy foes, Thou hy'st on high for ever h

Still o'ce the field the combat burns, The Tones, Whigs, give way by tams , But Fate the word has joken, For woman's wit and strength o' non, Alas I can do but what they can The Tory rank, are broken!

1 Conflict

3 Broil 4 lamment

2 I breatened

<sup>\*</sup> The Bulkers of Bucha i - The name given to a huge recess in the to-ks of the Abordeen-hire coast near Peterhead, which bring open a the top, the sight of the waters raging in it is grand in the extreme the executioner of Charles I was masked.

I John Earl of Dundee

5 The great Marquis of Montrose-

Oh that my een were flowing burns !
My voice a lioness that mourns
! If et dailing cub's undoing!
That I might greet, that I might cry,
While Tories fall, while I ories fly,
And fur ous Whigs pur uing!

What Whig but wails the good Sir James! Dear to his country by the names,
Friend, p. non, benefactor!
Not Pulteney's wealth can Pulteney save!
And Hopetoun falls, the generous brave!
And Stewart, \* bold as Hector.

Thou, Pitt, shalt rue this overthow, And I hurlow gion lacise of woe And Mchiller elt in wailing! Now I on and Shendan rejoice! And Buile shall sing, "O Pince, ause! I hy power is all prevailing."

I or your poor friend, the baid, if a He hears, and only hears, the war, A cool spectator purely So when the storm the forest rends, The robin in the nedge descends, And soher thirps so urely

A lditional veise in Closebuin MS -Now for my friends' and I rethren's sakes,
And for my dear-loved I and o' Cakes,
I pray with holy fire
I oid, send a rough hold treep o hell,
Oct i' wad So illand buy or sell,
To build them in the mue!

## THIRD PPISTLE TO ROBERT GRAHAM, FSQ OF LINIRY

I are compled of an arm, and now a leg;†
About to leg a passic leve to beg
Dull, listle sate ised, dejected and deprest,
(Nature a adverse to a coppless t.)

"Stewart of Hillside
† In writing t. Mrs. Dunl p, co the 7 h of February 1791, Lurus tests her
that, by a fill not from my hors but with my house, I have, been a crapple
for some time, and this is the first day my arm and hand have been able to
serve me in writing.

Will generous Graham list to his poet s wail? (It soothes poor Misery, heark'ning to her tale,) And hear him curse the light he first survey dand doubly curse the luckless rhyming trade?

Thou, Nature b partial Nature 1 I arraign; Of thy caprice maternal I complain The hon and the bull thy care have found, One shakes the forests, and one spurns the ground ; Thou giv'st the ass his hide, the snail his shell, Th' envenom'd wasp, victorious, guards his cell, Thy minions, kings, defend, control, devous, In all th' omnipotence of rule and power, Foxes and state-men subtle wiles insure, The cit and polecat stink, and are secure, Tords with their poison, doctors with their drug, The priest and fledgehog in then roles are sing, Even silly wom in his her wailike nits, Her tongue and eyes -her cherde I spen and darts. But, oh! thou bitter spmother and laid To thy poor, fenceless, naked child - the bard ! A thing unteachable in worldly skill, And half an idiot, too, more helpless still; No heels to bear hun from the opening dun: No claws to dig, his hated sight to shun, No hoins, but those by luckless Hymen woin. And those, alas! not Annithea's horn No nerves offictory, Mammon's trusty err, Clad in rich Dulness' comfortable for ,— In naked techng, and maching pride, He bears the unbroken blast from every side Vampue hooksellers dram him to the heart, And scorpion critics curcless venom dair

Cutics! -appull d I venture on the name, Those cut-thioat bandits in the paths of fame Bloody dissectors, wor e than ten Monroes!\* He hacks to teach, they mangle to expose

If is heart by causeless wanton maker wrung, By blockheads' during into madness tang. It is well-won bays, than life itself more dear, By iniscreants form, who ne'er one sprig must wear I oil'd, bleeding, tortured, in the unequal state, The highest poet flounders on through life, I dli, fled each hope that once his bosom fixed, And fled each muse that glourous once inspired, I ow sink in squidd improtected age,

<sup>\*</sup> The allusion here is to Alexander Mun to, the Pr fessor of Anatomy in the University of Edinburgh in Purne's day,

Dead even resentment for his injured page, He heeds or feels no more the ruthless cutic's rage. So, by some hedge, the generous steed deceased, For Half-starved snarhing curs a dainty feast, By toil and funine worn to skin and bone, Lies senseless of each tugging bitch's son.

O Dulacss! portion of the truly blest! Calm shelter'd haven of eternal rest ! Thy sons ne'er madden in the fierce extremes Of Fortune's polar frost, or torrid beams. If mantling high she fills the golden cup, With sober selfish ease they sip it up. Conscious the bourteens meed they well deserve, They only wonder "some folks" do not starve. The grave sage hern that easy picks his frog, And thinks the mallard a sail worthless dog When Disappointment snaps the clue of Hope, And through disastrous night they darkling grope, With deaf endurance sliggishly they bear, And just conclude that "fool are fortune's care." So, heavy, passive to the tempest's shocks, Strong on the sign-post stands the stupid ox.

Not so the idle Muses mad-cap trum, Not such the workings of their moon-struck brain! In equaminity they never dwell, By turns in soaring heaven or vaulted hell.

I dread thee, l'ate, relentless and severe, With all a poet's, husband's father's fear! Aheady one stronghold of hope is lost—Glencaini, the truly noble, his in dust; (Fled, like the sin eclipsed as noon appears, And left us daikling in a world of tears.) Oh! hear my adent, grateful, selfish prayer!—Futry, my other stay, long bless and spare! Through a long lifethis hope, and wishes crown, And bright in cloudless skies his sun go down! May bliss domestic smooth his private path, Give energy to life, and sooth, his latest breath, With many a filial tear encling the bed of death.

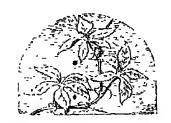
FOURTH FPISTLE TO ROBERT GRAHAM, ESQ OF FINTRY.

Her following lines were the acknowledgment of the favour the previous epistle asked. Cummich im justly 555, "Robert Graham of Firry had the merit of doing all that was cone for burns in the way of raising him out of the triling humility of his condition, and enabling him to serve the Muse without dread of want."

I ALL no goddess to inspire my strains, A fabled Muse may suit a bard that feight;

Friend of my life! my ardent spirit burns, And all the tribute of my heart returns, For boons accorded, goodne's even new, The gift still dearcr, as the giver you.

Thou orb of day! thou other paler light! And all ye many spaikling stars of night; If aught that giver from my mind efface; If I that giver's bounty e'er disgrace; Then roll to me along your wandering spheres, Only to number out a villain's years!





# EPIGRAMS, EPITAPHS, ETC.

## THOUGH FICKLE FORTUNE HAS DECEIVED ME.

"The following," says Burns, "was written extempore, under the pressure of a heavy train of misfortunes, which, indeed, threatened to undo me altogether. It was just at the close of that dreadful period mentioned already, (in Commonplace-book, March 1784.) and though the weather has brightened up a little with me since, yet there has always been a tempest brewing round me in the grim sky of futurity, which I pretty plunly see will, some time or other, perhaps see long, overwhelm me, and drive me into some defeul dell, to pine in solitary, squalid wretchedities."

THOUGH fickle Fortune has deceived me, She promised fair and perform'd but ill, 9 Of mistress, friends, and wealth bereaved me, Yet I bear a heart shall support me still.

I'll act with prudence as fai's I'm able,
But if success I suist never find,
Then come, Misfortane, I bid thee welcome,
I'll meet thee with an undaunted nund.

## ON JOHN DOVE, INNKEEPER, MAUCHLINE.

The subject of the following lines was the landlord of the Whitefood Arms in Mauchline.

ILERE lies Johnny Pigeon;
What was his religion?
Whae'er desires to ken,
To some other warl'
Maun follow the carl,
For here Johnny Pigeon had nane!

Strong ale was ablution— Small beer persecution, • A dram was memonio mori, 'But a full flowing bowl Was the saving his soul, And port was celestial glory.

## 10 A PAINTER.

THE artist to whom these lines were addressed was at work on a picture of Jacob's dream, with which it would seem the poet was hardly satisfied

DEAL - -, I'll gie ye some advice, You'll tak it no uncivil: You shouldn't paint at angels mair, But try and paint the devil.

To paint an angel's kittle wark, Wi' uild Nick there's less danger, You'll easy diamen weel-kent face, But no sae weel a stranger

R. B.

## FRITARH ON THE AUTHORS FACHER

I HE following lines were in Tibed on a small head stone excited over the grave of the poet satisfier in Alloway Kirky and -

O Yr whose cheek the ten of pity stains,
Drawnear with pions reverence, and attend!
Here he the loving husland's dear remains,
The tender fither, and the generous friend;

The pitying he irt that felt for human woe,

The dauntless heart if at fear d no human pride
The friend of man, to vice alone a foe,

"I or even his fullings le in d to vitue's side." \*

## A FARLWLI (

Tuggs has formed the conclusion of a letter from Burns to Mr. John Kennedy, duged Kilm anock, August 1780

FARTWELL, dear friend! may guid lick bit you,
And, mang het favourites admit you!
If t'er Detraction shone to smite you,
May name I cheve him!
And ony dell that thinks to get you,
Good I oid deserve him.

" Geldsmith

## ON A WAG IN MAUCHLINE

The wag here meant was James Smith, his friend.

LAMENT him, Manchline husbands a',

He aften did assist ye,

For had ye staid whole years-awa',

Your wives they ne'er had miss'd ye.

Ye Mauchline barris, as on ye pass

To school in bands thegither,

Oh, tread ye lightly on his grass—

Perhaps he was your father.

## PORTICAL REPLY TO AN INVITATION

Mossgift, 1786

SIR,

Yours this moment I unseal,
And faith, I am gay and hearty!
To tell the truth and shame the deil,
I am as fou as Bartic.

But foorsday, sir, my promise leal,
Expect me o' your party,
If on a beastie I can speel,
Or hurl in a cutic.—R. B.

## TO A YOUNG LADY IN A CHURCH

BEIGG in church when the purson gave out as his text a passage of Scripture containing a severe denunction of smotrs, and noticing that vikidy friend had a difficulty in finding it in her Bible, the poet wrote the following water on a piece of paper, and handed it to her

FAIR maid, you need not take the hist, Nor idle texts pursue, 'Twas guilty sinners that he meant, Not angels such as you!

#### VERSES

WRITERN UNDER THE PORTRALE OF EFROISSON, THE PORT, FY A COPY OF THAT AUTHOR'S WORKS PRESENTED TO A YOUNG LADY IN EDINBURGH, MARCH 17, 1787.

> CURSE on ungrateful man, that can be pleased, And yet can starve the author of the pleasure 1 O thou, my older brother in misfortune,

By far my elder brother in the Muses, With tears I pity thy unhappy fate! Why is the bard unpitied by the world, Yet hits so keen a relish of its pleasures?

#### ON THE ILLNESS OF A FAVOURITE CHI

Now health forsakes that angel face, Nac mair my dearie smiles; Pale sickness withers ilka grace, And a' my hopes beguiles.

The cruel Powers reject the prayer I hourly mak for thee! Ye heavens, how great is my despair, How can I see him die!

# EXTEMPOSE ON TWO LAWYERS.

The following elevelly hits off two of the most entire it leaders of the Scottish bar in the poet 5 day. The Lord Advectie was Mr. Hay Campbell, and the Dean of Faculty, Mr. Harry Fashine.

#### TOKO MAGCATE

He clench'd his pamphlets in his fist,
He quoted and be hinted,
Till in a declamation mist
His argument he tint' it;
He gapèd for't, he grapèd for't,
He found it was awa', man;
But what his common serse cam short,
He ekèd out was liw, man.

Collected Harry stood a wee,
Then open'd out his arm, man;
His lordship sat, wi' inefu' ee,
And eyed the gathering story, man;
Like wind-driven hail, it did a ail,
Of torrents owre a linn, man;

The Bench sae wise lift up their eyes, Half-Waken'd wi' the din, man.

#### THE HIGHLAND WELCOME

CUNNINGHAM says :- "Burns, on repassing the Highland border, in 1787, turned round and bade farewell to the hospitalities of the north in these happy

hues Another account states that he was called on for a torst at table, and gave the Highland Welcome much to the pleasure of all who heard him.

WHEN Death's dark stream I fully o'er, A time that surely shall come, In heaven itself I'll ask no more Than just a Highland welcome.

## FXI'S MPORT ON WILLIAM SMITLLE,

AUTHOR OF THR "PHILOSCIPRY OF ATURAL HISTORY," AND MRMBER OF THE ANTIQUARY - AND ROLAL SOCIETIES OF FRINBLICH

SMELLIF belonged to a club called the Cochail as Fencibles of which Burns was a mer but

SHREWD Willie Smellie to Crochallan came, The old cock'd hat, the gray surtout, the same, His bristling beard just using in its might, 'Twas four long nights and days to shaving night, His uncomb d gizzly locks, wild staring, thatch'd A head for thought profeund and clear unmatch'd let though his caustic wit was biting, tude, His heart was warm, benevolent, and good

## VERSES WRITTEN ON A WINDOW OF THE INN AT CARRON

To a following lines were written on Long refused admittance to the Cairon iron works -

We can no here to view your works. In hopes to be mair wise, But only lest we gang to hell,
It may be not surprise.
But when we tirked at your door,
Your porter dought no hear us,
Some may should we to hell s yetts come,
Your billy Satan your us!

#### LINES ON VII WING STIRI ING PALACE

First following lines was a stratched with a distantion a pane of glass in a winde wof the manat which Puths put up, on the occasion of his first visit to Smiling

HPRI Stuarts once in clory reign'd, And laws for Scotland's weal ordan'd; But now unroof'd their palace stands, Their sceptic's sway'd by other hands; I he injured Stuart line is gone, A race outlandish fills their throne— An idiot race, to honour lost. Who know them best despise them most,

#### THE REPROOF

RASH mortal, and slanderous poet, thy name Shall no longer appear in the records of fame, Dost not know, that old Mansfield, who writes like the Bible, Says, The more 'tis a truth, sir, the more 'tis a libel?'

#### LINES

WRITTEN UNDER THE LICEURL OF THE (FIRBRATED WISS BURNS

Miss Burns was a 'gay lady well known to the 'fast" young fellows of the Scottish the 13polis in the poets day

CFASE, ye prudes, your envious railing, I ovely Burns has chirms -confess. True it is, she had one fuling— If id a woman ever less?

#### ON INCIVITITY SHOWN TO HIM AT INVERALY

Wire, at Invertey the nin the jost gut up at being full of visitors to the Duke of Argyle, he caved serue attent in from the jeople of the house, and resented their beliavour in the following lines

Whot'l is he be that sojourns here, I pity much his case, Unless he come to wait upon The lord their god, his Grace

There's naething here I at Highland pride, And Highland could and hunger, If Providence has sent me her I was surely in His anger

#### ON A SCHOOL MASTER

William Mitem was schoolmast if the pursh of Clark in Lifeshue. Burns made his acquimitine, during his first visit to be andough, in 1767

HI RE he Wilhe Michie's banes, O Satan, when ye tak him, Gi han the schoolin' o' yout weans, I or clever deals he'll mak 'em t

#### VERSES

ADDRESSED TO THE LANDLADY OF THE INDIAT RUSSLYN.

My blessings on you, sonsie wife;
I ne'er was here before,
You've gien us walth for horn and kinfe,
Nac heart could wish for more.

Heaven keep you free frae care and strife, Till far ayont four-core; And, while I toddle on through life, I'll ne'er gang by your door

# ON ELPHINSTONE'S TRANSLATION OF MARITAUS "EPIGRAMS."

"Stolping at a merchant's shop in Ediplingh," says Burns, "a friend of mine one day put Elphinstone's translation of Marti il into my hand, and desired my opinion of it. I asked permission to write my opinion on a blank leaf of the book, which being granted, I wrote this epigram."

O THOU, whom Puesy abhors! Whom Prose has turned out of doors! Heard'st thou that groon?—proceed no further—"Twas Laurell'd Marrial roaring, "Marther!"

#### INNOCFNCE

Innocence
Looks gaily-snuling on; while tosy I leasure
Hules young Desire amid hit flowery wreath,
And pours her cup luxurant: mantling high
The sparkling I cavenly vintage -- Love and Bhod.

## LINLS

WRITITA ON A PAGE OF GLASS IN THE INK A MOPEAU.

With Enris was in the inn at Moffat, the heroine, the "charming, lovely Davies," of one of his songs happened to pass in the company of a tall as a portly lady, and on a friend asking him why God had made Mass Davies of small and the other lady so large, he replied—

Ask why God made the gem so small, And why so huge the grante? Because God meant mankind should set The higher value on it.

#### LINES

SPOKEN EXTEMPORE ON BEING APPOINTED TO THE EXCISE.

SEARCHING auld wives' bariels, Och, hois' the day! That clarty barm should stain my laurels; But—what'll ye say? These movin' things ca'd wives and weans Wad move the very hearts o' stanes!

## EPITAPII ON W---.

Stor, thief s Dame Natine cried to Death, As Wilhe drew his latest breath; You have my choicest model ta'en, How shall I make a 'fool again?

## ON A PERSON NICKNAMED THE MARQUIS.

The hero of this epitaph, the landlerd of a hotel in Humfres, asked the poet to write his epitaph. He could hardly be pleased with the result

HERT has a mock Marquis, whose titles were shamm'd; If ever he use it will be to be damid

## TO JOHN M'MURDO, ESQ

John M'Alveno, steward - the Duke of Queensberry.

On, could I give thee India's wealth
As I this trifle send!
Because thy joy in both would be
To share them with a friend

But golden sands did never grace
The Helicoman stream;
Then take what gold could never buy—
An honest band's esteeny.

#### TO THE SAME

Brest be M'Murdo to his latest day!
No envious cloud o'ercast his evening ray;



No wrinkle furrow'd by the hand of Care, Nor ever sorrow add one silver han! Oh, may no son the father's honour stain, Nor ever daughter give the mother pain!

## ON CAPTAIN FRANCIS GROSF

C1 TAIM GROSE being in the company of the joet on a convival occasion and in the full enjoyment of his humorous sallies begged a few lines on himself 8 annung the huge corporation of the gental antiquary with his eye, he repeated the following line

THE devil got notice that Grose was a dying,
So whip at the summon old Satan came flying
But when he approach d where is Francis lay mouning
And saw each bedpost with its buster a graining,
Astonish'd, confounded, cried Satan, "By God!
I'll want im, ere I take such a damirable load!

#### ON GRIZZEI GRIM

Hirr lie with Death aul I Grizzel Grim,
I includen s ugly witch
O Death how horn I i thy tiste
To lie with such a bitch!

#### OV MR BURTON

A ca wat acquiretince of the poets. In Burton a young kingh run be came very pressing that he shall write his epitath. In vain say comingham, the bard objected that he was a transferently of an ted with his chiracter and habit to just it for the rask, the request is a standy rejeated with a Dem my eyest furn in the an epitath of me oh dear rivillood do Burns write a pitath form. O ercome by a importunity, Burns at last took out his pencil and for me it to following

HIRF cursing swearing B iton lies, A luck, a bein or Dem my eyes! Whom his life did little goot, And his last words were—Dem my blood!

## PODITICAL REPLY TO AN INVITATION

I HF king s most h imble servant, I

( in scarecly spure a minute,
But I'll be wa' you by and by,
Or else the dead's in it

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE STAR.

"Burns at one period," says Cummingham, "was in the habit of receiving the Star newspaper granutuously, but as it came somewhat irregularly to hand, he sent the following lines to head-quarters, to insure more pinetuality."

DFAR Peter, dear Peter, We poor sons of metre, Are often negleckit, ye ken; For instance, your sheet, man, (Though glad I'm to see't, man,) I get it no ae day in ten.

#### ON BURNS'S HORSE BEING IMPOUNDED.

When in Carlisle, Burns's horse was impounded for trespassing on some grounds belonging to the corporation. On being made acquainted with the circumstances, 11- mayor gave orders that it should be liberated at once, saying, -"Let him have it, by all means, or the circumstance will be heard of for ages to come." As the following verse was then written, the mayor's prophecy has come true

Was e'er puir poet sae besitted,
The marster drunk—the horse committed?
I'un harmless beast! tak thee nae care,
Thou'lt be a horse when he's nae-mair (mapor),

#### LINES

## SENT TO A GENTLEMAN WHOM HE HAD OFFENDED

THE gentleman was Mr. Riddel of Woodley Park, at whose table, while inder the indicence of wine, he had been guilty of an undue freenom of speech. The applicage and reputation made in the following verses were warmly accepted. --

THE friend whom wild from wisdom's way
The fumes of wine infuriate send,
(Not moony madness more astray,)
Who but deplores that hapless friend?

Mine was the insensate frenzied part!

Ah! why should I such scenes utlive!

Scenes so abhorient to my heart!

'Tis thine to pity and forgive.

## VERSES TO JOHN RANKINE

ON HIS WRITING TO THE POST THAT A GIRL IN THAT PART OF THE COUNTRY WAS WITH CHILD BY RIM.

> I AM a keeper of the law In some sma' points, although not a';

Some people tell me gin I fa',

Ac way or ither,

The breaking of ac point, though sma',

licaks a' thenther.

I hae been in for't ance or twice, And winna say o'er far for thrice, Yet never met with that surprise That broke my rest, But now a rumour's like to rise. A whaup's i' the nest.

# ON SEEING MISS FONTENT LLE IN A FAVOURITE

SWIFT nagret' of feature, Simple, wild, enchanting elf, Not to thee, but thanks to Nature, Thou art acting but thyself.

Went thou awkward, stiff affected, Spinning na are, forturing art, Loves and grage all rejected, Then indeed thou'dst act a part.

## ON GABRIEL RICHARDSON, BREWER, DUMFRIES

HERL brewer Gabacl's fire's extinct, And empty all his knitcls: He's blest—if, as he brew'd, he dimk— In upright honest morals.

#### THE BLACK-HEADED CAGLL:

A FRAGMENT ON THE DEFEAT OF THE ACTRIMAN BY DEMOUNTER.
AT GENAPLE, NOVEMBER 1792

THE black-headed engle,
As keen as a bengle,
He hunted owre height and owre howe;
But fell in a trap
On the bracs o' Gennappe,
E'en let him come out as he dowe.

## ON A SHEEP'S-HEAD

The following two verses are respectively the grace before and the grace after meat given impromptu at the Globe Lavein, Dumfries, on an occasion when the chief dish was a sheep's head

O LORD, when hunger pinches sore,
Do Thou stand us in stead,
And send us from Thy bounteous store
A tup or wether head!—Amen.

O Lord, since we have feasted thus, Which was so little ment, Let Meg now take away the flesh, And Jock bring in the spirit!—Amen,

#### ON THE DEATH OF A LAP-DOG NAMED ECHO.

WHILE Bures was on a visit to Kennore Castle, a favourite landog named belowed. At the request of the lady of the house, he wrote the following apitaph on it—

IN wood and wild, ye warbling throng, Your heavy loss deplore; Now half-extinct your powers of song Sweet Leho is no more.

Ye jaring, screeching things around. Scient your discordant joys; Now half your dim of tuncless sound. With Echo silent lies.

## ON SEEING THE BEAUTIFUL SFAI OF LORD GALLOWAY

This and the three following veises were written as political squibs during the heat of a contested election:—

With dost thou in that mension for? Itle, Galloway, and find Some narrow, duty, dangeon cave, The picture of thy mind!

## ON THE SAME.

No Stewart art thou, Galloway, The Stewarts all were brave; Besides, the Stewarts were but fools, Not one of them a knave.

#### ON THE SAME.

BRIGHT ran thy line, O Galloway, Through many a far-famed sne! So ran the far-famed Roman way, So ended—in a mire!

## TO THE SAME,

ON THE AUTHOR'S BEING THREATENED WITH HIS RESENTMENT

SPARE me thy vengeance, Galloway, In quict let me live: I ask no kindness at thy hand, For thou hast none to give.

#### HOWLLT LACE.

WEITEN on being told that one of the Loids of Justiciary, while visiting Mr. Miller of Dalswinton, had dired so freely, that on entering the drawing-room, he was all but incapable of seeing. Pointing to the lovely daughter of the house, he asked Mr. Miller, "What's you howlet faced thing in the corner?" Burns handed the lines to Miss Miller.

How dauf ye ca' me howlet-faced, Ye agly glowering spectre? My face was but the keekin'-glass, And there ye saw your picture!

#### THE EOOK-WORMS.

WRITTEN mode the book on finding a splendidly-bound, but uncut and wormeaten, copy of Shake-peare in a magnificent library.

> THEORGI and through the inspired leaves, Ye maggots, make your windings; But, oh. respect his lordship's taste, And spare the golden bindings!

## EPIGRAM ON BACON.

AT Brownhill, a posting station fifteen miles from Dumfries, Burns was dining on one occasion in the company of a commercial traveller, who pressed him for sample of his craft. The landlord, whose name was Bacon, thrust himself somewhat offensively into the company of his guests. This, it would seem, was not the first offence of the kind.

AT Brownhill we always get dainty good cheor, And plenty of bacon each day in the year; We've all things that's neat, and mostly in season, But why always BACON?—come, give me a reason.

## THE EPITAPII

In this stinging epitaph, Burns saturases Mrs Riddel of Woodley Park. She had offended hun by steming to pay more attention to some officers in the company than to the poet. He lived to repeat him of his injustice to this accomplished lady, who las already noted) was during his life a kind and consi derate friend, and, after his death, an ardeat diffender of his character.

•HERF lies, now a prey to insulting neglect, What once was a butterfly, gay in life's beam. Want only of wisdom denied her respect, Want only of goodness denied her esteem.

## ON MRS. KEMBLE.

AFTER witnessing her performance in the part of Varico at Dumfries

Kt MBI E, thou cur'st my unbelief Of Moses and his rod; At Yarico's sweet notes of grief The rock with trais had flow'd.

#### THE CREED OF POVERTY.

"WHEN the Board of Excise," says Cunningham, "informed Burnsethat his business was to act, and not sinnk, he read the order to a friend, turned the gaper, and wrote as follows:"—

In politics if thou wouldst mix, And mean thy fortunes be; Bear this in mind—"Be deaf and blind, Let great folks hear and see."

# WRITTEN IN A LADY'S POCKET-BOOK

THE following lines indicate how strongly Binns sympathised with the cause of freedom at the commencement of the French Revolution

GRANT me, includent Heaven that I may live To see the miscreants feel the pain they give, Deal Freedom's sacred treasures free as an, Till slave and despot be but things which were.

#### THE PARSON'S LOOKS

On some one remailing that he saw! ' lood in the very look of a certain workend gentlemm, he poets ephed

THAT there is fulsehood in his looks. I must and will deny,
They say their masterers a knave—
And sure they do not he.

#### EXTEMPORT.

#### PINNED TO A LADY'S COACH.

If you rattle along like your mistress's tongue,
Your speed will outrival the dait;
But a fly for your load, you'll break down on the road,
If your stuff be as rotten's her heart.

#### ON GOBERT RIDDEL

The following lines were traced with a diamond on the window of the hermit age of Franc' Cuse, the first time he visited it after the dea 'i of Mr Riddel: ".

To Riddel, much-lamented man, This ivied cot was dear; Reader, dost value matchless worth? This ivied cot revere.

## ON EXCISEMEN

#### WRITTEN ON A WINDOW IN DUMFRIES.

"ONE day," says Cummigh an, "while in the King's Arms Tavern, Dumfries, It may overheard a country gentleman talking disparagingly concerning excise-

men. The poet went to a window, and on one of the panes wrote this rebuke with his diamond. "--

Yr. men of wit and wealth, why all this sneering 'Gainst poor excisemen' give the cause a hearing; What are your landloids' rent-rolls? taxing ledgers, What premiers—what even monarchs? mighty gaugers Nay, what are priests, those seeming godly wise men? What are they, pray, but spiritual excisemen?

#### VERSES

WRITTEN ON A WINDOW OF THE GLOBE TAYERN, DUMERIES

THE grayboard, old Wisdom, may boast of his treasures. Give me with gay Folly to live;
I grant him his calm-blooded, time-settled pleasures,
But Folly has raptures to give.

#### THE SELKIRK GRACE.

This grace, now furious as the Selkick grace, was an impromption being asked to say grace at dinner while on a visit to the Earl of Selkirk.

SOME hae meat, and canna eat, And some wast eat that want it; But we hae meat, and we can eat, And sae the Lord be thankit.

## FPITAPH ON A SUICIDE.

EARTH'D up here hes an imp o' hell, Planted by Satan's dibble Poor silly wretch 1 he's damn'd himsel To save the Lord the trouble.

## TO DR MAXWELL,

ON MISS IFSSIP STAIG'S RECOVERY.

"How do you like the following epigtion," says the poet, in a letter to Thomson, "which I wrote the other day on a locally young gui's recovery from a

fever? Doctor Maxwell was the physician who seemingly saved her from the grave, and to him I address the following:"-

MAXWELL, if merit here you crave, That merit I deny; You save fair Jessie from the grave?— An angel could not die.

## THE PARVENU.

IMPROMPTU on hearing an illiterate partern boasting in company of the great people he knew.

No more of your titled acquaintances boast, And in what lordly circles you've been; An insect is still but an insect at most, Though it crawl on the head of a queen!

## POETICAL INSCRIPTION

FOR AN ALTAK TO INDEH NURNER.

THOU of an independent mind, With soul resolved, with soul resign'd; Prepared power's proudest flown to brave, Who wilt not be, nor have, a slave; Virtue alone who dost revere, Thy own reproach alone dost fear Approach this shrine, and worship here.

#### EXTEMPORE TO MR. SYME,

ON REFISING TO DINE WITH H'M.

John Syme of Ryedale was a gentleman of education and talent, and a friend and companion of the poet. In his invitation, Mr. Syme had promisely min the best of cookery.

Pec. 17, 1795.

No more of your guests, be they titled or not,
And cookery the first in the nation;
Who is proof to thy personal converse and wit
Is proof to all other temptation.

## TO MR SYME .

#### WITH A PRESING I A DOZEN OF FOR IER

JERINALEN LAVERN DIMIBLES

OH hal the malt the strength of mind, Or hops the flavour of the wit, o'I were drink for fast of humanl myl. A gift that e en for Syme were fit.

#### INSCRIPTION ON A GOPI FI

Fifth a death in the cup say beware!

Ney, more there is langer in touching,
But who can as all the fell maie?

The nan and his wine's Sac bewitching!

#### THE LOAST

On term, clied of fine or at a linear given by the Dumfries V lunteers in homour of k inc. great vitry in April 17 Jurns give the fillowing cumulative tast

Instrant if a sont low I ll give you a trast. Here's the mem by fith so on the twelfth that we lot! That we lost, did I say? may by Heaven that we found, For their fame it shall last while the world goes round.

The next in success in, I llogive you. The King! Whose it will be try lind on high may be swing! And here site grant fallie, Our free C institution, As built on the line of the great Keyolution And long r with politics not to be craimed, I c Annehy cursed, and be lyramy d mind, and who would to Liberty cleap is exployed. May his son be a hangman, and he his first in the

## ON THE POLIS DAUGHLER

This I has were written on the death of the poet's only daughts by Jean Armour

Here hes a rose, a budding rose, blasted before its bloom Whose importance did sweets di close Beyond that flowe 's perfame. To those who for her loss are grieved, This consolation's given— She's from a world of woe reheved, And blooms a rose in heaven.

## ON A COUNTRY LAIRD

SIR DAVID MAXWRIT of Carnoness had given librars some cause for offence during the heat of a contested election. The poet never fuled to strike hard on such occasions, and in many cases unjustly

> Briess the Redeemer, Cardoness, With grateful lifted eyes, Who said that in the soil alone, But body, too, must rise;

For had He said, "The soul alone From death I will deliver," Alas! alas! O Cardonness, Then thou hadst slept for ever!

## THE TRUE LOYAL NATIVES.

The origin of these lines is thus related by Cromek —"When politics ran high the poet happened to be an a tavers, and the following lines—the production of one of "The True Loyal Natives"—were handed over the table to Burns —

'Ye sons of sedition, give ear to my song,
Let Syme, Burns, and Maxwell, pervide every throng.
With United the atomy, and Mindell the quack,
Send Wilhe the monger to held with a smack.'
The poet took our a pencil and instantly wrote this reply "—

YE true "Loyal natives" attend to my song, In uproar and riot rejoice the night long; From envy and hatred your corps is exempt, But where is your shield from the darts of contempt?

## EPITAPH ON ROBERT ALKEN, ESQ.

ROBERT AIKEN, writer, Avr. was one of the poet's most intimate friends,

KNOW thou, O stranger to the fame Of this much-loved, much-honour'd name, (For none that knew him need be told) A warnier heart Death ne'er made cold!

## ON A FRIEND

The name of this friend is unknown.

As honest man here hes at rest,
As e'er God with His image blest!
The friend of man, the friend of finth;
The friend of age, and ginde of youth;
I ew hearts like his, with virtue warm'd,
I ew hearts with knowledge so inform'd:
If there's another world, he lives in bliss,
If there is none, he made the best of this.

# EPITAPH ON TAM THE CHAPMAN

The chapman of this epiciph was a Mr. Kgunedy, who travelled to mercial house. The lines were written on his recovery from a severe illness

As Tain the Chapman on a day
Wi Death forgather'd by the way.
Weel pleased, he greets a wight sae famous,
And Death was note less pleased wi Thomas,
Who checifully lays down the pack,
And there blaws up a hearty crack;
His social, friendly, honest heart
Sae tickled Death, they couldna part
Sae after viewing knives and garters,
Death takes him hume to gie him quarters.

## ON GAVIN HAMILTON

THE poor man weeps—here Gavin sleeps, Whom canting wretches blanced: But with such as he, where'er to be, May I be saved or damu'd!

## ON A CELEBRATED RULING ELDER

Hi ar, south Hood in death does sleep ;— To hell, if he's game thither, Satur, gie him thy gear 2 to keep, He'll haud<sup>3</sup> it weel themther.

## ON A NOISY POLEMIC.

JAMES HUMPHREY, a working mason, a noisy polemic on all matter political and religious, was the "Jamie" of this epitaph. Within the memory of many people now hving (in his latter days, he was reduced to beggary), with the view of stimulating a flow of coppers from the strangers coming and going by the Mauchine coach, he would introduce himself as Burns's "bleth'rm bitch"

BLIGW thir stanes lie Jamie's banes:

O Death, it's my opinion,

Thou ne'er took such a bleth'rin' bitch
Into thy daik dominion!

## ON WEE () HNNY.

THE JACKT WEF JOHNNY

JOHN WILSON, the printer of the Kilmarnock contion of the poet's works.

WHOE'FR thou art, O reader, know That Death has murder'd Johnny! And here his body lies fu' low— For saul he ne'er had ony.

### ON A NOTED COXCOMB.

LIGHT lay the earth on Billy's breast, His chicken heart so tender; But build a castle on his heal, His skull will prop'it under.

# ON MISS JEAN'SCOTT OF FUCLEFECHAN.

On! had each Scot of ancient times Been, Jeannie Scott, as thou art, The bravest heart on English ground, Had yielded like a coward!

#### ON A HENPECKED COUNTRY SOUIRE

As Father Adam first was fool'd, A case that't still too common, Here hes a man a woman ruled— The devil ruled the woman.

## ON THE SAME

O DEATH, hadst thou but spared his life Whom we this day lament! We fieely wad exchanged the wife, And a been weel content!

F en as he is, cauld in his griff The swap! we yet will dot, " Tak thou the cailin's carcase aff, Thou'se get the saul to boot

## ON THE SAME

CN: Queen Artemisia, as old stories tell. When deprived of her husbandished and so well, In respect for the live and affection he I show diher, She reduced him to dust at I he drank up the powder.

But Queen Netherplace, of a different complexion, When called on to order the functal direction, Would have cat her dead lord, on a skin lee prefence, Not to show her respect, but—to save the expense

## JOHNNY PLET

for the control of the first term of the control of

Here am I Janny Peep I saw three sheep, And these three sheep saw me, Unif i-crown apice Will pay for then fleec, And so Johnny Peep gets free

## I I achang

<sup>&</sup>quot; ( arlin-i woman with in evil tongin. In elden times it ed with ref times to a weim in suspected of having dealing with the world

# THE HENPFCKED HUSBAND.

Ir is said that the wife of a gentleman, at whose table the poet was one day dumng, expressed herself with more freedom than propriety regarding her husband's extravagant convival habits, a rudeness which Burns relocked in these sharp lines—

CURSED be the man, the poorest wretch in life, The cronching vassal to the tyrant wife! Who has no will but by her high permission, Who has not sepence but in her possession, Who must to her his dear friend's secret tell; Who dreads a curtain-lecture worse than hell! Were such the wife had fallen to my part, I'd break her port, or I'd break her heart, I'd charm her with the magic of a switch, I'd kiss her mads, and I ick the perverse bitch.

#### ON ANDREW TURNER

In se'enteen hunder and forty-nine, Satan took stuff to mak a swine, And curst it in a corner; But willy he changed his plan, And shaped it something like a man, And ea'd it Andrew Torrei.

## A GRACE BEFORE DINNER.

O Thou, who kindly dost provide
For every creature swant!
We bless thee, God of nature wide,
For all thy goodness lent:
And, if it please thee, heavenly Guide,
May never worse be sent;
But, whether granted or demed,
Lord, bless us with content!—Amen.

#### ON MR. W CRUIKSHANK.

UNE of the masters of the High School, l'dinburg's, and a well-known friend of the poet's

Honest Will's to heaven gane, And mony shall lament him; His faults they a' in Latin lay, In English nane e'er kent them

#### ON WAT.

THE name of the hero of these terrible lines has not been recorded

Sic a injected was Wat, Sic a injected to slave, That the very worms damn'd him When laid in his grave.

"In his flesh there's a famine," •
A starved reptile cries;

"And his heart is rank poison," Another replies.

## ON THE KIRK OF LAMINGTON, IN CLYPESDALE.

Worship is an it is parish church of Lamington, Berns found the weather cold, the place incomfortable, in I the sermon poor the took his revenge on the parson, the kirk, and the clements, in the following lines:—

As cauld a wind as ever blew, A caulder kirk, and in't but few, As cauld a minister's e'er spak, Ye'se a be het! the I come back,

#### A MOTHER'S ADDRESS TO HER INFANT.

My blessm's upon thy sweet wee hppic;
My blessm's upon thy bonny ee-bric 12.
Thy smiles are sac like my blithe sodger liddle,
Thou's aye the dearer and dearer to me l.

## VERSES

WEIGTEN ON A PANE OF GLASS, ON THE OCCASION OF A NATIONAL THANKSGIVING FOR A NAVAL VICTORY.

Vi hypocites! are these your pranks? To minder men, and gie God thanks! For shame! gie o'er--proceed no further—God won't accept your thanks for muther.

1 MURDLE hate by field or flood, Though glory's name may screen us; In wars at-hame I'll spend my blood, Life-giving wars of Venus.

I he deities that I adore
Are social peace and plenty;
I'm better pleased to make one more
Than he the death of twenty.

My bottle is my holy pool, That heals the wound o' care and dool; And pleasure is a want in trout, An' ye drink it dry, ye'll find him out.

# ON JOHN BUSHBY.

Bushby was a clever lawyer, who had crossed the poet's path in pointer frequently

HFRE hes John Bushby, honest man! - Chea, him, devil, gin you can.

# LINES TO JOHN RANKINE

These haes were written by Burns while on his deathbod, and forwarded to Raykine after his death

HE who of Rankine sang lies stiff and dead, And a green grassy hillock haps his head; Alas! alas! a devilish change indeed!

# TO MISS JESSY LEWARS.

<sup>&</sup>quot;During the last illness of the poet," says Camingham, "Mr Brown, the surgeon who attended him, came 11, and stated that he had been looking at a collection of wild beasts just arrived, and pulling out the list of the animals, held it out to Jessy Lewars. The poet suarched it from him, took up a pen,

ard with red ink wrote the following on the back of the paper, saying, 'Now it is fit to be presented to a lady.'"-

TALK not to me of savages
From Afric's burning sun,
No savage e'er could rend my heart
As, Jessy, thou hast done.

But Jessy's lovely hand in mine,
A mutual faith to plight,
Not even to view the heavenly choir
Would be so blest a sight.

# • THE TOAST.

On another occasion, during his illness, he took up a crystal goblet, and traced the following lines on it, and presented it to her .-

FILL me with the rosy wine, Call a toast—a toast divine; Give the poet's darling flame, Lovely lessy be the name; Then thou mayest freely boast Thou hast given a peerless toast.

# ON THE SICKNESS OF MISS JESSY LEWARS

On Miss Lewar complaining of illness in the hearing of the south he would provide for the worst, and seizing another crystal goblet, he wrote as follows - •

SAY, sages, what's the charm on earth Can turn Death's dart as le? It is not purity and worth, Else Jessy had not died.

# ON THE RECOVERY OF JESSY LEWARS

On her recovering health, the phet said, "There is a poetic reason for it," and composed the following .--

BUT rarely seen since nature's buth, The natives of the sky; Yet still one seraph's left on earth, For Jessy did not die.

# A BOTTLE AND AN HONEST FRIEND.

THARRY BURNS had some doubts as to the authenticity of the following lines .—

"There's nane that's blest of humankind But the cheerful and the gay, man. Fal, lal," &c.

HERE'S a bottle and an honest friend! What wad you wish for majr, man? Wha kens, before his life may end, What his share may be of care, man?

Then catch the moments as they fly.

And use them as ye ought, man;
Believe me, Happine s is sky,

And comes not aye when sought, man.

### GRACE AFTER DINNER

O THOU, in whom we live and move. Who madest the sea and shore. Thy goodness constantly we prove, And, grateful, would adore.

And if it please Thee, Power above, Still grant us, with such store, The friend we trust, the fair we love, And we desire no more.

# ANOTHER.

LORD, we thank thee and adore,
For temp'ral gifts we little merit;
At present we will ask no more—
Let William Hyslop give the spirit!

### THE SOLLM' IT IGUE AND COVENANT.

MR. ROBERT CARRUTHINS, of Inverness, gives the following account of these lines:—"In 'The Statistical Acro int at Scotland,' the minister of Balmaghie, in Galloway, quoted the epitaph on a martyr's tombstone,—a stone with uncouth rhymes and shapeless sculpture decked,' and he added this depress.

tiatory remark— The author of which (the epitaph) no doubt supposed hintself to have been writing poetry!

Burns was nettled at this in feeling comment, and wro e with his pencil on the page —

THE Solemn League and Covenant
Now brings a smile, now brings a tear;
But sacred freedom too was theirs,
If thou'rt a slave, indulge thy sacer





# SONGS.

# MY HANDSOME NELL.

Tune-" I am a man unmarried "

The horome of this song, Nelly Kilputrick, was the daughter of the village blacksmith, and the poet's first partner in the labours of the hair st-held. She was the "sonse queen" he stags of, whose "witching smile" first made his licart-strings tingle. 'This song,' he says, "was the first of my performances, and done at an early period of my life, when my heart glowed with honest, warm simplicity,—unacquironted and uncorrupted with the ways of a wicked world. It has many faults but I remember I composed it in a wild enthusiasm of passion, and to the hour I never recollect it but my heart melts—my blood sallies, at the remembrance."

OH, once I loved a bonny lass, Ay, and I love he, still, And whilst that virtue warms my breast I ll love my brudsome Nell. Fal, lal de ral, &c

As bonny lasses I hae seen, And mony full as braw, But for a modest, gracefu' mien, The like I never saw.

A bonny lass, I will confess, Is pleasant to the ee, But without some better qualities She's no a lass for me.

I ut Nelly's looks are blithe and sweet;
And, what is best of a'—
Her reputation is complete,
And fair without a flaw.

She dresses age sac clean and neat,
Bath decent and genteel;
And then there's something in her ga't
Gats ony dress look weel.

A gaudy dress and gentle air May slightly touch the heart; But it's innocence and modesty That polishes the dart.

Tis this in Nelly pleases me, 'Tis this enchants my soul! For absolutely in my breast She reigns without control

# I DREAM'D I LAY WHERE FLOWERS WERE SPRINGING.

"Thise two stanzis," says the poet, "which are among the oldest of printed pieces, Composed when I was seventeen."

I DREAM'D I lay where flowers were springing Garly in the sunny beam,
I istening to the wild birds singing
By a falling crystal stream:
Straight the sky grew black and daring;
Through the woods the whillyinds rave
Trees with aged arms were warring,
O'er the swe ling, drumbe wave,

Such was my life's deceitful morning,
Such the pleasures I enjoy'd;
But lang or noon, loud tempests storming
A' my flowery bliss destroy'd.
Though fickle Fortune has deceived me,
(She promised fan, and perform'd but ill,)
Of mony a joy and hope bereaved me,
I bear a heart shall support me still.

# MY NANNIE, O.

Tune "My Nannie, O"

This song has been termed the finest love-song in my language. The poet's father lived to read and admire it. The lettons of it was Agnes (*Yeathe*, Nanne) Floming, at one time a servant with the poet's friend, Gayin, Hamilton. She

died unmarried at an advanced age — sufely no fit destiny for one who had been the subject of such a strain.

BEHIND yon hills, where Lugar flows 'Mang moors and mosses many, O, The wintry sun the day has closed, And I'll awa' to Nannie, O.

The westlin wind blaws loud and shrill;
The night's bath milk and ramy, O;
But I'll get my plaid, and out I'll steal,
And owre the hills to Nannie, O.

My Nannie's charming, sweet, and young, Nae artfu' wiles to win ye, O: May ill befa' the flattering tongue That wad beguile n y Nanme, O.

Her face is fair, her heart is true, As spotless as she's bonny, O: The opening gowan, wat wi' dew, Nae puter is than Nannie, O.

A country lad is my degree, And few there be that ken me, O; But what care I how few they be, I'm welcome aye to Nannie, O.

My riches a's my penny-fee,<sup>2</sup>
And I maun guide it cannie, O;
But wail's gear ne'er troubles me,
My thoughts are a' my Nannie, O.

Our auld guid man delights to view
His sheep and kye thrive bonny, O;
But I'm as blithe that bruds his pleugh,
And has na care but Nannie, O.

Come weel, come woe, I care na hy,
1'll tak what Heaven will sen' me, O, ...
Nae ither care in hie have I
But hive and love my Nannic, O!

# O TIBBIE, I-HAE SEEN THE DAY

Tune -" Invercauld's Real "

BABELLA (Scottee, Tibbie) Stevens would appear to have considered kesseh a matrimonal catch, because her fither was the owner of a few ecres of peat moss, and not to be thrown away on a handmiscantum poet

O TIBBLE, I had seen the hy Ye wadna been sae shy, For lack o' gear ye lightly me, But, trowth, I cue na by

Yestreen I met you on the moor, Ye spak na, but gad t by like stoure "Ye geck at me becau o I m por, but funt a har oure I

I doubt no, loss, but ye may think Because ye had the name o chal, i I hat ye can please me at a wink Whene'er ye like to try

But sorrow tak him that's sae mean, Although his pouch o coin were clean, Wha follows ony saucy quean, That looks sae proud and high

Although a lad were e er sae smart,
If that he want the yellow dut
Yell cast yer head another ant,
And answer him ful dry

Put if he has the name o' gear, Yell fa ten to him take a bust, I hough haidly he, for sen e or ker, Peletter than the kye

But Tiblie 1185, 41k my advice, Your daddie's gear maks you sae nice, The deil a ane wad spier your price Were yous poor as I

There lives a liss in yonder pull, I widne gic her in her sagk for thee, we'a' thy thousan' mail Ne need na look suc high

# ON CESSNOCK BANKS

Tune- If he be a futcheranc t an l trim

Fitt on Bre Bir a select bein ble parentage the helo no of this song was, when the poet made held pira tall eard me he servant. He mental attractions were in the past rained so great, that even af a heart in a clauste

4 Mock

4 Money

most cultivated circles of the metropolis, he confessed that she of all the women he had ever met, was the only one who would be likely to make a pleasant companion for life.

> On Cessnock banks there lives a lass, Could I describe her shape and mich, The graces of her weelfaurd face, And the gluncing of her sparking een.

She's fresher than the morning dawn,
When using Phoebus first is seen,
When dew-drops twinkle o'er the lawn;
And she's twa glancing, sparkling een.

She's stately, like yon youthful ash That grows the cowship bracs between, And shoots its here above each bush; And she's twa glareing, sparkling cen.

She's spotless as the flowering thom, With flowers so white and leaves so green, When purest in the dewy morn; And she's twa glancing, sparkling cen.

Her looks are like the sportive lamb, When flowery May adoms the scene, That wantons round its bleating dam, And she's twa glancing, spaikling cen

Her han is like the enring most
That shades the mountain side at e'en
When flower-reviving rams are past,
And she's twa glancing, sparkling een,

Her forehead's like the showery bow, When shining sunbeams intervene, And gild the distant induntam's brow; And she's twa glancing, sparkling cen.

Her voice is like the evening thrush. This sings off Cessnock banks unseen, While his mate sits nestling in the bush; And she's twa glancing, spaikling een.

Her lips are like the cherries ripe
That sunny walls from Boreas screen—
They tempt the taste and charm the sight;
And she's two glancing, sparkling ecn.

He, teeth are like a flock of sleep With fleeces newly washen clean, That slowly mount the rising steep And the's twa glancing, sparkling cen. 50NGS. ' 29%

Her breath is like the fragrant breeze
That gently stars the blossom'd beau
When Phoebus sinks behind the seas;
And she's twa glancing, sparkling een

But it's not her air, her form, her face,
Though matching beauty's fabled queen,
But the mind that shines in every grace,
And chiefly in her sparkling cen.

### ANOTHER VERSION.

ON Cessnock banks a lassi shoells, Could I describe her shape and mien; Our lassies a she far exists, and she's twa sparkling, reguish eer,

She's sweeter than the morning dawn.
When rising Phaebus first is seen,
And dew-drops twinkle o'er the lawn;
And she's twa sparkling, regueli cen.

She's stately, like you youthful ash
That grows the cowslip braes between,
And drinks the stream with regour fresh;
And she's twa sparkling, reguish een.

She's spotless, like the flowering thorn, With flowers so white, and leaves so green, When purest in the dewy morn; And she's twa sparkling, reguish orn.

Her looks are like the vernal May, 11 her evening Phabus shines ween, While birds rejoice on every spray; And she's twa sparkling, rejuich een.

Her hair is like the curling mist That clumbs the mountain-sides at e'en When flower-reviving rains are just; And she's twa sparkling, reguish een.

Her forehead's like the showery bow, When gleaning sunbeams intervene, And gild the distant mountain's brow; And she's twa sparkling, reguish cen.

Her checks are like you crimson gem, The pride of all the flowery scene, Just opening on its thorny stem, And she's twa sparkling, roguish een. Her teeth are like the nightly snow,
When pale the morning rises keen,
While hid the murniring streamlets flow;
And she's twa sparkling, roguish een.

Her lips are like you cherries ripe
That sunny walls from Boreas screen—
They tempt the taste and charm the sight;
And she's twa sparkling, roysush een.

Her breath is like the fragrant breeze, That gently stirs the blossom'd bean When Pheebus sinks behind the seas; And she's twa sparkling, reguish cen.

. Her voice is like the evening thrush,
That sings on Cessnoc', banks unseen,
While his mate sits nestling in the bush;
And she's twa sparkling, reguish een.

But it's not her air, her form, her face,
Though matching beauty's fabled queen,
'Tis the mind that shines in every grace;
And chiefly in her requish een.

### MY FATHER WAS A FARMER

Tune-"The Weaver and his Shuttle, O"

THE following song," says the poet, "Is a wild rhapsody, inserably deficient in versification, but the sentiments were the genuine feelings of my heart at the time it was written."

My father was a farmer
Upon the Carrick border, O,
And carefully he bred me
In decency and order, O,
He bade me act a marly part,
Though I had ne'er a farthing, O,
For without an honest manly heart,
No man was worth regarding O.

Then out into the world
My course I did determine, O;
Though to be rich was not my wish,
Yet to be great was charming, O:
My talents they were not the worst,
Nor yet my education, O;
Resolved was I at least to try
To mend my situation, O.

200

In many a way, and vain essay,
I courted Fo tune's tavour, O;
Some cause unseen still stept between
To frustrate each endeavour, O:
Sometimes by focs I was o'erpower'd,
Sometimes by fixends forsaken, O;
And when my hope was at the top,
I still was worst mistaken, O.

Then sore harass'd, and tried at last,
With Fortune's vain delusion, O,
I dropt my schemes, like idle dreams,
And came to this conclusion, O:
The past was bad, and the future hid;
Its good or ill untried, O;
But the present hour was in my power,
And so I would enjoy it, O.

No help, nor hope, not view had I,
Nor person to befriend me, O:
So I must toil, and sweat, and broil,
And labour to sustain me, O:
To plough and sow, to reap and mow,
My father bred me early, O,
hor one, he said, to labour bred,
Was a match for Fortune fairly, C

Thus all obscure, unknown, and poor,
Through life I'm doom'd to winder, C
Till down my weary bones I lay
In everlasting slumber, O.
No view nor care, but shun whate er
Might breed me pun or sorrow, O;
I live to-day as well's I may,
Regudless of to morrow, O

But cheerful still, I am as well
As a monarch in a palace, (),
Though Fortune's frown still hunts me down
With all her wonted malice, ():
I make indeed my daily bread,
But ne'er can make it faither, ():
But as daily bread is all I need,
I do not much regard her, ().

When sometimes by my labour
I earn a little money, O,
Some unforeseen misfortune
Comes generally upon me, O:
Mischance, mistake, or by niglect,
Oi my good-natured folly, O;
but come what will, I've sworn it still,
I'll ne'er be melancholy, O.

300 SONGS.

All you who follow wealth and power With unremitting ardom, O,
The more in this you look for bliss,
You leave your view the farther, O.
Had you the wealth Potosi boasts,
Or nations to adore you, O,
A cheerful, honest-heatted clown
I wil! prefer before you, O!

# JOHN BARLEYCORN

#### A BALLAD

This is modernised from an English original, well known to lovers of old ballad poetry. The original was first printed in "Jameson's Ballads". Various versions of it current over the country have been printed since.

THERE were three kings into the east,
Three kings both great and high;
And they hae sworn a solemn oath
John Barleycorn should die.

They took a plough and plough'd him down, \*
Put clods upon his head;
And they had sworn a solenin oath
John Barleycorn was dead.

But the cheerful spring came kindly on, And showers began to ful!: I hin Barleycorn got up again, And sore surprised them all,

The sultry suns of sammer came,
And he grew thick and strong;
Has head weel arm'd wi' pointed spear;
That no one should him wrong.

The sober autumn enter'd mild, When he given wan and pale; This bending joints and diooping head Show'd he began to fail.

His colour sicken'd more and more, He faded into age; And then his enemies began To show their deadly rage.

 They've ta'en a weapon, long and sharp, And cut him by the knee;
 Then tied him fast upon a cart, Like a rogue for forgene. SONGS.

30I

They laid him down upon his back, And cudgell'd him full sore; They hung him up before the storm. And turned him o'er and o'er.

They filled up a darksome pit
With water to the birm:
They heaved in John Barleycom,
There let him sink or swim.

They laid him out upon the floor, To work him further woe: And still, as signs of life appear'd, They toss'd him to and fro

They wasted o'er a scorching flame The marrow of his hones, But a miller used him worst of all --He cursh'd him 'tween two stones.

And they hae ta'en his very heart's blood, And drank it round and round, And still the more and more they drank, Their joy did more abound.

John Barleycom was a hero bold, Of noble enterprise. For if you do but taste his blood, 'Twill make your courage rise.

'Twill make a man forget his woo;

Twill hoighten all his joy:

Twill make the widow's heart to sing,

Though the tear were in her eye

Then let us toast John Barleycom, Fach man a glass in hand, And may his great posterity No'er fail in old Scotland.

# MONIGOMERY'S PEGGY

I me " Gala Water "

"Monthorny v's Proon, 's 95 Puns, "who had been had in a style of life sather elegant, was my deny for six or eight months." She was a servant in the house of Mr. Montgomery of Colsheld. Her charms would up a w from his correspondence to have made a considerable imores which the susceptible poet.

Although my bed were in you mair, Amang the heather, in my pladie, Yet happy, happy would. I be,
I lad I my dear Montgomery's Peggy

When o'er the hill beat surly storm,
And winter nights were dark and runy,
I'd seek some dell, and in my arms
I'd shelter dear Montgomery's Peggy

Were I a haron proud and high,
And horse and servants writing ready,
Then a' 'twad pie o' joy to me,
The sharin't wa Montgomery's Peggy.

# MARY MORISON

Tune-" Bide ye yet "

O MARY, at thy window be,
It is the wish d, the trysted hour!
Those smiles and glances let me see
That make the miser's treasure poor:
How blithely wad I bide the stoure,
A weary slave frae sun to sun,
Could I the itch reward secure,
The lovely Mary Mogison.

Yestreen, when to the trembling string,
The dance gaed through the lighted ha',
To thee my fancy took it's wing—
I sat, but neither heard nor saw:
Though this way fair, and that was braw,
And you the toast of a' the town,
I strh'd, and said, amang them a',
"' a e are na Mary Morison.'

O Mary, const thou wreck his peace. Wha for thy sake wad gladly die? Or const thou break that heart of his Whase only faut is loving thte? If love for love thou wilt na gie, At least be pity to me shown; 'A thought ungentle canna be The thought o' Mary Morson.

# THE RIGS O' BARLEY

I nue-"Corn Rigs are Bonny."

Ir was upon a Lammas night,
When corn nigs are bonny,
Beneath the moon's unclouded light,
I held awa' to Armie:
The time flew by wi' tentless heed,
'Ill, 'tween the late and early,
Wi sma' persuasion she agreed
To see me through the barley.

The sky was blue, the wind was still,
The moon was shining clearly.
I set her down, wi'right good will,
Aming the rigs o' bailey.
I heat herabeart was a' my ain,
I loved her most sincerely.
I his 'd her owie and owie again,
Amang the rigs o' barley.

I lock'd her in my fond embrace!
Her heart was beating rarely:
My blessings on that happy place,
Amang the rigs o' barley!
But by the moon and stars so bright,
That shoue that hour so clearly!
She are shall bless that happy night,
Amang the rigs o' barley

I hae been blithe wi' comrades dear;
I hae been merry drinkin'!
I hae been joyfu' gath'im' gear;
I hae been joyfu' gath'im'.
But t' the pleasures e'er I saw,
Though three times doubled fanly,
I hat happy night was worth them a',
Am ing the rigs o' barley

(our 11gs, and butley riv,
And coin rigs are bon iy:
I'il ne'er forget that haj py night,
Anang the rigs wi' Aniae.

### Progr

Tune "I had a horse, I had nae mur"

Now westim winds and shught'ring g in-Bring cutumit's pleasant weather, The moorcock springs, on whirring wings, Amang the blooming heather Now waving grain, wide o'er the plain,
Delights the weary farmer;
And the moon shines bright, when I rove at night,
To muse upon my chaimer.

The partridge loves the frintful felis;
The plover loves the mountains;
The woodcock haunts the lonely deals;
The soaring hern the fountains:
Through lofty groves the cushat 1 loves,
The path of man to shun it,
The hazel bush o'erhangs the thrush,
The spreading thom the linuet.

Thus every kind then pleasure find,
The savage and the tender;
Some social join, and let use combine;
Some solitary wander
Avaunt, away! the cruel sway,
Tyranine man's dominion;
The sportsman's joy, the murdering ere;
The fluttering, gory pinion!

But Peggy dear, the evening's clear. Thick thes the skimming swallow; The sky is blue, the fields in view, All fading green and yellow: Come, let us stray out gladsonic way, And view the chains of nature; The rustling corn, the fruited thorn, And every happy creature.

We'll gently walk, and sweetly talk,
Till the silent moon shine clearly;
I'll grasp thy waist, and, fondly prest,
Swear how I love thee dearly:
Not vernal showers to budding flowers,
Not autumn to the farmer,
So dear can be is thou to me,
My fair, my lovely chaimer!

# GREEN GROW THE RASHES, OI

Tane "Green grow the rashes"

THIS is an improvement on an old Scotch song of much spirit, but more, brown than it need be

GREEN grow the rashes, O! Green grow the rashes, O!

50.VGS. 305

The sweetest hours that e'er I spend. Are spent among the Jasses, C!

There's nought but care on every han In every hour that passes, O: What signifies the life o' man, An 'twere na for the lasses, O?

The warl'by race may riches chase, And riches still may fly them, O. And though at last they catch them fast, Then hearts can ne'er enjoy them, O

But gie me a canny¹ hom at cen, My aims about my deara. Cy And warlly care, and warlly men, May a' gac tapsalteerie, 4 O.

Lor you sae douce, 'ye succi acthis, Ye're nought but senseless as as, O; The weest man the warl' c'er saw He dearly laved the lasses. O.

Auld Nature swears the levely dears Her noblest work she classes, O; Her 'prentice hand she tried on man, And then she made the lasses, O.

#### THE CURF FOR ALL CALL

Tun - "Prepare, my dear bfethren, to the tavern let's fly

No churchman am I for to tail and to write, No statesman nor sol lici to plot or to fight, No sly man of business contriving a snate -For a big-selled bottle? the whole of my care

The peer I don't envy, I give langth a bow, I scoin not the peasant, though ever so low; But a club of good fellows, like those if at me here, And a bottle like this, are my glory and care

Here passes the square on his brother his horse; There centum per centum, the cit with his purse, But see you the crown, how it waves in the an I There a big-bellied bottle still eases my care

The wife of my bosom, alas! she did die, For sweet consolation to church I did fly; I found that old Solomon proved it tair, That a log-bedied bottle's a cure for all care I once was persuaded a venture to make; A letter inform'd me that all was to wreck;— But 'he pursy old landlord just waddled up stairs With a glorious bottle that ended my cares,

"Life's cares they are comforts," - a maxim laid down By the bard, what d'ye call him, that wore the black gown; And faith, I agree with the old prigito a hair; For a big-belied bottle's a heaven of a care.

# ADDED IN A MASON LODGE.

Then fill up a bumper, and make it o'erflow, And honours masoric prepare for to throw; May every true brother of the compass and square Have a big-bellied bottle when harass'd with care!

# MY JEAN

### Tune-"The Northern Lass"

"Till, heroine of this sweet snatch," say, Chinningham, "was bonny Jean I was composed when the poet contemplated the West India voyage, and an eternal separation from the land and all that was dear to him."

THOUGH cruel fate should bid us part,
Far as the pole and line,
Her dear idea round my heart
Should tenderly entwine.
Though mountains rise, and deserts howl,
And oceans roar between;
Yet, dearer than my deathless soul,
I still would love my Jean.

# A I RAGMENT.

Tune -" John Auderson my jo "

One night as I did wander,
When corn begins to shoot,
I sat me down to ponder
Upon an auld tree root:
Auld Ayr ran by before me,
And bicker'd to the seas;
A cushat croodled of the recommendations of the seas;
That echo'd through the braes.

SONGS. 307

# WHEN CLOUDS IN SKIES DO COME TOGETHER.

"The following," says the poet in his Commonplace Book, "was an extempore efficien, composed under a train of misfortunes which threatened to undo me altogether"

WHEN clouds in skies do come together
To hide the brightness of the sun,
There will surely be some pleasant weather
When a' their storms are past and gone.

Though fickle Fortune has deceived me, She promised fair, and perform'd but ill; Of mistress, friends, and wealth beleaved me, Yet I bear a heart shall support me still.

I'll act with prudence, as far's I'm able; But if success I must never find, Then come, Misfortune, I bid thee welcome, I'll meet thee with an undaunted mind.

## ROBIN

# Tune-" Danty Davie "

It is related that when the poet's father roue to Ayr to fetch a doctor, at a rivolet which proved to be in flood he found a gipsy woman sitting on the further side, being inable to get across. Notwithstanding the urgency of his errand, he conveyed her across the stream. On returning home, he found her sitting at the fireside, shortly after the birth of the child, on his being placed in the arms of the gipsy, she gave vent to the predictions which the poet his introduced so happily into the song.

THERE was a lad was born in Kyle,
But whatna day o' whatna style,
I doubt it's hardly worth the while
To be sac nice wi' Robin.
Robin was a rovin' boy,
Rantin' rovin', rantin' rovin';
Robin was a rovin' boy,
Rantin' rovin' Robin!

Our monarch's hindmost year but ane Was five and twenty days begun, "Twas then a blast o' Januar win' Blew hansel in on Robin.

The gossip keekit in his loof, Quo' she, wha lives will see the proof. This waly boy will be nac coof —
I think we'll ca' hun Robin,

We'll line misfortunes great and me'l but aye a theart aboon them a', Ite'll be a credit till us a', " We'll a' be proud o' Robin.

But, since as three times three male run. I ve, by that score and line, This chap will dearly the our tre, 'So leevel me on thee, Robin'

Cand fault, quo' she, I doubt ye' e gu Urche my lasses be aspin, But trie etv fauls ye may bas wang Bu bles m' on 'hee, Robin I

# TOTAL 23 FORTUNAL

O k Velve Fortune's withering blast Has laid my leaf full Jow, O! O raging Portune's withering blast Has laid my leaf full Jow, O!

ores on that (m internance yld , O , wold bab trone emoseold yld Dian wor me oth deoù lloi wis out e O worg ezdamy branchir.

and he ble se Portme's norther a sound to the U. O. To the Portme of the

### ON EINTHOMAS MO.

property of a hotely better to according

Wite y hest I came to Stenait Kyle, Aly mind it was na stendy: Where'er I gacd, where'er I rade, A mustess still I but ayer,

thit when I came tour by Manchine town Not dreadin' ony bo ty, My heart was caught, before I thought, Auchine lady,\*

### A term of endearment

Juan Armonic.

SONGS. 309

# THE BRAES O' BALLOCHMYLE

Tyre "Brus o' Billochmyle"

a song was composed when Sn. Is his White foord, and his family were forced art with the family county. Bullochingle Manackuss the name of the eldest older.

THE Catrine woods were yellow seen,
The flowers decay'd on Catrine ka,
Nac laverock 1 sang on hillock green
But nature sicken'd on the ce.
Through faded groves Mana sang,
Hersel in heanty's bloom the while,
And aye the wild-wood echoes rang,
Fareweel the bracs o' Ballochinyle!

Low in your winter bods, ye flowers, Again ye'll flourish fresh and fair, Ye budges dumb, in withering bowers, Again ye'll chann the vocal an But here, das t for me man Shall budge chaim or floweret smile bareweel the bonny banks of Ayr, Faceweel, faceweel t sweet Ballochmyle to

### YOUNG FLOOM

Tune "The last time I cam o'er the min '

this begoing of this song we the durpher of exhibit had a proprietor in the perty neighbourhood. Her withink be untyled so moved him, that he wrote the song and sent at to lite, with a complimentary letter.

> You so Peggy blooms our Lonniest List, Her blush is like the morning. The rosy dawn the springing grass. With pearly gens adoming: Her cycs outshine the radiant be mis. That gild the passing shower. And glitter o'er the crystal streams, And cheer each freshening florer

Her hps more than the cherries bright, A richer dye has graced them, They charm th' admining gazer's sight, And sweetly tempt to task them; Her sinde is, like the evening, mild, When feather'd tribes are courting, And little lambkins wanton wild. In phyful bands disporting Were Fortune lovely Peggy's foe, Such sweetness would relent her; As blooming Spring unbends the blow Of surly, savage Winter. Detraction's eye no aim can gain, Her winning powers to lessen; And spiteful Envy grins in vain, The poison'd tooth to fasten.

Ye Powers of Honour, Love, and Truth From every ill defend her; Inspire the highly-favour'd youth The destrues intend her; Still fan the sweet connubial flame, Responsive in each bosom; And bless the dear parental name With many a filtal blossen.

# THE RANTIN' DOG THE DADDIE O'T

Tune "Fast neak of Fife "

The subject of this fine and humorous ditty was a girl of the name of Ehrabeth Paton, a servant in his mother's house. She was the mother of the child he addressed a "My souste, smirking, dear-bought Bess". "I composed it," says the poet, "pretty early in hie, and sent it to a young girl, a very particular acquaintance of mine, who was at the time under a cloud."

OH wha my babic-clouts will buy?

(the wha will tent me when I cry?

Wha will kiss me where I lie?
The rantin' dog the daddie o't.

Oh wha will own he did the faut? Oh wha will buy the groanin' in uit? Oh wha will tell me how to ca't? -The ranţin' dog the daddie o't

When I mount the creepie-chan, Wha will sit beside me there? Gie me Rob, I'll seek nae mair, The rantin' dog the daddie o't.

Wha will crack to me my lane? Wha will mak me fidgin-fain? Wha will kiss me o'ei again?— The rantin' dog the daddie o't.

<sup>1</sup> B thy-clothes
2 Heed.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The ale to drink a welcome to the birth of the child.

4 Fidget with delight.

<sup>\*</sup> The stool of repentance, on which culprits formerly sat on the day they did public penance, and were rebuked in the church

SONGS. 311

#### MENIE \*

Tune-" Johnny's Gray Breeks,"

The chorus of the following was borrowed from a song composed by another hand

AGAIN rejoicing nature sees
Her robe assume its vernal hues,
Her leafy locks wave in the breeze,
All freshly steep'd in morning dews.

And maun I still on Menie dote,
And bear the scorn that's in her ee?
For it's jet, jet black, and it's like a hawk,
And it winna let a body be!

In vain to me the cow-lips blaw, In vain to me the violets spring; In vain to me, in glen or shaw,<sup>1</sup> The mavis and the lintwhite sing.

The merry ploughboy cheers his team, Wi' joy the tentic seedsman stalks, But life to me's a weary dream, A dream of ane that never wanks.

The wanton coot the water skims, Amang the reeds the ducklings cry The stately swan majestic swims, And everything is blest but I.

The shephold steeks 4 his faulding slap, 5
And owre the infoorlands whistles shall
Wi' wild, unequal, wandering step,
I meet him on the dewy hill.

And when the lack, 'tween light and dark, Blithe waukens by the daisy's side, And mounts and sings on fittering wings, A woe-worn ghart I hameward glide,

Come, Winter, with thine angry howl, And raging bend the naked tree; Thy gloom will soothe my cheerless soul, When nature all is said like me!

<sup>1</sup> Wood 2 Heedful.

<sup>3</sup> Wakes 4 Shuts

<sup>5</sup> Gate.

SONGS ' 312

# THERE WAS A LASS

Tune " Dimean Davison"

THERT was a lass, they ca'd her Meg, And she held o'er the moor to spin, There was a lad that follow'd her, They ca'd him Duncan Davi on The meon was dreigh, and Meg was skeigh, 'lei fayour Duncan couldna win , For wi' the rock she wad him knock, And age she shook the temper-pin

As o'er the moor they lightly foor,3 A burn was clear, a gl n was green, Upon the banks they ease I then shanks, And ave she set the watel between: But Duncan swore a haly aith, That Meg should be a built the morn, Then Mcg took up her spinnin' graith,4 And flang them a' out o'er the burn

We'll big a house a wee, wee house, And we will live like king and queen. Sae blithe and merry we will be When ye set by the wheel at e'en A man may drink and no be drink, A man may fight and no be slain; A man may kiss a bonny lass, And ave be welcome back again

# AFION WALLR

Tune ' The Vellox build Laddie "

THERE is some doubt as to who, yets the become of this fine so of Chine and Cummightan join in saying that the soag was written in hone a of Mrs. Punh p of Aft in House, while collect Burns, who was not likely? I cry afternot the has beard his latther say that it was a tribute to his dearly-loved Laghland. Mary

> Frow gently, sweet Afton, among thy green bracs, Flow gently, I'll sing thee a song in thy praise, My Mary's askep by thy murmining stream. -Flow gently, sweet Afton, disturb not her cocara

Thou stock-dove, whose echo resounds through the glen, Ye wild whistling blackbirds in you thorny den, Thou green-crested lapwing, thy screaming forbent -I change you disturb not my slumbering fair.

\* SONGS.

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How lofty, sweet Afton, thy neighbouring hills, Far mark'd with the comises of clear winding tills; There daily I wander as noon rises high, My flocks and my Mary's sweet cut in my eye.

How pleasant thy banks and given valleys below Where wild in the woodlands the primioses blow, There, oft as mild exempt weeps over the lea, The sweet-scented birk shades my Mary and me

Thy crystal stream, Afton, how lovely it glides, And winds by the cot where my Mary resides; How wanton thy waters her snowy feet live, As gathering svect flowerets she stems thy clear wave.

Flow gently, sweet Afton, among thy green bracs, Flow gently, sweet river, the theme of my Liys, My Mary's askep<sup>†</sup> by thy marmaning stream ( Flow gently, sweet Afton, disturb not her dream)

#### THE HIGHLAND LASSII

June - "The deuks dang o'er my dudy."

"This," says the poet, "we a composition of mine before I was at all known in the weild. My Highland I see [Many] was a wrunde nited, theiring yours creating as ever blessed a min with generous love." For an econitrof Highland Many, see the introductory note to the versas entitled, "To Mary in the over." Year after Highland Many was dead, her mother who poetly nomined this song, mag it is being and lablern.

NAT gentle\* dames, though c'er sie fin, Shall ever be my Mine's - me; Then title a' are empty show; Gie me my Highland Lasie, O

> Within the glen sie luishy, O, Aboon the plains sae jushy, O, I set me down wi' right good will, To sing my Highland, Las 12, O

Oh, were you hills and valleys mine, You palace and you gardens fine! The world then the love should know I bear my Highland Lassie, O

But fickle I ortune from s on me, And I main cross the raging sea! But while my crosson currents flow, I'll love my Highland Lassie, O

<sup>\*</sup> Gentle is used here in opposite a to simple, in the Scottish and old I rightly sense of the word. -Nae gentle dames in o high blooded dames -- Current

Although through foreign climes I range, I know her heart will never change, For her bosom burns with honour's glv w. My faithful Highland Lassie, O.

For her I'll dare the billows' xoar, For her I'll trace the distant shore, That Indian wealth may lustre throw Around my Highland Lassie, O.

She has my heart, she has my hand, By sacred truth and honour's band! 'Till the mortal stroke shall lay me La, I'm thure, my Highland Lassie, ().

Fareweel the glen sae bushy, O! Pareweel the plant sae rushy, O! To other lands I now must go, To sing my Highland Lassie, O!

#### MARY

# Tune "Blue Bonnets"

Astone the poet's papers after his death, a copy of the following lines was found inscribed, "A Prayer for Mary." The Mary here alluded to was slighland Mary. The lines were written when the post was thinking of emigrating

POWERS celestial! whose protection
Ever guards the virtuous fau,
While in distant chimes I wander,
Let my Mary be your care;
Let her foun sae fair and faultless,
Fair and faultless as your own,
Let my Mary's kindred spirit
Draw your choicest influence down.

Make the gales you wast around her Soft and peaceful as her breast; Breathing in the breeze that fans her, Soothe her bosom into rest. Guardian angels! oh, protect her, When in distant lands I roam; To realing unknown while sate exiles me, Make her bosom still my home!

# •WILL YE GO TO THE INDIES, MY MARY?

<sup>&</sup>quot;In my very early years," says the poet, in a letter to Mr. Thomson in 1702, "when I was thinking of going to the West Indies, I took the following farewell of a dear girl [Highland Mary]:"—

WILL ye go to the Indies, my Mary, And leave auld Scotia's shore? Will ye go to the Indies, my Mary, Aeross the Atlantic's roar?

Oh, sweet grow the lime and the orange, And the apple on the pine; But a' the charms o' the Indies Can never equal thine.

I hae sworn by the Heavens to my Mary, I hae sworn by the Heavens to be true; And sae may the Heavens forget me When I forget my vow!

Oh, plight me your faith, my Mary, And pright me your lilv-white hand; Oh, plight me your faith, my Mary, Before I leave Scotia's strand.

We hae plighted our troth, my Mary, In mutual affection to join; And curst be the cause that shall part us! The hour and the moment o' time!

## ELIZA

# Tune-"Gilderoy."

The heroine of this song was one of "The Six Belles of Mauchline," Miss Betty Miller. The love here was purely poetical, the mere association of a name with the sentiments proper to love.

From thee, Ehra, I must go,
And from my native shore;
The circl fates between its thro v
A boundless ocean's roar;
But boundless ocean's roaring with
Between my love and me,
They never, never can divide
My heart and soul from thee!

Farewell, farewell, Fliza dear,
The mand that I adore!
A boding voice is in mine ear,
We part to meet no more!
The latest throb that leaves my heart,
While death stands victor by,
That throb, Eliza, is the part,
And thine that latest sigh!

315 SONGS.

# A FARLWILL TO THE ERETHREN OF SP JAMES'S LODGE, TORBOLION

Tune - "Good night, and joy be wi' you a' 1"

The following lines were spoken to "The Brethren," by the poet, while on the cyc of his intended emigration. The person specially alluded to in the last verse was the Master of the Lodge, Major-General James Managomery.

Antin ! a heart-warm, fond adien!
Dear brothers of the mystic to!
Ye favour'd, ye enlighten'd few,
Companions of my social joy!
Though I to foreign lands must hie,
Pinsung Lortinic' shidd'ry ba',!
With inclining heart, and brimful eve,
I'll mind you still, to high far awa'

Oft have I met your social hand,
And spent the cheerful, festive night;
Oft, honour'd with supreme command,
Presided o'er the sons of light.
And, by that hieroglyphic, bright,
Which none but craftsmen ever saw!
Strong Memory on my heart shall write
Those happy scenes when far awa!!

May freedom, harmony, ai d love, Unite you in the grand design, Beneath the Omniscient eye above, The glorious Architect Divine! That you may keep the increase line, Still rising by the pluminet's law, Till order linght completely shin, Shall be my prayer when far awa'.

And you, farewell! whose ments claim, Justly, that highest badge to wear! He iven bless your honour'd, noble name, To masony and Scotia dear! A last request permit inchere, When yearly ye assemble a', One round—I ask it with a tear—I o him, the Baid that's far awa',

# THE SONS OF OLD KILLII

Tune "Shawi hoy "

WRITTEN after visiting the Kilm mock. Masone Lodge. The Wille of the sing was William Parker, a Kilmannock bank agent, whose name figured in the subscription list of the first edition of the pict's works for thirty copies.

YE sons of old Killie, assembled by Willie,
To follow the noble vocation;
Your thingy old mother has scarce such another
3 is strin that honomed station.
I've little to say, but only to pray,
As praying's the ton of your fashion;
A prayer from the Muse you well may excuse,
'I's schlom her favourite passion.

Ye powers who preside o er the wind and the fide.
Who marked each element's border;
Who formed this frame with beneficent aim,
Whose sovering statute is order;
Within this dear maisson may wayward Contention
Or withered Envy ne'er enter;
May Secrecy found be the mystical bound,
And Brotherly Love be the centre!

#### SONG

### IN THE CHAPACITIC OF A RUMED EASING

Line Go from my window, love, do"

"By the liber diec of Mr. Dick, bookseller, Avi. 's ivs. Mr. Robert Chain his edition of the poet's works, "the present proprietor of a manner opt of tractives, in Burn's hundwriting, and which was formerly in the poes ssion of Mrs. Concerd Set with of Sing, we are earlied to ever the following some whach has rote higher than the fight." After uncommonly lax in versale from

THE sun he is sunk in the west, All creata es retried to ret, While here I sife il sore be at With onrow, grief, and wo , And it's O, fickle Fortune, O?

The prosperous man is a leep Nor hears how the whirlwind sweep. But M serv and I must watch The surly temp st blow. And it a Q, fielde Forting, O!

There hes the dear partial of my ordest, there ares for a moment at rest:

Must I see thee, my youthful pude,

Thus brought so very low!

And it's O, fielde Fortune, O1

There he my sweet babies in her mins, No anxious fear their little heart atarms. But for their sake my heart doth ache,
With many a bitter throe:
And it's O, fickle Fortune, O!

I once was by Fortune carest,
I once could relieve the distrest:
Now, life's poor support hardly earn'd,
My fate will scarce bestow:
And it's O, fickle Fortune, O!

No comfort, no comfort I have! How welcome to me were the grave! But then my wife and children dear, O whither would they go? And it's O, fickle Fortune, O!

O whither, O whither hall I turn! All friendless, forsaken, forbon! For in this world Rest or Peace I never more shall know! And it's O, fickle Fortune, O!

#### THE LASS OF BALLOCHMYLE.

Time -" Miss Forbes's Farewell to Danff"

WAYDERIN in the grounds adjoining Ballochmyle House, Burns encountered Miss Alexander, the sister of Mr Claud Alexander, a retired East India Officer, who had purchased the estate from Sur John Whitefoord, whose departure he had imented in "The Biaes of Ballochmyle," page 309. On composing the song he sent it to Miss Alexander with the following note, "I had roved out, as chance directed, in the favourite haunts of my Muse on the baaks of the Ayr, to view nature in all the gaiety of the vernal year. The evening sun was flaming over the distant western hills; not a breath stirred the crimson opening blossom, or the verdant spreading leaf. It was a golden moment for a poetic heart. Such was the scene and such was the hour—whi in a corner of my prospect, I spied one of the fairest pieces of nature's wickmanship that ever crowned a poetic landscape or met a poet's eye. The enclosed song was the work of my return home, and perhaps it but poorly answers what might have been expected from such a scene." Much to his annoyance she took no notice of it, the poet being very possibly at the time unknown to ber, having only just come to the neighbounhood. She lived to be proud of the honour done, deving unmarred in 1843, at the age of eighty-eight.

'Twas even—the dewy fields were green.
On every blade the pearls hang,
The zephyrs wanton'd round the bean,
And bore its fragrant sweets alang:
In every glen the mavis sang,
All nature listening scem'd the while,
Except where greenwood echoes rang,
Amang the bracs o' Ballochmyle.

With careless step I onward stray'd,
My heart rejoiced in Nature's joy,
When musing in a lonely glade,
A maiden fair I chanced to spy;
Her look was like the morning's eye,
Her air like Nature's vernal smile,
Perfection whisper'd, passing by,
Behold the lass o' Ballochmyle!

Fan is the morn in flowery May,
And sweet is night in autumn mild;
When roving through the garden gay,
Or wandering in the lonely wild:
But woman, Nature's darling child!
There all her charms she does compile;
Even there her other works are foil'd
By the bonny lass o' Ballochmyle.

Oh! had she been a country maid,
And I the happy country swain,
Though shelter'd in the lowest shed
That ever rose on Scotland's plain:
Through weary winter's wind and rain,
With joy, with rapture, I would toil;
And nightly to my bosom strain
The bonny lass o' Ballochmyle!

Then pide might climb the shippery steep,
Where fame and honours lofty shine;
And thirst of gold might tempt the deep,
Or downward scelethe Indian mine;
Give me the cot below the pine,
To tend the flocks, or till the soil,
And every day have joys divine
With the bonny lass o' Ballochmyle

# THE BONNY BANKS OF AVR.

Tune-" Roslin Castle "

THE gloomy night is gathering fast, Loud noars the wild inconstant blast; Yon murky cloud is foul with rain, I see it driving o'er the plain; The hunter now has left the moor, The scatter'd coveys meet secure; While here I wander, prest with care Along the louely banks of Ayr.

The Autumn mounts her ripening corn. By early Winter's ravage torn; Across her placid, azure sky, Sne sees the scowling tempest fly-Chill rims may blood to hear it rave -- I think inport the storing wave, Where many a danger I must due, Far from the bonny bruks of Ayr

Tis not the surging billow's roar, "I is not that fatal, deadly shore; Though death in every shape appear, The wietched have no more to fear! But round my heart the fice are bound, That heart transpicted with many a wound These bleed afresh, hose ties I tear, To leave the boung unks of Ayr

Farewell old Coda's fulls and dales, Her heathy moors and winding vales; The scenes where wretched farey roves, Pursuing past unhappy loves! Farewell, my friends! farewell, my focs! My peace with these, my love with those-se The bursting tears my heart decline; Farewell the bouny binks of Ayr?

### THE BANKS OF DOOR

# FIRST AND TON

Lors song illustrates a genome experience. The heroma, clovely and accompanied woman, the daughter of a gentleman of some fortune in Arrivine, wa destried by her lover, the son of a wealthy landed propactor, after she had been a son to hare A second version follows this.

Victowery fanks o' bonny Doon, How can ye bloom sactan , How can ye chant, ye little buds, And I sac fu' o' care!

That the break my heart, then being bad. That sings upon the bough;
Thou much one of the happy days.
When my fanse live was true.

Thou'h break toy heart, thou bonny bird. That sings beside thy mate;
For sae I sat, and sae I sang,
And wist ua o' my fate.

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Aft has I roved by bonny Doon,
To see the woodbine twine;
And Ma bird sang o' its love,
And sae did I o' mine.

Wi' held some heart I pu'd a rose, Frac off its thorny tree; And my fause inver staw the rose, But left the thorn wi' me.

#### SECOND VLRSION.

Tune -"C dedoman Hunt's Delight"

YE banks and braes o' bonny Doon,
How can ye bloom sae fresh and fair;
How can ye chant, ye little birds,
And I sae weary, ft' o' care!
Thou'll break my heart, thou warbhag bird,
That wantons through the flowering them:
Thou minds me o' departed joys,
Departed—never to return!

Oft hae I roved by bonny Doon,
To see the rose and woodbine twine;
And ilka bird sang o' its luve,
And fondly sae did I o' mine.
Wi' lightsome heart I pu'd a rose,
Fu' sweet upon its thorny tree;
And my fanse liver stole my rose,
But, ah! he left the thorn wi' me.

#### THE AMERICAN WAR

A FRAGMENT

Tune "Kilhecrankie"

WHEN Guildford good our pilot steed, And did our helin thraw, man, Ac night, at tea, began a plea, Within America, man: Then up they gat the maskin pat, And in the sea did jaw, man;

1 Stole.

2 Tum

3 Tea-pot.

4 Danw.

The English Government having imposed a duty on all teas introduced into America the passions of the people rose to fever-heat; and when some East India skips landed at Boston with cargies of rea, the ships were borded by force, and the tea-cheats to sed into the sea.

And did nac less, in full Congress, Than quite refuse our law, man.

Then through the lakes. Montgomery\* takes, I wat he wasna slaw, man!

Down Lowiie's burn † he took a turn

And Carleton did ca', man:

But yet, what-reck, he, at Quebec,

Montgomery-like † did fa', man:

Wi' sword in hand, before his band,

Amang his en'mies a', man.

Poor Tammy Gage, within a cage,
Was kept at Boston ha', man; \$
Till Wilhe Howe took o'er the knowe
For Phuladelphia, u an;
Wi' word and gun he thought a sin
Guid Christian blund to draw, man;
But at New York, wi' knife and fork,
Sir-loin he hacked sma', man.

Burgoyne gaed up, like spur and whip, Till Fraser brave did fa', man; Then lost his way, ac misty day, In Saratoga shaw, nan. T Cornwallis fought as long's he dought, And did the buckskins claw, man; But Clinton's glaive frae rust to save, He hung it to the wa', man.

Then Montague, and Guildford too,
Began to fear a fa', man;
And Sackville done, wha stood the stoure, The German chief to thraw, man;
For Paddy Burke, like ony Turk,
Nae mercy had at a', man;
And Chailie Fox threw by the box,
And loosed his tinkler jaw, \*\* man.

Then Rockingham took up the game, Till death did on him ca', man;

1 Wood.

Could.

8 Stubborn. 4 Dust. 8 Thwart.

- \* General Montgomery invaded Canada in 1775, and took Montreal, the British general, Sir Guy Carleton, returns before him
- t The St. Lawrence t A complement to the Montgomeries of Collsfield
- An allumon to General Gage's being besieged in Boston by General Water
- ington.

  Alluding to an inroad made by Howe, when a large number of cattle was
  destroyed
  - An allusion to the surrender of Oeneral Burgoyne's army at Saratoga.

    \*\* Free-spoken tongue. Tinkers are proven had for their gift of speech

When Shelburne meek held up his cheek, Conform to gospel law, man; Saint Stephen's boys wi' jarring noise, They did his measures thraw, man, For North and Fox united stocks, And hore him to the wa', man.

Then clubs and hearts were Charlie's cartes,

He swept the stakes awa', man,

'I'll the diamond's ace, of Indian race,
Led him a sair faux fas, man;

The Saxon lads, wi' loud placad',

On Chatham's boy did ca', man;

And Scotland drew her pipe, and blew,

"Up, Willie, waur2 them a', man!"

Behind the Throne then Grenville's gone,
A secret word or twa, man;
While slee Dundas aroused the class
Be-north the Roman wa', man:
And Chatham's wraith, in heavenly graith,
(Inspired Bardies saw, man.)
Wi' kindling eyes cited, "Wilhe, rise!"
"Would I hae fear'd them a', man?"

But, word and blow, North, Fox, and Co., Gowff'd Willie like a ba', man.
Till Suthrons raise, and coost their claes
Behind him in a raw, man;
And Caledon threw by the drone,
And did her whittle draw, man;
And swoot fu' rude, through dirt and bluid,
To make it guid in law, man.

### THE BIRKS OF ABERFELDY.

Tune-"The Birks of Aberfeldy "

THESE lines were composed by the poet after visitin, the falls of Moness, near Aberfelay, in Perthshuc

Bohny lassie, will ye go, Will ye go, will ye go, Bonny lassie, will ye go To the birks? of Aberfeldy?

<sup>1</sup> Cheers.

Beat.

Ghost.

Knocked him about The phrase properly refers to the game of golf.

<sup>5</sup> Doffed 6 Knile.

<sup>7</sup> Birches-Birch wood.

<sup>\*</sup> An allusion to the India Bill, which threw Fox out of office in December 1783.

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Now simmer blinks on flowery braes, And o'er the crystal streamlet plays; Come, let us spend the lightsome days In the birks of Aberfeldy.

While o'er their heads the hazels hing, The little birdies blithely sing, Or lightly flit on wanton wing In the birks of Aberfeldy.

The braes ascend, like lofty wa's,
The foaming stream deep-roating fa's,
O'erhung wr fragrant spreading shaws,
The birks of Aberfeldy.

The hoary cliffs are ere wild wi' flowers, White o'er the linns the burnip pours, And using, weets wi' misty showers. The birks of Aberfeldy.

Let Fortune's gifts at random flee, They ne'er shall draw a wish frae me, Supremely blest wi' love and thee, In the birks of Aberfeldy.

#### THE BONNY LASS OF ALBANY.

Tune-" Man's Drean"

"The following song," says Chambers, "is printed from a manuscript book in Birris's hand-writing, in the post esson of Mr. B. Nightingale of London". The heroine was the natural daughter of Prince Charles Edward, by Clementina Walkinshaw, a lady with whom he hved for many years. She was legitimized by an enactment of the parliament of Paris in 1787, under the tube of the Duchess of Albany.

My heart is wile, and unco wae,<sup>2</sup>
To think upon the raging sea
That roars between her gardens green
And the bonny Lass of Albany.

This lovely maid's of royal blood That ruled Albion's kingdoms three, But oh, alas! for her bonny face, They've wrang'd the Lass of Albany.

In the rolling tide of spreading Clyde There sits an isle of high degree, And a town of fame whose princely name Should grace the Lass of Albany. But there's a youth, a witless youth, That fills the place where she should be We'll send him o'er to his native shore, And bring our ain sweet Albany.

Alas the day, and wo the day, A false usurper wan the gree <sup>1</sup> Who now commands the towers and lands— The royal right of Albany.

We'll daily pray, we'll nightly pray, On bended knees most fervently, The time may come, with pipe and drum, We'll welcome hame fan Albany

#### LADY ONLIE

Tune -- "Ruffi in's Rant "

This is an old song improved by Burns for the Museum

A' HIF lads o' Thomebank, When they gae to the shore o' Bucky,<sup>2</sup> They'll step in and tak a pint Wi' Lady Onlie, honest Lucky is

> Lady Onlie, honest Lucky, Brews guid ale at shore o' Bucky, I wish her sale for her guid ale, The best on a' the shore o' Bucky.

Her house sae bien, 4 her curch 5 sae clean, I wat she is a dainty chucky, \* And cheerlie blinks the ingle-gleed 6 Of Lady Onlie, honest Lucky!

Lady Onlie, houest Lucky,
Brews guid ale at shore o' Bucky;
I wish her sale for her guid ale,
The best on a' the shore o' Bucky.

#### BLITHE WAS SHE.

Time-"Andrew and his Cutty Gui,"

Fire poet met the heroine of this song at the bouse of Sir William Minri of Ochtertyre. She was a Miss Puphemia Minray of Lantrose, known the regionst

Superiority
 Buckhaven

<sup>9</sup> Goodwife 4 Comfortable

<sup>5</sup> Kerchief - 1 cov mg for the head 6 The breside blace

her native district as "The Flower of Strathmore" She married Mr. Smythe of Methven, one of the judges of the Court of Session

BLITTIE, blithe, and merry 'vas she, Blithe was she but and ben: 1 Blithe by the banks of Earn, And blithe in Glenturit glen.

By Auchtertyie grows the aik, On Yarrow banks the birken shaw;<sup>2</sup> ' But Phemie was a bonnier lass Than brace o' Yarrow ever saw.

Her looks were like a flower in May, Her smile was like a simmer morn; She tripped by the banks of Earn, As light's a bird upon a thorn.

Her bonny face it was as meek
As ony lamb upon a lea;
The evening sun was ne'er sac sweet
As was the blink o' Phemie's ee.

The Highland hills I've wander'd wide, And o'er the Lowlands I has been. But Phemie was the blithe-t lass. That ever trod the dewy green.

#### PONNY DUNDEE.

Tune -" Bonny Dundee "

Burns is only answerable for the second verse of the following.

Ott, where did ye get that hauver3-meal baanock?
Oh, silly blind body, oh, dinna ye see?
I gat it frae a brisk young sodger laddie,
Between Saint Johnston and bonny Dundee.
Oh, gin I saw the laddie that gae me't!
Afthas hedoudled4 me upon his knee;
May Heaven protect my bonny Scots laddie;
And send him safe lame to his baby and me!

My blessin's upon thy sweet wee lippie.

My blessin's upon thy bonny cebree!

Thy smiles are sac like my blithe sodger laddic,

Thou's aye be dearer and dearer to me!

In kitchen and parlour

<sup>2</sup> Birchen-woods

<sup>7</sup> Oat 4 Dandled

SONGS.

But I'll big a hower on yon bonny banks,
Where Tay rins wimplin' by sae clear;
And I'll cleed thee in the tartan sae fine,
And mak thee a man like thy daddie dear

## THE JOYFUL WIDOWER.

Tune-" Maggy Lauder."

I MARRIED with a scolding wife,
The fourteenth of November;
She made me weary of my life
By one unruly member.
Long did I bear the heavy yoke,
And namy griefs attended,
But, to my comfort be it spoke,
Now, now her life is ended.

We lived full one-and-twenty years
As man and wife together;
At length from me her comes she steer'd,
And's gone I know not whither;
Would I could guess, I do profess!
I speak, and do not flatter,
Of all the women in the world,
I never could come at her.

Her body is bestowed well,

A handsome grave does hide her;
But sure her soul is not in hell,

The deal could ne'er abide her.

I rather think she is aloft,
And imitating thunder;
For why, methinks I hear her voice

Tearing the clouds asunder.

#### A ROSEBUD BY MY EAPLY WALK.

Tune-"The Roselaid"

THE heroine of the following song was Miss Cruikshank, daughter of the poet's friend, Mr. Cruikshank, 30 St. Jaines Squue, Edinburghe A poere addressed to her will be found at page 143

A ROSEBUD by my early walk, ... Adown a corn-enclosed bawk.

<sup>1</sup> An open space in a comfield

Sae gently bent its thorny stalk,
All on a dewy morning
Ere twice the shades o' dawn are fled,
In a' its crimson glory spread,
And drooping rich the dewy head,
It scents the carly morsing

Within the bush, her covert nest A little limiet fondly prest,
The dew sat chilly on her breast
Sae early in the morning.
She soon shall see her tender brood.
The pride, the preasure o' the wood,
Aming the fresh green leaves bedew'd,
Awake the only morning.

So thou, dear bird, young Jenny fan †
On trembling string, or vocal an,
Shall sweetly pay the tender care
That tends thy early morning
So thou, sweet rosebud, young and gay,
Shalt beauteons blaze upon the day,
And bless the parent's evening ray
That watch'd thy early morning.

# BRAVING ANGRY WINTER'S STORMS.

Tune "Neil Gow's Lamentation for Abercarry"

The two following songs were written in prince of Miss Margaret Chalmers, a relative of the poet's friend, Mr. Gavin Alamilton

Where, braving angly Winter's storms. The lofty Ochils use,
I'ar in their Shade my Peggy's charas. First blest my wondering eyes;
As one who by some savage stream. A lonely gem surveys,
Astonish'd, doubly marks its beam,
With ait's most polish'd blaze.

Blest to the wild sequester'd shade,
And blest the day and hour,
Where Peggy's charm. I first survey'd,
When first I felt their power!
The tyrant Death, with grim control,
May seize my fleeting breath,
But tearing Peggy from my soul
Must be a stronger death.

# MY PEGGY'S FACE. Tuno-" My Peggy's Face."

My Peggy's face, my Peggy's form, The frost of heimit age might warm; My Peggy's worth, my Peggy's mind, Might chaim the first of humankind. I love my Peggy's angel air, Her face so truly, heavenly fan, Hei native grace so void of ail, But I adore my Peggy's heait.

The hly's hue, the rose's dye,
The kindling lustic of an eye;
Who but owns then magic sway!
Who but knows they all decay!
The tender thrill, the pitying tear,
The generous purpose, nobly dear,
The gentle look, that rage disaims—
These are all immortal chaims.

# THE BANKS OF THE DEADN

I une "Bhanarach dhonn a chrindh,"

"Tits st verses," says Bures, in his notes in the Musical Musicum, "were composed on a charming gail, Miss Christite Hamilton, who is now married to InnesM. As our, physician. She is safer to miv worthy friend, Gavin frainfloton of Mauchline, and was born on the banks of the Avr. but was, at the time I wrote these lines, residing at Harveston, in Clacker unranshire, on the research banks of the little river Devon."

How pleasant the banks of the ctear-winding Devon, With green-spreading bushes, and flowers blooming fair But the bonniest flower on the banks of the Devon Was once a sweet bild on the biass of the Ayr.

Mild be the sun on this sweet-blushing flower,
In the gay rosy morn, as it bathes in the dew!
And gentle the fall of the soft vernal shower,
That steals on the evening each leaf to renew

Oh, spare the dear blossom, ye orient breezes, With chill hoary wing, as ye usher the dawn! And far be thou distant, thou reptile, that seizes. The vending and pride of the garden and hwn!

Let Bourkon exult in his gay gilded blies, And England, trumphant, display her proud rose. A fairer than either adoms the green valleys Where Devon, sweet Devon, meandering flows.

#### MACPHERSON'S FAREWELL.

#### Tune-" M'Phersou's Rant"

The following was designed by the poet as an improvement on a well-known old song entitled, "Macpherson's Lament." The following account of Macpherson is from Mr Chambers's edition of the poet's works:—"James Macpherson was a noted Highland freebooter of incommon personal strength, and an excellent performer on the violin. After holding the counties of Abeideen, Banff, and Morday in fear for some years, he was seized by Duff of Braco, ancestor of the Earl of Fife, and tried before the sheriff of Banffshiro, (November 7, 1700), along with certain gipsies who had been taken in his company. In the pirson, while he lay under sentence of death, he composed a song and an appropriate air, the former commencing thus.—

'I've spent my time in rioting,
Debauch'd my bealth and strength;
I squander'd fist is pillage came,
And fell to sham, it length
But dantonly and want only,
And rantingly I'll gae,
I'll play a time, and dance it rour'
Beneath the gallows-tree'

When brought to the place of execution, on the Gallows-hill of Banff, (Nov. 16.) he played the time on his violin, and then askell if any friend was present who would accept the instrument is a gift at his hands. No one coming forward, he indignantly broke the violin on his knee, and threw away the fragments, after which he submitted to his fate. The traditionary facounts of Macpheron's immense prowess are justified by his word, which is still preserved in Duff House, at Banff, and is an implement of great length and weight—as well as by his bones, which were found a few years ago, and were allowed by all who saw them to be much stronger than the hones of ordinary men."

FARFWELL, ye dungeons dark and strong, The wretch's destine! Macpherson's time will not be long On yonder gallows-tree.

Sae rantingly, sae wantonly,
Sae dauntingly gaed he;
He play'd a spring, and danced it round,
Below the gallows-tree.

Oh! what is death but parting breath?—On mony a bloody plain
I've dared his face, and in this place
I scorn him yet again!

Unite these hands from off my hands, And bring to me my sword! And there's no a man in all Scotland But I'll brave him at a word.

I've lived a life of sturt and strife; I die by tre.cherie: It burns my heart I must depart And not avenged be. SONGS.

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Now farewell light—thou sunshine bright, And all beneath the sky! May coward shame distain his name, at he wretch that dares not die!

WHISTLE, AND I'LL COME TO YOU, MY LAD.

OH, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad; Oh, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad: Though father and mother should bath gae mad, Oh, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad.

Come down the back stairs when ye come to court me; Come down the back stairs when ye come to court me; Come down the back stairs and let naebody see, And come as ye weren coming to me.

#### STA. MY CHARMER.

Tune -- An Cili dubh car dhubh "

STAY, my charmer, can you leave me? Cruel, cruel to deceive me! Well you know how much you grieve me; Cruel charmer, can you go? Cruel charmer, can you go?

By my love so ill required;
By the fatth you foully plighted;
By the pangs of lovers slighted;
Do not, do not leave me so to not. do not leave me so to leav

# STRATHALLAN'S LAMENT.

THE Strathglian of the following lines was William, fourth Viscount of the name, who fell as Culloden in 1766. The poet, misinformed in the particular, imagines him to have escaped to some secure place after the battle.

THICK! ST night, o'erhang my dwelling!
Howling tempests, o'er me rave!
Turbid torrents, wintry swelling,
Still surround my lonely cave!

Crystal streamlets gently flowing, Busy haunts of base mankind, Western breezes softly blowing, Suit not my distracted mind.

In the cause of right engaged, Wrongs injurious to redices. Honour's war we strongly waged, Out the heavens cented success.

Ruin's wheel has driven o'er us,
Not a hope that dare attend,
The wide world is all before us—
But a world w thout a friend!

#### THE YOUNG HIGHLAND ROVER.

Tune-" Morag."

Lot n blaw the frosty breezes,
The snaws the mountains cover;
Like winter on me series,
Since my young Highland rover
Far wanders nations over.
Where'er he go, where'er he stray,
May Heaven be his warden;
Return him safe to fan Strathspey,
And bonny Castle-Gordon!

The trees, now naked groaning,
Shalt soon wi' leaves be hing: g,
The birdies, dowie moaning,
Shall a be bluthely singing,
And every flower be springing.
Sae I'll rejoice the lee-lang day,
When by his mighty warden
My youth's return'd to fair Strathspey,
And bonny Castle-Gordon.

SONGS.

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# RAVING WINDS AROUND HER PLOWING.

\* Tune -" Macgregor of Ruara's Lament."

"I convosen these verses," says Bunns, "on Miss Isabella M'Leod of Raasay, alluding to her feelings on the death of her sister, and the still more melantholy death of her sister's husband, the late Fail of Loudon, who shot namelfout of sheer heartbreak at some mortification he suffered from the deranged state of his humbes."

RAVING winds around her blowing, Yellow leaves the woodlands strowing, By a river hoarsely roating, Isabella stray'd deploring:—
'Farewell hours that late did measure smishine days of joy and pleasure; Hail thou gloomy might of sorrow, Cheerless night that knows no morrow!

"O'er the past too fondly wandering, On the hopeless future pondering; Chilly Grief my life-blood freezes, Fell Despair my fancy serves. Life, thou soul of every blessing, Load to Miscry most distressing. Oh, how gladly 1 diresign thee, And to dark oblivion join thee!"

#### MUSING ON THE ROARING OCEAN.

Tran ~ " Drumnon Dubh "

'I COMPOSED these verses," says the poet, "out of complanent to a Mrs. Maclachlan, whose husband was an officer in the East Indics."

MUSING on the roating ocean, Which divides my love and me; Wearying Heaven in warm devotion, For his weal where'er he be,—

Hope and Fear's alternate billow Yielding late to Nature's law, Whispering spurts round my pillow Talk of him that's far awa'.

Ye whom sorrow never wounded, Ye who never shed a tear, Carc-untroubled, joy-surrounded, Gaudy Day to you is dear. SONGS!

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Gentle Night, do thou befriend me; Downy Sleep, the curtum draw; Spints kind, again attend mes— Talk of him that's fur awa!

#### LONNI PLOGY ALISON

Inne-"Bines o Palquindder."

The heroine of this seng is thought to have been the "Montgomers's Peggy" of the song of that name, and the adject of executions songs.

I'll k s thee vet, yet, And I'll kiss thee o'er again; And I'll k ss tibe yet, vet, My bouny be gy Akson!

Ilk cue and feu, when thou ut neur,
I ever mur defy them, O,
Young kings upon their hansel! throne
Are nae see ble t as I am, O!

When in my tims, wi' a' thy chaims, I clasp my countless treasure, O, I seek nac mair o' Heaven to share, Than sie a moment's pleasure, O!

And by thy cen, sae bonny blue, I swear I'm thine for ever, ()' — And on thy hips I sail my yow, And break it shall I never, O!

#### THE CHIVALLER'S LAMENT.

Ling 'Cutin O Kem"

"YISTLIDAS wrote I is no to his friend (leghous, "as I was riding through a tract of melancholy jayless more, but seem Gall way and dyrshire, it being Sunday, I turned my thoughts to pealms, and hymns and spiritual songs, and your favourite air, (aptain O'Kean, coming at length into my head, I trace these words to it. I am to'erably pleased with the verses but as I have duly a sketch of the time, I have it with you to try if they suit the measure of the music." In reply Clegorius suggests, "thirty ou would send me a verse of two more, and, if you have no objection "I would have it in in Jacobite style suppose it should be sung after the fatal field of Culloden, by the infortunate marks." The poet followed his fire id a anne.

The small birds rejoice in the green leaves returning, The marmaring streamlet winds through the vale,

The hawthorn trees blow, in the dew of the morning, And wild scatter'd cowships bedeck the green date: But what can give pleasure, or what can seem fair, while the lingering moments are number'd by care? No flowers garly springing, nor buids sweetly singing, Can soothe the sad bosom of joyless despair.

The deed that I dared, could it merit their malice,
A king, and a father, to place on his throne?

His right are these hills, and his right are these valleys,
Where the wild beasts find shelter, but I can find none.
But 'tis not my sufferings thus wretched—forlorn,
My brave gallant firends! 'tis your rum I mounn;"
Your deeds proved so loyal in hot bloody trial—
Alas! can I make you no sweeter return?

#### OF A' THE AIRTS THE WIND CAN BLAW

Tune-" Miss Admiral Gordon's Strathspey "

"I convosed this song," says the poet, "out of compliment to Mrs. Burr during our honeymoon."

OF a' the sits the wind can blaw,
I dearly like the west,
For there the bonny lassic lives,
The lassic I lo'e best:
There wild woods grow, and rivers row,
And mony a hill between;
But dry and right, my fancy's flight
Is ever wi' my Jgan.

I see her in the dewy flowers,
I see her sweet and fair:
I hear her in the taneful binds,
I hear her chafin the air:
There's not a bonny flower that springs
By foundain, shaw, or green.
There's not a bonny bind that rags,
But minds me o' my Jean.

#### OH, WERE I ON PARNASSUS' HILL.

, ÷

Frane - " My love is lost to me "

This was also produced in hopour of Mrs. Durns, shortly before she took in, her residence at Ellisland as the poet's wife

OH, were I on Parnassus' hill! Or had of Helicon my fill; That I might catch poetic skill
To sing how dear I love thee.
But Nith mann be my Muse's well,
My Muse mann be thy bonny Sel,
On Consincon I'll glower<sup>1</sup> and spell,
And write how dear I love thee.

Then come, sweet Muse, inspire my lay!

For a' the lee-lang summer's day

I couldna sing, I couldna say,

How much, how dear, I love thee

I see thee daneing o'er the green,

Thy waist sae jump,<sup>2</sup> thy limbs sae clean,<sup>8</sup>

Thy tempiting lips, thy roguish cen—

By heaven and earth I love thee!

By night, by day, a-h ld, at/hame,
The thoughts o' thee my breast inflame;
And aye I muse and sing thy name—
I only live to love thee.
Though I were doom'd to wander on
Beyond the sea, beyond the sun,
Till my last weary sand was inn;
Till then—and then I d love thee.

# THE FETE CHAMPETRE.

June - "Killicerankie,"

GILBERT BURNS gives the following account of this billed —"When Mr. Cunninghame of Enterkin came to his existe, two mansion-hooses on it. Enterkin and Ambiank, were both in a minons state. Wishing to introduce himself with some Adat to the county, he got temporary creations made on thanks of the Art, tistefully decorated with shines and flow os, for a support and bill, to which most of the respectable families in the county were invited. It was a novelty in the county, and attracted much notice. A dissolution of parhiment was soon expected, and this feativity wis thought to be an introduction to a convision for representing the county. Several other candidates were spoken of, particularly Sir John Whiteloord, then residing at Clonicard, continuity of the production of the political views of this feative assemblinge, which are allufed to in the ballad, if they ever existed, were, however, laid aside, as Mr. Cunninghame did not canvass the county.

"Oit, wha will to Saint Stephen's house, To do our creands there, man? Oh, wha will to Saint Stephen's house, O' th' merry lads of Ayr, man? Or will we send a man-o'-law?
Or will we send a sodger?
Or him wha led o'er Scotland a'
The meikle¹ Ursa-Major?

Come, will ye court a noble lord,
Or buy a score o' lairds, man?
For worth and honour pawn their word,
Their vote shall be Glencaird's, man.
Ane gies them coin, ane gies them wine,
Anither gies them clatter;
Annbank, wha guess'd the ladies' taste,
He gies a Fête Champêtre.

When Love and Beauty heard the news,
The gay greenwoods amang, man;
Where gathering flowers and busking bowers,
They heard the blackbird's sang, man:
A vow, they seal'd it with a kiss,
Sir Politics to fetter,
As theirs alone, the patent-bliss,
To hold a Fête Champêtre.

Then mounted Mirth, on gleesome wing,
O'er hill and dale she flew, man;
Ilk wimpling burn, ilk crystal spring,
Ilk glen and shaw she knew, man;
She summon'd every social sprite,
That sports by wood or water,
On the bonny banks of Ayr to meet,
And keep this Fête Champêtre,

Cauld Borcas, wi his boisterous ciew,
Were bound to stakes like kye, man;
And Cynthia's car, o' silver fig.
Clamb up the starry sky, man:
Reflected beams dwell in the streams,
Or down the current shatter;
The western breeze steals through the trees
To view this Fête Champêtre.

How many a tobe sae gaily floats!
What spatkling jewels glance, man!
To Harmony's enchanting notes,
As moves the mazy dance, man.

1 Great.

3 Talk.

<sup>3</sup> Dressin. 4 Wood.

The echoing wood, the winding flood, Lake paradise did glitter, When angels met, at Adam's yett,1 To hold then Fête Champetre!

When Politics came there, to m x And make his ether-stane, man ! He circled round the magic ground, But entrance found he now, man . " He 'slush'd for shame, he quat his name, Forswore it, every letter, Wi' humble prayer to join and share This festive I de Champêtie.

#### THE DAY RETURNS

Tune -" Seventh of November "

In a letter to Miss Chalmers, a friend of the poet's, he to this song - "One of the most tolerable things I have is these two stanzas I made to an an amusical gentleman of my equantime [Captain Riddel of Glenriddel] composed for the annive try of his weddings day

avs with reference lone for some time

Title day returns, my bosom hurns, The blesful day we two did most: Though winter wild in tempest toild, Ne'er summer sun evas half sae sweet. Than a' the pride that loads the tide, And crosses o'er the sultry line, Than kingly robes, thria crowns and globes, Heaven give me more -it made thee mine!

While day and night can bring delight, Or nature aught of pleasure give, While joys above my mind can move, For thee, and thee alor " I hye! When that grun foe of life below Comes in between to make us part, The non hand that breaks our band, It breaks my blissent breaks my hear!

#### 1 Gate

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Alliding to a superstition," says Chambers, "which represents adders as forming annually from their slough certain little annular stones of streaked colouring, which are occasionally found, and the real origin of which is supposed be entiquenes to be Druidical

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#### THE DISCREET HINT.

\*LASS, when your mather is frac hand,
May I but be sae bauld
As come to your hower window,
And creep in frac the could?
As come to your bower window,
And when it's could and wat,
Warm me in thy fair bosom—
Sweet lass, may I do that?"

"Young man, gin ye should be sac kind, When our gudewife's frac hame, As come to my bower window, Whate I fin laid my lane, To warm thee m my bosom, Tal tent, I'll tell thee what, The way to me be, through the kirk—Young man, do ye hear that?"

#### THE LAZY MIST.

Tune-" Here's a boulth to my time love"

The lazy must hangs from the brow of the hill, Concealing the course of the dark-winding rill! How languid the scenes, late so soinghtly, appear! As Autumn to Winter resigns the pale year. The ferests are leafless, the incadows are brown, Another the gay foppery of Summer is flown. Apare let me wander, apart let me ause, flow quick Time is flying, how keen Fate pursues!

How long I have lived—but how much lived in vain!
How little of life's scartly span may remain!
What aspects old Time, in his progress, has worn!
What ties cruel Fate in my losoful has torn!
How foolish, or worse, till our summit is gain'd!
And downward, how weaken'd, how darken'd how pain'd!
This life's not worth having with all it can give
For something beyond it poor man sure must live.

Heed

# I HAE A WIFE O' MY AIN.

7 une -- " Nachody "

THE following lines were written shortly after he' ad taken his wife home to

I HAE a wife o' my am—

I'll partake wi' mebody
I'll tak cuckold frae mare,
I'll gie cuckold to mebody.
I hae a penny to spend,
Ther,—thanks to naebody;
I hae maething to lend—
I'll borrow frae naebody.

I am naebody's tord—
I'll be slave to naebody;
I hae a guid braid sword,
I'll tak dunts' frae naebody;
I'll be merry and free,
I'll be sad for naebody;
If naebody care for me,
I'll care for naebody.

#### AULD LANG SYNE.

SHOULD auld acquaintance be forgot,
And never brought to min'?
Should auld acquaintance be forgot,
And days o' long syne?

Fe. auld lang syne, my dear, For auld lang syne, We'll tak a cup o' kindness yet For auld lang syne!

We twa hae run about the braes,
And pu'd the gowans fine;
But we've wander'd mony a weary foot
Sin' auld lang syne.

We two has paidl't i' the burn, Frac morning sun till dine But seas between us braid hae roar'd Sin' auld lang syne.

And here's a hand, my trusty fiere, '
And gies a hand o' thme;
And we'll tak a right gind willie-waught'
For auld lang syne!

And surely ye'il be your pint-stoup, And surely I'll be mine; And we'll tak a cup o' kindness yet, For auld lang syne.

#### MY BONNY MARY

Tune-" Go fetch to me a pint o' wine "

THE first four lines of this song are from an old ballad-the rest are Burns's

Go fetch to me a pint o' wine,
And fill it in a silver tassie,'
That I may drink, before I go,
A service to my bonny lasse;
The boat rocks at the pier o' Leith;
Fu' loud the wind blaws frae the ferry:
The ship rides by the Berwick-law,
And I maun leave my bonny Mary.

The trumpets sound, the banners fly,
The glittering spears are ranked ready:
The shouts o' war are heard afar,
The battle closes thick and bloody;
But it's not the roar o' sea or shore
Wad make me langer wish to tarry:
Nor shout o' war that's heard afar—
It's leaving thee, my bonny Mary.

#### MY HEART WAS ANCE AS BLITHE AND FREE.

Tune-"To the weavers gen ye go."

Tug chorus of this song is taken from a very old ditty.

My heart was ance as bitthe and free As simmer days were lang,

But a bonny westlin' weaver lad Has gait me change my sang.

To the weavers gin ye go, fair makls,
To the weavers gin ye go,
I redel you right, gang fieler at night,
To the vovers gin ye go

My mither sent me to the town, To warp 2 a plaiden wab, But the weary, weary warpin' o't Has gart 3 me sigh and sab.

A bonny westlin' weaver hid Sat working at his loom; He took my hear as wi' a net, In every knot and thrum'

I sat beside my warpin'-wheel, And aye I ca'd it roun'; But every shot and every knock, My heart it gae a stoun.

The moon was surking in the west Wi' visage pale and wan,
As my bonny westlin' weaver had Convoy'd me through the glen

But what was said, or what was done, Shame fa' me gip I tell; But, oh! I fear the kintra" soon Will ken as weel's mysel.

#### BRAW LADS OF GALA WATER

Tune-" Gala Water "

This air and chorus of this song are both very old. Burns wrote the following for "The Scots Musical Museum," He afterwards parate the second version for Thomson.

BRAW, braw lads of Gala Water;
Oh, braw lads of Gala Water:
I'll kilt my coats aboon my knee,
And follow my love through the water.

Sae fair her hair, sae brent 1 her brow, Sae bonny blue her een, my dearie; Sae white her teeth, sae sweet her mou', • The man I kiss she's aye my dearie.

O'er you bank and o'er you brae,
O'er you moss among the heather;
I'll kilt² ray coats aboon my knee,
And follow my love through the water.

Down among the broom, the broom,

Down among the broom, my dearre,
The lassic lost her silken snowl,\*

That cost her mony a blirt and bleary.\*

# GMA WATER

#### SICOND VIRSION

THERE's braw, braw lads on Yarrow bracs, They wander through the blooming heather; T at Yarrow bracs not Fittick shaws Can match the lads of Gilla Water.

But there is one, a secret one, Aboon them a' I lu'e him better; And I II be his, and he'll be mine, The bonny lad o' Sala Water.

Although his daddie was nac laird, And though I hagns sacakle tocher, 4 Yet rich in kindess, true t love, We'll tent our flocks by Gala Water.

It no er was wealth, it no er was wealth,

That coft is contentment, peace, or pleasure;

The hands and bliss of mutual love,

Oh, that is the chiefest warld's treasure!

<sup>1</sup> High and smooth 2 Tuck up and fix.

<sup>8</sup> Sigh and tear 4 Much money.

<sup>5</sup> Pought.

<sup>\*</sup> The snood or ribind with which a Scottish lass braided her har hed an emblematical signification, and applied to her maider than the trace changed for the care, try, or earl, when she passed by matrixee into the matron state. But if the damsel was comfortunate as to lose pretensions to the name of maiden without gaining a right to that of matron she was neither permitted to use the snood nor advance to the graver dignity of the curch—bcot1.

#### HER DADDIE FORBAD.

Tune-" Jumpin' John "

HER daddie forbad, her munic forbad Forbidden she wadna be: She wadna trow't the browst she brew'd Wad taste sae bitterhe.

> The lang lad they ca' Jumpin' John Beguiled the bonny lassie; The lang lad they ca' Jumpin' John Beguiled the bonny lassie.

A cow and a calf, a ewe and a hauf,

And thretty guid shillin's and three.

A very guid tocher, a cotter-man's dochter,

The lass with the bonny black ee.

#### HEY, THE DUSTY MILLER.

Tune -- "The Dusty Miller."

Iley, the dusty miller,
And his dusty coat;
He will win a shilling
Or he spend a groat,
Dusty was the coat,
Dusty was the colour,
Dusty was the kiss
I got frae the miller.

Hey, the dusty miller,
And his dusty sack;
Leeze me on the calling
Fills the dusty peck.
Fills the dusty peck,
Brings the dusty saller
I wad gic my coatle
For the dusty miller.

THENIEL MENZIE'S BONNY MARY

Trune—"The Ruffian's Rant"

In coming by the brig o' Dye,
At Darlet we a blink did tarry;

As day was dawin in the sky, We drank a health to bonny Mary.

> Theniel Menzie's bonny Mary, Theniel Menzie's bonny Mary; Charlie Gregor tunt<sup>1</sup> his plaidie, Kissin' Theniel's bonny Mary.

Her een sae bright, her brow sae white, Her haffet<sup>2</sup> locks as brown's a beiry; And aye they dimpl't wi' a smile, The rosy cheeks o' bonny Mary.

We lap and danced the lee-lang day, Till piper lads were wae and weary; But Charlie gat the spring to pay, For kissin Theniel's bonny Mary.

#### WEARY FA' YOU, DUNCAN GRAY

Tune-" Duncan Gray."

This first version of an old song was written for the Museum. The poet afterwards composed a second and more famous version and sent it to Thomson.

WEARY fa' you, Dancan Gray—
IIa, ha, the girdin''s o't!
Wae gae by you. Duncan Gray—
Ha, ha, the girdin' o't!
When a' the lave gae to their play,
Then I maun sit the lee-lang day,
And jog the cadle wi' my tae,
And a' for the girdin' o'

Bonny was the Lammas moon—
IIa, ha, the girdin' o't!
Glowerin' a' the hills aboon—
IIa, ha, the girdin' o't!
The girdin' brak, the beast cam down,
I tint my curch<sup>5</sup> and baith my shoon—
Ah! Duncan, ye'ie an unco loon—
Wae on the bad girdin' o't!

<sup>1</sup> Lost.

2 Temple.

But, Duncan, gin ye'll keep your aith,
Ha, ha, the gudin' o't!—
I'se bless you wi' my hundmost breath—
Ha, ha, the girdin' o't!

Duncan, gin ye'll keep your aith—
The beast again can bear its baith,
And auld Mess John will mend the skaith;
And clout! the bad girdin' o't.

#### DUNCAN GRAY

#### SECOT TERSION a

DUNCAN GRAY cam here to woo,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.
On blithe yile night when we were fou,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.
Maggie coost her head fu' heigh,
Look'd asklent and vneo skeigh,
Gait poor Duncan stand abeigh,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.

Duncan fleech'd, and Duncan pray'd,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't;
Meg was deaf as Ailsa Craig,\*
Ha, ha, the wooing o't
Duncan sigh'd batth out and m,
Grat<sup>5</sup> his cen baith bleert and blin',
Spak o' lowpin' o'er a linn,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't

Time and chance are but a tide;

Ha, ha, the woring o't;

Slighted love is sair to bide;

Ha, ha, the wooing o t.

Shall I, like a foot, quoth he,

For a haughty hizzie die?

She may gae to—France for me!

Ha, ha, the wooing o't

How it comes let doctors tell; Ha, ha, the woong of,

' Wept.

<sup>1</sup> Patch up 2 Disdainful

<sup>3</sup> Aloof. 4 Flattered.

A well-known rocky islet in the mouth of the Frith of Clyde.

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Meg grew sick as he grew hale;
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.
Something in her bosom wrings,
For relief a sigh she brings.
And oheher een, they spak sic things!
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.

Duncan was a lad o' grace;
Ha, ha, the wooing o't;
Maggie's was a piteous case,
Ha, ha, the wooing o't.
Duncan couldna be her death,
Swelling pity smoor'd<sup>1</sup> his wrath;
Now they're crouse and canty<sup>2</sup> baith;
Ha, ha, the wooing o't

#### THE PLOUGHMAN.

Time-" Up wi' the ploughman

The fourth and fifth verses only of this t ea are by Bur the remainder by some older

THE ploughman he's a bonny lad, His mind is ever tine, jo; His garters knit below his knee, His bonnet it is blue, jo

> Then up wi' my plonghman lad, And hey my meny plonghman! Of a' the trades that I do ken, Commend me to the plonghman.

My ploughman he comes hame at e'en, He's aften wat and weary; Cast aff the wat, put on the dry, And gae to bed, my deane!

I will wash my ploughman's hose, And I will dress his o'erlay; <sup>3</sup> I will mak my ploughman's bed, And cheer him late and early.

I had been east, I had been west,
 I had been at Saint Johnston;

 The bonniest sight that e'er I saw
 Was the ploughman laddie dancin.

Snaw-white stockings on his legs, And siller, buckles glancm'; A guid blue bonnet on his head— And oh, but he was hand-ome!

Commend me to the barn-yard, And the corn-mou,\* man; I never gat my coggie fu', Till I met wi' the ploughman.

#### LANDLADY, COUNT THE LAWIN

Tune-" Hey Tutt Tatt."

THE first two verses of this are by Buins; the others belong to a ditty of an earlier date

LANDLADY, count the 'awin,
The day is near the dawin;
Ye're a' blind diunk, boys,
And I'm but jolly fou.
Hey tuth, taith,
How tutti, taiti—
Wha's fou now?

Cog and ye were aye fou, Cog and ye were aye fou, I wad sit and sing to you, If ye were ay? fou.

Weel may ye a' be!
Ill may we neve, see!
God bless the king, boys,
And the companie!
Jey tutti, taiti,
How tutti, taiti—
Wha's fou now?

#### TO DAUNTON ME.

Trone-" To daunton me."

THE blude-red rose at Yule may blaw, The simmer lilies bloom in snaw,

<sup>\*</sup> The gap left in the pile of corn-sheaves in the barn as they are removed to the threshing-floor.

# SONGS.

The frost may freezo the deepest sea; But an auld man shalf never daunton me.

> To daunton me, and me so young, Wi' his fause heart and flatt'ring tongue, That, is the thing you ne'er shall see; For an auld man shall never daunton me

For a' his meal and a' his maut, For a' his fresh beef and his saut, For a' his gold and white monie, An auld man shall never daunton me.

His gear may buy him kye and yowes, His gear may buy him glens and knowes; But me he shall not buy nor fee, For an aul 1 man shall never daunton me.

He hirples 1 twa-fauld as he dow, 2 Wi' his teethless gab? and his auld beld pow, 4 And the rain dreeps down fine his red bleer'd er That auld man shall never daunton me.

#### COME BOAT ME O'ER TO CHARLIE.

Tune-" O'er the Water to Charlie"

COME boat me o'er; come row me o'er, Come boat me o'er to Charlie; I'll gie John Ross another bawbee, To boat me o'er to Charlie.

> We'll o'er the water and o'er the sea, We'll o'er the water to Charlie; Come weel, come woe we'll guthey and go, And live or die wi' Charlie.

I lo'e weel my Charlie's name, Though some there be abbon him: But oh, to see auld Nick gaun hame And Charlie's facs before him!

I sweat and vow by moon and stars, And sun that shines so early, If I had twenty thousand lives, I'd die as alt for Charlie.

# RATTLIN', ROARIN' WILLIE

Tune-" Rattlin', roarm' Willies'

"The hero of this claim, 'says Barns, "was one of the worthest fellow in the world-William Dimbar, Esq., writer to the signet, l'Imbingh, and coloud of the Crochallan corps—a chib diwis, who took that title at the time of rusing the femable regiments."

The last stanzi only was the work of the poet

O AVIIIN', toarin' Willie,
Oh, he held to the fan,
And for to sell his fiddle,
And buy ome other ware;
But parting 't' his fiddle,
The suct tear blir't his ce,
And ratthm', roaim' Wilhe,
Ye're welcome han to goe!

O Willie, come sell your fiddle,
Oh, sell your fiddle sac fine;
O Willie, come sell your fiddle,
And buy a pint o' wine!
If I should sell my fiddle,
The wail' would think I was mad;
For mony a rantin' day
My fiddle and I hac had.

As I cam by Crochallan,
I cannily keckit ben—
Rattlin', roarin' Wilhe
Was sitting at yon board en';
Sitting at yon board en';
And amang gual companie;
Rattlin', roarin' Wilhe,
Yore welcome hanc to me!

#### MY HOGGIE

Twic-" What will I do gin my hoggie die i."

WHAT will I do gin my hoggie die?
My joy, my prole, my hoggie!
'My only beast, I had nae mae,
And vow lut I was vogie!

I Vam

<sup>\*</sup> Wregu -a young sheep before it is first shorn

SONGA.

The lee-lang night we watch'd the fauld Me and my faithfu' doggie. We heard nought but the roaming linn, Amangahe braces sae scroggie;<sup>1</sup>

The blutter " frac the boggie,
The blutter " frac the boggie,
The tod " replied upon the hill,
I trembled for my boggie

When day did daw, and cocks did craw The morning it was foggie, An unco tyke hap o'er the dike, And maist his kill'd my hoggie

#### UP IN THE MORNING EARLY

The chorus of this song is old, but the two stanzas are  $\mathrm{Bm}$ 

CHOSTS

Up in the morning's no for me, Up in the morning early; When a' the hills one cover d wi' snaw, I in sure it's winter fairly.

Cauld blaws the wind frac east to west, The drift is driving sairly, Sac loud and shrill I hear the blast, I in sure it's winter, fairly

The birds sit chiftering in the thorn, A' day they free but parely, And lang's the night in e'en to morn, I'm sure it's winter fauly.

## I'M O'ER YOUNG TO MARRY YET

I une-" I'm o'er young to many vet"

I AM my mammy sace batte,
Wi' mico folk I weary; su;
And lying an aman's bed,
I'm fley d<sup>6</sup> wad mak me ceric, <sup>7</sup> sir

<sup>1</sup> Full of stanted bushes 2 Mircsinpe

<sup>3</sup> For 4 A stringe dog 5 Sheeting.

I'm o'er young to marry yet;
I'm o'er young to marry yet;
I'm o'er young—'twad be a sin
To tak me frae my mammy yet

My mammy coft me a new fown,
The kirk maun hae the gracing o't;
Weie I to he wi' you, kind sir,
I'm fear'd ye'd spoil the lacing o't.

Hallowmas is come and gane,
The nights are lang in winter, sir;
And you and I in ac bed,
In trouth I dare na venture, sir.

Fu' loud and shrill the frosty wind Blaws through the leafless tunnier, sir; But if ye come this gate again, I'll aulder be gin simmer, sir.

#### THE WINTER IS PAST

THE winter it is past, and the summer's come at last, And the fittle birds sing on every free; Now everything is glad, while I am very sad, Since my true love is pasted from me.

The rose upon the brier, by the waters running clear, May have chains for the limit on the bee; Then little loves are blest, and their little hearts at rest, But my true love is parted from me.

My love is like the sun, in the firmament does run.
For ever is constant and true;
But his is like the moon, that wanders up and down,
And is every month changing anew.

All you that are in love, and cannot it remove,

I put the pains you endule:

For experience makes me know that your hearts are full

o' woe,

A woe that no mortal can cure.

## OH, WILLIE BREW'D A PECK O' MAUT

J'une -" Willie brew'd a peck o' mant."

SPEAKING of this famous song the poet says - "The ur is Allan Masterton's, the song mine The occasion of it was this - Mr William Nicol of the High School, Edityburgh, being at Moffat mirring the autimin vacation, honest Allan - who was at that time on a visit to Dalswinton- and I went to pay Nicol a visit We had such a joyous meeting that Masterton and I agreed, each in our own way, that we should celebrate the business."

OII, Willie brew'd a peck o' maut, And Rob and Allan cam to pree; <sup>1</sup> Three blither hearts, that lee-lang night, Ye wadna imd in Christendie.

> We are na fou, we're nae that fou, But just a drappie in our ce; The cock may craw, the day may daw Ard aye we'll taste the bailey bree.

Here are we met, three merry boys,
Three merry boys, I trow, are we;
And mony a night we've merry been,
And mony may we hope to be!

It is the moon -I ken her horn,
That's blinkin' in the lift sae hie;
She shines sae bright to wile us baine,
But, by my sooth, she'll wait a wee!

Wha first shall rise to gang awa', A cuckold, coward loon is he ! Wha last beside his chair shall fa', He is the king amang us three :

#### TO MARY IN HEAVEN.

. Tune-" Death of Captain Cook."

MARY CAMPBELL, the herome of this hid several of his finest songs, belonged to the neighbourhood of Dunoon, a village on the Frith of Clyde. She was in the service of Montgomery of Collsheld, when Burns hist because acquainted with her. She was a beautiful girl, the beau ideal of a "Stath lessie," who was as good as she was beautiful. There had been some love passing s, though

no, on his part of a serious nature, between them, and when the impture with the Armour family took place his thought strayed towing. Many Campbell There can be no doubt that very soon it doep and sincer attachment spring pleaseen them. It was an inged that Mary should Live her place in May, to prepare for her change of condition. Before she went to her fathers how either met and partied, when the following coremony was conacted bett een them.

Taking up then postnies on the opposite sides of a small brook, and holding a libble between them, they exchanged vows of lalchity towards each other. They then exchanged libbles. The copy given to M my has been preserved, it is in two volumes. On a blank leaf of the first volume is insertibed, in the poet's hand-writing, "And ye shall not swear by my name falsely. I am the Lord," (Lev xix 12). In the second volume, "Thou shalt not forswert thyself, but shalt perform unto the Lord thine oath," (Matt. v. 31). Another blank leaf in this volume bears his name and his masonic mark.

The lover recognict again. A few weeks after, Mary Campbell died suddenly a Greenok. Recently a monument was creeted over her grave by everal admires of the poet. On the third anniversary of the death of Highlind Mary. Jean Armon, by that time his wife, tells us that, towards the evening, "he grow said about something, wint into the birm card, when he strode residesh up and down for some time dithough repeatedly asked to come in himmediately on cutering the house. Said down and wrote 'To Mary in He wen," an outpoining of passion, which I occlust characterises as "the mobilect of all his ballads."

Thou ling ring star, with less rining ray.
That lovest to greet the early morn,
Again thou usher'st in the day
My Mary from my soul was torn.
() Mary! dear departed shade!
Where is thy place of blissful rest
see'st thou thy lover lowly laid?
Hear st thou the grouns that rend his breast?

That sacred hour can I forget,
Can I forget the hallow'd grove,
Where by the winding Ayr we met,
To live one day of parting love!
I'ternity will not efface
Tho e records dear of transports past;
Thy image at our last embrace;
Ah! hitle thought we 'twas our last!

Ayr, gurghing, kiss'd his pebbled shore,
O'eihung with wild woods, thick ning green;
The fragrant briel, and hawthorn hoas,
Twined amorous round the raptured scene.
The flowers sprang wanton to be prest,
The birds sang lose on every spray—
Till too, too stoot, the glowing west
Proclaim d the speed of winged day

Still o'er diese scenes my memory wakes, And foully bloods with miser care! Time but the impression stronger makes, As streams their channels deeper wear SONOS 355

My Mary! dear departed shade!

Where is thy place of blissful rest?

Sec'st thou thy lover lowly laid?

"Hear'st thou the grouns that rend his breast?

#### THE LADDIES BY THE BANKS O' NITH

Inne-" Up and want them a "

Wr owe Dundrie former n both side to miss a was the l following song to a contested election for the representation of the righs in (1789), between Sir James Johnston of Westerhall, tho ber and Cantain Miller of Dalswinton. As Britis had friends on took no very strong interest in eather, tak it of recording his detestation of the Dake of Quee head of the Tary faction who apported Captain Mille.

Titi laddies by the banks o' Nith Wid trust he Crace wi' a', Jamie. But he'll san them as he san'd the king, Turn tail and rin awa, Jamie

> Up and wain 1 them a', Jamie, Up and wain them a', The Johnstons hae the gunlin' o', Ye turnooat Whigs, awa'

The day he stood his country's friend, Or gaed her facs a claw, Jamie, Or frac puir man a blessin' wan, That day the duke no er saw Janne.

But wha is he, the country's boast, Like but there is ha twa, Jamie; There's no a callant tents the kye,<sup>2</sup> But kens o' Westerha', Jamie

To end the wark here's Whistlebin k, 'Lang may his whistle blaw, James; And Maxwell true o' sterling blue, And we'll be Johnstons a', Jame.

Up and warn them a', Jamie, Up and warr them a', The Johnstons hae the gnubn' o't, Ye turncoat Whigs, awa'

<sup>1</sup> Beat

<sup>2</sup> Boy tend, th

# THE FIVE CARLINES.

I une - "Chevy chace"

Another balled on the contested election alluded to in the previous song The five burghs, which together returned a member to parlian lint, are represented by five carlines (old women:) Dumfries, as Magay on the banks of Nith. Annin, as Blinking Bess of Annandale, Kirkendburght, as Whishy Jean of Galloway. Sanquhar, as Black Joan frae Crichton Peel, and Lochmaben, as Marjory of the Many Lochs.

THERF were five carlines in the south,
They fell upon a scheme,
To send a lid to Lon'on town,
To bring them relings hame.

Not only bring them tidings hame, But do then errands there, And arblins gowd and honour bath Might be that laddie's share

There was Maggy by the banks o' Nith, A dame we' pride enough, And Marjory o' the Mony Lochs, A carline auld and tengh.

And Blinkin Bess of Annandale, That dwelt near Solway-side, And Whisky Jean, that took her gill In Galloway sae wide.

And Black Joan, fige Crichton Peel, O' gipsy kith and kin;— Five wighter<sup>2</sup> carlines werena four! The south countrie within.

To send a lad to Lon'on town,
They met upon a day;
And mony a knight, and mony a land,
Then en and fam wad gae.

Oh, mony a langht, and mony a laird, This cirand fain wad gae, But nac ane could their fancy please, Oh ne'er a ane but twac The first he was a belted knight,"
Bred o' a Border clan;
And he wad gae to Lon'on town,
Might nae man him withstan';

And he wad do their errands weel,
And meikle he wad say;
And ilka ane at Lon'on court
Wad bid to him guid-day.

Then neist cam in a sodger youth, 'And spak wi' modest grace,
And he wad gae to Lon'on town,
If sae their pleasure was.

He wadn's hecht them countly gifts Nor meikle speech pretend; But he wad hecht an honest he ut Wad ne'er desert his friend

Now, wham to choose, and wham refuse, At strife thir carlines fell; For some had gentlefolks to please, And some wan please themsel.

Then out spak min-mou'd? Meg o' Nith, And she spak up wi' pride, And she wad send the sodger youth, Whatever night bende,

For the auld guidman‡ o' Lon'en court

She didna care a pin;
But she wad send'a sodger youth

To greet his eldest son §

Then up sprang Bess of Annandale, And swore a deadly anth, Says, "I will send the Border I night Spite o' you carlines batth.

"For far-off fowls hae feathers fair, And fools o' clange are fain; But I hae tried this Border knight, And I'll try him yet again."

<sup>2</sup> Promise

<sup>2</sup> Prim-moutness\*

Then Whisky Jean spak owie her drink, "Ye weel ken, kimmers a',
The auld guidman o' Lon'on court,
His back's been at the wa'.

"And mony a fitend that kisQ1 his cup Is now a fremit<sup>1</sup> wight; But it's ne'er be said o' Whisky Jean, I'll send the Borde, knight."

Says Black Joan frae Crichton Peel,
A carline stoor<sup>2</sup> and grim, 
The aid guidman, and the young guidman,
For necessay sink or swim;

"For fools will prate of right and wrang, While knaves lang i in their sleeve. But wha blows best the horn shall win, I'll spier me courtier's leave."

Then slow raise Maijory o' the Lochs, And wrinkled was her brow; Her ancient weed was russet gray, Her aild Scots blud was tru-

"The Lon'on court set light by me -I set as light by them;
And I will send the sodger lad
To show that court the same."

Sae how this weighty plea may end, Nae mortal wight can tell. God grant the king, and ilka man, May look weel to himsel!

#### THE BLUF-LYED LASSIF.

Air - ' The Blue-eyed Liss"

The heroine of this song was Mass Jean Jeffrey, daughter of the Rev Mr Jeffrey of Lochmaben. Mass Jeffrey married an Amelican gentleman of the frame of R marke, and it may be worth regording that a doo after of his became the wife of a prain Wilks of the United States Navy, the hero of the affair of the Trent and the cipture of the Confederate Commissioners

I GAID a waefu' gate 9 yestreen, A gate, I fear, I'll dearly me; I gat my death frac two sweet een, Twa lovely een o' bonny blue. Twas not her golden ringlets bright; Her lips, like roses, wat wi' dew; Her heaving bosom, hly-white— It washer een sae bonny blue.

She talk'd, she smiled, my heart she wiled. She churn'd my soul.—I wist na how, And age the stound, the deadly wound, Cam fracher een sae bonny blue. But spare to speak, and spare to speed,\* She'll aiblins! listen to my vow. Should she refuse, I'll lay my dead? To her two cen sae bonny blue.

## WHEN FIRST 25AW FAIR JEANIF'S PACE

Alo "Magne Lander"

This song first upperred in the New York Mirror (1), the with the following notice of the herone, Mis. Reven k (n. Mis.) be a Jeffery) mentioned above 1. "The lady to whom the following yet sess shover before published a wave addressed, known to the readers of Burns as the "Blue eyed. List key," is one of a race whose be untess and virtues former for several generations, the inspiration of the misters of Scotish song. Ill-renother was A new Yinstrong, in who chomona the Funch 12 words and beautiful air of "Roshin Castle" were compact 1.

With first I saw fur Jeame's face, I couldna tell what ail done, I couldna tell what ail done, My heart went fluttering pit-a-pat, My een they almost fail'd me 'she's age sie neet, sie turn, sae right, All grace does reind her hover, Ae book deprived me o' my heart, And I became a lover.

She's aye, aye sae bitthe sae gay, She's aye so blithe an cheeric She's aye sae bonny, bli he, and gay, Oh, gin I were her deale?

Had I Dundas's whole estate, Or Hepetonn's wealth to shine in; Did warlike Luirels (10wn my brow, Or humble) bays (11km) my I d lay them a' at Jennie's feet,

<sup>1</sup> Perhaps

2 Death

<sup>\*</sup>A proverbial expression +Give me the chance of speaking and the opportunity of gaining her favour.

# SONGS

Could I but hope to move her,
And prouder than a belted knight,
I'd be my Jeanie's lover,
She's aye, aye sae blithe, sae gaf, &c.

But sair I fear some happier swain
Has gain'd sweet Jeame's favour.
If so, may every bliss be hers,
Though I maun never have her:
But gang she east, or gang she west,
"Twixt Forth and Tweed all over,
While men have eyes, or ears, or taste,
She'll always find a lover.
She's aye, aye sae blithe, sae gay, &c.

# MY LOVELY NANCY.

Tune-"The Quaker's Wife"

"THE following song," says the poet, in a letter to Clarinda, "is one of my latest productions, and I send it to you as I would do anything clse, "Leause it pleases my self."—

THINE am I, my faithful fair, Thine, my lovely Nancy; Every pulse along my veins, Every roving fancy.

To thy bosom lay my heart,
There to throb and languish:
Though despair had wrung its core,
That would heal its anguish.

Take away these rosy lips, Rich with balmy treasure: Turn away thine eyes of love, Lest I die with pleasure.

What is life when wanting love? Night without a morning: Love's the cloudless summer sun, Nature gay adorning.

### TIPBIE DUNBAR.

Tune-" Johnny M'Gili."

OH, wilt thou go wi' me, sweet Tibbie Dunbar? Oh, wilt thou go wi' me, swer Tibbie Dunbar? Wilt thou ride on a horse, or be drawn in a car, Or walk by my side, oh, sweet Tibbie Dunbar?

I care na thy daddy, his lands and his money, I care na thy km, sae high and sae lordly: But say thou wilt hae me for better for waur—And come in thy coatie, sweet Tibbie Dunbar!

#### WHEN ROSY MAY COMES IN WI' FLOWERS

Tune-" The gardener wi' his paulle "

For song which follows this, Danity Davie, is an improved version of the

When tosy May comes in wi' flowers,
To deck her gay green-spreading bowers,
Then busy, busy, are his hours—
The gardener wi' his paidle.<sup>1</sup>
The crystal waters gently fa';
The meny birds are lovers a';
The scented breezes round him blaw—
The gardener wi' his paidle.

When purple morning starts the hare
To steal upon her early fare,
Then through the dews he mann repair—
The gardener wi' his paidle.
When day, expuing in the west,
The curtain draws of nature's rest,
He flies to her arms he lo'es the best—
The gardenes wi' his paidle,

#### DAINTY DAVIE

Now rosy May comes in wi' flowers, To deck her gay green-spreading bowers; And flow comes in my happy hours To wander wi'my Davie.

> Meet me on the warlock knowe, Dainty Davie, dainty Davie; There I'll spend the day wi' you, My ain dear dainty Davie.

The crystal waters round us fa', The merry birds are lovers a', The scented breezes round us blaw, A-wandering wi' my Davie.

When purple morning starts the hate, To steal upon her early fare,
Then through the dews I will repair,
To meet my fachtu' Davie.

When day, expiring in the west, The curtain draws o' nature's rest I flee to his aims I lo'e best, And that's my an dear Davie.

#### MY HARRY WAS A GALLANT DAY

Lune "Highlander's Lament"

Line chorus of this song belonged to an old ballaci

My Hairy was a gallant gay, Fa' stately strode he on the plain; But now he's banish'd far away, I'll never see him back again

> Oh, for him back again! Oh, for him back again! I wad gie a' Knockhaspie's land For Highland II ury back aga a

When a' the lave <sup>1</sup> gae to then bed, I wander downe <sup>2</sup> up the glen. I set me down and greet <sup>3</sup> my fill, And aye I wish him back again.

Oh, were some villains hangit high And ilka body had their agn! Then I might see the joyfu' sight, My Highland Harry back again. SONG'S, 363

## BEWARE O' BONNY, ANN.

Vune -" Ye g illants bright "

"I conross this song, 'says the poet, "out of compliment to Miss Ann Masterton, the daughter of my friend Mr Allan Masterton, composer of the air, 'Strathallay's Lament'"

YE gallants bright, I rede 1 ye right,
Beware o' bonny Ann;
Her comely face sac fu' o' grace
Your heart she will trepan 2
Her een sac bright, like stars by night,
Her skin is like the swan;
Sac jimpily 3 laced her genty waist,
That sweetly ye might span

Youth, Grace, and I ove, attendant move, And Pleasure leads the van In a' their charms, and conquering arms, They wait on bonny Aim. They wait on bonny Aim the hands, But love enslaves the man , Ye gallants braw, I rede you a', Geware o' bonny Ann I.

JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO

Time -" John Anderson, my Jo."

John Anderson, my 10,4 John, When we were first acquent, our locks were like the rayco Your bonny brow was short But now your brow is beld, John Your locks are like the sniw, But ble-sings on your flosty pow.6 John Anderson, my 10

John Anderson, my jo, John, We clamb the hill themther, And mony a canty 7 day, John, We've had wt' ane amther;

4 Love - dera 4 Smooth • Head • Happy

Warn Lenanare Lightly

Now we mann tofter down, John, But hand in hand we'll go; And sleep thegither at the foot, John Anderson, my jo.

#### THE BATTLE OF SHERIFF-MUIR

Tune-"Cameroman Rant"

This is an improved and condensed version of a somewhat wordy ballad, written by a Mr. Barclay, or Edinburgh elergyman of some note in his day.

"Oit cam ye here the aight to shun, Or head the sheep wi' me, man? Oi were ye at the SI tria-muir, And did the battle see, man?"
"I saw the battle sair and tough, And teckin' red tail mony a sheugh; I My heart, for fear, gaed sough for sough, To hear the thuds, and see the cluds, O' clais frae woods, in taitan duds, Wha glaum'd at kingdoms three, man.

"The red-coat lads, wi' black cockades,
To meet them werna slaw, man;
They rush'd and push'd, and bland outgush'd,
And mony a bouk 4 did fa', man:
The great Argyle led on his files,
I wat they glanced for twenty miles;
They hack'd and hash'd while broadswords clash 4,
And through they dash'd, and hew'd and smash d,
Till fey 5 men died awa', man.

"But had ye seen the philabegs,
And skyrm taitan news, man;
When in the teeth they dared our Whigs
And covenant true-blues, man;
In lines extended lang and large,
When bayonets o'cipower'd the targe.
And thousaids haster'd to the charge,
Wi Highland wiath they fras the sheath
Drew blades o' death, till out o' brenth,
They fled like frighted doos," man."

UDitch.
Ulothes
Grasped

<sup>4</sup> Human trunk-body 5 Predestined

<sup>6</sup> Shining.
7 Doves.

"Oh, how deil, Tam, can that be true? The chase gaed frae the north, man; I saw mysel they did pursue." The horsemen back to Forth, man; And at Dunblane, in my am sight, They took the big wi' at their might, And straught to Stirling wing'd their flight; But, curied lot! the gates were shut; And mony a huntit, poor red-coat, For fear amast did swaif, man 12"

"My sister Kate cam up the gate Wi' crowdie unto me, man;
She swore she saw some rebels run
Fiae Perth unto Dundee, man:
Their left-hand general kad nae skill,
The Anguolads had nae good will
That day their neibors' bluid to spill;
For fear by foes that they should lose
Their cogs of brose, they scared at blows,
And hameward fast did flee, man.

"They've lost some gallant gentlemen Amang the Highland clans, man; I fear my Loid l'anmure is slam, Or fallen in Whiggish hands, man: Now wad ye sing this double fight, Some fell for wrang, and some for right; And mony bade the world guid-night; Then ye may tell how pell and mell, By red claymores, and muskets' knell, Wi' dying yell, the Tories fell, And Whigs to bell did flee, man-

#### BLOOMING NELLY

Tunc - " On a Bank of Flowers."

On a bank of flowers, in a summer day
For summer lightly drest,
The youthful blooping Nelly lay,
With love and sleep opprest,
When Willie, wandering through the wood
Who for her favour oft had sued,
He gazed, he wish'd, he feu'd, he blush a
And trembled where he stood.

Her closed eyes, like weapons sheathed,

Were seal dam soft repose;
Her lips, still as she fragrant breath d,
It richer dyed the rose
The springing lihes sweetly prest,
Wild-wanton, Riss'd her rival Breast;
He gazed, he wish'd, he fear'd, he blush'd----His bosom ill at rest.

Ifer robes, light waving in the breeze,
Her tender limbs embrace!
Her lovely form, her native case,
All harmony and grace!
Tumultuous rides his pulses roll,
A faltering, aident kiss he stole;
He gazed, he wish'd, !e fear'd, he blush
And sigh'd his very soul

As thes the partridge from thusbrake,
On fear-mspried wings,
So Nelly, starting, half-awake,
Away affrighted springs;
But Willie follow'd—as he should;
He overtook her in the wood,
He vow'd, he pray'd, he found the mail
Forgiving all and good.

# MY HEART'S IN THE HIGHLANDS

Tune-" Faule na Miosg "

'THE first half stanza of this song," says Burns, "is old, the rest is mine

My heart's in the Highlands, my heart is not here, My heart's in the Highlands, a-chasing the deer, A-chasing the wild deer, and following the roc-My heart's in the Highlands wherever I go.

Farewell to the Highlands, farewell to the North, The buthplace of valour, the country of worth Who wer I wander, wherever I rove, The hills of the Highlands for ever 1 love

Farewell to the mountains high cover'd with snow; Farewell to the straths and green valleys below; Farewell to the forests and wild-hanging woods; Farewell to the forents and build-pouring floods. My heart's in the Highlands, my heart is not here, My heart's in the Highlands a-chasing the does A-chasing the wild deer, and following the roe— My heart's in the Highlands wherever I go

## THE RANKS OF NITH

Tune -" Robie donn't Gorich"

The Thames flows proudly to the sea, Where royal cities stately stand;
But sweeter flows the Aith, to me, Where Cummins\* ance had high command. When shall a see that honom'd land, That winding stream I love so dear!
Must wayward Fortune's adverse hand For ever, Acr keep me here?

How lovely, Nith, thy fruitful vales,
Where spreading hawthorns gaily bloom!
How sweetly wind thy sloping dales,
Where lambkins wanton through the broom!
Though wandering, now, must be my doon,
Far from thy bonny banks and brace,
May there my latest hours consume,
Amang the friends of early days!

# TAM'GLEN

Tune "Ten Glen"

My heart is a-breaking, dear intere! I Some counsel unto me come I n';
To anger them a' is a pity,
But what will I do wi' Fam Glen?

I'm thinking, wi' sic a braw fallow In poortith I might mak a fen ,2 What e ee I m riches to wallow, 'If I manna marry Tam Glen?

- Տեմ

There's Lowrie the Laurd o' Drumeller,
"Guid day to you, brute!" he comes ben p
"He brags and he blaws o' his siller,
But when will he dance like Tem Glen?

Aly minnie does constantly dewe me, And bids me beware o' young men, They flatter, she says, to deceive me, But wha can think sae o' Tam Glen?

My daddie says, gin I'll forsake him, He'll gie me gind hunder morks ten. But if it's ordani'd I mann take him, Oh, wha will I get but Tam Glen?

Yestreen at the valentines' dealing, My heart to my mou' gied a sten;<sup>2</sup> For thrice I drew ane without failing, And thrice it was written—Tam Glen.

The last Halloween I lay waukin's
My droukit's sark-sleeve, as ye ken.\*
His likeness cam up the house staukin',
And the very gray breeks o' Tam Glen!

Come counsel, dear tittie! don't tarry—
I'll gie ye my bonny black hen,
Gif ye will advise me to marry
The lad I lo'e dearly—Tam Glen.

## THE TAILOR

Tune-" The tailor fell through the bed, thimbies and a."

THE tailor fell through the bed, thimbles and a'; The tailor fell through the bed, thimbles and a'; The blankets were thin, and the sheets they were sma', The tailor fell through the bed, thimbles and a'.

The sleepy bit lassic, she dreaded nae ill.
The sleepy bit lassic, she dreaded nae ill;
The weather was cauld, and the lassic lay stell
She thought that a tailor could do her nae ill.

1 Mother

2 Bound

3 Watching

4 Wet.

Gie me the groat again, canny young man; Gie me the groat again, canny young man; The day it is short, and the night it is lang, The dearest siller that ever I wan!

There's somebody weary wi' lying her lane:
There's somebody weary wi' lying her lane;
There's some that are dowie, I trow wad be fain 2
To see the bit tailor come skippin' again.

# YE HAE LIEN WRANG, LASSIE.

#### CHORUS

YE had lien a' wrang, lassie, Ye've lien a' wrang; Ye've læn in an unco<sup>3</sup> bed, And wi' a fremit<sup>4</sup> man.

Your rosy cheeks are turn'd sac wan, Ye're greener than the grass, lassie; Your coatie's shorter by a span, Yet ne'er an inch the less, lassie.

O lassic, ye hae play'd the fool, And ye will feel the scorn, lassie; For aye the brose ye sup at e'en, Ye bock 5 them ete the morn, lassie.

Oh, ance ye danced upon the knowes,
And through the wood ye sang, lassie;
But in the herrying o' a bee byke,
I fear ye've got a stang, lassie.

## THERE'S A YOUTH IN THIS CITY.

Time-" Neil Gow's Lament "

THE first half stanza of this song is old ! the rest by Burns."

THERE'S a youth in this city, It were a great pity

Melanchory.

Glad.

8 Strange. 4 Stranger. 5 Vomit.

That he frae our tasses should wander awa';
For he's bonny and braw,
Weel favour d witha',
And his hair has a natival buckle and a'.
His coat is the hue
Of his bonnet sae blue:
His fecket<sup>1</sup> is white as the new-driven snaw,
His hose they are blae,
And his shoon like the slae,
And his clear siller buckles they dazzle us a'

For beauty and fortune
The 'addic's been countm',
Weel-featured, we istocher'd, weel-mounted, and braw;
But chiefly the siller,
That gars him gang till her,
The penny's the jewel that beautifies a'
There's Meg wi' the mailen,<sup>2</sup>
That fun wad ha' haer him;
And Suste, whose daddy was laird o' the ha'
There's lang-tocher'd Nancy
Maist fetters his fancy
But the laddic's dear set he lo'es dearest of a'

#### JUR THRISSLES ITOURISHED FRESH AND FAIR

Tu 10-- "Awa", Whigs, awa" "

Fitt second and fourth statzs only are from the pen of the poet, the  $\alpha_{\rm s}$  , rebelong to a Jacobite song

Our thrissles flourish'd fiesle mel fair, And bonny bloom'd our rose . . But Whigs can like a fiost in Jane, And wither'd a' our posies,

Awa', Whigs, awa'!
Awa', Whigs, awa'!
Ye're but a pack o' travor lowns—
Ye'll do nac guid at

Our ancient crown's fa'th in the dust-Ded blin' them wi' the stonie o't; And write then names in his black beuk Wha gic the Wlugs the power o't!

f

Our sad decay in Chinch and State Surpasses my descriving; The Whigs cam o'er us for a curse, And we hae done wi' thriving.

Gum Vengeance lang has ta'en a nap, But we may see him wanken, Gude help the day when toyal heads Are hunted like a mankin!<sup>1</sup>

## COME REDI ME, DAME

Comi rede<sup>22</sup> me, dame, come tell me, dame And none can tell man truly. What colour mans the man be of To love a woman duly

The carlin, I flew bath up and down And lengh and answer directly, I learn dia sang in Annanciale, A dark man for my lady

But for a country quean like thee, Young lass, I tell thee fairly, That wi' the white I ve made a shift, And brown will do fu' rarely

There's mickle love in taxen locks, The flaven ne'er grows youden,<sup>4</sup> There's kiss and hause's me in the brown And glory in the gowden.

.....

#### THE CAPIAIN'S LADV.

(gr. -"O , mount ard go

#### CHORES

Off, impairt and go,
Mount and make you ready;
On, mount and go,
And be to a captain's lady.

<sup>-</sup> Fiare.

Old women

<sup>&</sup>quot; Hug or embr.

172 SOVGS,

When the drums do beat, And the cannons rattle, Thou shalt sit in state, And see thy love in battle.

When the vanquish'd foe"
Sues for peace and quiet,
To the shades we'll go,
And in love enjoy it.

### OH, MERRY HAE I BEEN TEETHIN' A HECKER.

Tune-" Lor Breadalbane's March "

OH, merry hae I been teethin' a heckle,
And merry hae I been shapin' a spoon;
And merry hae I been cloutte! a kettle,
And kissin' my Katie when a' was done.
Oh, a' the lang day I ca' at my hammer,
And a' the lang day I whistle and sing,
A' the lang night I cuidle my kimmer,
And a' the lang might am as happy's a king.

Bitter in dool I lickit my winnm's,
O' marrying Bess, to gie het a slave:
Elest be the hour she cool'd in het linens,
And blithe be the bird that sings on her grave.
Come to my arms, my Katie, my Katie,
And come to my arms and kiss me again.
Drunken of sober, here's to thee, Katie 1
And blest be the day I did it again.

EPPIE ADAIR.

Twic-" My Eppie."

And oh! my Eppie,
My jewel, my Eppie!"
Wha wadna be happy
Vl'-Eppie Adau?
By love, and by beauty,
By law, and by duty,
I swear to be true to
My Eppie Adau?

I Fondle my deane

And oh! my Eppie,
My jewel, my Eppie;
Wha wadna be happy
Wi' Eppie Adar?
A' pleasure exile me,
Dishonour defile me.
If e'e! I beguile thee,
My Eppie Adar!

## YOUNG JOCKFY

Tune -- "Young Jockey"

"Tra whole of this song," says Stenhouse, "excepting three or four lines, is the production of Burns"

Young Jockey was the blithest lad In a' our town or here awa': Fu' blithe he whistled at the gaud,<sup>1</sup> Fu' lightly danced he in the ha'. He roosed my cen, sae bonny blue, He roosed my warst sae genty sma', And aye my heart came to my mou' When ne'er a body heard or saw.

My Jockey toils upon the plain,
Through wind and weet, through frost and snaw;
And o'er the lea I leuk fu' fam
When Jockey's owsen homeward er',
And aye the night comes round aga n,
When in his runs he taks me a';
And aye he vows he'll be my am,
As lang's he has a locath to draw.

#### WEE WILLIE GRAY

WEE Willie Gray, and his leather wallet; Peel a willow-wand to be him boots and jacket; The rose upon the brief will be him trouse and doublet, The rose upon the brief will be him trouse and doublet.

Wee Willie Gray, and his leather wallet, Twice a hly flower will be him sark and cravet: Feathers of a flee wad feather up his bonnet, Feathers of a flee wad feather up his bonnet. 374 SQA'GS

### JAMIE, COME TRY MF

Tun. "Jame, come try n.e.

JAMIE, come try me, Jamie, come try me, If thou wad win my love, Jamie, come try me.

If thou should ask my love, Could I deny thee? If thou would win my love, Jamie, come my me.

If thou should kees me, love, Wha could espy thee? If thou wad be my love, Jamie, come try me.

#### THE BATTLE OF KILLIFERANKIE

Tune "Kilhecrank e."

THE choins of this song, which colebrates the bath where viscount Duide fell in the moment of victory, is old , the rest is from the pen of Burns

Witare had ye been sae braw, lad?
Whare had ye been sae brawkie! (12)
Oh, whare had ye been sae braw, lad?
Can ye by Killedinikk, O?
An ye had been whate I had been,
Ye wadna been sae cantie,? O;
An ye had been what I had seen,
On the bracs o' Killiceraulie, O.

I fought at land, I fought at sea;

At hame I fought my auntie, O;
But I met the devil and Dundee,
On the brace o' Khheerankie, O
The baild Pitcur fell in a fur,
And Clavers got a clankle, O;
Or I had fed an Athole gled,
On the brace o' Kilheerankie, O.

SONGS 375

## GUIDWIFE, COUNT THE LAWIN

Tung -"Guidwife, count the lawin "

GANE is the day, and mirk's the night, But we'll he'er stray for frut o' light, For ale and brandy's stars and moon, And blade-red wine's the rising sun

> Then, guidwife, count the lawin, The lawin, the lawin; Then, guidwife, count the lawin, And bring a coggie<sup>1</sup> man

There's wealth and case for gentlemen, And simple falk mann fecht and fen'; But here we're a' in ac accord, For ilka man that's drink's a lord.

My coggie is a haly pool, That he ils the wounds o' care and dool; And pleasure is a wanton trout, An ye drink but deep ye'll find him out.

#### WHISTLE O'ER THE LAVE O'

Type - 'Whatle &'er the lave o't "

F. ksr when Maggy was my care, Heaven, I thought, was m her ar, Now we're married spice nae mans-Whistle o'er the lave o't — Meg was meek, and Meg was mild, Bonny Meg was nature's beguled. Wiser men than me's beguled. Whistle o'er the lave o't.

How we live, my Meg and mc.
How we love, and how we give,
I care na by how few may seeWhistle o'er the lave o't
Wha I wish were maggots' meat,
Dish'd up in her winding sheet,
I could write -but Meg maun see't—
Whistle o'er the lave o't.

<sup>1</sup> Bumpe .

# OH, CAN YE LABOUR LEA.

OH, can ye labour lea, young man, And can ye labour lea? Gae back the gate ye cam again, Ye'se never scorn me.

I fee'd a man at Martinmas, Wi' an l-pennies three, And a' the fant I fan' wi' him, He couldna labour lea.

The stibble-rig is easy plough'd,
The fallow land is free;
But wha wad keep the handless coof,
That couldn' labour lea?

#### WOMEN'S MINDS

Tune-" For a' that."

THOUGH women's minds, like winter winds.
May shift and turn, and a' that,
The noblest breast adores them maist,
A consequence I draw that.

For a' that, and a' that, And twice as muckle's a' that, The bonny lass that I lo'e best She'll be my-am for a' that,

Great love I bear to all the fair, Then humble slave, and a' that; But loully will, I hold it still, A mortal sin to thraw that,

But there is an almoon the lave, 1
Has wit, and sense, and a' that;
A bonny lass, I like her best,
And wha a crime dire ca' that?

# IT IS NA, JRAN, THY BONNY FACE

Tune -- "The Maid's Complaint"

"THESE verses," says Cunningham, "were originally in English: Burns bestowed a Scottish dress upon them, and made them utter sentiments connected with his own affections."

It is na, Jean, thy bonny face,
Nor shape, that I admire,
Although thy beauty and thy grace
Might weel awake desire.
Something, in ilka part o' thee,
To praise, to love, I find;
But, dear as is thy form to me,
Still dearer is thy mind.

Nae mair ungenerous wish I had,
Nor stronger in my breast,
Than if I canna mak thee sac,
At least to see thee blest.
Content am I, if Heaven shall give
But happiness to thee:
And, as wi' thee I'd wish to live,
For 'hee I'd hear to die.

#### MY LOVE SHE'S BUT A LASSIE YEL.

Tune- "Lady Badinscoth's Recl."

My love she's but a lassic yet
My love she's but a lassic yet;
We'll let he stand a year or twa,
She'll no be half sac saucy yet
I me the day I sought her, O,
I rue the day I sought her, O;
Wha gets her neetha say she's woo'd,
But he may say he's bought her, O

Come, draw a dr.p o' the best o't yet
Come, draw a' drap o' the best o't yet;
Gae seek for pleasure where ye will,
But here I never miss'd it yet.
We're a' dry wi' drinking o't;
We're a' dry wi' drinking o't;
The minister kiss'd the fiddler', wife,
And couldna preach for thinkin' o't

#### CA' THE EWES.

Tune-"Ca' the Ewes to the Knowe.

THE fourth and fifth stanzas of this song, written for the Museum, are old, with a few alterations by Burns. The version which follows this was written some time afterwards for Thomson's collection.

As I gard down the water-side, There I met my shepherd lad, He row'd me sweetly in his plaid, And he ca'd me his dearie.

> Ca' the ewes to the knewes, Ca' them whare the heather grows,

Ca' them whare the burme rowes, My bonny dearne!

Will ye gang down the water-side, And see the waves sac sweetly glide? Beneath the hazels spreading wide The moon it shines fu' clearly.

I was bred up at mae sie school, My shepherd lad, > play the fool, And a' the day to sit in dool, And nacbody to see me.

Ve sall get gowns and ribbons meet, Cauf-leather shoon upon your tect, And in my arms ye'se he and sleep, And ye sall be my dearte.

If ye'll but stand to what ye've said, I'se gang wi' you, my shi pherd lad, And ye may towe me in your plaid, And I sall be your dearic.

While waters wimple<sup>2</sup> to the sea; While day blinks in the lift<sup>3</sup> sae hie: 'Lill clay-could death sall blin' my ce, Ye sall be my deare

CA' THE YOWES.

SI COND. VERSION

CA' the yowes to the knowes, Ca' them where the heather grows Ca' them where the burnic rowes, My benny deane! Hark the mavis' evening sang Sounding Cluden's woods amang! Then a faulding let us gang, My bonny dearie.

We'll use down by Cluden side, Through the hazels spreading wide. O'er the waves that sweetly glide, To the moon sae clearly.

Yonder Cluden's silent towers, Where at moonshine midnight hours O'er the dewy bending flowers, Fanies dance sae theery.

Ghast nor bogle shalt thou fear; Thou'it to love and heaven sae dear Nocht of ill may come thee near.

My bonny dearie.

Fair and lovely as thou art, Thou hast stown my very heart: I can die-but canna part-My bonny dearie!

#### STMMER'S A PLEASANT TOME

Tum - " Aye Wankin, O"

This is an old song, improved by Baths.

SIMMER'S a pleasant time Flowers of every colour, The water rins o'er the heart,<sup>1</sup> And I long for my to blo er.

Aye wankin, O,
Wankin still and wearie:
Sleep I can get nane
For thinking on my deare

When I sleep I In am,'
When I wank I in cent.'
Sleep I can get nane
For thinking on my dearie.

Lanely night comes on,
A' the lave are sleepin';
I think on my bonny lad,
And I bleer my cen with gleetin'.

# THERE'LL NEVER BE PEACE TILL JAMIE COMES HAME.

Tune-"There are few guid fellows when Wilhe's awa" "

MNEN political combustion," says the poet, in a letter to Thomson, enclosing this song, "ceases to be the object of princes and patriots, it then, you know, becomes the lawful prey of nistorians and poets"

By yon castle wa', at the cose of the day, I heard a man sing, though his head it was gray; And as he was singing, the tears fast down came, There'll never be peace till Jamie comes hame. The Church is in runs, the State is in jars; Delusions, oppressions, and murderons wars; We daren weel say't, though we ken wha's to blame. There'll never be peace till Jamie comes hame!

My seven braw sons for Jamie diew sword,
And now I greet<sup>2</sup> round their green beds in the yerd.<sup>3</sup>
It brak the sweet heart of my faithfu' auld dame—
There'll never be peace till Jamie comes hame.
Now life is a burthen that bows me down.
Since I tint<sup>4</sup> my barns, and be tint his crown;
But till my last moments my words are the same—
There'll never be peace till Jamie comes hame.

## LOVELY DAVIES.

Tune -" Miss Muir "

Burns met the heroine of this song and the one following, Miss Deberah Davies, an English lady, at the house of Captain Riddel of Glearbidel. In a letter co the lady, enclosing this song, in a strain of inflated epithusiasm, he says """ hen my theme is youth and beauty—a-young lady whose personal charms, wit, and sextiment, are equally striking and unaffected—by Heavens I though I had lived the escore years a married man, and threesore years before keys a married man, my imagination world hallow the very idea; and I am fruly sorry that the enclosed stanzas have done such poor justice to such a subject."

OH, how shall I unskillu' try
The poet's occupation,

The tunefu' powers, in happy hours,
That whisper inspiration?
Even they main dare an effort mair
Than aught they ever gave us;
Or they rehearse) in equal verse,
The charms o' lovely Davies.

Each eye it cheers, when she appears,
Like Phoebus in the morning,
When past the shower, and every flower.
The garden is adorning.
As the wretch looks o'er Siberia's shore,
When winter-bound the wave is;
Sae droops our heart when we maun part
Frae charming, lovely Davies.

Her smile's a gift, frae 'boon the lift,
That maks us man than princes;
A sceptred hand, a king's command,
Is in her darting glances:
The man in arms 'gainst female chaims
Even he her willing slave is;
He hugs his chain, and owns the reign
Of conquering, lovely Davies.

My Muse to dream of such a theme,
Her feeble powers surrender;
The cagle's gaze alone surveys
The sun's meridian splendour:
I wad in vain essay the strain,
The deed too daring brave is;
I'll drap the lyre, and mute admire
The charms o' lovely Davies.

## THE BONNY WEE THING.

Tune-"Bonny wee Thing"

Bonny wee thing, cannie wee thing,
Lovely wee thing, wert thou mine,
I wad wear thee in my bosom,
Lest my jewel I should tine.
Wishfully I look and languish
In that bonny face o' thine;
And my heart it stounds wi' anguish,
Lest my wee thing be na mine.

Wit, and grace, and love, and beauty, In ac constellation shine; To adore thee is my duty, Goddess o' this sor' o' mine! Bonny wee thing, ca mie wee thing, Lovely wee thing, weit thou mine, I wad wear thee in my bosom, Lest my jewel I should time!

### WAR SONG

Air-"Ora an Doig or, "The Song of Death"

"I may just finished, 's sys the poet, or letter to Mis. Dunlop, "the following song, which, to a lady, the descendant of Walface, and herself the mother of several soldiers, meds neither preface not apology."

Scene. A field of battle. Time of the day, Evening. The wounded and dying of the victorious army are supposed to jun v the following song.

FARTWELL, thou fair day, thou green earth, and ye skies, Now gay with the broad setting sun! Farewell loves and friendships, ye dear tender ties! Our race of existence is un!

Thou grim King of Teriors, thou life's gloomy foe!

Go, highten the coward and slave!

Go teach them to tremble, fell tyrint! but know,

No teriors hast thou to the brave!

Thou strik'st the dull peasant,—he smks in the dark,
Nor saves e'en the wreck of a name;—
Thou strik'st the young hero—a glorious mark!
He falls in the blaze of his fame!

In the field of proud honour - our swords in our hand, Our king and our country to save— While victory shines on Kfe's last ebbing savis— Oh! who would not die with the brave!

# ACTOND KISS.

Tune-"Rory Dall's Lort

LIARIN, A (Mrs. M'Lehose) was the become of this s

Byron and Scott

At fond kiss, and then we sever; Ae fareweel, and then, for ever!

SONGS 383

Deep in heart-wring tears I'll pledge thee Warring sighs and groans I'll wage theo

Who shall say that Fortune greeves him, While the star of hope she leaves him? Me, no cheerfu' twinkle lights me; Dark despair around benights me.

I'll ne'er blame my partial fancy, Naething could resist my Nancy But to see her was to love her; Love but her, and love for ever.

Had we never loved sac kindly, Had we never loved sac blindly, Never met - or never parted, We had re'er been broken-hearted

Fare-thee-weel, thou first and fairest! Fare-thee-weel, thou best and dearest! Thine be ilka joy and treasure, Peace, Unjoyment, Love, and Pleasure!

Ac ford kiss, and then we sever, Ac fareweel, alas! for ever! Deep in heart-wring tears I'll pledge thee, Warring signs and groans I'll wage thee!

## GIOOMY DECEMBER

'i non "Wandering Wilhe"

10 followin

were written immediately after the last interview with Clarinda, in December 1791

Ance man I had thee, thou gloomy December!
Ance man I had thee, wi'sono v and care;
Sad was the parting thou makes the remember,
Parting wi' Nancy, oh! ne'er to meet mair.

Fond lovers' parting is sweet painful pléasure, Hope beaming mi'd on the soft parting hour; But the dire feeling, oh, faicwell for ever ' ' Is anguish wanningled, and agony pure.

Wild as the winter now tearing the forest, Till the last leaf of the summer is flown; Such is the tempest has shaken my bosom, Since my last hope and last comfort is gone Still as I hail thee, thou gloomy December, Still shall I hail thee wi' sorrow and care; For sad was the parting thou makes me remember, Parting wi' Nancy, oh the'er to meet mair.

## BEHOLD THE HOUR

#### Tune-" Oran Gaoil,"

A MONTH after the interview and parting which the previous song cefebrates Mrs. M'Lehose (Clarinda) wrote to the poet, bidding him farewell. The feetings evoked by her letter found vent in the following song:—

Brigorn the hour, the boat arrive,
Thou goest, thou durling of my heart!
Severd from thee can I survive?
But Fate has will'd, and we must part.

I'll often greet this surging swell,
You distant isle will often hail:
"E'en here I took the last farewell;
There latest mark'd her vanish'd sail!"

Along the solitary shore,
While flitting sea-fowt found me cry,
Across the rolling dashing roar,
I'll westward turn my wistful eye

Happy, thou Indian grove, I'll say,
Where now my Nancy's path may be!
While through thy sweets she loves to stray,
Oh, tell me, does she muse on me?

# THE MIRK, NIGHT O' DECEMBER

Thre-"O May, thy morn"

I me following is understood to refer to the parting with Clarinds. The difference in the mood is noticeable enough.

O MAY, thy morn was ne'er sae sweet
As the muk night o' December;
For sparkling was the rosy lvine,
And private was the chamber:
And dear was she I darena name,
But I will aye remember,
But I will aye remember.

SONGS 355

And here's to them that, like oursel,
Can push about the jornin;
And here's to them that wish us weel,
May a' that's gold watch o'er them!
And here's to them we darena tell,
The dedress to the quorum,
And here's to them we darena tell,
The dearest o' the quorum!

#### MY NANNIE'S AWA'

Tune--" Incre 4 never be peace," &c

Ine followin, a the last of the Claimda series,

Now in her green mantle blithe nature arrays, And listens the lambkins that bleat o'er the bracs, While birds warble welcome in ilka green shaw, But to me it's delightless—my Nannie's awa'!

The snaw-drap and primiose our woodlands adom, And violets bathe in the weet of the moin, They pain my sad boson, sae sweetly they blaw, They mind me of Namne—and Namne's awa't.

Thou laverock that springs frac the dews of the lawn. The shepherd to warn o' the gray breaking dawn, And thou mellow mayis that hails the might fa', Give over for pity—my Namue's awa'!

Come, Autumn sae pengut, in yellow and gray, And soothe me with tidings o' Natine's decay. The dark dreary winter, and wild driving snew, Alane can delight me—now Naning's awa 1

# WANDERING WILLIE

The idea of this congrippears to have been taken from an old one, or which two following perses have been the cryed

"Here awa', there awa' nere awa, Willia, Here awa', there awa', here awa' hane; Long ha a sought the are thave I bought thee, Now I has gotten my Wilha ag un "Through the lang mur I have follow'd my Willie,
through the lang mur I have follow'd him hante;
Whatever bettde us, nongiff shall divide us,
Love now rewards all my sorrow and pain."

HERE awa', there awa', wandering Willie, here awa', there awa', hand awa' hame, Come to my bosom, my am only dearne, Tell me thou bring'st me my Willie the same.

Winter winds blew loud and cauld at our parting,
Fears for my Wilhe brought tears in my ee
Welcome now simmer, and welcome my Wilhe—
The summer to nature, my Wilhe to me.

Rest, ye wild storms, in the cave of your slumbers, How your dread howl ag a lover alarms! Wanken, ye breezes! row gently, ye billows! And waft my dear laddle ance man to my arms!

But on, if he's faithless, and minds na his Nannie, Flow still between us thou wide roating mam! May I never see it, may I never from it, But, dying, believe that my Willie's my ain.

# THE DEIL'S AWA' WI THE EXCISEMAN.

Tune . The ded cam fiddling through the town "

LOCKHARE gives the following interesting account of this sonig — "I has spritted sonig was composed on the shores of the soluen, while the poet and — pair of his brother excisemen were engaged in which has to make the motions of a suspicious fooking brig, which had put in there, and which, it was sure used, was caped to similar give the day following that on which she was "ist seen the vessel got into shallow vater, and it written discovered that the crew were innersorus, and not likely to yield without a stringle. Lewing accordingly was despatched to Dumfries for a party of diagons, and another office, proceeded on a similar errand to Ecclefechan, leaving Burns with some men under his orders, to watch the brig and prevent landing or excipe. Burns manifested considerable impatience while this occupied, being left for many hours, in a set salt-marsh with a force which he knew to be inadequie for the pupose it was me int to fulfit. One of his corn rides he ting his abuse his fineful Lewars-air particular, for being slow about his judicitely, the min has wered that he also wished the fix off had him for his plantified that Burns in the meantine would do well to induc a song upon the slaggard. Burns said nathing, but after taking a few strides by himself among the reeds and shingle, it Joined his garty, and chanted to them this well-known that? "—

Tite deil cam fiddling through the town, And danced ana' wi' the Exciseman, And ilka wife cries—"Auld Mahoun, I wish you luck o' the prize, man!" The deil's awa', the deil's awa',

The deil's awa' wi' the Exciseman;

He's danced awa', he's danced awa',

He's danced awa' wi' the Exciseman!

We'll mak our mant, we'll brew our drink, We'll dance, and sing, and rejoice, man; And mony braw thanks to the meikle black deil • That danced awa' wi' the Exciseman.

The deil's awa', the deil's awa',
The deil's awa' wi' the Exciseman,
Ite's danced awa', he's danced awa',
He's danced awa' wi' the Faciseman!

There's threesome reels, there's foursome reels, There's hornpipes and strathspeys, man, But the ac best dance e'er cam to the land, Was--the dgil's awa' wi' the Exciseman.

The deil's awa', the deil's awa',
The deil's awa' wi' the Exciseman,
He's danced awa', he's danced awa',
He's danced awa' wi the Exciseman's

#### BONNY LESI EY

In a letter to Mrs. Dunlop, Burns gives the following count of the origin of this song — Amopos 1- do you know that I am almost in love with an acquaint mee of yours? Know then, sout be, "that the heart-struck way, the distinct hundor approach, the orbiditive should have in a long upon and betering to a messenger of Heaven, appearing in the misotred punity of his cole to do mittings that should make then hours swim in joy, and their maginations occur in the port, such, so dels hung and a pure, were the emotions of my scul on meeting the other day with Mss. Ig has Ballice, your neighbour at Mayfield. Mr. Bailie, with his two daughters, a companied by Mr. Ho of passing through Dimfries a few days ago, on the why to English, did not the honour of cilling on me, on which I took my ho e, though God knows I could all spare the time,) and accompanied them four ten in fifteen index, and did and trein and triing home. I composed the following ballad. You must know that there is in old one beginning wall—

'My bount Lizho Bulle, Ill rowe thee in my pludic,' &c

So I parodied it as follows ."

Oil, 'aw ye bonny Lesley
As she gaed o'er the Border?
She's gane like Alexander,
To spread her conquests farther.

To see her is to love her,

And love but her for ever;

For Nature made her what she is,

And never made another.

Thou art a queen, fair Lesley, 'Thy subjects we, before thee: Thou art divine, fin Lesley, 'The hearts o' men adore thee.

The deil he couldna skauth thee, Nor rught that wad belang thee; He d bok into thy bonny face, And ay, "I cauna wrang thee."

The powers above will tent 2 thee; Misfortine shall a steer tine; Thou'rt like themselves sae lovely, That all they il ne'er let neer thee

Return again fair I esley, Return to Caledonic<sup>1</sup> That we may brag we had a lass There's name again sae bonny.

## CRAIGH BURN WOOD

Eithers composed the following song to and the sun of a Mi. Gillespie, a friend of his. The field who live his way, and not surron accessed though her lover was so obly assisted or Barins, was the Chloris. Miss hornner of coveral of his finest bill dels. A brief recount of the inclaneatoly career of this informatic lady wiff be found at p. 203.

SWF14 closes the evaning on Craigne-barn Wood, And blithely awarken, the morrow. But the probe of the Spring in the Craigne-barn Wood Can yield to me nothing but sorrow.

Beyond thee, dearie, beyond thee, dearie, And oh to be lying beyond thee; On, sweetly, soundly, weel may be sleep. That's laid in the oed beyond thee!

I see the spicading leaves and Gowers,
I hear the wild birds singing;
But pleasure they had name for me,
While care my heart is wimging.

L canna tell, I maunna tell, I darena for your anger; But secret fove full break my beart, If Leonceal it anger.

I see the graceti, straight, and tall, I see thee sweet and bount,
I see thee sweet and new toments be, that oh, what will new toments be, If thou refuse the Johane.

To see thee in anther's and see the rock of the and brighth, a largest, be see. My hearth he see. My heart mil he see. My heart mad but the my augush.

Fill grate, say thou will be miney Say thou lo'es nany before me y Fill gratefully amore thee,

### "NOISa (A. (ENCO) IS

The control of the control of the manager of the control of the co

L see the flowers and spicases, the flowers and the soft the distance of the flowers and spicases, and the soft in short and the short and

Fron, from would I my greefs impart, Vet darona for your anger, But secret love will break my heart. If I conceal it langer

If then refuse to pury me,

If then year green leaves fade—co the
Around my grave they'll wither.

# PAOLI UKVI GEN SONAH HILLIVEL -

" alar merre) "-rafe"

From the friends and lend 1 love, oute, fellow the former by Fourmer of the fellow in the fellow in

390 SONGS.

Frae my best-beloved I rove,
Never mair to taste delight;
Never mair mann hose to find
Ease frae toil, relief frae care.
When remembrance wracks the mind,
Pleasures but unveil despafi.

Brightest climes shall mirk appear,
Descri ilka blooming shore.
Till the Fates, nae mair severe,
Friendship, Love, and Peace restore;
Till Revenge, wi' laurell'd head,
Bring our brussh'd hame again,
And ilka loyal be nny lad
Cross the seas and win his ain.

## MY TOCHER'S THE JEWEL

Tune-" My Tocher's the Jewel "

On makle thinks my luve o' my heauty,
And makle thinks my luve o' my kin;
But little thinks my luve I ken brawlie!
My tocher's? the Jawel has chaims for him
It's a' for the apple he'll noursh the tree;
It's a' for the hiney he'll cherish the bee;
My laddie's sac makle in live with the siller
If canna hae luve to spare for me.

Your proffer o' luve's an anti-penny,

My tocher's the bargain ye wad buy,
But an ye be crafty I e n cunnut,
Sae ye wi another your fortune mann try.
Ve're like to the tunner 4 o' you rotten wood,
Ye're like to the bark o' you rotten nee,
Ve'll ship fiae me like a knotless thread,
And ye'll crack 5 your credit wi mae 6 nor me.

#### WHAT CAN A YOUNG LASSIE DO?

Tune-' What can a young lassie do wi' an auld man?"

WHAT can a young lassie, what shall a young lassie, What can a young lassie do wi' an auld man?

I Know well , I Dowey

<sup>5</sup> Earnest-money, 4 Timber.

Bad luck on the penny that tempted my minnie 1 To sell her poor Jenny for siller and lan' Bad luck on the penny, &c.

He's always compleanin' fine mornin' to e'enin',
He hoasts and he hiples the weary day lang;
He's doyl't's and he's dozen, his blund it is frozen,
Oh, cheary's the night wi' a crazy aild man!

He's doyl't and he's dozen, &c.

IIe hums and he hankers, he frets and he cankers, I never can please hum, do a' that I can; He's peevish and jealous of a' the young fellows:

Oh, dool on the day I met w.' an auld man

He's peevish and jealous, &c.

My auld Auntie Katie upon me taks pity,
1'll do my endeavour to follow her plan!
I'll cross him, and wrack him, until I heartbreak him,
And then his auld biass will buy me a new pan.
1'll cros. him, and wrack him, &c.

## OII, HOW CAN I BE BLITHE AND GLAD?

Tune - "Owre the hills and far awa" "

The poet having found the germ of this song in Herd's collections thought to have wrought into it some allusion to an incident in his own point all history.

OII, how can I be blithe and glad, Or how can I gang brisk and braw, When the bonny had that I lo'e best Is o'er the hills and far awa'? When the bonny had that I lo'e best Is o', the hills and far awa'?

It's no the frosty winter wind.
It's no the driving drift and snew;
But aye the tear comes in my ec,
Tothink on him that's far awa'.
But aye the tear comes in my ec,
To think on him that's far awa'.

My father pat me frae his door,
My friends they hae disown'd me n'

<sup>1</sup> Mother 2 Coughs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Renumbed. <sup>6</sup> Woe.

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Dut I had and will tak my part, The bonny lad that's far awa'. But I had and will tak my part, The bonny lad that's far awa'.

A pan o' gloves he bought fe; 'ine, And silken snoods \* he gae me twa; And I will wear them for his sake,---The bonny lad that s far awa' And, I will wen them for his sake,--The bonny lad that s far awa'.

Oh, weary winter soon will pass,
And spring will cleed the birken-shaw,
And my young baby will be born,
And he'll Ic baine that's far awa'
And my young a by will be sorn,
And he'll be I ame that's far awa'.

#### I DO CONDUSS THOU AKE SAF FAIR

Ture "I do confess thou art sae fair,"

This song was altered from one by S. Robert Avton, private secretary to Anne, consort of James VI (1) I think "Cox Bures that I have improved the simple try of the sential risk of geometric from a Society dies."

I no confess thou art sac faa,
I wid been owie the highest in live,
Had I no found the slightest prayer
That his could speak thy heart could move.
I do confess thee sweet, but find
I hom art sac thriftless of thy sweets,
Thy favours are the silly wind,
That kisses ilka thing it meets,

See yonder rosebud, rich in dew,
Amang its native bees sae coy,
How sine it times seent and hue
When pu'd and worn a common toy!
Sie faie, ere lang shall the betide,
Though thou may gany bloom a waile;
Yet sine thou shalt be thrown aside
Like ony common weed and vile

1 Birch wood

2 Eur

7 Lose

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## YON WILD MOSSY MOUNTAINS

Tune - "Yen wi v mouri im

This song," says the poet, "alludes to a page on private history which it is of no consequence to the

You wild mossy mountains sae lofty and wide.
That ninse in their bosoni the youth of the Cfyde.
Where the graise lead their coveys through the heather to feed.
And the shepherd tends his flock as he pipes on his reed.
Where the grouse lead their coveys through the heather to feed.
And the shepherd-tends his flock as he pipesson his reed.

Not Gowie's rich valleys, nor I orth's sunny Stores, To me had the chains o' you wild mossy moors. For there, by a lanely as quester'd efent stream, Resides a sweet lassie, my thought and my dream. For there, by a lanely, sequester'd clear stream, Resides a sweet lassie, my thought and my dream.

Among thoe wild mountains shall still be my path Ilk stream froming down its on green narrow strath; For there, wi' my lasse, the day-lang I rove, While o et us, unheeded, fice the swift home o' love For there, wi' my lasse, the day-lang I rove, While o'er us, unheeded, fice the swift home o' love.

who is not the fairest, although she is fair;
O' mee education but sma' is bet share.
Her parentage humble as humble can be,.
But I lo'e the dear lassie because she lo'es me.
Her parentage humble as humble can be,.
But I lo'e the dear lassie because she lo'es me.

To beauty what man but mann yield hu, a pure, In her armon of glances, and blushes a disgns? And when wit and refinement has polish diher dark, They dazzle our een as they flee to our heart.

And when wit and refinement has polish diher dark, They dazzle our een as they flee to our hearts.

But kindness, sweet kindness, in the fond sparkling ce, Has listre outshaming the diamond to me; And the heart-beating love, as I'm clasp'd in net arms, Oh, these are my lassic's all-conquering chains! And the heart-beating love, as I in clasp d in her arms. Oh, those are my lassic's all-conquering chains!

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## OH FOR ANE-AND-TWENTY, TAM!

Tune--" The Mondiewort "

AND oh for ane-and-t venty, Tam,!
And hey, sweet ane-and-twenty, Tam!
I'll learn my km a rattlm' sang,
An I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam.

They Snool<sup>1</sup> me sair, and haud me doon, And gar me look like bluntie,<sup>2</sup> Tam; But three short years will soon wheel roun'-And then comes ane-and-twenty, Tam.

A gloib o' lan',3 a 'lant o' gean,4 Was left me by m auntie, Tam, At 1 th or kin I nee, ha spier, c An I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam,

They'll hae me wed a wealth, coof,<sup>5</sup>
Though I mysel hae plenty, Tam;
But hear'st thou, laddie—there's my loof<sup>6</sup>—
I'm thine at ane-aud-twenty, Tam

## BLSS AND HER SPINNING WHEEL

Ture - "The sweet lass that lo'es me "

Off, leeze me on my spinning-wheel, And leeze me on my rock and real; Frae tap to tae that cleeds me been, And haps me fall and warm at een! I'll set me down and sing and spin, While laigh descends the similer sun, lilest we content, and milk and molecular to the leeze me or my spinning-wheel.

On ilka hand the burnies trot,
And meet below my theekit cot;
The scented birk and hawthon white,
Açioss the pool their aims unite,
Alike to screen the lyides' nest,
And little fishes' caller 19 rest:
The sun blinks kindly in the biel, 11
Where blithe I turn my spaning-wheel.

<sup>1</sup> Curl.
2 A simpleton
3 A portion of ground.
4 A handful of inoney.

Fool
Hand
Comfortably
Wraps

<sup>9</sup> Soft. 10 Cooling. 11 Cottage, sheltered place.

On lofty aiks the cushats<sup>1</sup> wail, And echo cons the doolfu' tale; The lintwhites in the hazel brace, Delighted, rival ither's lays. The craik<sup>2</sup> amang the clover hay, The pairtick whirm' o'er the ley, The swallow julkin' round my shiel,<sup>3</sup> Amuse me at my spinning-wheel.

Wi' sma' to sell, and less to buy, • Aboon distress, below envy, Oh, wha wad leave this humble state, For a' the pride of a' the great? Amid their flaving, idle toys, Amid their cumbrous, dinsome joy, Cau they the peace and pleasure fel Of Bessy at her spinning-wheel?

## NITHSDALE'S WELCOME HAME

WEITTEN to celebrate the return to Scotland of I adv Winifred Maxwell descendant of the art unted Earl of Nubscale

THE noble Maxwells and their powers
Are coming o'er the Border,
And they'll gae big Terregle's towers,
And set them a' m order.
And they declare Terregle's fair,
For their abode they choose it;
There's no a heart in a' the land
But's lighter at the news o't.

Though stars in thies may disappe ir And angry tempests gather:
The happy hour may soon be near. That brings us pleasant weather:
The weary night o' care and rucf. May hae a joyfu' morrow.
So dawning day has brought relief—Fareweel our night o' sorrow!

### CDUNTRIF LASSIE

Tune-"The Country Lass "

In shamer, when the hay was mawn, And corn waved green in ilka field, 396 SONGS.

While clover blooms white o'er the lea, And roses blaw in ilka bield, <sup>1</sup> Bhthe Bessie in the imbeing shiel,<sup>2</sup> Says, "I'll be wild, come o't what will s<sup>26</sup> Out spak a dame in w inkled end, <sup>1</sup>— "O' gind advisement comes five ill.

"It's ye had whoers mony ane,
And, hassie, ye're but young, ye'l en
Then wait a wee, and canne wale,"
A routhle butt, a routhle ben:"
There's Johnne o' the Buskie Glen,
Eu'rs his brin, fu'rs his byie,
Tak this fine me, my bo riv hen,
U's plenty beats the hiv 's fire."

"For Johnme o' the Baskie Glen,
I duma care a single flee.
He loes see weel his craps and kye,
He has mae luy, to spare for me.
But blithe is the blink o' Robbit's ce.
And weel I wat he loes me dear.
Ac blink o' him I wadin't gic.
Tor Bu kie Glen and a his goar."

"Oh, thoughtless lasse, bites, faught,"
The cannest gate, the state is sair,
But aye fur-hant is feelithe lest.
A hingry care's an unco care.
But some will spend, and some will spare.
And wilfu' folk mann has then will;
Syne as ye brew, my maden fan.
Keep mind that ye mann draik the yill."

"Oh, geat will buy me rigs o' land,
An I geat will buy me sheep and kye.
But the tender heart o' kesome "have
The gowd and siller c mac buy.
We may be poor—Robbie and I,
Light is the burden lave lays on;
Content and lave bring peace and joy—
What mae had queens upon a throne."

#### IAIR LLIZA

This was another unsuccessful attempt on the part of the poet, to advance the love suit of a friend

1 Sheltered place.

2 Shod

8 Age

4 Wi-ely choose 5 A well-fuled kuchen and pariour 6 Struggle 7 I report way 8 Gladsome SONGS? 397

TURN again, thou fair Eliza,
Ac kind blink before we part,
Rue on thy despairing lover!
Cansa thou break his faithfu' heart?
Turn again, thou fair Flaa,
If to have thy heart denies,
For puty hide the cruel sentence
Under friendship's kind of goise!

Thee, dear maid, hae I offended?. The offence is loving thee
Canst thou week his peace for ever
Wha for thine wad gladly die?
While the life beats in my bosom,
Thou shalt mix in alk i throe;
Turn again, thou lovely maiden,
Ac sweet sintle on me bestow.

Not the bee upon the Hossom, In the pivile o' unity neon, Not the little sporting farry, All beneath the similar moon Not the poet, in the moment Fancy lightens in his cc, Ken, the picasine, feels the rapture, That thy presence gies to me.

## OH, LUVI WILL VINIURE IN.

Off, his will venture in Where it darma weel be seen; Oh, hive will benture in Where wisdom ance has been; But I will down you river rive, Amang the wood sae \( \frac{1}{2} \) in \( \frac{1}{2} \) And a to pu' a poste. To my an dear May.

The prinnese I will pu',
The firstling of the year;
And I will pu'the pink,
The emblem o' my dear;
For she the pink o womankind,
And blooms without a peer—
And a' to be a poste
To my ain dear May

Ill pu' the budding rose, When Phobus peeps in view, For it's like a baumy kiss
O' her sweet, bonny mou';
The hyacinth's for constancy,
Wi' its unchanging blue—
And a' to be a poste
To my am dear May.

The hly it is pure,
And the hly it is fair,
And in her lovely bosom
I'll place the hly there;
The dasy's for simplicity,
And unaffected an—
And s' to be a posic
To my am o at May.

The hawthorn I — ill pu', a
Wi' its locks o siller gray,
Where, like an aged man,
It stands at break of d y.
But the songster's nest within the bush
I winna tak away—
And a' to be a posse
To my am di ai May.

The woodbine 1 will pu',
When the evening star is near,
And the diamond diaps o' dew
Shall be her een sac clear;
The violet's for modesty,
Which weel she fa's to wear —
And a' to be a poste
To my am dear May

I'll the the poste totard
Wi' the silken band of love,
And I'll place it in her breast,
And I'll swen by a' above,
That to my latest draught o' life
The band shall ne'er remove—
And this will be a poste
To my ain dear May.

SIC A WIFE AS WILLIE HAD,

Tum Light Mer of Mordart"

We are indebted to Cumningham for an account of the heroine of this song "She was she wife of a farner who lived near Burns at Ellisland. She was a very singular woman. 'tea,' she said, 'would be the ruin of the nation, sugar was a sore evil; wheaten bread was only fit for babes, eartherwere was a pickpocket, wooden floors were but fit for thrashing upon; slated roots, cold;

fe ithers, good enough for fowls," in short, she abhorred change, and, whe ever anything new appeared, such as harrows with non-teeth—"Ay, ay,' s would exclaim, 'ye'll see the upshot !' Of all insidern things she disliked clim most; she called it buint clay,' and said it was only fit for 'haudin' the bre o' stimin' weeds,' as she called tea. On one occasion, a southern dealer i cups and sance sasked so much for his ware that he exasperated a peasant, who said, 'I canna buy, but I ken ane that will: 'Gang there,' said he, pointing to the house of Willie's wife '—'dinna be blate or burd-mouthed; ask a guid penny, she has the siller' Away went the poor dealer, spread out his wares before her, and summed up all by asking a dorble price. A blow from her cunimock was his instant reward, which not only fell on his person, but damaged his china—'I'll learn ye,' quoth sue, as she heard the saucers imple, 'to come wi' yer brazent English face, and yer bits o' bruit clay to 'ne!'"

WIFTER WASTLE dwalt on Tweed,
The spot they ca'd it Linkum-doodie;
Willie was a wabster! guid,
Could stown! a clue wi' ony bodic.
He had a wife was donr and din,
Oh, Tinkfer Madgie was her mither;
Sie a wife as Willie had,
I wadna gig a button for her.

She has an ee - she has but ane,
The cat has twa the very colon;
Five rusty teeth, forbye's a stimp,
A chapper-tongue wad deave a uniler,
A whiskin' beard about her mou',
Her nose and chin they threaten thei Sie a wife as Wilhe had,
I wadna gie a button for hei.

She's bow-hough'd, she's hem-shinn'd,
Ae hippin' leg, a band-breed shorter;
She's twisted right, she's twisted left,
To balance fair in dha quarter;
She has a hump up it her breast,
The twin o' thab upon her shouther—
Sic a wife as Willie had,
I wadha gie a button for her

Auld bauchons by the mgle sits,
And wi' her loof her face as ashin',
But Willie's wife is nac sac trig.'
She dights her grunzie wi' a hashion."
Her walte mey s? like midden-cicels,
Her face wad fyle the Logan Water—
Sic a wife as Willie hid.
'I wadna god a button for her.

6 Cleat 7 Ample fists

l Weaver g[Hare] stolen. Besides

<sup>4</sup> The cat by the free place sits.
5 P dm

# SMILING SPRING COMES IN REJOICING.

Tune-"The Bonny Bed '

The smiling Spring comes in rejoicing,
And saily Winter granly flies,
Now crystal clear are the falling waters,
And bonny blue are the sunny skies;
Fresh afer the mountains breaks forth the morning.
The evening gilds the occur's swell.
All creatures joy in the sun's returning,
And I rejoice in my bonny Bell

The flowery Sp. og leads sunny Summer, And yellow At unnn presses near, Then in his turn once gloomy Winter, Till sinding Spring again appear. Thus seasons dancing, life advancing, Old Time and Nature their changes tell, But never ranging still unchanging, I adore my bonny Bell.

#### THE GALLANT WEAVER

Live--"The Weiser, March"

WHERT Cait \* rms rown' to the sea. By mony a flower and spreading tree, There lives a lad, the lad for me, He is a gall int weiver. Oh, I had wood aught or nine. They gied me rings and ribbons in . And I was fear'd my heart would to it, And I giel it to the weaver.

My daddie sign'd my tocher-hand,4
To gie the lad that has the land;
But to my heart I ll add my hand,
And gie it to the weaver.
While buds replace in leafy hower.
While bees delight in opening flowers;
While coin grows green in surmer showers,
I'll love my gallant weaver.

1 Lose

#### SHE'S FAIR AND PAUSE.

June -- "She's Fair and Fause."

SHE's fedr and fause that causes mysmart,
I lo'ed her meikle and lang;
She's broken her vow, she's broken my heart,
And I may e'en gae hang.
A coof' cam in wi' routh o' gear,
And I hae tint 'my deatest dear;
But woman is but warkl's gear,
Sae let the bonny lassie gang.

Whae'er ye be that woman love,

To this be never blind,

Nae ferhe 'tis, though tickle she prove

A woman has't by kind.

O woman, lovely woman fair!

An angel form's fa'n to thy share:

'Twid been o'er meikle to gien thee mair—

I mean an angel mind.

## MV AIN KIND DEARIE, O.

Tune "The Lea-Rig"

When o'er the hill the eastern star
Tells bughtin-time 6 is near, my jo,
And owsen frac the furiow'd field
Return sac dowf 7 and weary, O;
Down by the han, where scented bins
Wi' dew are hanging clear, my jo,
I'll meet thee on the learing,
My ain kind dearie, O!

In minkest glen, at midnight hour,
I'd rove, and ne'er be cerie, to the firming that glen I gaed to thee,
My hin kind dearie, O!
Although the night were ne'er sae wiid,
And I were ne'er sae wearie, O,
'I'd inect thee on the learng,
My ain kind dearie, O!

Wonder.

<sup>1</sup> Fool.
2 Abundance of wealth
3 Lost.

f Have given Folding-tune.

b Grassfield-ridg 1 Darkest. 10 Frightened.

The humer lo'es the morning sun,
To rouse the mountain deer, my je;
At noon the fisher seeks the glen,
Along the burn to steer, my io;
Gie me the hour o' gloamin' gray,
It maks my heart sae chee'y; O,
To meet thee on the lea-rig,
My am kind dearie, O !

#### MY 'VIFE'S A WINSOME WEE THING.

! He is a worsome wee thing, She is a hon Isome wee thing, She is a bon y wee thing, This sweet wee wife o mine.

i never saw a faiter, I never lo'ed a destes; And neist my heart CII wear her, For fear my jewe' time.

She is a winsome wee thing, She is a handsome vice thing, She is a boung wee thing, This sweet wee wife o' mure.

The wald's wrack we share o't, The warstle and the care o't; Wi' her I'll blithely bear it, And think my lot divine.

#### II GHLAND MARY

Zone - 'Kath ume Ogie "

This is another magneficent expression of his passion for Highland Mary Witting to Thoms, i, he says — The following song pleases me, I think it is firmly happiest manner. The subject of the song is one of the most interesting I issages of my youthful days, and I own that I so ald be much flattered to see the series set to an air which would make celebraty. Perhaps after all, it is the still glowing picificing of my he it that thows a berrowed fusive over the ments of the composition." See p. 253 for an account of Mary.

Yi Lanks, and bracs, and streams around The castle o' Montgomery, Green be your woods, and fair your flowers.
Your waters never dumile!
There simmer first unfulld her robes,
And thine the langest tany,
For there, I took the latter for weel
O'my sweet Highland Mary.

How sweetly bloom d the gay green hit?

If I have note the hawthom's blossom!

As underneath their fragrant shade,

I clasp d her to my bosom!

The golden hours, on angel wings,
Flew o'er me and my dearne.

For dear to me, as light and life,
Was my sweet Highland Mary!

Wi' mony a wow, and lock'd embrace,
Our puting was fu' tender.
And, pledging aft to meet agair,
We tore out class asuncte;
But, oh! fell Death's untimely frost,
That mpt my flowers ac earry! Now green's the sod, and caulu's the clay
That wraps my Highland Mary!

Oh, pale, pale now, those rosy lipz, I aft hat kiss'd sae fondly! And closed for aye the spukling glance 'That dwelt on me sae kindly! And mouldering now in silent dist That heart that lo'ed me dearly— But still within my basom's core Shall live my Highland Mory!

## AULD ROB MÖRIÐS

THE two first lines of the following belong to an old bill id-the rest is the poet's.

THERE'S and Rob Morns that wons im you glen He's the king o' gnid fellows and wale to fault men; He has gowd in his coffes, he has owsen and king. And ac bonny lassic, his darling and mine.

She's fiesh as the morning the fairest in M. y; She's sweet as the evening among the new be;; As hithe and as artless as lambs on the lea, And dear to my heart as the light to my ee.

1 Muddy. 2 Dwells. 3 Choice.

But oh! she's an heiress,—anld Robin's a laird, And my daddie hes nought but a cot-house and yard; A wooer like me maunia hope to come speed; The wounds I must hide that will so be my dead.

The day comes to me, but delight Brings me nane; The night comes to me, but my rest it is gane I wander my lane like a night-troubled ghatst, And I sigh as my heart it wad burst in my breast.

Oh, had she but been of a lower degree, I then might hae hoped she'd hae smiled upon me! Oh, how past descriving had then been my bliss, As now my distraction no words can express!

### COCK UP YOUR BE'VER

Ture - " Cock up your beaver "

THE second verse of this song is Burns's-the first is old

When first my brave Johnnie lad Came to this town, He had a blue bounct That wanted the crown; But now he has gotten A hat and a feather,— Hey, brave Johnnie lad, Cock up your beaver!

Cock up your beaver,
And cock it fu' sprush,
We'll over the Border
And gre them a brush;
There's somebody there
We'll teach better behaviour--Hey, brave Johnnie lad,
Cock up your beaver!

## BONNY PEG.,

THE following lines first as peared in the Edinburgh Magazine for 1818

As I came in by our gate end, As day was waxin' weary, SONGS, 405

Oh, wha came tripping down the street, But bonny Peg, my dearne!

Her air sae sweet, and shape complete, Wi' nae proportion wanting, The Queen of Love did never move Wi' motion mair enchanting.

 Wi' linked hands, we took the sands Adown you winding river; And, oh! that hour and broomy bower, · Can I forget it ever?

## THE TITHER MORN.

To a Highland Air

Tite tither morn, When 1 forlorn Ancath an aik sat moaning. I did na trow I'd see my jo<sup>1</sup> Beside me gin the gloaming. But he sae ting ! Lap o'er the rig, And dawtingly 3 slid cheer me, When I, what reck, Did least expect To see my lad sae near me.

His bonnet he, A thought agee, Cock'd sprush when his ble lasp'd me; And I, I wat, Wi' funness grat, 4 While in his grips he press'd me. Deil tak' the war! I late and air Hae wish'd singe Jock departed; But now as glade I'th wi' my lad As short syne broken-hearted.

J Lovingly,

I Dear.

405 SONGS

> Fn'aftate'en ( Wi' dancing keen, ' When a' were blithe and merry, I cared na by, Sae sad was I In absence n' my dearie But, praise be blest, My mind's at rest, I'm happy wi' my Johnny;
> At kuk and fair, I'se aye be there, And be as canty's any.

## TOP DEUK ODANG + FR MY DADDIE, O

Trose " De deuk's dang o'er my daddie "

Titt burns git ont wi' an unco shout, The deuk's dang " o'er my daddie, O! The ficut may care, quo' the ferrie ' auld wife, He was but a padlin 4 body, 🕬 He pudles out, and he paidles in, And he paidles late and carly, O' Thre seven bing yours I have ben by his side, And he is but a fusionle of carbe, O!

Oh, hand your toughe, my ferne auld wife, Oh, hand your tongue now, Nansic, O! I've seen the day, and sae hae ye, Le wadna been sae donsie, 6 (1) I've seen the dry ye butter'd my brose, And cuddled? we life and early O. But downs do's come o'er we nov. And, ole! I feel it sailly, O!

#### HAPPY FRIENDSHIP.

CUNNISGIAM gives the following account of this song -"Burns, on one occasion, was on visit it obtained house for two or three days, and during his stay there a constrain party text, at which the bird was a present of fivour the company with a poetical diffusion. He properly complied by writing the song in question. The overgoal MS is now in the possession of Captain

<sup>1</sup> Happ¥. 2 Duck has pushed.

<sup>4</sup> lie wandered amresily about

<sup>6</sup> Pettish 7 Fonard

<sup>8</sup> Sturdy

<sup>5</sup> Suple 5.

<sup>8</sup> A phrase dinning the exhalistion of age

Hendries, who commands a Scottish triding vessel, and who is nephcw to the gentleman at whose festive board Burns was entertained on the evening alluded to "

HERE wound the ingle 1 bleezing,
What sae happy and sae free,
Though the northern wind blaws freezing,
Frien'ship warms bath you and me.

Happy we are a' thegither, 'Happy we'll be yin and a'; Time shall see us a' the blither. Ere we use to gang awa'.

See the miser o'er his treasme Gloating wi' a greedy ce! Can be feel the glow o' pleasme That around us here we'sce?

Can the peer, in alk and cinnine, Callins conscience half his own; His class? are spun and edged we'vermin Though he stan' afore a throne!

Thus, then, let us a' be tassing '
Aft on: stoups o' gen'rous flaine;
And, while round the board 'tis passing,
Raise a sang in frien'ship's name

Frien'ship maks us a' mair happy, Frien' hip gies us a' delight; Frien'ship consecutes the drappie, Frien'ship brings us here to-night.

# OH, SAW VE MY DEARIE

True- ' Eppe M Nab

Off, saw ye m; dearte, my Eppie M Nah? Oh, saw ye my dearte, my Eppie M Nah? She's down in the yard, she's kissin' the lan She winna come ham? to her am Jock Rah,

Oh, come thy ways to me, my Pipple W.Nah. Oh, come thy ways to me, my Pipple M.Nah. Whate'er thou hast done, be it late, be it son, Thou's welcome again to thy am Jock Rab.

What says she, my dearte, my Eppie M'Nab? What says she, my dearte, my Eppie M'Nab? She lets thee to vit, that she has thee forgot, And for ever disowns thee, her am Jock Rab.

Oh, had I ne'er seen thee, my Eppie M'Nab! Oh, had I ne'er seen thee, my Eppie M'Nab! As light as the an, as fanse as thou's fair, Thou's broken the heart o' thy am Jock Rab.

#### THE CARLE OF KELLYBURN BRAES.

Time-"Kellyburn Braes."

An improved version of an old song peaking to Cromek about the old songs ner husband had altered and improve. Mrs. Burths said:—"Robert gae this are a terrible brushing."

THERE lived a carle 1 in Kellybum oracs,
(Hey, and the nuc grows bonny wi' thyme,)
And he had a wife was the plague o' his days;
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

Ae day as the carle gaed 2 up the lang glen,
(Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
He met wi' the devil, says, "How do you fen?"
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

"I've got a bad wife, sir; that's a' my complaint; (Hey, and the rue grows honny wi' thyme,)
Foi, saving your presence, to her ye're a saint;"
And the thyme it is wi'her'd, and rue is in prime.

"It's neither your stot nor your staig" I shall crave, (Hey, and the rice grows bonny wi' thyme,)
But gie me your wife, man, for her I must have."
And the thyme it is withen'd, and rue is in prime.

"Oh! welcome, most kindly," the blithe carle said.
(Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
"But if ye can match her, ye're waur than ye're ca'd."
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

The devil has got the auld wife on his back;
(Hey, and the rne grows bonny wi' thyme,)
And, like a poor pedlar, he's can ed his pack,
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime

1 Mais 2 Went. 3 Live 4 Bullock. \* Colt.

He's carried her hause to his am hallan-door; (Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,) 'Syne bade her gae m, for a bitch and a whoie, And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

Then straight he makes ffity, the pick o' his band, (Hey, 'and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
'Turn out on her guard in the clap of a hand;
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

The carlin 1 gaed through them like ony wild a hear,
2 (Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thynic,)
Whae'er she gat hands on cam near her mae mair;
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

A reckit wee devil looks over the wa', \* (Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
"Oh, help, master, help or she'll rum us a', >
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

The devil he swore by the edge o' his knife,
(Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyine,)
He pitted the man that was tied to a wife;
And the thyme it is wither'd, and tue is in prime.

The devil he swore by the kirk and the bell, (Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
He was not in wedlock, thank Heaven, but in hell;
And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime.

Then Satan has traveild again wi'his pack,
 (Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
 And to her auld husband he's carried her back;
 And the thyme it is wither'd, and rue is in prime

"I hae been a devil the ficek o' my life;
(Hey, and the rue grows bonny wi' thyme,)
But ne'er was in hell, till I met wi' a wife,"
And the thyme it is wither and rue is in prime.

YE JACOBI ES BY NAME.

Time - "Ye Jacobites by Name"

VE Jacobites by name, give an ear; give an ear; Ye Jacobites by name, give an ear;

Wild.

3 Smoked

4 Most.

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Ye Jacobites by name, Your fuilts I will proclaim, Your doctrines I main blame— You shall hear

What is right, and what is wrang, by the law?
What is right, and what is wrang, by the law?
What is right, and what is wrang?
A short sword, and a lang,
A weak arm, and a strang
For to draw.

What makes berone strife funed afar, famed afar?
What make berone strife famed afar?
What mid as heror; strife?
To whet th' assas m's kinfe,
Or hunt a paren schife.
Will blindhe war

Then let your schemes alone, in the state in the state;
Then let your schemes alone, in the state;
Then let your schemes alone,
Adore the using sun,
And leave a man undone
To his fitte

## AS I WAS A WANDERING.

Tu te "Rinn Mendi d mo Mhe all alli "

As I was a-wandering to midsummer centric. The pipers and youngsters were making their gain. Among them I speed my faithless fause to et, Which bled at the wound of my dolong again.

Weel, since he hast left me, may pleasure gae wi' hun; I may be distress'd, but I winna complain; I'll flitter my fan y I may get amther, My heart it shall new i be broken for anc.

I couldna get sleeping till dawm! for greeting,?

The tears trickled lown like the hail and the rain: !

Had I na got greeting, my heart wad hae broken,...

For, oh! Inve forsaken's a tormenting pain!

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Although he has feft me for greed o' the siller, I dinna envy him the gains he can win; I rather wad bear a' the lade o' my sorrow. Than ever hae acted sac fathle's to him.

#### THE SLAVE'S LAMENT

Ir was in sweet Schegal that my foes did me enthial,
For the Linds of Viiginia, O;
Torn from that lovely shore, and must never see it more,
And alas I am weary, weary, O!

All on that charming coast is no bitter snow or frog,
Lake the land of Virginia, O;
There streams for everallow, and there flowers for ever blow
And alas I am wears, weary, O!

The burden I must bear, while the cruel scrange I fear, In the lands of Virginia, O., And I think on friends most dear, with the batter, bitter tear, And thas I am weny, weary, O.

## THE WEARY PUND OF TOW

Time "The Wear Pand of You."

I howeth my was a stane of limt!
As guid as e'er did grow.
And a' that she has made o' that
Is ae poor pund o' tow.

The weary pand, the weary pand,
The weary pand of 6 w
I think my wife will end her life
Ecfore she spin har tow.

There sat a bottle in a bole,
Beyont the ingle low,

And aye she took the tither souk,

To drouk the stoure tow

Flav Flave of the fire. 5 Diench the dusty 11 tk in a prepared state 4 Swig

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Quoth I, "For shame, ye dirty dam Gae spin your tap o' tow!" She took the rock, and wi' a knock She brak it o'er my pow.

At last her feet—I sang to see't—Gaed foremost o'er the knowe,"
And or I wad another jad,
I'll wallop in a tow.

## LADY MARY ANN

7 nm -" Cr ston's Grown g"

An attempt to mutate the manner of an old ballac,

OH, Lady Mary Ann
Looks o'er the eastle wa',
She saw three bonny boys
Playing at the ba',
The youngest he was
The flower amang them a'—
My bonny laddie's young,
But he's growin yes.

Of other! Of ather:
An ye think it fit,
We'll send him a year
To the college yet.
We'll sew a green ribbon
Round about his hat,
And that will let them ken
He's to marry yet.

Lady Mary Ann
Was a flower i' the dew.
Sweet was its smell,
And bonny was its hue,
And the langer it blossom'd
The sweeter it grew;
For the lily in the bud
Will be bonnier yet..

<sup>1</sup> Swing in a rope

<sup>\*</sup> The allusion here is the coffin being carried to the churchyard feet foremost.

Young Charhe Cochiane
Was the sprout of an aik;
Bonny and bloomin'
And straught was its make:
The sun took delight
To shine for its sake,
And it will be the brag
O' the forest yet.

The simmer is gane
When the leaves they were green,
And the days are awa'
That we has seen;
But far better days
I trust will come again,
For my bonny laddie's young,
But he's grown' yet.

#### OH, KENMURE'S ON AND AWA'.

Tune-"Oh, Kenmure's on and awa', Wilhe "

"Titis song," says Cunningham, "refers to the fortunes of the gallant Gordons of Kennure in the fatal "Fifteen". The Viscount left Galloway with two hundred horsemen well armed, he joined the other lowland Jacobies- penetrated to Preston-tepulsed, and at last yielded to, the utack of General Carpenter—and penshed on the scaffold man, and his fate was deeply lamented. The title has since been restored to the Gordon's line."

OH, Kenmure's on and awa', Wilie! Oh, Kenmure's on and awa'! And Kenmure's lead's the bravest lord That ever Galloway saw.

Success to Kenmure's band, Willie' Success to Kenmure's band; There's no a heart that fears a Whig That rides by Kenmure's hand

Here's Kenmure's health in wine, Willie! Here's Kenmure's health in wine; There ne'er was a coward o' Kenmure's blude, Nor yet o' Gordon's line.

Oh, Kenmure's lads are men, Willie!
Oh, Kenmure's lads are men;
Their hearts and swords are metal true—
And that their face shall ken.

They'll live or die wi' fame," Wilhe!
They'll live or die wi' fame,
But soon wi' sounding victorie
May Kennure's lord come har c.

Here's him that's far awa', Wilke! Here's him that's far awa'! And here's the flower that I lo'e best— The rose that's like the snaw!

#### MY COC WAY 1 ADDIE

7 on "The collect Laddie"

"I to not know, says Barns, ") obther o'd song that this," which he mounted and altered as follows for the Museum

Off, whate live ye, my bonny lass? And tell me what they ca' ye? My name, she says, is Mistress Jean, And I follow the Collier I addie My name, she says, is Mistress Jean, And I follow the Collier I addie.

Oh, see you not von hills and dales,
the sun shines on sac briwhe?
They a' are mine and they shall be thine,
Gur ye'll leave your Collier Laddie.
They a are mine, and they shall be thine,
Gur ye'll leave your Collier Laddie.

And ye shall gang m gay attne, Weel busht! up sae grudy. And an to wait at every hand, Can yell leave your Collier Ladd. And and to writ at every hand, Om ye'll leave your Collier Laddie

Though ye had a' the sun shines on,
And the carth conceal, sae lowly,
I wao turn my back on you and it a',
And conhace my Colher Laddu
I wad turn my bick on you and it a',
And embrace my Coiher Laddie.

I cut win my five pennics a day, And spen t as night fit brawlie; And mak my bed in the Collier's neuk, And he down wi' my Collier I addie.

And mak my bed in the Collier's neuk,
And he down wi' my Collier Laddie.

Large for lave is the bargain for me,
Though the wee cot-house should hand me;
And the warld before me to win my bread,
And fan fa' my Colher Laddie
And the warld before me to win my bread
And fair fa' my Collier Laddie.

## FAREWEEL TO A! OUR SCOTIISH PAME

Tune -" Sucia a Pairel of Regues in a Nation"

"Burns," says Cunningham, "has expressed sentiments in this ong which were once popular in the north.' On one occasion be says regarding the Union, "What are all the edy inters which my entity experience that Union that cure ounce the annulation of her independence and even her very name? Nothing curreconcile me to the terms, "English Vallassidor," English Court," see

FAREWELL to a' our Scottish fame,
Entewed our ancient glory!
Fareweel even to the Scottish name.
Sae famed in inartial story!
Now Sgik tins o'er the Solway sands,
And Tweed tims to the ocean,
To mark where England's province stands
Such a parcel of riggies in a nation!

What force or guile could not subdue, 'Through many warlike ages, Is wrought now by a covariely and the for lineing trators' wages. The English deel we could die ein, Scenie in valour's station.

But English gold has been our bane of Such a parcel of rogues in a nation!

Oh, would, ene I had seen the day That treason thus could sell us, My auld gray head had hen in clay Wi' Bruce and loyal Wallace! But pith and power, till my last hour, I'll mak this declaration; We're bought and sold for English gold-Such a parcel of rogues in a nation.

## HERE'S A HEAT OF TO THEM CHAT'S AWA'.

Tune-" Here's a health to them that's aw i'."

This song was composed in honour of the leaders of the liberal party in the Hor e of Commons

> HERE'S a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to the n that's aw ', Antowha winna wish guid luck to our cause, May never guid luck be their fa'! It's guid to be meny and wise, ~ It's guid to be honest and true, It's good to support Caledonia's cause, And lade by the buff and the blue,\*

Here's a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to Charliet the chief of the clan Although that his band be but sma'. May Laberty meet wi' success! May Prudence protect her frae evil! May tyrants and tyranny time in the mist, And wander their way to the devil!

Here's a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to them that's awa'; Here's a health to Tamme, the Norland laddie, That lives at the lug o' the law ! Here's freedom to him that wad read, Here's freedom to him that wad wite! There's name ever fear'd that the truth should be heard But they wham the truth wad malite.1

Here's a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to them that's awa', 'Icre's Chieftain M'Leod's a chieffain worth gowd, Though bred among mountains of snaw!

## 1 Indict-impeach

<sup>\*</sup> The colours of the Whig party.
† The Right Hon. Charles James Fox.
‡ Thomas, afterwards Ldid, Erskine.
§ M'Lood of Dunvegan, M P. for Inverness.

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Here's a health to them that's awa', Here's a health to them that's awa. And wha wima wish gnid linck to our can e, May never gnid linck be then fa'!

SONG

Tune "I had a horse, I had no man."

Gittler liters thought that a Missian Plackstock was the herome of this song. The poet, in eletter to Indieson, said of it, 'whor private reasons, I' should like to see it in print"

OII, poorbth<sup>1</sup> cauld and restless love, Ye wreak my peace between ve; Yet poortuli a' I could forgive, An 'twere na for my Jeanie.

> Oh, why should Tate see pleasure have, Late's degrest bands untwining? Or why sae sweet a flower as love Depend on Fortune's shiming?

This world's weath when I think on. Its pinde and a' the lave o't. I've, fie on silly coverd man, That he should be the slave o't.

Her eeta ac borny blue betray.
How she repays my passion,
But prudence is het o'erword<sup>2</sup> aye,
She ta'l's of rank and fashion

Oh, wha cur produce that apon, And so a lassic by hun? Oh, wha cur produce third apon, And sae in love as I am?

How blest the hamble cotter's face.'

He woods his simple dearie.

The silly largles, wealth and state,

Can never make them corie.

1 Poverty .

" Աշնուս

3 Afrad

### LORD GREGORY,

WRITTEN in imitation of Dr. Walcot's Peter Pin lar) beliad of the same name, of which Burns 5 tes, in a letter to Thomson, 'Pin lar's 'Lord Gregory' is beautiful. I have tried to give your existen, which is at your service. Not that I intend to enter the lists with Protecthal would be presumption indeed! My song, though much inferior in poeta ment, has, I think, more of the ballad simplicity in it.

OII, mink, mink is this midnight hour, And loud the tempest's roat, A waefu' wanderer leeks thy tower – I oid Gregory, ope thy door!

An exile frae her f her', ha',
And a' for loving thee,
At least some pity on me shaw,
If love it may no be.

Lord Gregory mind'st thou not the grove,
By bonny I win-side,
Where first I own'd that virgin love
I lang, lang had demed?

How aften didst thou a ledge and vow Thou wad for aye be name, And my fond heart, itsel sae true, It ne'er mistrusted think

Hard is thy heart, Lord Gregory, And fluty is thy breast— Thou dart of heaven that flashest by Oh, wilt thou give me rest!

Ye mustering the index from above, Your willing victim see! But spare, and pardyn my finse here. His wrangs to Heaven and me

## OPEN THE DOOR TO ME, OH!

"On, open the door, one pity to how,
Oh, open the door to me, oh!
Though thou hast been false, I'll ever prove true,
Oh, open the door to me, oh!

"Cauld is the blast upon my pale check, But caulder thy love for me, oh! The frost that seezes the life at my heart Is rought to my pains frae thee, oh!

"The wan moon is setting behind the white wave, And time is setting with me, oh! Falsesfriends, false love, farewell! for mair I'll ne'er trouble them nor thee, oh!'

She has open'd the door, she has open'd it wide,
She sees his pale coise on the plain, oh!
"My true love!" she cried, and sank down by his side,
Never to rise again, oh!

## YOUNG JESSIE.

Tune -" Bonny Dundee "

THE herome of this song was Miss Jane Staig, daughter of the Provost of Dumines

TRUE-hearted was he, the sad swain o' the Yarrow, And fair are the mads on the banks o' the Ayr, But by the sweet side o' the Nith's winding river Are lovers as faithful and maidens as fair:
To equal young Jessie sock scotland all over, equal young Jessie you seek it in vain; Grace, beauty, and elegance fetter her lover, And maidenly modesty tives the chain.

Oh, fresh is the rose in the gay, dewy merning,
And sweet is the hly at evening close;
But in the fair presence o' lovely young Jessie,
Unseen is the hly, unheeded the inc.
Love sits in her smale, a wizard ensuring;
Enthroned in her cen he delivers his law:

And still to her chaims she alone is a stranger—
Her modest demeanour's the jewel of a'!

## THE POOR AND HONES, SODGER.

" .ter ." The Mill, Mill, O !"

A CORRESPONDING of Thomson's says, regarding the origin of this song - "Burns, I have been informed, was one summer evening at the unital Brown

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hill with a couple of fitteds, when a poor warworn soldner passed the window of a sudden, it strick the popt to call him in, and get the story of his adventures, after listening to which, he all at once fell into one of those fits of abstraction not unusual with him. He was lifted to the region where he had his 'garland and singing robes about him,' and the result was the 4-diminable song which he sent you for "The Mill, Mill, O"" if

When wild war's deadly blast was blawn,
And gentle peace returning,
Wi mony a sweet babe fatherless,
And mony a widow mourning,
I left the lines and tented field,
Where lang I'd been a lodger,
My limitable knapsack a' my wealth,
A poer and honest sodger.

At length I reached the bonny glen. Where early life I sported; I passed the null, and 'tysting thorn, Where Nancy aft I courted: Wha sped I but my am dear mad, Down by her mother's dwelling! And turn'd me round to hide the fibod. That in my cen was swelling.

Wi' alter'd voice, quoth T, "Sweet Los, Sweet as you hawthorn's bloom, Oh! happy, happy may he be, That's deafest bo thy losion! My puise is light, I've far to ging, And fun wad be thy lodger; I've served my king and country langer 'Take pity on a sodger'

S. c wistfully she gazed on me,
And lovelier was than ever.
Quo' she, "A sodger ance I lo'ed,
Forget him shall I never:
Our humble cot, and hamely face,
Ye freely shall partake it,
That gallant badge—the door cockade—
Ye're welcome for the sake o'd."

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She gazed—she redden'd like a rose—Syne pale like ony lily;
She sank within my arms, and cried,
"Art shou my ain dear Wilhe?"
"By I lim who made yon sun and sky,
I'y whom true love's regarded,
I'am the man; and thus may still
True lovers be rewarded!

"The wars are o'cr, and I'm come hame, And find thee still true-hearted;
Though poor in gear, we're neh in love,
And mair, we'se ne'cr be parted."
Quo' she, "My grandsne left me gowd.
A mailen? plenish'd fauly,
And come, my faithful sodger lad,
Thou'rt welcome to it dearly!"

For gold the merchant ploughs the main. The farmer ploughs the manor, But glory is the sodger's prize, The sodger's wealth is honour: The brave poor sodger neer despite. Nor count him as a stranger, Remember, he's his country's stay. In day and hour of danger.

#### MICO'MIR MILI

Air-"Hey! Long lass, will you be in a hurack?"

Oit, ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? And ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? She has gotten a cool 3 wi' a clint o' aller, 4 And broken the heart o' the lealey miller.

The nuller was strapped, the nuller was ruddy, A heart hile a lord, and a bue bke a lady; The land was a widdleful, bleent knull; She's left the guid-fellow and telen the charl.

The miller he heeht her a heart leal and loving; The laird did address her wi matter mair moving, A fine-pacing horse, wi' a clear-chain'd builte, A whip by her side, and a bonny side-saidle.

i Then 2 Farm. 7 Lout
4 Plenty of moncy

5 Ill tempered, blear ed dwerf 6 Offered. Oh, wae on the siller, it is say prevailing; And wae on the love that is fix'd on a mailen! A tocher's nae word in a true lover's parle, But, gie me my love, and a fig for the wail'!

#### SECOND VERSIONA

Tune-" Jackie Hume's Liment."

OH, ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? And ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? A braw new naig? wi' the tail o' a rottan, And that's what Meg o' the Mill has gotten.

Oh, ken ye what Meg o' the Mill loe's dearly? And ken ye what Meg o' the Mill lo'es dearly? A dram o' guid strivit in a morrang early, And that's what Meg o' the Mill loe's dearly.

Oh, ken he how Meg o' the Mill was married? And ken ye how Meg o' the Mill was married? The priest he was oxter'd, the clerk he was carried, And that's how Meg o' the Mill was married.

Oh, ken ye how Meg o' the Mill was bedded? And ken ye how Meg o' the Mill was bedded? The groom gat sac fou, he fell twa-fauld beside it, And that's how Meg o' the Mill was bedded.

#### WELCOME TO GENERAL DUMOURIER.

SUGGESTED by the descrition of Dunourier from the army of the French Republic, after he had gained several splendid victories.

You're welcome to despots, Dumourier; You're welcome to despots, Dumourier;

How does Panupiere\* do?

Ay, and Beurnonville † too?

Why did they not come along with you, Dumourier?

I will fight France with you, Dumourier; I will fight France with you, Dumourier; I will fight France with you, I will take my chance with you;

By my soul, I'll dance a dance with you, Dumounes

<sup>1</sup> Dowry.

<sup>2</sup> Horse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Whisky

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Then let us fight about, Dumouner,
Then let us fight about, Dumouner,
I hen let us fight about,
I led reedom's spark is out,
Then ye'll be dann a, no do ibt, Dumouner

#### THE LAST TIME I CAMP OUR THE MOOR

THE last time I came o er the moor,
And left Maries dwelling.
What throe, what to tures passing care,
Were in my lesson swelling as
Cordenn I to see my rival acien,
While I in caret lan uish,
To fe I a time in every vein,
Acting in t speak in, anguir h

Love's vene ' wie ch, despuring, I
Fun, fun my enime would even
The unweeting groun, the Luisting's sh,
Bettry the sulty lovei
I know my doom must be despin,
Thou wilt nor caust relieve me
But, O Maira hear my gruyer,
I or pity's sile, fergive me!

The music of thy tongue I heard,
Nor wist while it enslaved me,
I saw thine eyes, yet nothing fou d
Till four no more had saved me
The unvary adjection, agha t
The sheeling torrent view me,
In one'ng horios, yields at last
In overwhelming ruin!

# IARIWETT, THOU CALLA

Time- in y to the rewood gra-

This manother version films of Josh of the result is poselt in have friending Mrs. Kildhol W. 11 y I is. He cased no mostly in hat it y owe thereon it to 2 state is a circle of a

I AI FWFI L, thou stream that wind ug fle Around Llizz's dwelling! O Memory! spare the cruel throcs Within my bosom swelling Condemn'd to diag a hopeless diait, And yet in Secret languish; To feel a fire in every vein, Nor date disclose my anguish."

Love's venest wietch, unseen, unknown, I fam my griefs would cover, The bursting sigh, th' intwecting groan, Betray the hapless lovet.

I know then doom'st me to despair, Nor wilt, nor caust, relieve me;
But oh Tehra, hear one prayer—
I or party's sake forgive me!

The music of thy voice I heard,
Nor wist while a enslaved ma;
I one thine eyes, yet nothing ferral,
'I ill fears no more had saved me.
The unwary sailor thus, aghest
The wheeling torrent viewing,
'Mid encling horious sinks at last
In overall chang run.

#### BLITHE HALL BEEN.

Tune - " Laggeron Cosh "

This become of this song was Mass Losley Baillie, Clady, he told Mrs. Di. dop, with whom he was almost in loce. The celebrates her chains in another song, "Loany Techey," p. 357

BLITIII hae I been on you hall, As the lambs before me.
Carcless that thought and free, As the breeze flew o er me.
Now is the larger sport and play.
Mith or sanglean plea e me.
Lesley is say for and coy,
Care and anguish sere me.

Hervy, heavy is the task,
Hopeless love deal ring:
Trendling, I dow up the but street
isighing, dumb, despinier:
It she winna case the thrave
In my bosoni swelling,
Underneath the grass-green sod
Soon mann be my dwelling.

<sup>1</sup> Dare nought I ut stare

#### LOGAN BRAFS

## • Tum "I ogan Water"

The following, from a letter to Thomson, is the poet's account of the origin of this song —"Have you ever, my dea our left you be out in dry to hirse with indignation of reading of those mighty whams who divide kingdom against kingdom, desolate provinces, and lay nations with, out of the wantomes soft utions or often from still more ignoble passions? In a model it king to day, I go collected the air of 'Logan Water,' and it occurred to me this king to day, I go collected the air of 'Logan Water,' and it occurred to me this king querillous nellody probably had its origin from the pluntive indignation of same swelling, suffering heart, fired at the tyranine strikes of sono public destroyer, and over a chined with private actives the consequence of a countity's multiple for the proposed of the original strikes in the guarantees of a thour's meantain in my ebow-chain, ought to have, a tenerit."

O LOGAN, sweetly didst thou glide That day I was my Wilhe's londe! And years busyne's hae o'er us not lake Logau to the simmer sun. But now thy flowery banks appear I ike drumbe? Worter, dark and diear, While my dear I of mann face his facs, but, for free me and Logur brace?

Again the merry month o' May 11.5 neale out hills and valleys gay; The brds rejoice in leafy bowers; The bees hum round the breathing flowers; Bitthe morning lifts his rosy eye; And evening's tears are tears of toy; My soul, delightless, a surveys; While Willie On frae Logan brace.

Within you milk-white hawthorn bush Amang her nestlings sits the thrush, Her faithful mate will shear ber toll, Or willing song her cates be offer. But I, willing sweet nurshing here, Nac mite to help, nac mate to cheer, Pass willow'd nights and poyless days White Willie's far frac I ogan brash.

Oh, wae upon you, men o' state, • That Inethieu rouse to deadly late! As ye make mony a fond heart moran, Sac may it on you heals retain!

How can your flinty hearts enjoy The widow's tears, the orphan's cry? But soon may peace bring happy days And Willie hame to Logan brace!

## THERE WAS A LASS, AND SHE WAS FAIR

Tune "Eonny Jean"

"I have just finished the follosing ballad," says the poet in a letter to Thomson, "and as I do think it is in my best stile, I send it to you." The heroine was Miss Jane M'Murdo, the closes daughter of John M'Murdo, chamberlain to the Duke of Queensberry. It ictures her note in the rank she held, but in the circumstances of a cottage gri

THERE was a lass, and she was fair:
At kirk and market to be seen,
When a' the fairest mails were met,
The fairest mail was bonny Jean.

And aye she wrought her mammie's wark,
And aye she sang sae merrihe:
The blithest bird upon the bush
Had ne'er a lighter heart than she.

But hawks will rob the tender joys.
That bless the little lintwhite's nest:
And first will blight the fairest flowers,
And love will break the soundest rest.

Young Robie was the brawest lad, The flower and pride of a the glen; And he had owen, sheep and kye, And wanton nagres 1 nine or ten.

He gaed wi' Jeanie to the tryste,2

He danced wi' Jeanie on the down;

And, lang ere witless Jeanie wist,

He heart was tint,2 her peace was stown.

As in the bosom o' the stream,

The moonbeam dwells at dewy e'en.
So trembling, pure, was tender love
Within the breast o' bonny fean.

And now she warks her mammie's wark.
And aye she sighs wi' care and pain;
Yet wist na what her all might be,
Or what wad mak her weel again.

But did ha Jeanie's heart loup light, And did ha joy black in her ee, As Robie tauld a tale o' love Ae e'enin' on the lily lea?

The sun was sinking in the west,
The birds sang sweet in ilka grove;
His cheek to hers he fondly prest,
And whisper'd thus his tale o' love;

"O Jeanie fair, I lo'e thee dear;
Oh, cans thou think to fancy me?
Or wilt thou leave thy mammie's cot,
And learn to tent the farms wi' me?

"At barn or byte thou shalt na drudge, Or naething else to trouble thee; But stray among the heather-bells, And tent the waving coin wi' inc."

Now what could artless Jeame do?

She had nae will to say him na.

At length she blush'd a sweet consent,

And love was aye between their two.

## PHULIS THE FAIR

Tune-" Robin Adair "

The heroine of this song was another chapter of M. M'Murdo's, Miss Philadelphia M'Murdo's

WHILE larks with little wing
Fann'd the pure au,
Tasting the Freathing spring,
Forth I did fare:
Gay the sun's golden eye
Peep'd o'er the mountains high;
Such thy morn! did I cry,
Phillis the fair.

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In each bud's careless song
Glad did I share;
While you wild flowers among,
Chance led me there?
Sweet to the opening day,
Rosebuds bent the dewy spray;
Such thy bloom! did I say,
Phillis the fur

Down in a shady walk
Doves cooning were.
I mark d the citiel hawk
Caught in a snate:
So kind may bottone be'
Such nake his destiny,
He who ould injure thee,
Phillis he fan.

#### HAD LA CAVE

Lane - Robin Adal

This song gives expression to the diappointment of a friend of Burns's, Mr Alexander Cumminghen, who had been cruelly pitted for a wealther suitor,

It to I a cave on some wild, distant shore,
Where the winds how I to the waves' dashing roar
There would I weep my woes,
There seek my lost repose,
Till grief my eyes should close,
New to wake more

Falsest of womand and, caust thou declare
All thy fond plighted vows fleeting as air!
To thy new loop high,
Anugh o'er thy penjury,
Then in toy bosom try
What pence is there?

## BY ALLAN SIREAM I CHANCED TO ROVE.

Time "All in Water"

Is a letter to Thomson, the poet says -"I walked out yesterday evening with a volume of the Museum in my hand, when, turning mp 'Allan Water,' the words appeared to me rather unworthy of so fine an far, I sat and raved

under the shade of an old thoris till I wrote-one to suit the measure. I may be wrong, but I think it not in my worst style. Brayo' say I bit is a good song. Autumn is my propinous season. I make more verses in it than all the wear clee."

Ity Allanisheam I chanced to rove,

While Pheebus sank beyond Benledt,
The winds here whispering through the grove,
The yellow corn was waving ready:
I hsten'd to a lover's sang,
And thought on youthfu' pleasures many;
And aye the wild wood echoes range.

Oh, dearly do I love thee, Anne!

Oh, happy be the woodbine bower,
Nae nightly bogle make it cene,
Nor ever sorrow stem the hom,
The place and time I met my deane!
Her head upon my thi obbing breast,
She, sinking, said, "I'm thine for ever?!"
While mony a kiss the seal imprest,
The sacred yow, we never should seven

The haunt o' Spring's the primrose brae,
The Smimer joys the flocks to follow;
How theery, through her shortening day.
Is Autumn in her weeds o' yellow!
But can they melt the glowing heart,
Or chain the soul in speechless pleasine,
Or through each nerve the raptine dart,
Like meeting her, our bosom's treasure.

## OH, WHISTLE, AND THE COME TO YOU, MY LAD.

Tune "Whistle, and I'll come to you, my lid "

"Ting old air of 'Whistle, and I'll come to ye', my I'd "say the poet to Thomson, "I admire very mach, and ye (grda) set the following verses to

Off, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad, Oh, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad. Though father and mather and a' shoi ld gae n ad Oh, whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad

But warrly tend when you come to combine, And come na unless the back yett? be a pression up the black stile, and let melody se, And come as yo were na comm to me.

At kirk, or at market, whene'er ye meet me, Gang by me as though that ye cared na a flie; But steal me a blink o' your bonny black ee, Yet look as ye were na looking at flie.

Aye vow and protest that ye care in for me, And whiles ye may lightly my beauty a wee; But court na anither, though jokin' ye be, For fear that she wile your fancy frae me.

## ADOWN WINDING NITH.

Tune-"The Mt king o' Geordid's Byre."

THE Phillis of this song is supposed to have been Miss Philladelphia M'Mu-de, the herome of the lines to "Phillis the Fair," p. 427.

ADOWN winding Nith I did wander,
To mark the sweet flowers as they spring;
Adown winding Nith I did wander,
Of Phillis to muse and to sing.

Awa' wi' your belles and your beauties,
They never wi' her can compare:
Whaever has met wi' my Phillis,
Has met wi' the queen o' the fair

The daisy amused my fond fancy, So artless, so simple, so wild; Thou emblem, said I, o' my Phillis, For she is Simplicity's child.

The rosebud's the blush o' my charmer, Her sweet balmy lip when 'tis plest': How fair and how pure is the lily, But fairer and pure her breast!

You knot of gay flowers in the arbour, They ne'er wi' my Phillis can vie: Her breith is the breath o' the woodbine, Its dew-drop o' diamond her eye.

Her voice is the song of the moreing,

That wakes through the green-spreading grows,
When Phoebus peeps over the mountains,
On music, and phasure, and love.

But beauty how fruit and how fleeting, The bloom of a fine summer's day! While worth in the mind o' my Phillia Will flow ish without a decay.

### COME, LET ME TAKE THEE

Air-" Cauld Kail "

COME, let me take thee to my breast,
And pledge we ne'er shall sunder;
And I shall spurn as vilest dust
The warld's wealth and grandeur
And do I lear my Jeane own
That equal transports move her?
I ask for dearest life alone,
That I may live to love her.

Thus in my arms, wi' a' thy chaims, I clasp my countless treasure.

I'll seek nae mair o' heaven to share

This sic a moment's pleasure:

And by thy cen, sae bonny blue,

I swear I'm thine for ever!

And on thy lips I scal my vow,

And break it shall I never!

#### BRUCE'S ADDRESS TO HIS ARMY AT BANNOCKBURN.

Tune- "Hey, tuttle taitle "

"There is a tradition," says Barns, in a letter to Thomson, "that the old air, 'Hey futtee taine,' was Robert Bruce's march as "i battle of Bainockburn. This thought, in my solitary wanderings, his want ed me to a pitch of enthusian on the theme of liberty and ind pendence which I bave thrown into a kind of Scottish ode, fitted to the air, that one might support to be the gallant Scots address by his heroic followers on that eventful morning.

Scots, what has we Wallace bled,
Scots, whan Bruce has aften led,
Welcome to your gory bed,
Or to Victory!

Now's the day, and now's the hom; See the front o' battle lom; See approach proud Edward's power -Chains and stavery! Wha will be a traitor knave? Wha can fill a coward's grays? Wha sae base as be a slave? Let him turn and fice!

Wha, for SCOTIAND's king and law, 'FRI EDOM'S sword will strongly draw; Freeman stand, or freeman he',

Let him follow me!

By Oppression's woes and pains! By your sons in servile chains! We will drain our dealest you, But they shall be free!

Lay'the pront usurpers low!
Tyrants fall in every foe!
LIBLETY'S in every blow!
Let us do er one!

#### THOU HASELEFF ME FAFR

Line "Fee bin, fatter '

I to pee, in seeding these verses to The non, says "I do not give them to any merit they have. I composed them about the back of mildight, and by the lessed of a bowl of punch, which has over et every mortal in company assent the Muse".

Thou has left me ever, Jamie!
Thou has left me ever, Jamie!
Thou has left me ever.
Aften has thou vow'd that death
Only should as sever;
Now thou's left thy laste aye
I mann be thee never, Jamie,
I'll be thee never.

Thou hast use for aken, Jamie!
Thou hast me for aken,
Thou hast me for aken,
Thou hast me for aken.
Thou caust love auther jo,
While my heart is brooking.
Soon my weary cen I'll close—
Never mair to waken, Jamies
Ne er mair to waken!

## FAIR JENNY

# Type ... 'Saw ye my father "

Where are the joys I have met in the morning, that danced to the lark's early song? Where is the peace that awaited my wandering, At evening the wild woods among?

No more a-winding the course of you river, And marking sweet flowerets so fair, No more I trace the light footsteps of pleasure, But sorrow and sad sighing care

Is it that Summer's forsaken om valleys,
And grim, Sully Winter is near?
No, no I the bees humming round the gay foses
Proclaim if the pride of the year.

Fain would I hi le what I fear to discover, Yet long long too well have I known, All that has caused this wicel, in my bosom Is Jenny, fair Jenny alone

Time cannot aid me, my griefs are immortal, Nor hope date a comfort bestow: Come then, enamour d and foud of my auguish, Eujoyment I'll seek m my woe

## DELUDED SWAIN, THE PLEASURE

7 m. "The Coffier's Bonny Las r."

The fickle fan can give thee
Is but a fury treasure—
Thy hopes will soon de eine thee,

The billows on the occur,
The breezes filly toaming,
The clouds' uncertain motion—
They are but types of woman.

Oh! art thou not ashamed
To dont upon a feature?
If man thou wouldst be named,
Despise the silly creature

434 *S DNGS*.

Go, find an honest fellow; Good claret set before thee: Hold on till thou art mellow, And then to bed in glory

## MY SPOUSE, NANCY

Tune-" My Jo, Janet."

"HUSBAND, husband, cease your strife, Nor longer idly rave, sir; Though I am your wedded wife, Yet I am not your slave, sir."

"One of two must still obey, Nancy, Nancy; Is it man, or woman, say, My spouse, Nancy?"

"If 'tis still the lordly word, Service and obedience; I'll desert my sovereign lord, And so, good-bye, allegiance!"

"Sad will I be, so bereft, Nancy, Nancy; Yet I'll try to make a shift, My spouse, Nancy"

"My poor heart then break it must, My last hour I'm near it. When you lay me in the dust, Think, think how you will be at it."

"I will hope and trust in Heaven, Nancy, Nancy; Strength to bear it will be given, My spouse, Nancy."

"Well, sir, from the silent dead, still I'll try to daunt you;
Ever round your midnight bed
Horrid sprites shall haunt you."

"I'll wed another, like my dear Nancy, Nancy; Then all hell will fly for fear, My spouse, Nancy."

## OH, WERE MY LOVE YON'LILAC FAIK.

Fune-" Hughte Graham."

THE first two stanzas only of this song are by Burns, the other two are old

OH, were my love yon lilae fair,
Wi' purple blossoms to the spring;
And I a bird to shelter there,
When wearied on my little wing.

How I wad mourn, when it was torn, By autumn wild, and winter rigle! But I wad sing, on wanton wing, When youthfu' May its bloom renew'd.

Oh, gin my love were you red tose,
That grows upon the castle wa',
And I mysel a drap o' dew,
Into her bonny breast to fa'!

Oh! there, beyond expression blest, I'd feast on beauty a' the might; Seal'd on her silk-saft faulds to rest. Till fley'd awa' by Phoebus' light!

# \* THE LOVELY LASS OF INVERNESS.

Tune-"The Lass of Inverness."

The lovely lass of Inveness
Nae joy nor pleasure can she see;
For Cen and morn she crief, that I
And aye the saut ten Blu's her ce:
Drumossic Moor— Drumossic day—
A waefu' day it was to me!
For there I lost my father dear,
My father dear, and brethich three.

Their winding—sheet the blundy clay,
Their graves are growing green to see?
And by them hes the dearest lad
That ever blest a woman's ce!

<sup>1</sup> Frightened.

Now wae to thee, thou cruél lord, A bluidy man I trow thou be; For mony a heait thou hast made sair That ne'er did wrang to this, or the...

## A RED, RLD ROSE.

Tune-" Graham's Strathspey "

This beautiful song was an improvement of a street ballad.

On, my luve's like a red, red rose, That's newly squarg in June. Oh, my luve's like the melodic Uthat's sweetly play'd in tune.

As fair art thou, my bonny lass,
So deep in luve am I,
And I will luve thee still, my dear,
Till a' the seas gang diy.

 Till a' the seas gang day, my dear, And the rocks melt with the sun.
 I will lave thee still, my dear, While the sands o' hie shall run.

And fare thee weel, my only lave!
And fare thee weel a while!
And I will come again, my lave,
Though it were ten thousand mile.

#### A VISION

The following was written amid the ruins of Linchiden Abbey.

As I stood by you roofly a tower,
Where the wa-flower scents the dowy air,
Where the howlet moans in her ivy bower,
And tells the midnight moon her care;

The winds were laid, the air was still,
The stars they shot along the sky;
The fex was howling on the hill,
And the distant-echoing glens reply.

The stream, adown its lazelly path, Was rushing by the num'd wa's, Hasting to join the sweeping Nish, Whose distant roating swells and fa's.

The cauld blue North was streaming forth Her lights, we lussin', cone din: Athort the lift they start and shift, Like Fortune's favours, tint 1 as win.

By heedless chance I turn'd mine eyes, And, by the moonbeam, shook to see A stern and stalwart gharst arise, Attired as ministrels wont to be.

Had I a statue been o' stane,

His daing look had daunted me;
And on his bonnet graved was plun.
The sacred posy--"Liberty!"

And frae his harp sic strains did flow,
Might roused the slumbering dead to hear;
But, oh! it was a tale of woe,
As ever met a Briton's ear!

He sang wi' joy the former day,
He, weeping, wail'd his latter times;
But what he said it was nae play, —
I winna venture't in my rhymes,

## OUT-OVER THE TORTH

Tune-"Charlie Gordon's Web ome Hame,"

Our over the Forth I look to the north,
But what is the north and its Highlands to me?
The south nor the east gie ease to my breast,
The far foreign Lind, or the wild-rolling sea.

But I look to the west, when I gae to rest;
"That happy my dreams and my slumbers may be;
For far in the west lives he I lo'e best,
The lad that is dear to my liaby and me.

∮ONGS. k

# JEANIE'S BOSOM.

'i'une-" Louis, what reck I by thre?"

Louis, what teck I by thee, Or Geordie on his ocean? Dyvoi, beggar loons to me— I reign in Jeanie's bosom.

Let her crown my love her law, And in her breast enthrone me: King and nations—swith, awa'! Keif-randies,<sup>2</sup> I disown ye!

#### FOR THE SAKE OF SOMFBODY.

Tune-" For the Sake o' Somebody "

My heart is sair—I dare no tell—
My heart is sair for Somebody;
I could wake a winter night
For the sake o' Somebody.
Oh-hon! for Somebody!
Oh-hey! for Somebody!
I could tange the world around,
For the sake o' Somebody!

Ye Powers that smile on virtuous love Oh, sweetly smile on Somebody! Frac ilka danger keep him free, And send me safe my Somebody Oh-hon! for Somebody! Oh-hey! for Somebody! I wad do-what wad I not? For the sake o' Somebody!

# WILT THOU BE MY DEARIES

Air-"The Sutor's Dochter."

WILT thou be my dearie?
When sorrow wrings thy gentle heart.

Wilt thou let me caer thee? By the treasure of my soul, That's the love I beat thee! I swear and vow that only thou Saall ever be my deane Only thou, I swear and vow, Shall ever be my deaue.

Lassie, say, thou lo'es me;
Oi, if thou wilt na be my ain,
Say na thou'lt refuse me:
If it winna, canna be,
Thou for thine may choose me,
Let me, lassie, quickly de,
Trusting that thou lo'est me.
Lassie, let me quickly die,
Trusting that thou lo'es me.

### LOVELY POLLY STEWART.

Tune -" Ye're welcome, Charlie Stewart "

The persine of this song was the daughter of a Mr. William Stewart, a heighbour of the poet's at Ellisland. She manted a wealthy gentleman, but through some indiscretion, she descended in the social scale, and according to Mi, Chambers, supported herself by her labours as a laundress in her latter days.

O 10721 Y Polly Stewart!
O charming Polly Stewart!
There's ne'er a flower that blooms in May
That's half so fan as thon art
The flower it likews, it fades and fa's,
And art can ne'er renew it,
But worth and truth eternal youth
Will gue to Polly Stewart.

May he whose arms shall fauld thy charms
Tossess a leal and true heart
To him be given to ken, he heaven
He grasps in Polly Servart!
O lovely Polly Stewart!
O chaining Polly Stewart!
There's ne'er a flower that blooms in May
That's half so sweet as thou are.

#### TO MARY.

Tune-" At Setting Day."

Could artful numbers move thee,

The Muse should tell, in Moour'd strains
O Mary, how I love thee!

They who but feign a wounded heret
May teach the lyie to languali,
But what avails the piide of art,
When wastes the soil with augusts?

Then let the sudden bursting sigh. The heart-felt pang discover; Andem the keen, yet tender, eye, Oh, read the imploring lover. For well I know the gentle mind. Disclaims art's gry disguising; Beyond what fancy c'er refined. The voice of nature prizing.

#### WAE IS MY HEART.

Tune-"Wie is my he art"

WAF is my heart, and the read's many co; I ang, lang, poy's heen a stranger to me: Porsaken and friendless, my builden I bear.
And the sweet voice of pity he'er sounds in my car

Lave, thou hast pleasures, and deep has I loved; Love, thou hast sorrows, and san has I proved; But this bruised hear; that now bleeds in my breast, I can feel by its throbbings will soon be at rest.

Oh, if I were where happy I has been, Down by you stream and you bonny or the-green; For there he is wandering, and musing on me Wha wad soon dry the tear frac his Phillis's ce

HERE'S TO THY HIALTY, MY BONNY LASS.

Trone - " Laggan Burn."

HERE's to thy health, my bonny lass, Guid night and joy be wi' thee; I'll come nac mair to thy hower-door,' The tell thee that I lo'e thee. Oh, duma thin's, my prett) pink. But I can live without thee: I vow and swear I dinna care, How lang ye look about ye.

Thou'rt aye, sae free informing me
Thou hast nae mind to marry;
I it be as free informing thee
Nae time hae I to tarry.
I ken thy friends try ilka means
Frae wedlock to delay thee;
Depending on some higher chance—
But Fortune may be tray thee.

I ken they scorn my low estate,
But that does never grieve me,
But I m as See as any he,
Sma' siller will relieve me.
I'll count my health my greatest wealth
Sae lang as I'll enjoy it:
I'll fear nae seant, I'll bode nae want,
As lang's I get employment.

But far-off lowls has feathers fair,
And age until ye try them:
'Though they seem fan, still have a cue,
'They may prove wain than I am.
But at twal at might, when the moon shines bright,
My dear, I'll come and see thee,
For the man that lo'es his mistress weel,
Nae travel makes him weary.

# MY LADY'S GOWN, THERE'S GAIRS UPON T.

Tune-" (negg's Pup."

My lady's gown, there's a rast upon't; And gowden flowers sae r ue upon't; But Jenny's jumps and jukmet, My lord thinks merkle men upon't.

My lord a-hunting he is gane, But hounds or hawks wi'him are nane? By Colm's coatage hes his gune. If Colm's Jenny be at hame.

<sup>1</sup> A triangular piece of cloth inserted at the bottom of a robe 2 Stays and bodice

My lady's whit, my lady's red, And kith and kin o' Cassillis' blude; But her ten-pund lands o' tocher guid Were a' the chaims his lordshy; lo'ed.

Ont o'er you muir, out o'er you moss, Whare gor-cocks through the heather pass. There wons auld Colin's bonny lass, A lily in a wilderness.

Sae exectly move her genty limbs, Lake music-notes o' lovers' hymns: The diamond dew in her een sae blue, Where laughing love sae wanton swims.

My lady's dima, 1 my lady's drest, The flower and funcy o' the west; But the lassie that a man lo'ek best, 6's, that's the lass to mak him blest.

#### ANNA, THY CHARMS.

7 une-" Bonny Mary "

Anna, thy charms my bosom fire.
And waste my soul with care;
But ah! how bootless to admire,
When fated to despan!
Yet in thy presence, lovely fan,
To hope may be forgiven;
For sure 'twere impions to despair,
So much in sight of heaven.

# JOCKEY'S TAVEN THE PARTING KISS.

Tunes-" Bonny Lastie, tal a Man."

JOCKLY's ta'en the parting kiss, O'er the mountain he is gano; And with him is a' My bliss, Nought but griefs with me remain. Spare my luve, ye winds that blaw. Plashy sleets and beating rain! Spare my luve, thou feathery snaw, Drifting o'er the frozen plain!

<sup>1</sup> Neat, trim

When the shades of eveling creep O'er the day's fair gladsome ce, Sound and safely may be sleep, Sweetly blithe his wankening be He will think on her he loves, Fondly he'll repeat her name; For where er he distant roves, Jockey's heart is still at hame.

## OH, LAY THY LOOF IN MINF, LASS

Tune-"The Cordwanners' March "

OH, lay thy loof 1 in mine, lass, In mine, lass, in mine, lass, And swear on thy white hand, lass, That thou wilt be my am.

A slave to love's unbounded sway, He aft has wrought me meikle wae; But now he is my deadly fac. Unless thou be my am

There's mony a lass has broke my rest, That for a blink? I had lo'ed best, But thou art queen within my breast, For ever to remain.

> Oh, lay thy loc f in mme, lass, In mme, lass, in mme, lass, And swerr on thy white hand, lass, That thou wilt be my am

#### OH, MALLY'S MEEK, MAI M''S SWFFT.

CUNNINGHAM says requiring the origin of this sough - The poet was one day walking along the High Street of Dimbies, when he met a young woman from the country, who, with her shoes and stockings packed carefully up, and her petticort skilled,

Which dry gently shaw Her straight bare legs that whater were than snaw,

was proceeding towards the Gallow by side of the Nuth. This sight, by no means so unusual then as now, influenced the Mu e of Burus, and the result was this exquisite lyre."

As I was walking up the street, A barefit maid I chanced to meet.

· 1 Palm.

2 Short space.

444 SONGS.

But oh, the rod I was very hard For that fair maiden's tender feet.

> Oh, Mally's meek, Mally's sweet, Mally's modest and discreet, Mally's rare, Mally's four, Mally's every way complete."

It were mair meet that those fine feet Were weel laced up in silken shoon, 'And 'twere more fit that she should sit Within you chanot gilt aboon,

Her yellow har, beyond compare, Colors trink ing down her swan-like neel. And her two cy/s, like stars w/skies, Would keep a sinking ship frae wreck.

#### THE BANKS OF CREE.

Time -"The Links of Cier,"

I vov Chrabeth Heron having composed in an entitled "The Banks of Cree," in remembrance of a be initful and romainte stream of that name, "I have written," says the paet, "the following song to it, as her halyship is a particular friend of mine".

If the is the glen, and here the bower All underneath the brichen shade, The village-bell has told the hom--Oh, what can stay my levely maid?

'Tis not Mana's whispering call,
'Tis not the balmy-breathing gale,
Mixt with some warbler's dying fall.
The dewy star of eve to bail.

It is Maria's voice I hear! So calls the woodlajk in the grove, 'Alsa little faithful make to cheer— At once 'tis music, and 'tis love.

And art thou come? and art thou tine?
Oh, welcome, dear, to love and me!
And let us all our vows renew
Along the flowery banks of Cree.

## ON THE SEAS AND FAR AWAY.

Tune - "O'er the hills and far away."

. How can my poor heart be glad,
When a sent from my sailor lad?
How can if the thought forego,
He's on the seas to meet the foe?
Let me wander, let me rove,
Still my heart is with my love:
Rightly dreams, and thoughts by day,
Are with him that's far away.

On the seas and far away, On stormy seas and far away; Nightly dreams, and thought by day. Are age with him that's far away.

When in summer noon I faint, As weary flocks around me paut, Haply in the scorching sun My sailor's thundering at his gun: Bullets, spare my only joy! Bullets, spare my darling boy! Fate, do with me what you may—Spare but him that's far away!

At the statless muchight hom,
When writer rules with boundless power;
As the storms the forest tear,
And thunders rend the howling an,
Listening to the doubling roar,
Surging on the rocky shore,
All I can—I weep and pray,
For his weal that's far away.

Peace, thy olive wand extend,
And bid wild War his ravage end,
Man with brother man to meet,
And as a brother kindly grat:
Then may Heaven with properous gales
Fill my sailor's welcome sa
To my arms then charge convey—
My dear lad that's far away.

SHE SAYS SHE LOE'S ME BEST OF A'.

/ une "Onagh's Waterfall "

See p. 203 for an account of Miss Jean Lorimer, the flaxen-haired Chloris of this and other time songs.

SAF flaxen wite her ringlets,
Her eyebrows of a darker hue,
Bewitchingly o'er-arching
Twa laughing een o' bonny lylue.
Her smiling sae wiling,
Wad mak a wreith forget his woe;
What pleasure, what treasure,
Unto these rosy hips to grow!
Such was my Chloris' bonny face,
When first her bonny face I saw;
And aye my Chloris' dearest charm,
She says she lo'es me best of a'.

Like harmony her motion;
Her prefty ankle is a spy,
Betraying fan acoportion,
Wad mak as ant forget the sky.
Sae warming, sae charming,
Her faultless form and gracefn' air;
Ilk feature—auld Na'ure
Declared that she could do mae mair.
Hers are the willing chains o' love,
By conquering beauty's sovereign law.
And aye my Chloris' degrees charm,
She says she lo'es my best of a'.

Let others love the cay
And gaudy show a sunny noon;
Gie me the lonely valley,
The dewy eve, and raing moon;
Fair beaming and streaming,
Her silver light the boughs amang;
While falling, recalling,
The amorous thrush concludes his sang
Ther, dearest Chlore, wilt than rove
By wimpling burn and leafy shaw,
And hear my tows o' truth and 'ove,
And say thou lo'est me best of a'?

# THE LOYER'S MORNING SALUTE TO HIS MISTRESS

Tune-" Doil tale the wars.

"Having been out in the country damag with a friend," (Mr. Lorihiet of Kennis Hall,) says the poc. in a letter to Thomson, "I not with a lady, [Mrs. Whelpdale—the Chloris of the preceding and three following sories,] and as a hall got into song, and on returning home composed the following."—

Stern's r thou, or wakest thou, fairest creature?"
Rosy Morn now lifts his eye,

Numbering ilka bud which nature
Waters wi' the tears o' joy;
Now through the leafy woods,
And by the reeking floods,
Wild nature o tenants, freely, gladly, stray;
The intwhite in his bower
Chants o'er the breathing flower;
The laverock to the sky
Ascends wi' sangs o' joy,
While the sun and thou arise to bless the day.

Phoebus, gilding the brow o' morning,
Banishes ilk darksome shade,
Nature gladdening and adorning;
Such to me my lovely maid.
When absent frue my fan,
The murky shades o' care
With startless gloom o'ercast my sullen sky,
But when, in beauty's light,
She meet my ravish'd sight,
When through my very hear
Her beaming glones dart—
Tis then I wake to hie, to light and joy

#### CHLORIS

The poet says:—" Having been on a visit the other day to my fair Chloristhat in the poetic name of the lovely golddess of my inspiration—she suggested an idea, which, on my return home, I wrought into the following song:"

> My Chloris, mark how given the gioves. The primrose danks how fair; The baliny gales awake the flowers, And wave thy flaxen hair.

The laverock shims the palacingay,
And o'er the cottage sing;
For nature smiles as sweet, I ween,
To shepherds as to kings.

Let minstrels sweep the skiller string.
In lordly lighted ha::
The shepherd stops his simple reed,
Blithe, in the buken shaw.

The princely peel may survey
Our justic gance wi' scora a
But are they hearts as light as our.
Beneath the milk-white thorn?

The shepherd in the flowery glen
In shepherd's phrase will woo,
The courter tells a finer tale—
But is his heart as true?

These wild-wood flowers I've pu'd, to deck That spotless breast o' thine; The country's gems may witness love— But 'tisna love like nune.

## TO CHIORIS

The following lines, says the poet, were "written on the black leaf of a copy of the last ention of my poem, and presented to the lady whom, with the most ardent sentiments of real friendship, I have so often sing inner the name of Chirus."

<sup>1</sup>Its Friendship's pledge, my young, fair friend.
Nor thou the gift reluse,
Nor with unwilling ear attend
The magalising Muse.

Since thou, in all thy youth and charms, Must bid the world adien, (A world 'gainst peace in constant arm',) To join the friendly fev;

Since thy gay moin of life o'eres s, Chill came 'he tempest's lower; (And ne'er misfe tune's eastern blast Did mp a fairer flower,)

Since hie's gay scenes must charm to more,
Still much is left behind;
Still nobler wealth hast thou in store—
The comforts of the mind!

Thine is the self-approving glow
On conscious honour's part;
And-deatest gift of Heaven belowThine friendship's truest heart.

The joys refused of sensy and taste, With every Muse to rove: And doubly were the poet blest, These joys could be improve.

## AH, CHLORIS'

Tune -" Major Graham "

All, Chloris I since it mayna be That thou of love wilt hear — If from the lover thou mann flee, Yet let the friend be dear.

Although I love my Chlons mur Than ever tongue could tell, My passion I will no'er declare, I'll siy, I wish thee well

Though a' my daily care thou ait, And a' my nightly dream, I'll hide the struggle m my heart, And say it is esteem

### SAW FE MY PHILLY?

Fanc-- "When she cam ben she bobbit"

On, saw ye my dear, my Phele? Oh, saw ye my dear, my Phele? She's down i' the grove, she's va' a new love. She wuna come hame to her Willy.

What says she, my dearest, my Phely? What says she, my dearest, my Phely? She lets thee to wit that she has thee forms. And for ever disowns thee, her Willy

Oh, had I ne'er seen thee, my Phely!
Oh, had I ne'er seen thee, my Phely!
As hight as the an, and fause as thous fair—
Thou's broken the heart o' thy Willy

## HOW LONG AND DREARY IS THE NIGHT |

l'o a Gaelic Air

How long and dreary is the night, When I am frae my dearie!

L sleepless he frae e'en to morn, Though I were ne' x sae weary, I sleepless he fiae e'en to morn, Though I were ne'er sae weary.

When I think on the happy days
I spent wi' you, my dearie
And now what lands between us lie,
Ho 7 can I be but eerie?
And now what lands between us lie,
How can I be but eerie?

How slow ye move, ye heav, hours, As ye were wae and weary!
It wasna sae ye glinted by
When I was wi' my dearie.
It wasna sae ye glinted by
When I was wi' my dearie.

## IMPROVED VERSION.

Tune-"Cauld Kail in Aberdeen"

How long and dreary is the night, When I am frac my dearie! I restless he frac e'en to morn, Though I were ne'er sac weary.

> For oh! her lanely nights are lang; And oh, her dreams are eene; And oh, her widow'd he at is sair, That's absent frac her deane.

When I think on the lightsome days
I spent wi' thee, my dearie;
And now what seas between us rear—
How can I be but eerie?

How slow ye move, ye heavy hours!
The joyless day how dreasy!
It wasna sae ye glinted by, "
When I wasowi' my dearie.

## LET NOT WOMAN E'ER COMPLAIN

Yune -" Duncan Gray"

"I make been at 'Duncan Gray," says the poet to Thomson, "to dress it into English, but all I can do is deplorably stupid. For instance: '--

LET not woman e'et complain
Of inconstancy in love;
Let not woman e'er complain
Fickle man is apt to rove;
Look abroad through nature's tange,
Nature's nighty law is change,
Ladies, would it not be strange,
Man should then a monster prove?

Mark the winds, and mark the skies, Ocean's chb, and ocean's flow:
Sun and moon but set to rise,
Round and round the seasons go:
Why then ask of silly man
To oppose great Nature's plan?
We'll be constant while we can—
You can be no more, you know.

## THE CHARMING MONTH OF MAY

SPEAKING of the Scottish original which suggested the following, Birms 5198, in senting it 19. Phomeon: - "You may that meanly of this, but if you saw the bombast of the original you would be surprised that I had made so much of it."

It was the charming month of May, When all the howers were fresh and gay, One morning, by the break of day. The youthful, charming Chloc, From peaceful slumber she hose, Girt on her mantle and her hose, And o'er the flowery mead he goes, The youthful, charming Chloc.

Lovely was she by the dawn, Youthful Clifee, charming Chloe. Tripping o'er the pearly lawn, The youthful, charming Chloe.

The feather'd people you might see, Perch'd all around, on every tree, In notes of sweetest melody, They had the charming Chloe; Till painting gay the castern slies, The glorious sun began to rise, Out-rivall'd by the radiant eyes Of youthful, chaiming Chler./

## LASSIE WI'THE LINT-WHITE LOCKS.

I wu -" Rothermurche's Rant "

"This piece," says the poet, "this at least the ment of being a regular pastoral, the verification, the summer noon, the autumnal evening, and the winter night, are regularly rounded."

Now nature coeds<sup>1</sup> the flowery lea, And a' is young and sweet like thee, Oh, wilt thou share its joy wi' me, And say thou'lt be my deane, O?

> Lassie wi' the lint-white locks, Bonny lassie, artless lassie, Wilt thou wi' me tent<sup>2</sup> the flocks? Wilt thou be my deane, O?

And when the welcome simmer-shower Has cheer'd ilk drooping little flower, We'll to the breathing woodbine bower At saltry noon, my dearie, O.

When Cyithia lights, wi' silver ray, The weary shearer's hameward way; Through yellow waving fields we'll stray, 'And talk o' love, my dearie, O

And when the howling vintry blast Disturbs my lassie's midnight rest; Enclasped to my faithful brews, I'll comfort thee, my dearie, O.

PHILLY, HAPPY BE THAT OA.

Tune-- "The Sow's Lad"

O PHILLY, happy be that day, When roving through the gather'd hay,

3 Reaper's

My youthin' heart was stown away, And by thy chaims, my Philly.

SIII

O Why, age I bless the grove
Where first I own'd my maiden love,
Whilst thou didst pledge the Powers above
To be my am dear Willy.

нк

As songsters of the early year Are alka day mair sweet to hear, So alka day to me man dear, And chairing is my Philly.

SILI

As on the birer the budding rose Still richer breathes and fance blows, So in my tender bosom grows. The love I bear my Willy.

ык

The milder sun and bluer sky
That crown my harvest cares we' joy,
Were ne'er so welcome to my eye
As is a sight o' Philly.

SHE

The little swallow's wanton wing,
Though wafting o'er the flowery spring,
Did ne'er to me are tiding, bring
As meeting o' my Willy.

1111

The bee that through the sunny hour Sips nectar in the opening flewer, Compared wi'my dehe it is poor, Upon the hips o' Philis.

SHF.

The woodbine in the dewy weet When evening shades in silence enect, Is nocht sac frigrant of sac sweet As is a kiss & Willy.

Let Fortune's wheel at nantonerm, And fools may tyne, and knaves may win; My thoughts are a' bound up in ane. And that's my am dear Philly. 454 ' SO.VGS.

What's a' the joys that gowd can gie? I carena weach a single flie; The lad I love's the lad for me, And that's my ain dear Wifiy,

## CONTENTED WI' LITTLE

Tune-" Lumps o' Pudding "

In thanking Thomson for the present of a picture suggested by "The Cotter's Saturday Night," by David Allan, Burns says - "I'en thousand thanks for your elegant pics at 1 have some thoughts of suggesting to you to prefix a vignetic of me to my senz, 'Contented wi httle, and cambe wi' mair,' in order that the portrait of my to, and the picture of my mind, may go down the stream of time together."

CONFINED wi' little, and cantie 1 pi' mair, Whene'er I forgather 2 wi' sortow and care, I gie them a skelp, 3 as they're creeping alang, Wi' a cog o' guid swats, 4 and an auld Scottish sang.

I whiles claw the elbow o' troublesome thought; But man is a sodger, and life is a faught; My mith and guid humour are com in my pouch, And my freedom's my landship nae monarch dare touc'i

A' towmond? o' trouble, should that be my fa', A right o' gun# Ællowship sowthers at a': When at the blithe end o' car journey at last, Wha the deil ever thinks o' the road he has past?

Blind Chance, let her snapper and stoyte? on her way, Be't to me, be't five me, e'en let the jade gae: Come ease of come travail, come passure or pain. My warst word is: "Welcome, and welcome again!

# CANST THOU I FAVE ME THUS, MY KATYI,

Time "Roys Wife

The poet tells us that he composed this song during two or three turbs runar his room. It was specially addressed to Mrs. Riddel of Woodley Park. Be tween her and the poet there had been a coldness for nearly two years, a cold-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Happy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Meei <sup>3</sup> Whack.

<sup>4</sup> Flagon of ale.
5 Twelvemonth

<sup>7</sup> Stagger and stumble

<sup>6</sup> Solders.

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ness entirely owing to mishehaviour on the part of the poet while under the influence of wine. Mrs. Riddel reciprocated the feeling, and sent him two poetical effusions, of some considerable ment. The poet, with the freedom characteristic of the votaries of the muse, sang of her is his mistress, and she replied in the same vein. Some parties with question the taste have affected to believe that the poet's songs, and the lady's in return, speak to an attachment other than platonic, but there is no authority for any such supposition.

• 13 this thy plighted, fond reward, Thus cruelly to part, my Katy? Is this thy faithful swain's regard -

. An aching, broken heart, my Katy?

Canst thou leave me thus, my Katy? Canst thou leave me thus, my Katy? Well thou knowest my aching heart And canst thou leave me thus for pity?

'er such
That fickle heart of thine, my Kity
Thou maystifind those will love thee dear—
But not a love like mine, my Katy!

#### WHA IS THAT AT MY BOWER-DOOR?

Time -" Law, in I come near thee "

The following was aggested by an old song in Ramsiv's "Tea-Table Misgellany," entitled, "The Auld Man's Address to the Widow ".

Wha is that at my bower-door?

Oh, wha is it but Findlay?
Then gae yete gate, 1 ye'se me be here!
Indeed, mann I, quo' Findlay.
What mak ye sae like a thief?

Oh, come and see, quo' Findlay.
"Before the morn ye'll work mischief."
Indeed will I, quo' Findlay.

Gif I rise and let you in, -Let me in, quo' Findlay;
Ve'll keep me waukin wi' your din
Indeed will I guo' Findlay
In my bowei if ye should stay,
Let me stay, quo' Findlay;
I fear ye'll bide' till break o' day
Indeed will I, quo' Findlay.

Here this night if ye remavi,—
I'll remain, quo' Findlay,
I diead ye'll &en the gate again;—
Indeed will I, quo' Findlay,
What may pass within this booke,
Let it pass, quo' Findlay;
Ye maun conceal till yoni last hour;—
Indeed will I, quo' Findlay.

## THE CARDIN' O'T

Tune "Salt fish and Dumphogs"

1 (OLS) a tane o' haslock<sup>2</sup> woo, To mak a oat to Johnny o't; For Johnny is my only jo, MI lo'e him best of ony yet.

> The cardin' o't, the spinnin' o't, The warpin' o't, the winnin' o't: When ilka ell cost me a groat, The tailor staws the hinn' o't.

For though his locks be lyait gray,
And though his brow be beld aboon;
Yet I has seen how on a day
The paids of a' the parishen.

#### THE PIPER.

THERE came a piper out of lafe,
I wain what they ca'd here.
He play'd our consin Kate a spring
When fient a body bade hour,
And aye the mair he hotch'd and bow.
The mar, out she forbadeshim.

# JENNY MYCRAW

A FRAGMENT

JENNY M'CRAW, she has ta'en to the heather Say, was it the Covenant carried her thither,;

<sup>1</sup> Bought

<sup>2</sup> Hause-lock, the wool on the throat—the finest of the fleece

Jenny M'Craw to the mountains is gane, 'Then leagues and their covenants a' she has ta'en; My head and my heart now, quo' she, are at rest, And as for the lave, let the deil do his best.

### THE LAST BRAW BRIDAL.

#### A LLAGMENT

THE last braw bidal that I was at,
"Twas on a Hallowmas day,
And there was routh! o' drink and fin,
And mickle mith and play
The bells they rang, and the callines sang,
And the dames danced in the ha',
The bide went to bed wi' the silly bridegroom,
In the misst o' her kimmers! a'

### LINES ON A MERRY PLOUGUMAN

As I was a wandering ae morning in spring, I heard a merry ploughimm sae sweetly to sing, And as he was singur' that words he did say, There's nae life like the ploughman's in the month o' sweet May.

The laverock in the morning she'll rise frac her nest, And mount in the air wi' the flew on her lineast; And wi' the merry ploughman she'll whistle and sing, and at might she'll return to her nest back again

#### THE WINTER OF THE

Tune-- Gil Mone

But lately seen in gladsome green.
The woods repriced the day;
Through gentle showers the laughing flowers.
In double pride were gay.
But now our joys are fled.
On writer blasts awa'!
Yet maden May, in rich array.
Again shall hing them a'.

But my white, oow, 1 nae bindly thowe 2
Shall melt the snaws of age;
My trunk of eild, but buss of bield, 3
Sinks in Time's wintry rage;
Oh 1 age has weary days, 4 h
And nights o' sleepless pain!
Thou golden time o' youthfu prime,
Why comest thou not again!

## I'LL AYE CY IN BY YON TOWN,

June- 'Ill gae me mair to you town,"

I'll hye co' in by yon town,
And by on garden green, organ;
Lyl aye ca' in by yon town,
And see my bonny Jean agam.

There's nane sall ken, there's nane sall guess, What brings me back the gate again, But she, my fairest, faithfu' lass, And stowlins 4 we sall meet again.

She'll wander by the aiken tree, When trystin'-time draws near again; And when her lovely form I see, Oh, haith, she's doubly dear again!

I'll aye ca' m by yon town, And by yon garden green, again; I'h aye ca' m by yon town, And see my bonny Jean again

# THE GOWDEN LOCKS OF ANNA.

Tam - "Banks of Banna."

"A DUMPRIES maiden," says Cunningham, "with a light foot and a merry gyc was the herong of this clever song. Burns thought so well of it hunself that he recommended it to Thomson, but the latter—aware, perhaps, of the free character of her of the gowden bocks, evel "dit, though pressed to publish it by the poet. "critated, perhaps, at Thoftson's refusal, he wrote the additumal sames, by way of postscript, in defiance of his collect blooded critic."

VESTREEN I had a pint c' wine, A'place where body saw na;

i Head.
2 Thaw

Yestreen lay on this breast o' mine The gowden locks of Anna. The hingry Jew in willciness, Rejoicing o'er his manna, Warnaething to my hinny bliss Upon the hips of Anna.

Ye monarchs tak the east and west, Frac Indus to Savannah! Gie me within my straining grasp The melting form of Anna There I'll despise imperial chains, An empress of sultana, While dying raptures in her aims I give and take auth Anna's

Awa', thou flaunting god o' day!

Awa' thon pale Dinna!

Ilk sta' gac hide thy twinkling ray,

When I'm to meet my Anna

Come, in thy raven plumage, Night!

Sun, moon, and stars withdrawn a',

And bring an angel pen to write

My transports wi' my Anna!

#### OSTSCRIFT

The kirk and state may join and tell. To do such things I manager.

The kirk and state may goe to hell,

And I'll gae to my Anni.

She is the sunshine o' my ee,—

To hive but her I cauma.

Had I on emitte but wishes three,

The first should be my Anna.

#### HAD I IHE WILE

Troit - " Had I the wyte? he bade me

HAD I the wyte, had I the wyte, Had I the wyte? she bade me; She watch'd me by the hie-gate side. And up the loan she shaw dime,

And when I wadna ventue m, A coward loon she ca'd me, Had kirk and state been in the gate, I lighted when she bade me.

Sac craftile she took me ben,¹
And bade me make nac clatter;
"For our ramgunshoch, glum guidman
Is o er ayout the water;"
Whee'er shall say I wanted grace,
When I did kiss and dawt her,
Let him be planted in my place,
Syne say I was a fautor.

Could I for shame, could I for shame, Could I for shame refused her? And wadare manhood been to blame? I I ad I unkindly used her? He claw'd her wi' the appoint-kame, And blae and bluidy bruised her; When sie a husband was frae hame, What wife but wad excused her?

I dighted 4 aye her cen sae blue,
And baun'd the cruel randy ,5
And weel I wat her willing mon'
Was c'en fike sugar-candy.
At gloamin'-shot it was, I trow,
I lighted on the Monday ,
But I can though the Tysday's dew,
To wanton Willie's brandy.

## CALFDONIA

Tune-" Cyledonian Hunt's Deligt . "

THERE was once a day—but old Time then was young—That brave Caledonia, the chief of her line,
From some of your northern detices spring,
(Who knows not that brave Caledonia's divine?)
From Tweed to the Orcades was her domain,
To hint, or to pasture, or do what she would:
Her heavenly relations there fixed her reign,
And pledged her their godheads to warrant it good.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In <sup>1</sup> Rugged, coarse

<sup>4</sup> Fondle 4 Wiped.

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A lambkin in peace, but a hon in war,

The pride of her kindred the licrome grew.

Her grandsire, old O im, triumphantly swore,

"Whoe'er shall provoke thee th' encounter shall rue!"

With tillage of pasture at times she would sport,

To reed her fan flocks by her green rustling corn;

But chiefly the woods were her favourite resort,

Ther darling amusement the hounds and the hoin

Long quiet she reign'd; till thitherward steers
• A flight of bold eagles from Adria's strand
Repeated, successive, for many long years,

They darken'd the an, and they plunder'd the land
Their pounces were murder, and terror their cry,
They'd conquer'd and rum'd a world beside;
She took to her hills, and her arrows let fly—
The daring invaders they fled or they died.

The fell happy-raven took wing from the norse,
The scourge of the seas, and the dread of the shore!
The wild Scandinavian boar issued forth
To wanton in carnage, and wallow in gore;
O'er countries and kingdoms t'err finy prevail'd,
No arts could appeare these, no arms could repel,
But brave Caledonia in vain they assail'd,
As Largs well can witness, and Loncartie tell

The camcleon-savage disturb'd her repose,
With tumult, disquiet, rebellion, and strife,
Provoked beyond bearing, at last she arose,
And robb'd him at once of his hope, and his life:
The Anglian hon, the terror of France,
Off, prowling, ensuinguined the Tweed's silver flood;
But, laught by the bright Caledonian lince
He learned to fear in his own native wood.

The bold, independent, unconquer'd, and free,
Her bright course of glory for ever shall run:
For brave Caledonia monortal must be:
I'll prove it from Linchd as cleases the sult:
Rectangle-triangle, the figure we'll choose,
The upright is Chance, and old some is the base;
But brave Caledonia's the hypothemise;
• Then, ergo, she'll match them, and match then strways.

#### THE FAREWELL

Tune-" It was a' for our rightfu' kmg."

IT was a' for our rightfu' king

• We left fair Scotland's strand;

It was a' for our rightfu' king We e'er saw Irish land, my dear, We e'er saw Irish land.

Now a' is done that men can do And a' is done in vain;
My love and native land farevell,
For I main cross the main, my dear,
For I main cross the main.

He turn'd him right and round about,
Upon the Jush shore;
And gae his budle-reins a shake,
With adien for evermore, my dear,
With adien for evermore.

The sodger hae the wars returns, the sulor hae the main;
But I hae parted frac my love;
Never to meet again, my dear,
Never to neet again.

When day is gane, and night is corre, And a' folk bound to sleep; I think on him that's far awa' The lee-lang night, and weep, my dear The lee-lang night, and weep.

# OH, STEER HER UP

Tune--"Oh, steer her up and hand her gaun "

On, seen her up and hand her gaunHer nother's at the mill, jo;
And gun shew mha tak a man,
E'en let her tak her will, jo:
First shore I her wi' a kindly kiss,
And ca' another gill, jo;
And gun she tak the thing armss,
e'en let her flyte I her fill, jo.

Oh, steer her up, and be na blate,3 And gur she tak it ill, jo,

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Then lea'e the lassic till her fate, And time hae langer spill, jo: Ne'er break your heart for ae rebute, But think upon it still, jo; That gip she lassie winna de't, Ye'll lin' anither will, jo.

## CONNY PEG-A-RAMSAY.

Tune -" Cauld is the e'enin' blast.

CAULD is the c'enn' blast O' Boreas o'et the pool; And dawin' it is dieary When ouks are bare at Yule.

Oh, cauld blaws the e'enn' blast When latter lates the fro t, And in the mirk and dreary doft The hills and glens are lost

Ne'er sae mucky blew the night That drifted o'er the hill, But bonny Peg-a-Ram by Gat grist to her mill.

# HEE BALOU!

"The Highland I. Tu

Separating of this song, Crounds says. "The time when the moss-troopers and cattle-drivers on the Borders began their nights depredations was the first Michaelmas moon. Cattle-stealing formerly was a meter foraging expect ion, and it has been remarked that many of the best families in the north can race their descent from the daring sons of the mountains. The produce (by wipof down to a lard's daughter) of a Michaelmas moon is proverbally and I the and of Lochel's lanthom (the moon effice exploits were the most destable things imaginable. In the 'Hee Balou' we see out of those herces it the tradic'

> HEE Balou, 12 my sweet wee Donald Picture o' the greet Clamonald;

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Brawlie kens our wanton chief 'Wha got my young Highland thief.

Leeze me on thy bonny craigie, An thou live, thou'lt steal a neight: Travel the country through and turough, And bring hame a Carlisle colv.

Through the Lawlands, o'er the Border, Weel, my baby, may thou furder the Herty<sup>2</sup> the louns o' the laigh countrie, Syne to the Highlands, hame to me

## HERE'S HIS TEALTH IN WATER

"In / une-" The Job of Journeywork "

ALTHOUGH my back be at the wa'. And though he be the fautor, Although my back be at the wa', Yet, here's his health in water!

Oh! wae gae by his wanton sides, Sae brawlie's he could flatter; Till for his sake I'm slighted sair, And dice the kintia clatter.<sup>3</sup>

but though my back be at the way.

And though he be the fautor;
But though my back le at the way,

Yet, here's his health in water!

## AMANG THE TREES, WHERE HUMMING BEFT

Tune "The king of I rance he rode a ta, "

A MANG the trees, where humming bees
At buds and flowers were hin, ag, O,
Auld Calcilon drew out her drone,
And to her pipe was singing, O;
'I'w is pibroch, sang, straftspey, or reels,
Sne dirl d them aff fu' clearly, O,
When there cam a yell o' foreign squeels,
That dang her tap-salteerie, G.

<sup>1</sup> Prosper

Their capon craws, and queer ha ha's,
They made our lugs grow ceric, O,
The hungry bike did scrape and pike, Till way were wae and weary, O;
But a royal ghaist, bha ance was cased
A prisoner aughteen year awa',
He fired a fiddler in the north
That dang them tapsalteerie, O.

#### CASSILLIS' BANKS.

### Tune--Unknown

Now bank and brac are claithed in green, 'And scatter'd cowships sweetly spring; By Girvan's fany-haunted stream. The bindes flit on wanton wing. To Cassillis' banks, when e'ening fa's, 'There, wi' my Mary, let me flee, There catch her tika glance of love, The bonny blink o' Mary's ee!

The chield wha boasts o' warld's walth
Is aften laird o' meikle caie;
But Mary, she is a' mine ain—
Ah I fortune canna gie me how!
Then let me range by Cassilis' banks
Wa' her, the lassie dear to me,
And catch her ilka glance o' love,
The bonny blink o' Mary's ee'

### BANNOCKS O' BARALY

Time-"The Killogio."

Bannocks o' beat-meal,
Bannocks o' barley,
Here's to the Highlandmar
Bannocks o' barley!
Wha n'a builze,
Will first cry a parley?
Never the lads wi'
The bannocks o' barley!

Ears.

5 Isaud. 4 Pick

1 Chr.L

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Bannocks o' beat-meld, a
Bannocks o' barley;
Here's to the Highlandman's
Bannocks o' barley! of h
Wha, in his wase-days,
Were loyal to Charlis?
Wha but the lads w'
The bannocks o' barley?

## SAC LAR AWA'.

Care "I Renh Maide i Bridge"

OH, sad and heavy should I part,

Hut for her sake sae far awa'
Unknowing what my way'may thwart,
My native land, sae far awa'.

Thou that of a' things Maker art,
That form'd this fau sae far awa',
Gie body strength, then I'll ne'er start
At this, my way, sae far awa'.

How true is love to pure desert,
So love to her sac far awa':
And nocht can heal my bosom's sma'
White, oh! she is sac far awa'
Nane other love, nane other dart,
I feel but hers, 'ac far awa',
But fanci never touch'd a head
Than hers, the fair, sac far awa'

# HER PLOWING LOCKS

Lanc -Unknown

HER flowing locks the ray n's wing, Adown her neck and bosom hine; Flow sweet unto that breast to cling, And round that neck cytume her U

Her lips are coses wat wi' dew, Oh, what a feast her bonny moy'! Her cheeks a mair celestial hue, A crimson still diviner.

## THE HIGHLAND PADDIE

Tung-" If thou'lt play me fair play."

This sone is an improvement and expansion of some far obite verses, entitled 'The Highland Lad and the Lowlind Lissie'

THE bonniest lad that c'et I saw, Bonny laddie, Highland laddie, Wore a plaid, and was fu' braw, Bonny Highland laddie. On his head a bonnet blue, Bonny laddie, Highland laddie; His royal heart was firm and true Bonny Highland laddie.

Trumpets Sound, and cannons roar, Bonny lassie, Lowland lassie, And a' the fulls wi' echoes roat, Bonny Lowland lassie. Glory, honour, now invite, Bonny lassie, Lowland lassie, For freedom and my king to right, Bonny Lowland lassie.

The sun a backward course shall take,
Bonny laddie, Highland laddie,
Ere aught thy manly courage shake,
Bonny Highland laddie.
Got for yoursel procure renown, a
Bonny laddie, Highland laddie:
And for your lawful lang his crowe,
Bonny Highland laddie.

THE LASS THAT MADE THE GED TO ME.

Tune-"The Jass that made the wi to me"

Thropoet tells us, that ""The bonny lass that made the bed to me" was composed on an amour of Charles II, when skulking in the north, about Aberdees, in the time of the using time. He forged nor petite affair, with a drughter of the house of Port Letham, who was the lass that made the bed to him!"

WHEN Januar wind was blawing cauld, As to the north I took my way, The mirksome might did me enfauld, I knew na where to lodge till day.

By my good luck a maid I met, Just in the middle o' my care; And kindly sae did me invite To walk into a chamber fai,

I bow'd fu' low unto this mail, And thank'd her for her courtesie; I bow'd fu' low unto this maid, And bade her make a bed for me.

She made the bed baith large and wide,
Wi' twa white hands she spread it down,
She put the cup to her rosy lips.
And drank, "Young man, now sleep ye soun"."

She snatch'd the candle in he. hand, And frac my chamber went wi' speed; But I call'd her quickly back again, To lay some mair below my head.

A cod she laid below my head, And served me wi' due respect; And, to salute her wi' a kiss, I put my arms about her neck.

"Haud off your hands, young man," she says
"And dinna sae uncivil be:
Gif ye han ony love for me,
Oh, wrang na my virginitie!"

Her hair was like the links o' gowd, Her teeth were like the ivorie; Her checks like lilier dipt in wine, The lass that made the bed to me.

Her bosom was the driven snaw, Twa drifted heaps sae fair to see; Her limbsithe polish'd marble stane, The lass that made the bed to me.

I kiss'd her owre and owre again, And aye she wist no what to say; I laid her between the and the wa— The lassie thought na lang till day.

Upon the morrow, when we rose,
I thank'd her for her courtesie;
Put aye she blush'd, and aye she sigh'd
And said, "Alas! ye've ruin'd me"

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I clasp'd her wast, and kiss'd her syre, While the tear stood twinkling in her ee; I said, "My lasse, dinna cry," For ye sye shall mak the bed to me.

She took her mither's Holland sheets,
And made them a' m sarks to me.
Blithe and merry may she be,
The lass that made the bed to me.

The bonny lass made the bed to me,
The braw lass made the bed to me;
I'll ne'er forget, till the day I die,
The lass that made the bed to me!

### THE BAS OF ECCLEFECHAN.

Tune-" Jacky Latin."

GAT ye me, oh, gat ye me,
Oh, gat ye me wi' naething?
Rock and reel, and spinnin' wheel,
A mickle quarter basin.
Bye attour, my gutcher has!
A heigh house and a laigh ane,
A' forbye my bonny sel,
'The toss of Ecclefchan.

Oh, haud your tongue now, Luckie Lain
Oh, haud your tongue and jauner, 2
I held the gate till you I met,
Syne I began to wander:
I tint my histle and my sang,
I tint my peace and pleasure;
But your green graff a now, Luckie La
Wad ant 5 me to my treasure.

## THE COOPER O' CUDDIE,

Tune-"Bob at the Bowster '

THE cooper o' Cuddie cam here awa'; He ca'd the gurs out owre us a' -

<sup>1</sup> Besidés, my grandsire has 2 Camplaining.

And our guidwife has gotten a ca' That anger! I the silly guidman, O.

We'll hide the cooper behind the door, Behind the door, behind the door, We'll hide the cooper behind the door And cover him under a mawn, 1 O.

He sought them out, he sought them in, Wi', Deil hae her ' and, Deil hae him! But the body he was sae dotted? and blin', Lee wistna where he was gaun, O

They cooper a at e'en, they cooper'd at morn, Till our guidm in has gotten the scorn; On ilka brow she's planted a horn, And swears that there they shall stan', O.

#### THE HIGHLAND WIDOW'S LAMENT.

On! I am come to the low countrie, Och-on, och-on, och-rie! Without a penny in my purse To buy a meal to me.

It wasna sae in the Highland hills, Och-on, och-on, och-rie! Nae woman in the country wide Sae happy was as n.e.

For then I had a score o' kye, Och-ou, och-ou, och-ru Feeding on you hills so lugh, And giving milk to me

And there I had threescore o' yowes, Och-on, och-on, och-ne! Skipping on yondbonny knowes, And casting woo' to me.

I was the happiest of a the clan, Sair, sair may I repine; For Donald was the brawest man. And Donald he was mine. SONG.9 471

Till Charlie Stuart cam at last,
Sae far to set us free;
My Donald's arm was wanted then
tor Scotland and for me.

Their waefu' fate what need I tell?
Right to the wrang did yield:
My Doneld and his country fell
Upon Culloden field

Och-on, O Donald, oh!
Och-on, och-on, och-ne!
Nae woman in the waild wide
Sae wretched now as me.

#### THERE WAS A BONNY LASS.

THERE was a bonny lass, And a bonny, bonny lass, And she lo'ed her bonny laddie dear; Till war's loud alarms Tore her laddie frae her aims, Wi'mony a sigh and a tear.

Over sea, over shore, Where the cannons loudly roac, He still was a stranger to feat; And nocht could him quad, Or his bosom assail, But the bonny lass he lo'ed sae dear.

#### OH, WAT YE WHAL MY WE SALE PROF

On, wat ye what my manie did.
My minne did, my minne did,
Oh, wat ye what my minne did,
On Tysday teen to me, jo?
She laid me u, a saft bed,
A saft bed, a saft bed,
She laid me in a saft bed,
And bade guid e'en to me, is.

And wat ye what the parson did, The parson did, the parson did, And wat ye what the parson d.d,
A' for a penny fee, 10?
He loosed on me a lang man,
A mickle man, a strang man,
He loosed on me a lang man,
That might hae worried medica.

And I was but a young thing,
A young thing, a young thing,
And I was but a young thing,
Wi' name to pity me, jo.
I wat the kirk was in the wyte,
In the wyte, in the wyte,
To pit a young thing in a fright,
And loose a man on me, jo.

#### OH, GUID ALE COMES.

OH, guid ale comes, and guid ale goes, Guid ale gats <sup>2</sup> me sell my hose, Sell my hose, and pawn my shoon. Guid ale keeps my heart aboon.

I had sax owsen in a pleugh, They drew a' weel eneugh; I sell'd them a' just ane by ane; Guid ale keeps my heart aboon.

Guid'ale' hands me bare and busy, Gars me moop' wi', the servant hizzie. Stand i' the stool when I had done; Guid ale keeps my heart aboon.

#### COMING THROUGH THE BRAES O' CUPAR.

DONALD BRODII met a lass Coming o'er the braes o' Cupar; Donald, wi' his Highland hand, Rifled ilka charm about her.

#### CHORLS

Coming o'er the braes o' Cupar, Coming o'er the braes o' Cupar, Highland Donald met a lass, And row'd his Highland pland about her. Weel I wat she was a quean,
Wad made a body's mouth to water;
Our Mess John, wi' his auld gray pow, 1
His haly lips wad licket at her.

Off she salited in a fright, And through the brace as she could bicker;<sup>2</sup> But souple Donald quicker flew, And in his arms he lock'd her sicker.<sup>3</sup>

#### GUID E'EN TO YOU, KIMMER.

"Tune--" We're a' noddin "

Guin e'en to you, kimmer,4
And how do ye do?
Hiccup, quo' kimmer,
The better that I'm fou
We're a' noddin, nid, nid, noddin,
We're a' noddin at our house at hame,

Kate sits i' the neuk,'
Suppm' hen broo, 6
Ded tak Kate,
An she be na noddin too i

How's a' wi' you, kimmer, And how do ye fare? A pint o' the best o't, And twa pints mair.

How's a' wa' you, kimmer, And how do ye thrive? How mony barns has ye? Quo' kumer, I has five.

Are they a' Johnny's?
Eh! atweel, na:
Twa o' them were gottes
When Johnny was awe

Cats like milk,
And dogs like broo,
Lads like lasses weel,
And lasses lads too.
We're a' noddin, nid, nid, noddin,
We're a' noddin at our how c at hane

l Head.

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## YOUNG JAMIE, PRIDE OF A THE PLAIN.

Tun -"The Carlin o' the Glen "

Vound Jamie, pride of a' the pan, Sae gallant and sae gay a swam; Through a' our lisses he did fove. And reign'd resistless king of love: But now, wi' sighs and starting tears, He strays among the woods and briers; Or in the clens and rocky caves, I'ts sad complaining dowie raves;

"I what sae I'de did ringe and rove, And changed with every moon my love, I little diouge the time was near Repentance I hould buy sae dear: The slighted maids my forments see, At I laugh at a' the pangs I dice, I While she, my crinel, scounty fan, I orbids me c'er to see her man I"

#### COMING THROUGH THE RVE

Tune "Comm; through the rye"

COMING through the 19e, poor body, Coming through the 19e, She draiglet a her petticoatie, Coming through the 19e

> O Jenny's a' wat, poor body, Jenny's seldem dry; She drauglet a' her petticontie, Coming through the rye.

Gin<sup>3</sup> a body meet a body Coming through the rye, Gm a body kiss a body— Need a body cry?

> Gin a boxy meet a body Coming through the glen: Gin a body kiss a body— Need the warld ken?

THE CARLES OF DYSART

Tune-" Hey, ca' through "

Up wi' the carles o' Dysait And the lads o' Buckhaven, SONGS.

And the kimmers of Largo, And the lasses of Leven,

> Hey, ca' through, ca'2 through, For we had mickle ado; Hey, ca' through, ca' through, For we had mickle ado.

We had tales to tell,
And we had sangs to sing;
We had pennies to spend,
And we had pints to bring.

We'll live a' our days,
And them that come belim',
Let them do the like,
And spend the gear they win.

#### IS THERE, FOR HONEST POVERTY

Twee-" I or a' that and a' that "

Burn's had too good an idea of his own powers to have been serious in his depreciation of this fine song. He says —"A great cutto on songs say, that lete and wine are the exclusive themes for song-writing. The following is on neather subject, and is consequently no song, but will be allowed, I think, to be two or three pretty good prose thoughts inverted into thyme."

Is there, for honest poverty,

That hangs his head, and a' that?
The coward slave, we pass him by

We dare be poor for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
Our tork obscure, and a' that;
The rank is but the gumen-stamp,
The man's the gowd for a' that!

What though on hamely face we dine,
Wear hodden gray, and a that.
Gie fools then silks, and I naves then wire;
A names a man for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
Their timed show and a' that.
The honest man, though e'er sae poor,
Is king o' non for a' that!

Ve see you birkie,\* ca'd a lord, Wha struts, and stares, and a' that,

1 Young women

Pust

<sup>.\*</sup> Literally the phrase means a mettlesome fellow here it must be rendered a proud and affected fellow.

Though hundreds worship at his word, He's but a cook! for a' that:

For a' that, and a' that,

Ilis riband, star, and a' that;

The man of independent mind, " F?

Ile looks and laughs at a' that!

A king can mak a belted knight,
A marquis, duke, and a' that;
But an honest man's aboon his might
Guid faith he maunna² fa' that!
Fot a' that, and a' that,
Their dignities, and a' that,
The pith o' sense, and pride o' worth,
Are higher i onks than a' that.

Then let us pray hat come it may—
As come it will for a' that—
That ense and worth, o'er a' the earth,
May bear the gree, and a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
It's comin' yet for a' that,
That man to man, the warld o er,
Shall brothers be for a' that '

#### O LASSIE, ART THOU SLEEPING YET?

Tune-" Let me in this ac night "

THE following is based on an old ballad of much point and coarseness

() LASSIE, art thou sleeping yet, Or art thou waking, I would wit? For love has bound me hand and foot, And I would fain be in, '10,

> Oh, let me in this ae night, This ac, ac, ae night, For pity's aske this ae night, Oh, rise as I let me in, 10!

Thou hear'st the winter wind and weet, Nae star blinks through the driving sleet: Tak pity on my weary feet, And shield me frae the 19in, jo.

The bitter blast that round me blaws, Unheeded howls, unheeded fa's:
The cauldness o' thy heart's the cause of a' my grief and pain, jo.

#### HER ANSWER.

Oh, tell na me o' wind a.d rain, Upbraid na me wi' cauld disdain! Gae buck the gate ye cam again. I winna let ye in, jo.

I tell you now this ae night,
This ae, ae, ac night;
And ence for a', this ae night,
I winna let ye in, jo.

The snellest blast, at mirkest hours, That round the pathless wanderer pours Is nocht to what poor she endures That's trusted faithless man, 19.

The tweatest flower that deck'd the mead, Now trodden like the vilest weed; Let simple maid the lesson read, The world may be her am, jo.

The bird that charm'd his summer-day Is now the cruel fowler's prey; Let witless, trusting woman say How aft her fate's the same, jo.

#### THE HERON LLECTION BALLADS.

EMILAD L 🧆

Thought written on the spur of the moment, and evidently lightly valued by the poet, the three following election squibs are spirited and characteristic. They were at the instigation and in the interest of Mr. Heron of Kerronghtree, who contested the Stewartry of Kirkeudbright in the liberal interest The tory candidate was Mr. Gordon of Balmaghic, nephew to Mr. Murray of Broughton, whose influence, together with that of the Earl of Gallows, was exerted to promote his return

WHOM will you send to London town,
To Parliament, and s', that?
Or wha in a' the country jound
The Best deserves to fa' that?
For a' that, and a' that,
'Through Galloway and a', that;
Where is the laird or belied kinglit
That bost deserves to fa' that?

Wha sees Kerroughtree's open yett, <sup>1</sup>
And wha is't never saw that?
Wha ever wi' Kerroughtree met,
And has a doubt of a' that?

For a' that, and a' that, Here's Heron yet for a' that. The independent pathot, The honest man, and a' that.

Though wit and worth in either sek, St. Mary's Isle can shaw that, Wi' dukes and lotds let Selkirk mix, And weel does Selkirk fa' that.

For a' that, and a' that, 'Here's Heron yet for a' that! The independent commoner Shall be the man for a' that.

And it's again the law that;
I or why, a lore, may be a goult?
Wi ribbon, star, and a that.
'For a' that, and a' that,
I lere's Heron yet for a' that I
A lord may be a lonsy lorn
Wi' ribbon, star, and a' that.

A beardless boy comes o'er the hills Wi' uncle's purse and a' that,
But we'll hae ane frac 'mang oursels,
A man we ken, an l a' that,
For a' that, an l a' that,
Here's Heron yet for a' that!
For we're not to be bought and solo
Like mags, and nowt, and a' that.

Then let us dink the Stewarty,
Kerroughtree's land, and z' that
Our represent tive to be,
For weel la's worthy z' that.
I'or a' that, and a' that,
Mere's Heron yet for a' that.
A House of Commons such as lo,
They we'ld be blest that saw that

#### PALLAD II.

I mu -" Fy, let u a lo the brad."

Fy, let us a' to Kukendbught, .
For there will be bickering there;
For Munay's light horse are to muster, .
And oh, now the heroes will swear!

And there will be Murray, commander, And Gordon, the battle to win: Like brothers they I stand by each other. Soc and in alliance and kin.

aAnd there will be black-nebbit Johnnie,3 The tongue o' the trump to them a'; As he gets na hell for his haddin' The deal gets na justice ava',

And there will be Kempleton's bukie.1 A boy no sae black at the bane, but, as for his fine nabob fortime, We'll e'en let the subject alane.

And there will be Wigton's new sheriff." Dame Justice fu' brawlie has sped. She's gotten the hear of a Bushley, But, Lord I what s become of the head?

and there & al be Cardoness," Esquire, Sae mighty in Cardoness' eyes, A wight that will weather domnation, For the devil the prey will despise

And there will be Krimme, 7 sac generous!, Whose honora is proof to the storm; To save them from stark reprobation, He lent them his name to the him.

But we wman mention Redereth 5 The body confet him escape I He'd venture the gallows for filler, An 'twere ru the  $\mu$ ost  $\alpha$  the rape.

And where is our king's land-hentenant, Sac famed for his girtefu' return≥ The billie is geignite his que tions, To say in St. Stephen's the more,

And there will be Dougla is loughty, New-christ ming towns for oil near -Abjuring their democrat donys By ki sing the tail of a per-

<sup>\*</sup> Gor on of Palmagne 4 Marray of Broughton

Mr. John Bushby, clawye, to friend of the port's William Bushby of Kempleton, mother of the above, who had made a tating in India, but which wis Hamplet by some to level high its beginning in mucchin with the future of the Art Blink should be called the west directly office Bushley Maithard son of John and then recently appeared Social of

Vigroushing <sup>6</sup> David Maxwell of Cardoness

<sup>·</sup> Mr Gordon of Kenmure Mr Livie of Redeaste

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Messes Done as af Carlinwark give the name of Castle Donglas to a village which rose in their neighbourhood. This is now apopulous town.

And there will be lads o' the gospel, Murrhead, wha's as guid as he's true; And there will be Buittle's apostic, Wha's mair o' the black than the blue.

And there will be folk frae St. Mary's, A house o' great ment and scie, The deil ane but honours them highly,— The deil ane will gie them his vote!

And there will be wealthy young Richard, Dame Fortune should hing by the neck. For produgal, shriftless, bestowing, His ment had won him respect.

And there will o rich brother nabobs, Though nabol, yet men of the first,<sup>4</sup> And there will be Collieston's whiskers, And Quintin,<sup>6</sup> o' lads not the war-t.

And there will be stamp-office Johnnie,<sup>†</sup>
Tak tent how ye purchase a dram;
And there will be gay Cassencarrie,
And there will be gleg Colonel Tam, <sup>8</sup>

And there will be trusty Kerroughtree,"
Whase honour was ever his law;
If the virtues were pack'd in a paicel,
His worth might be sample for a'.

And strong and respectfu's his backing,
The mast o' the lards wi' him stand;
Nae gipsy-like nomina' barons,
Whase property's paper, but lands.

And can we forget the auld Major, 10
Wha'll ne'ct be forgot in the Greys?
Our flattery we'll keep for some ther,
Him only it's justice to praise.

And there will be maiden Kilkerran, 12
And also Bursa imming's guid knight, 23
And there will be roaring Birtwhistle, 13
Wha luckily roars in the right.

<sup>1</sup> kev Mr Mutrhead, minister of Urr
2 Rev. George Maxwell, munster of Bant'e
3 Rickard Oxadd of Auchincruve.
4 The Massas Hannay
6 Mr. Copland of Colheston.
7 Mr. John Syme, distributor of samps, Dumfries.
6 Colonel Goldie of Goldi Lea.
8 Mr. Heron of Kerroughtree, the Wing candidate.
10 Major Heron, brother of the above.
11 Sir Adam Ferguson of Kilkerran.
12 Sir William Miller of Barskimnung, afterwards a judge, with the title of Lord Genlee.
13 Mr. Butwhistle of Kirkcudbright.

454 50 **177.5**.

And there, free the Niddisdale border, Will nougle the Maxwells in droves Tengh Johnnae,1 stanch Geordie,2 and Walle That guens for the fishes and loaves,

And there will be Login M'Dowall, 1 Scaldadders and he will be there, And also the wild Scot o' Galloway, Sodgering, gimpowdci Blan.5

Then hey the chaete interest o' Broughter And hey for the bles mgs 'twill bring It may send Bahnaghic to the Commac, In Sodom 'twould make him a time; ;

And hey for the sanctified Minray," Our find wha wi' chapels has it got, He founder'd his hore among here to But gied the auld in the to the Lord

#### JOHN BUSHBY'S LAMENTATION

#### 13913030

Mr. History having cored the eletion of the struggle, the poet cased it sing of fromigh over b cut for special castigation in chalty old opponent, the Farl of Galloway

and healy contested entited force, in his Lushby, fictorium to

TW vs in the seventeen bundred year O' Cleist, and mosty-five, That year I was the wae'est man, O' ony man alire,

In March, the three-and-twenti thiday, The recracoclere and Eright, But oh, I was a vachut man Ere to 't' p' the might.

Yerl Galloway lang did rale this local Wi' equal right and fine, And thereto was his kinsazire pin'd The Migray's noble irunc

Verl Gallowry lang did rule the buil, Made no the order o' stab But now Yeal Goldoway's sceptre's broke, And the my higgman's knife.

Luas by Aie backs o' bonny Dec, Beside Kukendbught tewers,

Mr Maswell of Cornighty Mr Wellwood Maswell.

<sup>2</sup> Gar e Maxwell of Carrier 6 At ape on M Dowall of Login.

<sup>5</sup> Mr. Blan of Duraky. 6 Mr. Mining of Broughton, who had theadened his wife, and elepta with lady of rank.

The Stewart and the Murray there
Und muster a' their powers

The Minray, on the auld gray yard.\(^1\) Wi'w uged spurs did ride,\(^1\) That auld gray yaudi yea, Nid stade radi,\(^1\) He staw upon Nidside.\(^1\)

An there had been the yell himsel,
Oh, there had been mae play,
ButcGathes was to London game,
And sae the kye night stray

And there was Palmaghie, I ween, In the frost rank he wad shine, But Balmaghe had better been Draiking V leira wine

Frac the Glenkens came to old aid

A chief o' doughty deed.

In case that worth should wroted be,

O' Kennure we had need

And there, sae grave, Squire Cardoness
I ook'd on till a' was done;
Sae in the tower o' Cardoness,
A howlet sits at noon

And there led 1 the Bushbys a',
My ganesome billy Will,
And my son Maitland, wise as brave,
My footsteps follow'd still.

The Douglas and the Heron's name, We set nought to their score; The Douglas and the Heron's name Had felt our weight before.

But Douglases o' weight had we,
A pan o' trusty lands, '
For building cot-hones are famed,
And christening kail yard.

And by our bipmers march'd Munhe...!, And Buittle wasna slack! Whose haly priesthood nine con 'am', For wha can dye the black?

#### THE DUMEPH'S VOLUNTEERS.

Trace "Push about the joinin"

BURNS signalised his journey the Dumfries Volunteers by the composition of the following patriptic song, which become widely popular. Cumingham says

SO \ GS 483

that the song and in its "too stire the number the firstic part of the population than all the speeches of Pritt and Dundas, of the chosen Evec and Forty "

Does haughty Gaul mya on threat?
Thur let the louns bewire, sir,
There wooden walls upon on seas,
And volunteers on shore, sir
The Nith shall int to Cormeon,
The Crificl sink in Solwis,
Ere we permit a foreign for
On British ground to fally
Well need permit a foreign for
On British ground to fally.

Oh, let us not, like nathing ans, In wringling be devoket;
Till, stap Feome in an uncorloin, And we've ring free de it.
Be Britain still to Britain true, Among sens homited;
For never but by British hands.
Main British wrings be righted?
For never, &c.

The kettle of the kirk and state,
Perhaps a clear may full mit;
But deal a foreign finkler foun
Shall ever eaf a nail in t
Our fathers' blund the kettle bought,
And wha wad dare to spoil in?
By heavens I the significants alogy
By heaven, Acceptage of the spoil in t

The wreich that wad a tyrant own,
And the wreich, his fate-woon brother,
Wha would sat the mob aboon the throne,
May they be damn'd together!
Wha will not sine "God say the Kine"
Shall hang as high, the steple;
Ent while we sing "God say the Kine"
We'll no'er forget the Propi

## COP, WATEVE WHAS IN YOU TORN?

Time AcI'll age ca' in by you town "

The herome of the song was Miss Lucy Johnston, durables of Wenne Johnston of Hilton. She afterwards matrical Mr. Oswald of Authoromy, she died, a few years after her marriage of consumption.

Now haply down you gay given shaw She wanders by you spreading free How blest ye flowers that round her blaw. Ye catch the glances of her ce!

> Oh, wat ye wha's in yon cown, Ye see the c'enn' sun upon? The faire Cdame's in yon town, That e'enn' sun is shuning on

How blest ye birds that round her snee, And welcome in the blooming year? And to filly welcome by the spring, The season to my Lucy dear.

The sun blinks is the on you town, And on you be any brais of Aer, But my delight in you town, Aiki dearest bliss is I ney fair.

Without my love, not a' the charms
O' Paradi c could yield me poy,
But gie mc Lawy in my arms,
And welcome I apland sidre my sky?

My cave wid be a lever's bower, Though right; with the fit of And she a levely little flower, That I will tent and sucher there.

Oh, sweet is the m you fown.
The sgal my sum's game down upon;
A force than's m you town.
His offing beam ne'er shone upon;

Hongry fater, sworm my for And suffering from doored to bear, Forches quartemphic Geleler, But spare membrase fater dearly

For while hie's dealest blood is warn. As thought be her shall ne'er deper, And she has farest is her form!

She has the tracst, kindest beart,

Oh wat ye wha's m you town, r Ae see the Ceppa' succeptur? The fine t dame's in you town That c'enn' signer bounc on.

ADDRESS TO THE WOODIARK
Tance "Where Homny Ann he," or, "Loch brock Si
Out Stay, sweet warbling woodlark, stay
Nor quit for me the trembling spray;

A hapless lover courts thy Lay, Thy southing, foud complaining.

Again again that tender part,
That I may eatch thy melting art;
For saidly that wall touch her heart
Wha kells me wi' disdaming.

Say, was thy little mate unland, And heard thee as the careless wind? Oh, nocht but love and sorrow junid Sie note, o' woe could watken.

Thou tells o' never-ending tare, O' speechless grief and dark de pair. For pity's sake, sweet had, nac mair! Or my poor heart is broken!

#### OF CHIOKIS BEING ILL

Inn Newskin', O'

This and the four piece of flowner or tubutes of the poet column monotor detailed not bounded, the unitariance obtains, who colours is briefly sketched at piece so,

CAN I GATE to care?

Can I GATE to languish,
While my dailing fan

Is on the couch of angai h?

Long long the night
Hervy comes the isomory,
While mic Ad's debilit
Is on the bed of arrow.

Every hear of fled, by cry fair a ferror, Shunber even I die al, Every dream is bor or

Hearine, Powers day of the Oh, in pity hay in 1. I also angle else of refre, Euriny Chlora space met.

## FORLORN, MY LOVE, NO COMFORT NEAD

Infer Old in seems in mater

FOR OR'S, my love, no combut near
Lar, fur from the 15% index here;
Lar, far from thee the fate severe At which I mo tacpine, love

Oh, weit thou, love, but near me; But near, near, near me! How kindly thou wouldst cheer me, And nungle sighs with ming love!

Around me seowls a wintry sky, ( )
That blasts each bud of hope and joy;
And shelter, shade, nor home have I,
Says in those aims of thine, love

Cold, alter'd Friendship's cinel part, I a poison Fortune's ruthle's dart I ct me not break thy faithful heart, An I by that fite is nime, love.

But dreay thou h the moments fleet, Oh, let his third he yet shall meet! That only ray of place sweet. Can on thy Chloris share, love,

#### FRAGMENT -- CHLORIS

7 tone "Cyled on to Hunt' Delight '

Wity, why tell thy lover,

ble's he never must enjoy?

Why, why and cerve hon,

And give all his hope the lie?

Oh why white Fancy, raptured, slumber, Chloris, Chloris all the theme.

Why, why wouldst thön, cruel, r. Wake thy lover from his dream?

#### MARK YONDER POMP

Two -"Jed tak the Was"

A ver, yonder romp of costly fishion.

Fromd the wealthy, titled bride:
But when compared with real passion,
Poor Fall that princely inde.

What are the showy treasures?
What are the noisy reasures?
The gay gaudy glare of vanity and art?
The polished jewel's blaze
May draw the wondering gaze,
And courtly gratedeur bright
The fancy may delight,
Put never, never can come near the heart.

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But did you see my dearest Chloris
In simplicity's array,
Lovely as yonder sweet opening flower is,
Shrinking from the gaze of day;
On then, the heart alruning,
And all resistless chaining,
In Love's delightful fetters she chains the willing out!
Ambition would disown
The world's imperial crown,
Even Avarice would deny
His worshipp'd deity,
And feel through every yem Love's raptures toll.

#### OH, BONNY WAS YON ROSY BRILK

Off, bonny was you rosy buct, That blooms sac far frac h unit o' man; And bonny she, and ah, how dear! It shaded frac the e'enn' sun

You roschuds in the morning dew, How pure aming the leaves sae given; But purer was the lover's vow They witness'd in their shade yestieen.

All in its rude and prickly bower, That crimson rose, how sweet and Im 1 But love is far a sweeter flower Aniel life's thorny path o' care.

The pathless wild and wimpling buch, Wi' Chloris in my aim, be more, And I the world mer wish nor corn, It's joys and griefs alike resign,

#### CALEDONIA.

Pune Human s of G1 n,"

"The heroine of this song," says Cunanoghaer "We Mrs. Burne, who so charmed an poet by singing it with faste and free org, that be declared it to be one of his his kiest lyrics."

This groves o' sweet myitle let foreign lands reckon, Where big ht-beaming simmers exalt their perfunc. Far dearer to me you love glen o' green bæckan,<sup>1</sup> Wi' the burn stealing under the lang yellow broom.

Far dearer to medice you humble broom bowers.
 Where the blue-bell and cowan had lowly case a :
 For there, hightly tripping among the widd flowers,
 A-listening the huner, aft wonders my Jean.

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Though jich is the breeze in their gay sunfly valleys.

And cauld Caledoma's blast on the waye.

Their sweet-scented woodlands that skirt the proud palace,
What are they?—The haunt o' the tyrang and slave!

The slave's spicy forcats, and gold-bubbling fountains,
The brave Caledonian views wi'disdain.
He wanders as free as the winds of his mountains,
Save Love's willing fetters—the chains o' his Jean.

#### TWAS NATHER BONNY BLUF DE

' oc- Lidde, honome"

Fives na her borny l'ue ce was my rum; I in though she be, the was ne'er my indomy. I was the dear simble their nacbody did mind us, I was the bewitching, sweet, astown glance of kindnes.

Sin do I fen that to hope is demedone, Sin do I fen that despan man abale me! But though fell Cortage, hould fate us to sever, Queen, halt she be many bosom for ever,

May I'm thine wi'a passion sincerest, And thou has plached inclove of the dearest!! And thou're the angel that accerding the Sooner the sum in las motion would faller.

#### HOW CRUIL ART THE PARTNE

There is 12 on American, my Jo." How criel are the puget Who is hes only pize, Aid to the wealthy booby Poor woman sacratice 1 Me gravin<sup>t</sup>e the hapless daughte Has Ind Schoole of who To shim a tyrent father's hate, Become a wretched wef... Incrivenier lawk pur on s The trembling Neverthus the No han engelber a 🕕 🗷 Axideh∈ praion trie\$; சேரி ஏ சொற்ச சீசுர்யாது. No delterous cut, She t u to the ruthless falconer, And drops beneath his feet!

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## LASI MAY A BRAW WOOFR

Tune-" The Lothi in Lissie "

LAST May a lively wood cam down the lang glen Aid sair withis love he did deave me; I said there was naching I hated like men, The deuce gae wi'm, to believe, believe me; The deuce gae wi'm, to believe me!

•He spak o' the darts in my bonny black etc.
• And vow'd for my love he was dying.
I sud he might die when he likedafor Jean, 'The Lord forgre me for lying, for lying, The I ord forgre me for lying.

A weel-stocked maden! Immsel for the land -And marriage aft-hand, were his profices: I never lost on that I I can'd it, or cincl, a But thought I amight has waim offer, your offers. But thought I might has waim offers.

But what wad ye think? in a fortnight or less. The deal tak his take to give near her!

The price lang loin to my black coursin Bess,
Gue siye how, the pal! I could bear her, could be what?

Guess ye how, the pad! I could be unler.

But a' the neist week, as I fretfed wi' care, I gaed to the tryst o' Dalgamock, And wha but my fine fickle lover was there! I glower'd? as I'd seen a warlock, a warlock, I glower'd! as I'd seen a warlock

But owie my left shouther I gae him a bluk, Lest nectors might say I was saucy; My wood he caper'd as fie'd been in damk, And yow'd I was his dear lassie, den lassie And yow'd I was his dear lassie.

I sprend for my consin fu' conthy and sweet, Gin she had recover'd her hearing. And how her new shoon fit her and she chi't feet. Put, he ivens blow he fell a swearing rewearing.

He begg'd, for guidsake, I wad be his wire,
Onelse I wad bill him wi's curow,
Sweden to present the poor body his life,
I think I minn wed him to-morrow,
I think I minn wed him to-morrow.

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THIS IS NO MY AIN LASSIE. Time "This is no my ain house."

I stra form, a see a free, Ve weel may wi the fanest place; it wants to me the witching grace. The kind love that's in her ec.

> Oh, this is no my am lassie, Fan though the lassic be; Oh, weel ken I my am lassie, Kind love is in her ee.

Che's Fonny, blooming, straight, and tall, Faid lang has had my heart in thiall. And ayout the ms my very sail, The kind low that's in her ce.

A third sae pawkie! is my Jean, Trasteal a blink, by a unseen, But gley" as light are loversizen, When kind love is in the ec.

It may escape the courtly sparks, It may escape the learned clerks; But weel the watching lover marks. The kind love that's in her ce,

#### NOW SPRING HAS CLAD THE GROVE IN GREEN

The following song was written to soothe the feelings of his friend, Mr. Esection Canningham, solitier, who, as a unusued at p. 498, had been cracky 3 to a by a buylon whom he was much attached

Now spring he clad the grove in green, And strew'd the leavy' flowers: The furrow'd, waving core is seen Reporce in fostering showers; While ilka thing in nature join. Then sorrow to forego, Oh, why thus all, alone are mine. The weary steps of wee?

The trout within you wimpling burn. Glides swift, a silver duit, And, safe beneath the shady thoru, Eefies the angler's ast.

My life was ance that caneless dream, That wanton that was I, But love, we undertake beam, I has score hid my fountains dry.

i Siy ( unck

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The httle flowerer's peaceful lot,
In yonder chiff that grows,
Which, sive the limits's flight, I wot,
Nac inder visit knows,
Was mine atill love has o'er me past,
And algebra a' my bloom,
And now, beneath the withering blost,
My youth and joy con unic

The waken'd laverock, wathing, springs.
And climbs the early slav.
Winnowing blithe her dewy wings.
In moning's rosy eye.
As little reck't I surrow's power,
Until the dowery more
O' wiching lose in hickless hour,
Made in the thirdle o' ene

Oh, had my fite been Greenland snows,
Or Afric's burning zone,
We man and nature leighed my fors,
So Peggy in 'er Pd known!
The wretch whase doom is 'Hope me min,
What tongue his woes can rell!
Within where bosoni, save despea,
Nac kinder spirits dwell.

#### THE DEAN OF FACULTY

#### A SALCAD

#### Tune - "The Dragon of Wani' , "

the Hanaurable Hear, Fr kiez, Dean of the Luculty of Advordes has neutral the displeasors of handler advocate sky presiding it a papal a new more hold in Lamburgh during a pair of of great nation desificing, when the special discourant with the paper had be was pretty field month to I. Not withstanding Frakme's next and deserved popularity, thus was next to a which could not be fragiven. On the vote being put, Mr. Dane's of Arniston a triable to Tory, was elected by a large respect to the Charlestowal's could be reader thoroughly to apprece and had following very

Dire was the hate at old Ha law,
That Scot to Scot did early,
And due the discord Langside saw
For lie inteons, hapless Mary;
But Scot with Scot in comet so hol,
Or were more in fury scen, sir,
Than 'twist Hall and Bob's for the famous job...
Who should be Faculty's Dean, sir.

This Hal for genius, wit, and lore, Among the first was number'd;

AThe Hoo Hemy Frskine, FRobert Dundas, Esq., of Armston

492 SONGS.

Squire Hal, besides, had in this case
Pretensions rather brissy,
For talents to deserve a place
Are qualifications saucy;
So their worships of the Faculty,
Cinte sick of merit's indeness,
Chose one who should owe it all, d'ye see,
To their goats grace and goodness.

As once on P. gah purged was the sight Of a son of Creamersion, \*
So may be, on this fisgal height, Bob's purblind mental vision \*
Nay, Bobby's month may be open'd yet fill for cloquence you had him, And swear he has the Angel met.

That met the Ass of Balaam.

In your heretic sins may ye live and die,
Ye heretic eight-and-thirty!
But accept, ye sublime Majority,
My congratulations hearly
With your Honoms and a certain King,
In your servants this is striking—
The more incapacity they bring,
The more they re to you liking

## HEY FOR A LASS WE 5 TO HER

1 1912-" Balmamona Or c."

Awa' wi' your wite's raft o' beauty's alarms, The slender bit byanty you grasp in your arms; Oh, gie me the lass that has acres o' charms, Oh, gie me the lass wi' the weel-stockit farms.

> Then hey for a lass will a torner, Then hey for a lass will a tocher; Then hey for a lass will a tocher, The mee yellow gunneas for me.

Your beauty's a flower in the morning that blows, 'And withers the faster the faster it grows, But the capturous chaim o' the bonny green knowes. Ilk spring they're new deckit wi' bonny white yowes.

And e'en when the beauty your bosom has ble t, The hightest o' beauty may clay when possest; But the sweet yellow durings wi' Geordic imprest, The langer ye has them the mair they're carest.

#### I Tune ' Here's chealth to them that's twe'

The become of this song was the Miss Jossy Lewers of allom verhave previously spoken as acting the part of mase to the post during his illness.

HERR'S a health to and I lo'e dear!

Here's a health to and I lo'e dear!

Thou art sweet is the mult when fond lovers meet,

And off as their parting to it. Joby!

Although thou mann vever be mine,
Although even hope is defined,
"Its sweeter for thee desputing.
Than aught in the world beside - Jessy!

I mount through the gay gaudy day, As, hopele s, I muse on thy charms; But we know the dream o's weet slumber, For then I am lockt in thy arms | Jessy!

I guess by the dear angel sinde,
I guess by the love-rolling ee,
But why urge the tender confession,
'Gainst Fortune's fell cruel detree! -Jessy!

Here's a health to ane I lo'e dear!

Here's a health to me I lo'e dear!

Thou ar! sweet as the simle when fond lovers meet,
And soft as then putting tear—lesy!

# OH, WERT THOU IN THE CA LD BLAST

Thus is an eff tubnic of the poet's extern and affection for Miss Jessy Lewis. Mr. Chambers of his us that it builts origin in a request of the poet's, that if she would plot him any in she might wish words for, he would go to produce something which might plots her. She recordingly played the air of an old ditty, singang the words, the inst verse of which an those

"The robin can to the wren's nest,
And keekit in, and lookit in,
Oh, weel's income and pow
Ward ye be in, wad ye be in, ' &c

In a few mustes, the poet wrote out the following lines --

Off, wert thou in the cauld blast On youder lea, on yonder lea, My plaidie to the angry art, I'd shelter thee, I'd shelter thee: Or did Misfortime - bitter storing Around thee blaw, around the blaw, Thy hield should be my boshes To shine it a', to Share it a'.

Or were I in the wildest waste, Sac bleak and brie, sac bleak and bacq Throk cit were upuadise, If thou wert there, if thou weit there : We were I monarch or the globe. We theero reign, wi' ther be reign, The brighte t jewel in my crown Wad be my queen, wad be my queen

#### IN INCHILING NEW SONG

A properties of 1 orbin out hid accounted a general element, and although provided with the programment the following clover build to further the interest of his fixed. Mr. Heron — the poet magnes a longger everywrite death of small wireseper anhulous, the county alling the characters of the Topy party. The poor poet wesdend before Mr. Heron's count as member trok ula

> WHA will buy my troggar, Pine election water: Woken trade of Broughton, A' in high repair Buy brast troggin, Free the banks of De Wha wants treggin Let hint coincite me.

There's a noble earl's Fame and high renown," For an Add sang -It's thought the guids were stown. Buy braw troggin, &c.

Here's the worth o' Brooghton i In a needle's ce; Herc's a reputation - Tu t<sup>a</sup> by Bamaghic t, Buy braw troggin, &c.

<sup>2</sup> Lost, 1 Sheker † Mr. Murr y of Broughton. Here's an houst concience Might a prince ason, a tracthe downso' Thousides Sac was never born?

But he summer born to the summe

O Cardones's head ,†
Fine for a sodger,
A' the wale by head
Buy beaw troggin, &c.

Here's a little wad et 2 Buitle', scrap e' truth, f Pawn'd in a garshop, Quenching holy drouth Buy braw troggin, &c

Here's armoird bearings Fine the mans o' but. The crest, an audit crab-apple 3 Rotten at the core Buy bruy troggm, & c

Here is Sat m's picture, Like a biz aid glol,<sup>3</sup> Pouncing poor Redeastle || Sprawlin' like a facd <sup>4</sup> Buy braw troggin, &c.

Here's the font where Jonglas Stane and morta name . Lately used at Coly Christening Muray's crimes. Bay oraw troggin, &c

Here's the worth and wisdom Collieston & can boast, By a thievish midge They had been nearly tost Buy braw troggn &c.

Here is Murray's fragments O' the ten commands; 'Gifted by Dack Jock, To get them aff his hands, Buy Jyaw troggin, &c.

l (hois: 2 Mortgaze

4 i ul

W S Lawrie of Redeastle Copland of Collicston

Saw ye e ei sic troggin?

If to buy ye're slack,

Horne'e' turun' chapman —

He'll buy a' the pack

Buy braw trogging,

Frac the banks of Dee;

Wha wants troggin

Let him come to me.

## FAILEST MAID ON DEVON BANKS.

Lana "Rothemurche"

This become of the song was side to the post's fixend, Gavin Hamilton. He had already side her climins in a sone, "The Lemks of Hevon," p. 369

FAIREST maid on Devon Marks, Cry till Devon, Amding Devon, Will then Lry that frown acide, And sinde as thon wert wont to do?

Full well thou know'st 1 love thee, dear? Couldst thou to make lend an ear? Oh did not love exclaim, "Forbear Nor use a furthful lover so."

Then come, thou fanct of the fair, Those wonted smiles, oh, let me share, And by thy beauteous self I swear No love Lut thine my heart shall know

#### OF THAT I HAD NETR BUTA MARRIED

The last verse only of this song is burns's the first is

On, that I had no'er been married,
I wad never had nac care.
Now I've gotten wife and barns,
And they ry'crowdic 2 ever man.
Ance crowdie, twice crowdie,
Three times crowdie in a day,
tim ye crowdie ou mai.
Yell crowdie a' my me al away.

Waem want and hunger fley hime, Glowering by the hallan ent, Sur I feelit them at the door, But aye I'm come here, SONGS. 497

#### THE RUINED MAID'S LAMENT.

On, another do I rue, fause love, Oh, surly do I rue, That etc. I heard your flattering tonge That etc. your face I knew

Oh, I hae tuit my tosy checks, Lakewise my waist sae sma', And I hae lost my lightsome heart That little wist a fa.

Now I main thole? the counts' succe O mony a sancy que in . When, gire the truth were a' but k bt. Her bits been who than nime.

Whene'er my father thinks on me, , He stars into the wa', sty nuther she has ta'en the bed Wi' thinker on my fa'

whencer I he my feters for, My heart wad burstwa' pem, Whenc'er I meet my mithers ce, My ceas incidentalike ryn.

Alas I sac sweet a free as love Suclinica front should ben! Alas ! there exist bonny 'ne Should draw a sony (car!

But He iven scape will blist the man Denies the bar a he got s Or leves the paintor bashe loved To wear a ragged coat

## KATHERINE JACKEA.

PHEST lived a 17 m yonder dak,
And dewn in vonder glen, C13
And Katherine 4/hray was her now
Weel known to many men, O23

Out came the Lord of Lauderda<sup>1</sup>. Out frac'the control countrie, O ! All for to count this pictly maid, Her bridegroom for to be, O !

tic's tell'd her father and mother bath As I hear sandry say, O! But he hasna tell'd the lass her of Till on her wedding day, ( )!

Then came the Land o' Lochintor
Out has the English Border,
All for to court this pretty maid,
All mounted in good order.

### ROBIN SHURE IN HAIRST,

#### CHOPIC

Robby hine in hansiy I share wi'him, Frent a heuk'' had I, Vet I stack by him

I gred up to Dunse, "To warp a wab o' planten; At his daddie's yett,<sup>3</sup> Wha met me bat Robin?

Was na Robin baild, Though I was a cotter, Play'd me sie a trick, And are the eller's dochter?

Abun prome edome
A' not winter vittle
Elent hact 5 had he but these
Goose feathers and a vinitie

## SWEFTEST MAY.

\*WEETIST May, let love inspire the falc a heart which he desires thee; As thy constant slave regard it; For its faith and truth reward it.

Proof o' shot to both or money, Not the wealthy, but the bonny; Not high-born, bu' noble-moded, In love's silken band can bond at t

<sup>1</sup> Resp. d in harvest.
2 Sickle

<sup>3</sup> Gate 3 Elder's daughte .

#### HUNTING SONG.

 $T_{abc}^{\mu} = -1$  for you beware at the hunting, '

Typ hearing was blocking, the meadow were mayes. Our lads gard a hunting ac day at the dawn, "O'er mores and o'er mosses, and mony a glen, At length they discover'd a bonny moor-hen

I rede you beware at the hunting, young men; I rede you beware at the hunting, young men, Tak some on the wing, and some as they pring; But cannily iteal on a bonny moor-hen

Sweet brushing the dew from the bigwin heather bells,
Her celeurs beliaved her on you mossy fells,
Her plunage buthistigd the pide of the spring,
And oh, as she wanton degay on the weg

Auld Phoebus housed, as he peop do'er the hill, In spite, at her pluminge he tried his skill. He levell'd his rays where she bask'd on the brace--Ilis rays were out hope, and but mark'd where she lay.

They hunted the valley, they hunted the hill, The best of our lads wa' the best o' then skill, But still as the fairest she sat in their sight, Then, whire! she was over a mile at a flight.

## 5H, AYE MY WIFE SHE DAYC ME.

And "My wife the doing or "
"It, ave my wife the daing in.
And aft my wife did bang no.,
If ye gie a wifman a' her wift.
Guid faith, she'll soon congoing y.
On peace and rest my mind was bent,
And fool I was I marin';
But never honest min's mont
As cursedly miscarried.

Some saine confort still at last,
When a' then days are done, mad.
My parts o' hell on carth are past,
I'm sure o' bliss aboon, man.
Oh, ave my wife she dang me.
And aft my wife and hang me;
Hye gie a woman a' her will,
Gaud faith, she'll soon o'ergang ye.

500 SONGS

#### TROSE AND BUILDER.

OH, gie my love brose, brose (). Cae my love brose and but via Fry name in Carriet, or Kyle Can please a lassic better

The layerork lo'es the gras .

"The moor-hen lo'es the heather
Cat gie me a braw moonlight,
"Te and my love together.

#### OR WILLIS SHE THAT TOES BY

Line "Mores"

Off, whate, he that loce me, And has my heart addreping? Oh, sweet is he that loce me, As down o' simmer weepang. In tear, the rosebrals steeping?

> Oh, that's the reco' my heart Ary lassic ever dearer; Oh, that's the queen of womank And ne'er a and to peer lea

Thou shalt meet a las it. The grace and beautya h

thy breat sac woming,

H thou had theard ber taling And thy attentions phylic? That ilk body talking, art har by the as shighler, And I now art all details to

If thou hadst met this fan one;
When fracher thou hat parted,
If every other fan one,
But her, thou hast de cited,
And thou art broken-hearted.

50165 501

#### DAMON AND SYLVIA

Pane-" The tither norm, as I forline "

You wandering off that marks the hill, And glance o'er the brac, si, Slides by a bower, where mony a flower Slieds fragrance on the day, sir.

There Danon iay, with Sykia gay, To love they thought has crime, sh., 'The wild-birds sing the rehoes rang White Danon's heart beat time, sn.

#### SHFLAR O'NEIL

Witten first I began for it sigh and to woo her, Of many fine things I shid say a giret deal, But, above all the use, that which pleases her the best Was, Oh, will you rurnly me, Shelah O Neil? My point I of concerning, then the weight of my builden I soon 'gin to feel for the scoked, she hard, oh, then I cultsted, Left Ireland, and wheely, and Shelah O'Neil.

Then, fired and dull-hearted, oh, then I do cited.

And flot into regions for distint from home.

To Frederick's unity, where none ear could have me,
Save Shelah her elf, in the shape of a bomb.

I ought every bittle, where camons did rattle,
I did slope shot, also fail the shape of a feel steel;
Put in all my win rough, the knay as a fine whound

Angles of July 1, to facing of cursed Shelah O scale.

#### THERE'S NEWS, LASS: NEWS

Till 1 a's new , la see, "us, Gind news I have to all, There's a bonfu' o' Ind. "Come to old town to sell.

#### STORES

The went a intercrible,

And the cribb wint a cod,

And I'll no ging to say ! ...

Until I get a not

⁻ Ch**a**d

2 Pdlav

Pather, quo' she, Mither, c 10' she, Do what you can; I'll no gang to my bed Till I get a man.

I hae as guid a craft-rig <sup>1</sup>
As made o' yird and stanc,
And waly fa' the ley-crap, <sup>2</sup>
For I maun till'd again

#### THER ! WAS A WIFE

THERE was a wife wonn'd in Cockpen,
Scio gam;
She bow'd guid ale 1 i gentlemen
Sing, auld Cowl, by you down by me,
Scioggan, my dearie, ruffum

The guidwife's dochter fell in a fever,
Scroggam,
The priest o' the parish fell in anither
Sing, andd Cowl, Lay you down by me,
Scroggam, my dearne, ruffum.

They had the twa i' the bed thegither,
Scroggam.
That the heat o' the tane might cool the tither,
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¿ Cioft rulge

2 Gra crop





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